Stock Code: 3289

INTEGRATED SERVICE TECHNOLOGY INC. 2022 Annual Report

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I. Report to Shareholders

Ladies and gentlemen:

The year 2022 was a year of challenges and opportunities for IST. Under the impact of the recession of the epidemic dividend and the surging of inflation pressure, the global electronic industry showed a downturn, accompanied with the sharp decline of the terminal market. The semiconductor industry experienced a difficult period in the second half of 2022, with constant noise from market inventory reduction and capital expenditure adjustment; however, most major plants still continued their R&D and innovation in order to sustain competitiveness, and find new application fields to pull through the cold winter of the economic downturn. Fortunately, IST was less affected by the economic downturn and even realized growth against the trend, for the main business operation of IST was intended to assist customers in accelerating their product R&D and assuring product quality. In other words, "requirements for verification and analysis exist when customers are engaged in R&D."

In order to realize the goal of IST to become a trustworthy third-party fair laboratory in the electronics industry, we will continually improve our services, expand our strength in verification and analysis, and continue to increase production capacity to support customers' growth at the same time. In 2022, with the promotion of the advanced processes, the production capacity of Material Analysis (MA) of IST was enlarged by 40% in order to support customers' requirements for rapid growth. Relying on our persistent efforts, the technological content of MA at 2/3 nano process node was recognized by the customers.

In 2022, there was also good news about our business layout in automotive electronic services. After being reviewed at each level, IST was formally recognized by Automotive Electronics Council (AEC), the supreme authority of the global automotive electronics industry, as an AEC member, and therefore IST became the only recognized third-party fair laboratory in Asia. There are only 93 companies in the world with the identity of AEC members, and only 9 companies in Taiwan are AEC members. Therefore, with this identity, IST will be able to quickly master the development trends of the automotive market, effectively and profoundly understand the experimental methods of international automotive plants and Tier-1 manufacturers, and provide knowledge on the international quality control and management trends; also, IST will take the lead in analyzing international specifications and become a pilot to lead semiconductor enterprises like Asian IC design companies to step in the field of automotive electronics.

Benefited from the customers' strong requirements for our industry-leading verification and analysis solutions, IST hit a new historical record regarding its operating revenue. To be specific, the annual operating revenue of IST reached NTD 3,743,000,000 in 2022, up by 16.46% compared with that in 2021.

Now, IST is entering a period of quick growth. The great trends from advanced process, electric vehicle, third-generation semiconductors, 5G, HPC, Internet of Things, and AI related applications are expected to drive more enterprises to make further R&D investments in future science and technology. In this context, IST will also continue its close cooperation with major international customers, and develop more solutions to support the customers' requirements for verification and analysis.

At the same time, in response to the pattern of G2, IST will start from Taiwan and expand its verification and analysis business to the whole world, with the objective to better international customer services, speed up business operations, and reinforce its competitive advantages.

Business Overview

The annual consolidated operating revenue of IST reached NT 3,743,000,000 in 2022, up by 16.46% compared with NTD 3,214,000,000 in 2021, and creating a new historical record; the consolidated net profit after tax reached NTD 387,000,000, presenting an annual growth rate of 213.80%; the accumulated annual earnings per share (EPS) after tax reached NTD 5.33, up by 163.86% compared with the EPS of NTD 2.02 in the same period last year. These financial figures fully show the strong posture of IST in the layout of verification and analysis business. The specific information is as follows:

The consolidated operating revenue for 2022 reached NTD 3,742,682,000, with annual growth rate of 16.46%;

The gross profit for 2022 reached NTD 1,015,822,000, with annual growth rate of 26.71%;

The net operating profit for 2022 reached NTD 334,883,000, with annual growth rate of 77.63%;

The net profit after tax for 2022 reached NTD 386,502,000, with annual growth rate of 213.80%; if calculated according to the weighted average outstanding shares in 2022, the EPS of the company reached NTD 5.33, with annual growth rate of 163.86%.

Consolidated Operating Revenue and Profits of Integrated Service Technology (3289) for 2022
(Unit: NTD 1,000, except for EPS)

Item	2022	2021	Annual increase (decrease)%
Operating revenue	3,742,682	3,213,788	16.46%
Gross profit	1,015,822	801,712	26.71%
Net operating profit	334,883	188,532	77.63%
Net profit before tax	468,113	212,231	120.57%
Net revenue (loss) after tax	386,502	123,169	213.80%
EPS (NTD)	5.33	2.02	163.86%

Business Operation and Development

In 2022, IST continually exerted more efforts to provide services for new markets based on the field of semiconductor verification and analysis, including the long-established electric vehicle market, space satellite market, advanced process, and third-generation semiconductor market, with the objective to create value for customers and become the best product R&D assistor and the best quality defender for the customers.

In the field of electric vehicle, the trend of automotive electronics is moving forward, which drives the increase of the demand for semiconductor R&D. In 2022, the estimated global sales volume of electric vehicles approached 10 million, and the annual growth rate of the shipments of electric vehicles is expected to exceed 40% by 2025, which means the doubling of the quantity of semiconductor parts used in the electric vehicles. IST became an AEC member at the end of 2022. Currently, there are only 93 AEC members globally and 9 of them are located in Taiwan. IST, as the only third-party fair laboratory recognized by AEC in Asia, will be capable of assisting more customers in entering the field of electric vehicle.

When IST becomes a member of the AEC Component Technical Committee, its role will be changed from "a user of specifications to a member participating in the establishment of these specifications". As a result, IST can master the trends of the automotive market more quickly, effectively and profoundly understand the experimental methods of international automotive plants and Tier-1 manufacturers, and provide knowledge on the international quality control and management trends; also, IST will take the lead in analyzing international specifications and become

a pilot to lead semiconductor enterprises like Asian IC design companies to step in the field of automotive electronics.

In the field of space satellite, with the launch of the space age, close-orbit satellite communication created a trend. At the same time, Taiwan is also vigorously promoting the development of the space industry, and improving the space infrastructure. IST has continually engaged in the scope of space electronics tests targeting at temperature, vibration, impact, thermal vacuum, gas volatilization, and various other items. The number of customers and testing requirements in this field have also been increased year by year.

For advanced process, MA is the most essentially analysis project in the R&D stage. In 2022, through the actual performance verification at the customer side, the material analysis capacity of IST already reached 2/3 nano process node. Since 7 days 24h full-time operation is adopted, the customers' requirements for quick delivery can be satisfied. For sample preparation energy, IST has allocated diversified preparation techniques, including pre-preparation treatment of protective layer and reduction of affected layer of test films. As a result, semiconductor customers are able to obtain high-quality TEM images.

With the development of advanced processes by major global wafer OEM factories and the application of the third-generation semiconductor, GAA, a key "die shrink" technology as regarded will become one of the highlights in the industry together with the new generation of compound semiconductor (third-generation semiconductor) that will stand out in the field of power and communication components. Accordingly, the demand for analysis services will grow substantially.

GAA is a part of semiconductor "die shrink" process, and therefore its structure is substantially reduced. In this case, TEM (Transmission Electron Microscope) based MA gate structure must be used. The analysis of the new generation of compound semiconductor (third-generation conductor) focuses on the integration of semiconductors made of different elements, e.g., silicon carbide (SiC) and gallium nitride (GaN). The issue of lattice matching arising from the superposition of different elements would compromise the work function and energy band of chips. Therefore, in addition to MA, surface analysis technique must also be utilized to master the specific conditions.

As a global wafer OEM factory and MA supply chain for third-generation semiconductor, IST has successively enlarged its production capacity for MA/surface analysis, and acts as a firm backup for the customers in the semiconductor industry.

Corporate Social Responsibility (ESG)

As a leader of verification and analysis in the electronics industry, IST knows clearly that its actions would also influence its customers, suppliers, communities where we live and operating bases are located, as well as global climate and environment. Therefore, IST always remembers its responsibilities, and has never forgotten to perform its corporate social responsibilities and dedicate to promoting relevant aspects including caring about the disadvantaged, environment and safety, and diversified inclusive workplace while pursuing business growth.

For many years, IST has continually cultivated future scientific and technological talents and disadvantaged school children in remote areas through scholarship program, and promoted the implementation of reading schemes for remote schools and plan for popularization of knowledge on chemistry in countryside in the hope that school children can build good reading habits and improve their knowledge on chemistry so as to enhance their future competitiveness; in addition to improving children's learning ability, IST has also worked with relevant groups to promote emotional intelligence (EQ) education for children, help with recovery of mentally ill patients, enhance EQ ability of individuals, and facilitate harmony and beauty of the society. Furthermore, IST has initiated the "Palm Down" plan for the institutes established for physically and mentally challenged people, who were invited to sell agricultural products grown by themselves under the plan. By doing so, IST tried to make efforts to contribute and give back to the society.

To perform its corporate social responsibilities, IST continually refined its corporate governance, and environment and safety management. In recent years, it has adopted a series of security measures, practiced programs intended to take care of employees and assure environmental protection, and passed the certification of ISO 27001 Information Security Management System, ISO 14001 Environmental Management System, and ISO 45001 Occupational Health and Safety Management System.

Future Prospects

IST has devoted to the implementation of corporate governance and sustainable management while earning great returns for shareholders. We appreciate the trust and support from shareholders. Let's bid farewell to 2022 and look into the future. Despite the continual presence of uncertainty of circulation of the electronics industry within a short term, the application of future science and technology, including AI, electric vehicle, and the Internet, has become increasingly common.

Relying on its leading position in reliability verification (RA), failure analysis (FA), and material analysis (MA), IST will develop in the frontline of the times and assist customers in R&D at a faster speed to create bigger value for them. IST will stick to its core values of "Best Product R&D Assistor" and "Best Quality Defender" and join hands with global electronics customers to embrace the future science and technology together.

It is our honor to join our shareholders to begin a journey of future science and technology R&D, and we expect to keep a long-lasting relationship with each shareholder and create maximum interests for them, and create a prosperous future together. I would like to express my gratitude to each shareholder, and wish you good health and happiness.

In the end, thank you for your long-term support and trust again.

We wish all shareholders health and success.

Chairman: Yu Wei-Pin General Manager: Yu Wei-Pin Accounting Manager: Lin Yu-Sang

II. Company Profile

(I) Date of Incorporation: 1994

(II) Company History:

Research and Development Partner Accelerating Launch of Customers' Products into the Market

iST, a certifying and testing lab in the electronics industry, was incorporated in 1994 with capital of tens of millions of NT dollars. It created IC circuit repair (FIB) service at the starting stage of the semiconductor industry in Asia and therefore changed then-existing certification models for the whole semiconductor industry. iST has become a research and development partner of customers to accelerate launch of their products into the market by assisting with IC debut, analysis and quality assurance and "resolving customer pain points."

In 2004, iST (stock code 3289) had its shares listed and traded at Taipei Exchange after being incorporated for 10 years.

iST explored new services, including failure analysis (FA), reliability analysis (RA), material analysis (MA), chemical/process micro-pollution analysis and signal test, year after year to build a complete certification and analysis engineering platform and provide full service for customer groups from upstream IC design to midstream and downstream finished products in the electronics industry. As cloud smart handheld devices/IoT/Internet of Vehicles have emerged, iST has not only focused on core services but also paid attention to international trends to explore expand a great diversity of services and build a semiconductor advanced process/advanced package validation platform, an automotive electronics verification platform, an IoT/Internet of Vehicles platform, a 5G verification platform and a space verification platform.

Third Party Independent Lab, Assisting Customers in Controlling Product Quality

iST has become an internationally renowned institution and has credibility – a lab recognized by IEC/IECQ, TAF and TUV NORD. In the trend of outsourcing by global leading companies, it has also played an important role as an independent quality verification lab and qualified for verification of supply chains for leading companies/associations.

Global Strategy to Explore the World

Starting from Taiwan, iST has been expanding service operations around the world in hopes of providing customers with more complete, faster, more advanced and innovative quality technology services and growing with global leading trends.

Date	Description
March 1994	iST was incorporated. The paid-in capital was NTD 10 million. It provided FIB analysis service.
May 1996	Common shares were issued for cash in an amount of NTD 3 million. The paid-in capital was NTD 13 million.
August 1997	FIB system was expanded.
June 1998	The 0.35um verification analysis technology was developed.
December 1999	The failure analysis lab was established.
September 2000	The reliability lab was established.
December 2000	Common shares were issued for cash in an amount of NTD 42.9 million. Capital increase by NTD 2.6 million through capitalization of earnings. The paid-in capital was NTD 58.5 million. The plant on Puding Road was established.

Date	Description
August 2001	Common shares were issued for cash in an amount of NTD 7.8 million. The paid-in capital was NTD 66.3 million.
July 2001	iST acquired IECQ certification.
November 2001	Common shares were issued for cash in an amount of NTD 17,413 thousand. Capital increase by NTD 4,507 thousand through capitalization of earnings. The paid-in capital was NTD 88.22 million.
December 2001	iST acquired TAF certification.
May 2002	IST established Yi Shuo Science Co., Ltd., a subsidiary in Shanghai, and invested in Samoa IST.
June 2002	Capital increase by NTD 28,946 thousand through capitalization of earnings. The paid-in capital was NTD 117,166 thousand.
July 2002	Common shares were issued for cash in an amount of NTD 40,000 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 157,166 thousand.
February 2003	iST purchased the premises of Plant II.
May 2003	Capital increase by NTD 51,388 thousand through capitalization of earnings. The paid-in capital was NTD 208,554 thousand.
June 2003	iST completed the procedure for public offering.
October 2003	iST established a complete service platform by setting up the system reliability department additionally.
December 2003	Common shares were issued for cash in an amount of NTD 10,000 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 218,554 thousand.
March 2004	iST registered in the emerging stock market.
September 2004	Capital increase by NTD 80,943 thousand through capitalization of earnings. The paid-in capital was NTD 299,497 thousand.
December 2004	iST registered for trading at Exchange.
January 2005	iST established IST (Kunshan) Electronics Co., Ltd. and Yi Jie (Kunshan) Technology Co., Ltd.
June 2005	2005 Q2 employee stock options were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 4,716 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 304,213 thousand.
July 2005	iST invested NTD 1,650 thousand in Chun Yung Technology Co., Ltd. and merged Standard Technology Co., Ltd., a subsidiary held 100% by iST.
August 2005	Capital increase by NTD 83,942 thousand through capitalization of earnings. The paid-in capital was NTD 388,155 thousand.
February 2006	iST issued unsecured corporate bonds in an amount of NTD 300 million domestically for the $1^{\rm st}$ time.
March 2006	2006 Q1 employee stock options were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 3,841 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 391,996 thousand.
July 2006	2006 Q2 employee stock options were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 2,380 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 394,376 thousand.
September 2006	Common shares were issued in an amount of NTD 29,800 thousand through capitalization of earnings and capital surplus. The paid-in capital was NTD 424,176 thousand.
October 2006	2006 Q3 employee stock options and convertible bonds were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 4,434 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 428,610 thousand.
October 2006	iST rented the property at No. 19, Puding Road.
January 2007	iST established a subsidiary in the U.S. and established Yi Zhi Fa Science (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.
February 2007	2006 Q4 employee stock options and convertible bonds were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 8,515 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 437,126 thousand.
March 2007	iST established Yi Shuo Science (Beijing) Co., Ltd.
April 2007	2007 Q1 employee stock options and convertible bonds were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 25,732 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 462,857 thousand.
October 2007	Common shares were issued in an amount of NTD 38,967 thousand for 2007 Q2 employee stock options, convertible bonds and capital increase through capitalization of earnings. The paid-in capital was NTD 501,824 thousand.
November 2007	2007 Q3 employee stock options and convertible bonds were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 2,697 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 504,521 thousand.
February 2008	2007 Q4 employee stock options and convertible bonds were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 3,939 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 508,460 thousand.

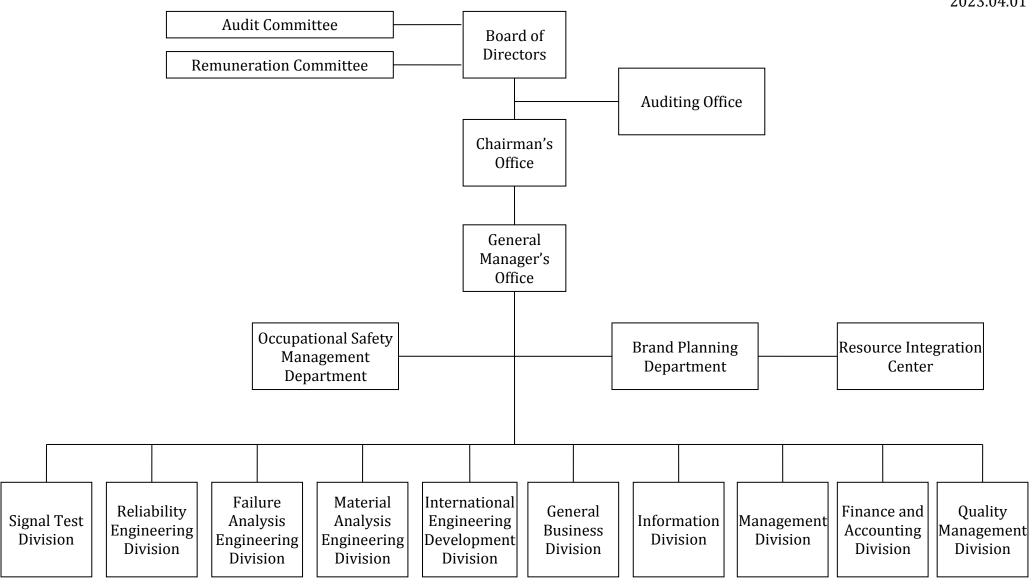
Date	Description
April 2008	2008 Q2 employee stock options and convertible bonds were converted to common shares in
April 2000	an amount of NTD 2,379 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 510,839 thousand.
May 2008	iST established IC Service Japan.
September 2008	Common shares were issued in an amount of NTD 45,065 thousand for 2008 Q2 employee stock options, convertible bonds and capital increase through capitalization of earnings. The paid-in capital was NTD 555,904 thousand.
November 2008	2008 Q3 employee stock options were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 165 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 556,069 thousand.
January 2009	Common shares were issued for cash in an amount of NTD 50,000 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 606,069 thousand.
May 2009	2009 Q1 employee stock options were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 126 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 606,195 thousand.
August 2009	2009 Q2 employee stock options were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 150 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 606,345 thousand.
September 2009	Common shares were issued in an amount of NTD 80,001 thousand through capitalization of earnings. The paid-in capital was NTD 686,346 thousand.
August 2010	2010 Q2 employee stock options were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 2 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 686,348 thousand.
October 2011	Common shares were issued in an amount of NTD 13,727 thousand through capitalization of earnings. The paid-in capital was NTD 700,075 thousand.
September 2012	Treasury shares in an amount of NTD 3,000 thousand were cancelled and capital reduced by cash in an amount of NTD 250,000 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 447,075 thousand.
February 2013	Common shares for restricted stock awards in an amount of NTD 12,000 thousand were issued. The paid-in capital was NTD 459,075 thousand.
June 2014	Common shares for restricted stock awards in an amount of 6,000 thousand were annulled. 2014 Q1 employee stock options were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 3,660 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 456,735 thousand.
September 2014	2014 Q2 employee stock options were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 2,735 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 459,470 thousand.
December 2014	2014 Q3 employee stock options were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 770 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 460,240 thousand.
May 2015	2015 Q1 employee stock options were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 3,800 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 464,040 thousand.
September 2015	2015 Q2 employee stock options were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 620 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 464,660 thousand.
December 2015	2015 Q3 employee stock options were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 170 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 464,830 thousand.
January 2016	Common shares were issued for cash in an amount of NTD 40,000 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 504,830 thousand.
June 2016	2016 Q1 employee stock options and convertible bonds were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 481 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 505,311 thousand.
September 2016	2016 Q3 employee stock options and convertible bonds were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 5,120 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 510,431 thousand.
October 2016	2016 Q3 employee stock options were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 7,352 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 517,783 thousand.
October 2016	Common shares were placed privately for cash in an amount of NTD 6,000 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 523,783 thousand.
January 2017	Common shares were issued for cash in an amount of NTD 100,000 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 623,783 thousand.
May 2017	2017 Q1 convertible bonds were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 1,146 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 624,929 thousand.
August 2017	2017 Q2 convertible bonds were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 355 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 625,284 thousand.
November 2017	2017 Q3 employee stock options and convertible bonds were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 4,780 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 630,064 thousand.
February 2018	2017 Q4 convertible bonds were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 4,953 thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 635,017 thousand.

Date	Description
May 2018	2018 Q1 convertible bonds were converted to common shares in an amount of NTD 734
	thousand. The paid-in capital was NTD 635,751 thousand.
November 2019	Common shares were issued for cash in an amount of NTD 300,000 thousand. The paid-in
	capital was NTD 935,751 thousand.
November 2020	It established Prosperity Power Technology Inc.
March 2021	It established IST (Kenshan) Electrical Technology Co., Ltd.
September 2021	Treasury shares in an amount of NTD 50,000 thousand were cancelled. The paid-in capital was
	NTD 885,751 thousand.
October 2021	Treasury shares in an amount of NTD 40,000 thousand were cancelled. The paid-in capital was
	NTD 845,751 thousand.
January 2022	Treasury shares in an amount of NTD 48,000 thousand were cancelled. The paid-in capital was
	NTD 797,751 thousand.
May 2022	Treasury shares in an amount of NTD 50,000 thousand were cancelled. The paid-in capital was
	NTD 747,751 thousand.

III. Corporate Governance Report

(I) Organization System
A. Organization Structure

iST Organization Structure 2023.04.01



B. Business Managed by Each Main Department and Division

	naged by Each Main Department and Division
Department and Division	Managed Business
Chairman's Office	 Decision on corporate business direction and strategies Evaluation, implementation and control of investment returns from reinvested companies
General Manager's Office	1. Corporate business operation and management
Auditing Office	 Establishment of a auditing system and implementation of audit plans Management planning, supervision and analysis of internal risks
General Engineering Division (Signal Test Division) (Reliability Engineering Division) (Failure Analysis	 A role as a third-party independent lab in circuit modification, reliability verification, material analysis, signal test, etc. Assisting customers in clarifying product quality and facilitating product launches
Engineering Division) (Material Analysis Engineering Division)	product launches
General Business Division	 Market survey and information collection, development of potential customers, and maintenance of existing customers Taking charge of defining customer demands and fully communicate the demands to relevant units in the plant Preparation and execution of orders and contracts Coordination with relevant units based on quality issues and demands presented by customers in order to improve
Management Division	 Management/application of human resources, and planning and implementation of relevant personnel educational training Access control management, environmental maintenance, and management of corporate fixed assets Dealing with and supervising operations relevant to corporate security, health and inspection Preparation, supervision and management of plans for general affairs and administrative work, contract awards, and procurement of equipment Analysis and management of procurement cost, purchase of raw materials, and management of raw material stock Legal affairs of iST
Finance and Accounting Division	 Treatment, review and approve of accounting items and tax affairs, and preparation of financial statements Budgeting, analysis and control of variances Financial management, and preparation short-, mid- and long-term plans for acquisition and use of funds Processing receipts and disbursements of cash, and dealing with transactions with banks Dealing with matters relevant to annual settlement and distribution of earnings Analysis of financial structure, changes in profits and losses and

		long-term trends, and preparation, analysis and interpretation of accounting reports					
	1.	Maintenance of servers, and PCB network planning and management					
Lefe and the Division	2.	Purchase and maintenance of PC software and hardware, management of computer facilities, and management of					
Information Division	3.	consumables					
	3. 4.	Planning, management and maintenance of the website Implementation and supervision of backup work for data of the					
	4.	whole plant					
	5.	Information safety management					
International	1.	Cooperation with international brand customers and international					
Engineering		organization alliances to develop new verification technologies and					
Development		standards					
Division	_						
Quality Management	1.	Documentation management center					
Division	2.	External and lab audit management					
	3.	Certification of experimental items					
	1.	Promotion of emergency response systems and management					
Occupational Safety		controls to be used in factory areas					
Management	2.	Implementation of public security, environmental protection					
Department	2	declaration and testing work					
	3.	Educational training for environmental protection laws and					
	1.	security management PR public media relation					
Brand Planning	1. 2.	CSR corporate social welfare					
Department	3.	IR investor relation					
Department	3. 4.	Brand/business promotion					
	1.	Promotion of industrial engineering standard operation and					
	1.	relevant matters					
Resource Integration	2.	Promotion of projects on process optimization and activation					
Center		enhancement					
	3.	Process design relevant to new organizations and systems					

(II) Information of Directors, General Manager, Vice General Manager, Assistant Manager, Head of Department and Head of Branch A. Information of Directors

1. Table of Directors' Information

Apr. 16, 2023 Unit: Share

Title	or Registration	Registration	Name	Sex (Age)	Election (Employment) Date	Term of Office	Initial Election Date		eld upon ction	Shares hel	d at present	spous child(r	s held by the se and minor en) at present		eld in the name other person	Main Work Experience (Education)	Other positions the person also works as at iST and other companies at present	or so	enior officer, director upervisor who is the on's spouse or relative in the second degree of kinship	
	Place			Bute		Bute	Number of shares	Ratio of shareholding	Number of shares	Ratio of shareholding	Number of shares	Ratio oi	Number of shares	Ratio of shareholding		companies at present	Title	Name Relationship		
	China	Han Sheng Investment Co., Ltd.	-	2021.07.26	3 years	1994.09.09	3,652,288	3.90%	3,652,288	4.88%	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	None	None None	None	
Chairman, and Representative o Juristic Person Director	of Republic of China	Han Sheng Investment	Male 60	2021.07.26	3 years	1994.09.09	0	0	212,205	0.28%	488	0.001%	0	0	Bachelor from Department of Physics, Tamkan University EMBA from National Chengchi University Senior Engineer at Electronic System Research Laboratory, Industrial Technology Research Institute	Chairman of Integrated Service Technology Inc. General Manager of Integrated Service Technology Inc. President of Innovative Turnkey Solution President of Prosperity Power Technology Inc Representative of the juristic person director INTEGRATED SERVICE TECHNOLOGY INC. (SAMOA) Representative of the juristic person director INTEGRATED SERVICE TECHNOLOGY INC. (Seychelles) Supervisor of Integrated Service Technology(Kunshan) Co., Ltd. President of Supreme Fortune Corp. President of Hot Light Co., Ltd Supervisor of Fystem Integration Professional Technology . President of Huan Sheng Investment Co., Ltd. Supervisor of Ho Hua Investment Co., Ltd. President of Huan Ying Sustainable Development Technology President of He Chou Technology Inc. (former Elitist Design Technology Inc.) President of Pin Wen Corp. Supervisor of Instrument Supply Technology(Kunshan)Co., Ltd.	7	None None	None	
	Republic of China	Hui Long Co., Ltd.	-	2021.07.26	3 years	2001.10.21	849,921	0.91%	849,921	1.14%	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	None	None None	None	
Deputy Chairman, and Representativ of Juristic Person Directo	Republic of China	Hui Long Co., Ltd. Representati ve: Chen Ching Chuo	N - 1 -	2021.07.26	3 years	2001.10.21	0	0	954	0.001%	0	0	0	0	Director of Serve Business	Vice President of Dekra iST r Director of Pin Wen Co., Ltd. President of Hui Long Co., Ltd. Director of Innovative Turnkey Solution	None	None None	None	

Director		Tu Chung- Cheh	Male 59	2021.07.26	3 years	2003.04.21	962,000	1.03%	902,000	1.21%	0	0	0	0	Master in Information Management from Fairleigh Dickinson University, USA Manager of Department of Consumer Banking, HSBC Financial Manager of Artplus International Co., Ltd. Manager of Management Department, Anatek	Director of Pin Wen Co., Ltd. Supervisor of Innovative Turnkey Solution	None None	None	None
Director	Republic of China	Liu Fu-Han	Male 62	2021.07.26	3 years	2017.06.15	934,525	1.00%	910,525	1.22%	0	0	0	0	EMBA from National Chengchi University General Manager of Kye Systems Corp.	Independent Director of Auras Technology Co., Ltd.	None None	None	None
	China	Kai Ou Investment	-	2021.07.26	3 years	2005.06.29	688,753	0.74%	688,753	0.92%	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	None None	None	None
Director and Representative of Juristic Person Director	Republic of	Kai Ou Investment Co., Ltd. Representati ve: Chen Yang-Kuang	Male 66	2021.07.26	3 years	2005.06.29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Department of Economics, National Taiwan University Representative of the juristic persor director, IBF Financial Holdings Co., Ltd. President of Shan Yi Investment and Consultation Co., Ltd.	Penrocentative of the juristic person	None None	None	None
Director	Republic of China	Lo Wen-Hao	Male 56	2021.07.26	2 years	2012.12.12	500,075	0.53%	520,075	0.70%	0	0	0	0	EMBA from National Chengchi University Representative of the juristic person director, Magic Technology Co., Ltd. Director of TONAL	President of Tong Shuo Investment Co., Ltd. Director of Global Magic Technology Co., Ltd. Director of Magic Technology Co., Ltd. Independent Director of Gudeng Precision Industrial Co., Ltd.	Trone Trone	None	None
Independent Director	Republic of China	Wang Chih- Hung	Male 53	2021.07.26	3 years	2009.08.26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	PhD from Graduate School of Macromolecular Materials, National Taiwan University of Science and Technology R&D Director of Prodisc Technology Inc.	President of Entire Technology Co., Ltd. Director and General Manager of EnFlex Corp. Director and General Manager of Entire Holding Group Ltd. Director and General Manager of Entire Holding Group Ltd. Director and General Manager of Entire Materials Co., Ltd. Director of Entire Technology (Hong Kong) President of Yi Hsuan Investment Co., Ltd. President of Sing Pen Taiwan Co., Ltd. President of Guide Win Special Chemical Co., Ltd. Representative of the juristic perso director Thank You My Friends Inc. President of Suzhou Youhong Technology Co., Ltd. President of Suzhou Sinpan Plastic Technology Co., Ltd. Director of Polymer Asia Investment Limited Director of Sky Grant Enterprises Limited Director of Sing Pen International Technology Co., Ltd.(Samoa) Director of Sing Pen International Technology Co., Ltd. (Anguilla)	None None	None	None

Independent Republic Director China	of Hung Wen- Ming	Male 68 2021.07.26 3 years	2018.06.13	0	0 0	0	0 0	Department of Political Science, Soochow University Certificate of Completion from Program for Entrepreneurs, College of Commerce, National Chengchi University General Manager of Yuanta Securities and Investment Consulting Co., Ltd. Senior Vice General Manager of Yuanta Securities Co., Ltd. Supervisor of International New York Life Insurance Co., Ltd. Ltd. Ltd. Suparance Co., Ltd. Ltd. Ltd. Ltd. Ltd. Ltd. Ltd. Ltd.	None None	None
Independent Republic Director China	of Lou Yung- Chien	Male 64 2021.07.26 3 years	2019.06.13	0	0 0	0	0 0	Bachelor from Department of Transportation Management Science, National Cheng Kung University Master from Institute of Industrial Management, National Cheng Kung University PhD in Marketing from Department of Business Administration, University of Illinois Urbana- Champaign, USA Associate Researcher at Industrial Economic Research Center, Industrial Technology Research Institute	None None	None

Independent Director	Republic of Y	Yu Chuo-Min M (Note 1) 69	Jale 2	2021.07.26	3 years	2021.07.26		0	0	10,000	0.01%	0		PhD in Business Administration from University of Michigan Independent Director of Yuanta Futures Co., Ltd. Member of Salary and Remuneration Committee, Advantech Co., Ltd. Independent Director of Advantech Co., Ltd. Independent Director of Advantech Co., Ltd. Independent Director of Yuanta Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Independent Director of Yuanta Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Independent Director of Yuanta Securities Co., Ltd. Advisor at Hon Hai Precision Industrial Co., Ltd. Assistant Professor at College of Business, University of Illinois Urbana- Champaign Professor at Department of Business Administration, National Chengchi University	Independent Director of National Chengchi University Axiomtek Co., Ltd. Distinguished Professor at Department of Industrial and Business Management,	None I	None	None	None
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Note 1 When General Manager or any equivalent high-ranking executive (a top management member) also serves as Chairman or is the spouse or a first-degree relative of Chairman, the information regarding the reason, reasonableness, necessity, and measures taken in response (e.g. adding more independent directors, requiring a majority of directors who are not employed as employees or managers, etc.) shall be disclosed.

i.

Title	Name	Relation
General Manager	Yu Wei-Pin	Chairman

ii. Reason, Reasonableness and Necessity:

To enhance business efficiency and decision implementability, Chairman of iST also serves as its General Manager. In normal times or at a board meeting, Chairman also fully communicates with directors about the latest status of business operation and any plan or policy to implement corporate governance thoroughly.

iii. Corresponding Measures:

- (i) Seats of independent directors were increased to enhance functions of the board of directors and strengthen supervisory function.
- (ii) More than a half of board members are neither employees nor managers.

2. (1) Main shareholders of each juristic person director of iST:

, ,	
Name of Juristic Person Director	Main Shareholders of Juristic Person Director
Han Sheng Investment Co., Ltd.	Ho Hua Investment Co., Ltd.(100%)
Hui Long Co., Ltd.	Chen Ching Chuo (90.38%) Chen Ching-Hsin (9.62%)
Kai Ou Investment Co., Ltd.	Chen Kai-Yun (40.45%) Chen Kai-Wei (40.45%) Chen Yang-Kuang (12.80%) Wang Shu-Miao (6.30%)

(2) Main shareholders of the juristic person director which is a main shareholder of a juristic person director of iST:

Name of Juristic Person Director	Main Shareholders of Juristic Person Director
	Yu Wei-Pin (81.45%)
Ho Hua Investment Co., Ltd.	Chen Ting-Ting (18.21%)
	Samoa-based GROWING FINANCE(0.34%)

Disclosure of Information Regarding Professional Qualifications of Directors and Independence of Independent Directors: 3.

тисре	idence of independent	Directors:	,
Requirement	Professional Qualification and Experience	Status of Independence	Number of public companies where the person also serves as an independent director
Director: Han Sheng Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Yu Wei-Pin	He has 5 or more years of work experience required for corporate business and now serves as Chairman and General Manager of Integrated Service Technology Inc., and is not in any situation stated in Article 30 of the Company Act.	N/A	0
Director: Hui Long Co., Ltd. Representative: Chen Ching Chuo	He has 5 or more years of work experience required for corporate business and now serves as Deputy Chairman of Integrated Service Technology Inc., and is not in any situation stated in Article 30 of the Company Act.	N/A	0
Director: Tu Chung-Cheh	He has 5 or more years of work experience required for corporate business and now serves as Director of Integrated Service Technology Inc., and is not in any situation stated in Article 30 of the Company Act.	N/A	0
Director: Liu Fu-Han	He has 5 or more years of work experience required for corporate business and now serves as Director of Integrated Service Technology Inc., and is not in any situation stated in Article 30 of the Company Act.	N/A	1
Director: Kai Ou Investment Co., Ltd.	He has 5 or more years of work experience required for corporate business and now serves as Director of Integrated Service Technology Inc., and is not in any situation stated in Article 30 of the Company Act.	N/A	0
Director: Lo Wen-Hao	He has 5 or more years of work experience required for corporate business and now serves as Director of	N/A	1

	He has 5 or more years of	(1)	He is not an employee of iST or any of its	0
	work experience required for		affiliates.	· ·
	corporate business and now	(2)	He is not a director or supervisor of iST or	
Independent Director:	serves as Director of		any of its affiliates.	
Wang Chih-Hung	Integrated Service Technology	(3)	The shares of iST held by him and his spouse	
Trung diiii Trung	Inc., and is not in any situation		and minor child(ren) or in another person's	
	stated in Article 30 of the		name are no more than 1% of the total	
	Company Act.		shares issued, and he is not one of 10 largest	
	He has 5 or more years of		shareholders.	1
	work experience required for	(4)	He is not such manager as stated in (1) or a	
	corporate business and now		spouse, a relative within the second degree	
Independent Director: Hung			of kinship, or a lineal relative within the third	
Wen-Ming	Integrated Service Technology		degree of kinship by blood of any of such	
	Inc., and is not in any situation		persons as stated in (2) or (3).	
	stated in Article 30 of the	(5)	He is not a shareholder directly holding 5%	
	Company Act.		or more of issued shares of iST or one of 5	
	He has 5 or more years of		largest shareholders, and is not a director,	1
	work experience required for		supervisor or employee of any of the juristic	
	corporate business and now		person shareholders who is designated in	
Independant Director: Lou	serves as Professor at		accordance with Article 27 (1) or 27 (2) of	
Yung-Chien	Department of Business Administration, National		the Company Act to serve as a director or	
Tung dilien		(()	supervisor of iST. He is not a director, supervisor or employee	
	in any situation stated in	(6)	of an entity that controls a majority of	
	Article 30 of the Company Act.		directors or voting shares of iST.	
	The tiele 30 of the company fiet.		He is not Chairman, General Manger or an	1
		(7)	equivalent high-ranking executive of iST and	1
			is not a director, supervisor or employee of	
			his spouse's company or institution.	
		(8)	He is not a director, supervisor or manager	
		(U)	or a shareholder holding 5% or more shares	
	He has 5 or more years of		of any company or institution with which iST	
	work experience required for		has financial or business transactions.	
	corporate business and now	(9)	He is not a professional or a proprietor,	
	serves as Distinguished	(-)	partner, director, supervisor or manager or	
Independent Director: Yu			spouse thereof of a sole proprietorship,	
Chuo-Min	Industrial and Business		partnership, company or institution that	
Gildo Pilli	Management, Chang Gung		provides iST or any of its affiliates with audit	
	University., and is not in any		service or with commercial, legal, financial or	
	situation stated in Article 30		accounting service for remuneration in	
	of the Company Act.		return for the latest 2 years.	
		(10)) He is not a spouse or a relative within the	
			second degree of kinship of any other	
			director.	
		(11)	Neither a government agency nor a juristic	
			person is elected as stated in Article 27 of the	
			Company Act.	

Note: iST has obtained the independence declaration from each independent director for his/her appointment and based on the matters required to be completed by a public company, and has confirmed that each independent director has met the independence requirement provided by law.

- 4. Diversity and Independence of Board of Directors:
 - (1) Diversity of Board of Directors:

iST adopts a candidate nomination system, based on the diversity policy and for strengthening corporate governance and facilitating sound development of the organization and structure of the board of directors, to have director candidates nominated and the evaluate educational background, work experience, professional background, sincerity and relevant professional qualifications of each candidate in accordance with the articles of incorporation. After candidates are approved by a resolution of the board of directors, directors are elected from the candidates at the shareholders' meeting. In the board of directors, the directors who also serve as managers of iST are no more than one third of seats of board directors. A diversity policy has also been prepared for the operation model and development requirements of the board of directors, including but not limited to the following:

- (A) Basic conditions and values: Sex, age, nationality and culture.
- (B) Professional knowledge and skills: Ability to make operational judgment, ability to make accounting and financial analysis, operation management ability, crisis management ability, industry know-how, international market perspective, leadership challenge and decision-making ability.

The board of directors is composed of 10 directors. Specific management objectives and the status of achievement thereof under the diversity policy for organization of the board are as follows:

Management Objectives	Achievement
Seats of independent directors shall be more than 1/3 of seats	Achieved
of directors.	
Directors who also serve as managers of iST shall be no more	Achieved
than one third of seats of directors.	
The term of office of an independent director shall not exceed	Achieved
3 terms.	
Each has adequate diversified professional knowledge and	Achieved
skills.	

(C) Board members have adequate experiences in business management, relevant professional backgrounds, and the expertise, skills and literacy required to perform their duties. iST also arranges diversified educational programs for board members continuously to enhance quality of their decision-making, help them perform supervisory responsibility effectively and strengthen functions of the board of directors. At least one-third of board members have such abilities as specified in the 11 diversified core abilities required to perform business affairs. In addition, more than 90% of board members have the 3 key core abilities, i.e. ability to make operational judgment, operation management ability and crisis management ability, which iST values greatly.

The diversity policy with respect to board members is implemented as follows:

Nam		Nationality		т с			Age				Diversified Core Items									
			Sex	Status of Employee	Offic	ce and iority		0-			Profes	sional				Expert		nd Skil	1	
						1	E.4				Backg		1				1	1		
					Less than 3 years	More than 3 (inclusive) years and less than 6 years	51- 60	61- 65	66-70	Accounting	Industry	Finance	Technology	Ability to make operational judgment	Accounting and financial analysis ability	Operation management ability	Leadership challenge and decision-making ability	Crisis management ability	Industry know-how	International market perspective
Director	Yu Wei-Pin	R.O.C.	Male	v			v			V	V	V	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	V
or	Chen Ching Chuo			V			v				v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	V
	Tu Chung- Cheh						V			v	v	v		V	v	v	v			v
	Liu Fu-Han							V		V	v	v	v	V	v	v	V	v	V	v
	Chen Yang- Kuang							v			v	v		v	v	v	v	v	v	V
	Lo Wen-Hao						V				V	v	V	v	v	V	v	v	v	V
Independent Director	Wang Chih- Hung					v	v				v	v	v	v		v	v	v	v	v
endent	Hung Wen- Ming					v			v		v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	V
t Direc	Lou Yung- Chien					V		V			v		v	v		v	v	v	v	V
tor	Yu Chuo-Min				v				v	V	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	V

(2) Independence of Board of Directors:

The current board of directors of iST is composed of 10 members, including 4 independent directors (accounting for 40% of all board directors) and 2 directors who are also employees of iST (accounting for 20% of all board directors). As of the end of 2022, all independent directors met the requirements provided by Securities and Futures Bureau, Financial Supervisory Commission for independent directors. In addition, none of the matters stated in Paragraphs 3 and 4 of Article 26 of the Exchange and Securities Act occur between a director and an independent director. For independence of the board of directors, please see Disclosure of Information Regarding Professional Qualifications of Directors and Independence of Independent Directors on pages 17-18 of the annual report. For educational background, sex and work experience of each director, please see Information of Directors on pages 12-15 of the annual report.

B. Information of General Manager, Vice General Manager, Assistant Manager, Head of Department and Head of Branch

Apr. 16, 2023 Unit: Share; %

												11p1: 10, 20	-0 01	110. 0110.	10 , ,0	
Title Nationali		Name	Sex	Election (Employment) Date	Sha	res held	Shares held by the spouse and minor child(ren)			ld in the name ther person	Main Work Experience (and Education)	Other positions the person also works as at iST and other companies at present	per: relative	son's spo	he second	Rem arks
					Number of shares	Ratio of shareholding	Number of shares	Ratio of shareholding	Number of shares	Ratio of shareholding			Title	Name	Relation	
General Manager	Republic of China	Yu Wei- Pin	Male	2013.11.25	212,205	0.28%	488	0.001%	0	0	Bachelor from Department of Physics, Tamkang University EMBA from National Chengchi University Senior Engineer at Electronic System Research Laboratory, Industrial Technology Research Institute	Chairman of Integrated Service Technology Inc. President of Innovative Turnkey Solution President of Prosperity Power Technology Inc Representative of the juristic person director INTEGRATED SERVICE TECHNOLOGY INC. (SAMOA) Representative of the juristic person director INTEGRATED SERVICE TECHNOLOGY INC. (Seychelles) Supervisor of Integrated Service Technology(Kunshan) Co., Ltd. President of Supreme Fortune Corp. President of Hot Light Co., Ltd Supervisor of System Integration Professional Technology . President of Han Sheng Investment Co., Ltd. Supervisor of Ho Hua Investment Co., Ltd. President of Hua Ying Sustainable Development Technology President of He Chou Technology Inc. (former Elitist Design Technology Inc.) President of Pin Wen Corp. Supervisor of Instrument Supply Technology(Kunshan)Co., Ltd.	None	None	None	None
	Republic of China	Lin Yu- Sang	Female	2008.04.20	5,507	0.01%	0	0	0	0	Master from Institute of Business Automation and Management, National Taipei University of Technology Bachelor from Department of Accounting, Soochow University and a qualified CPA Manager of Finance and Accounting Division, GIGABYTE Technology Co., Ltd. CFO of Bai Ti Advertisement Co., Ltd. Manager of Finance and Accounting Division, Scientek Corp. Manager of Deloitte & Touche	Representative of the juristic person director Innovative Turnkey Solution Supervisor of Pin Wen Corp. Supervisor of Dekra iST Representative of the juristic person director BTL Inc.	None	None	None	None
Vice General Manager of Management Division	Republic of China	Chen Wen- Yin	Female	2007.01.01	123,064	0.16%	1,936	0.003%	0	0	Bachelor from Department of English, Tamkang University Assistant at Graduate Institute of American	None	None	None	None	None

(Note 5)											Studies, Tamkang University Teaching Assistant and Administrative Assistant at Tamkang University					
	China	f Chang Ming- Lun		2008.07.07	3,986	0.01%	0	0	0	0	Master from Department of Materials Science and Engineering, National Taiwan University Assistant Research at National Science and Technology Council Technical Manager of Winbond Electronics Corp.	None	None	None	None	None
Assistant Manager of International Engineering Development Division	China	f Lee Chang- Pin	Male	2006.02.13	0	0	0	0	0	0	Master in Applied Chemistry from National Chiao Tung University Manager of Advanced Semiconductor Engineering, Inc. R&D Engineer of Silicomix Vishay Principal Engineer at Wah Lee Associate Research at Industrial Technology Research Institute		None	None	None	None
	I (hina	f Tseng Shao- Chun		2015.04.13	52,700	0.07%	0	0	0	0	Institute of Management of Technology, National Chiao Tung University Engineer at Siliconware Precision Industries Co., Ltd. Engineer at Neith Corp.	None	None	None	None	None
	Republic of China	f Hsu Ju- Hung	- Male	2016.04.11	8,553	0.01%	0	0	0	0	PhD from Institute of Material Science and Engineering, National Tsing Hua University	None	None	None	None	None
	Republic of China	f Tseng Ta-Lin		2016.04.11	0	0	0	0	0	0	Master from , College of Engineering, Graduate Institute of Electrical Engineering, Yuan Ze University Product Engineer at Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	None	None	None	None	None
Director of Information Division	China	f Huang f Yin- Hao		2019.04.01	13,606	0.02%	2,000	0.003%	0	0	Department of Information Engineering and Computer Science, Feng Chia University Graduate Institute of Information Management. National Yunlin University of Science and Technology Information Engineer at Powerchip Semiconductor Manufacturing Corporation Technical Advisor of W&Jsoft Inc.	None	None	None	None	None

	Republic of China	Lin Hsiu- Mei	Female	2022.05.01	47,000	0.06%	0	0	0	0	Master in Marketing from Baruch College, the City University of New York Department of Accounting, Feng Chia University	None	None	None	None	None
Nignal Tact	Republic of China	Wang Shang- Chieh	Male	2020.01.01	0	0	0	0	0	0	Department of Electrical Engineering, Feng Chia University Senior Manager of MStar Semiconductor, Inc.	None		None	None	None
	Republic of China	Wang Yu-Min	Male	2020.01.01	763	0.001%	0	0	0	0	Oriental Institute of Technology Assistant Manager of Chander Electronics Corp. Senior Manager of Weltrend Semiconductor, Inc. Senior Manager of Jabil	None	None	None	None	None
Director of R&D Engineering, Design Service Business Division (Note 6)	Republic of China	Wang Sheng- Yi	Male	2020.01.01	0	0	0	0	0	0	University of Southern California Technical Advisor of Faraday Technology Co., Ltd. Senior Manager of Sunplus Technology Co., Ltd.	None	None	None	None	None
	Republic of China	Wang Kuo- Feng	Male	2021.01.01	0	0	0	0	0	0	United Microelectronics Corp. (UMC) Delta Electronics Inc. (DELTA) University of East Anglia/ MSc Marketing	None	None	None	None	None
Accietant	Republic of China	Cheng Chun- Yen	Male	2022.05.01	68,273	0.09%	0	0	0	0	Bachelor from Department of Electrical Engineering, National Sun Yat-sen University Business Manager of United Microelectronics Corp. Chemical Fiber Engineer of Far Eastern	President of Integrated Service Technology USA Inc. General Manager of Prosperity Power Technology Inc Representative of the juristic person director Dekra iST	None	None	None	None
Material analysis Expert (Note 4)	Republic of China	Pao Chung- Hsing	Male	2022.05.01	70,458	0.09%	0	0	0	0	Department of Materials and Optoelectronic Science National Sun Yat-sen University Arizona State University, USA Manager of Failure Analysis Department, United Microelectronics Corp. Material Analysis Advisor of Panjit Electronic Co., Ltd.	None	None	None	None	None
Director of Failure Analysis Engineering Division (Note 5)	Republic of China	Shen Shih- Hsiung	Male	2022.05.16	0	0	0	0	0	0	PhD. of Medical Engineering,, National Yang Ming Chiao Tung University Bachelor from Department of Power Mechanical Engineering, National Tsing Hua University Assistant Manager at TSMC Technical Manager at	None	None	None	None	None

											Powerchip Semiconductor Manufacturing Corporation Special Assistant to General Manager at iST					
Special Assistant (Note 7)	Republic of China	Tseng Sheng- Yu	Male	2023.04.06	1,318	0.002%	0	0	0	0	Department of Electronic Engineering, Tamkang University Vice Department Manager at Nidec-Read Taiwan Corporation Senior Manager at Nidec SV Probe Director at Innovative Turnkey Solution	None	None	None	None	None

Note: 1. Chang Ming-Lun, Assistant Manager of Design Service Business Division was dismissed on 2022.02.12.

- 2. Lin Mei-Hsiu was appointed as Special Assistant on 2022.05.01.
- 3. Cheng Chun-Yen was appointed as Special Assistant on 2022.05.01.
- 4. Pao Chung-Hsing was appointed as Material Analysis Expert on 2022.05.01.
- 5. Shen Shih-Hsiung was appointed as Vice General Manager of Failure Analysis Engineering Division on 2022.05.16.
- 6. Wang Sheng-Yi, Director of R&D Engineering, Design Service Business Division, was dismissed on 2022.10.08.
- 7. Tseng Sheng-Yu was appointed as Special Assistant on 2023.04.06.

(III) Remunerations to Directors, Supervisors, General Manager and Vice General Manager for the Latest Year A. Remuneration to Directors

Dec. 31, 2022 Unit: in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

																				Unit: in I nou	sands of New	Taiwan Dollars
					Remunerati	on to Di	rectors				Sum of A, B, C and D, Relevant Remunerations Received by Directors also W						Vorking a	s Emplo	yees	Sum of A, B	, C, D, E, F and	
		Compensation (A)			Retirement Pension (B)		uneration to ectors (C)		Business cution Costs (D)	After-ta	rcentage of x Profit that accounts for		nus, Special ce, etc. (E)		etirement ension (F)			eration to yees (G)		After-tax P	rcentage of rofit that the counts for	Whether to receive any remuneration
Title	Name	iST	All companies included in the financial report	iST	All companies included in the financial report	iST	All companies included in the financial report	iST	All companies included in the financial report	iST	All companies included in the financial report	iST	All companies included in the financial report	iST	All companies included in the financial report	i Cash	ST Stock	comj inclu the fir	All panies ded in nancial port	iST	All companies included in the financial report	from reinvestees, rather than subsidiaries
Director	Han Sheng Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Yu Wei-Pin	0	0	0	0	600	600	36	36	636 0.16%	636 0.16%	13,251	13,251	0	0	0	0	0	0	13,887 3.43%	13,887 3.43%	None
Director	Liu Fu-Han	0	0	0	0	600	600	36	36	636 0.16%	636 0.16%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	636 0.16%	636 0.16%	None
Director	Hui Long Co., Ltd. Representative: Chen Ching Chuo	0	0	0	0	600	600	36	36	636 0.16%	636 0.16%	1,478	1,478	76	76	0	0	0	0	2,190 0.54%	2,190 0.54%	None
Director	Tu Chung-Cheh	0	0	0	0	600	600	36	36	636 0.16%	636 0.16%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	636 0.16%	636 0.16%	None
Director	Kai Ou Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Chen Yang- Kuang	0	0	0	0	600	600	36	36	636 0.16%	636 0.16%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	636 0.16%	636 0.16%	None
Director	Lo Wen-Hao	0	0	0	0	600	600	36	36	636 0.16%	636 0.16%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	636 0.16%	636 0.16%	None
Independent Director	Wang Chih- Hung	0	0	0	0	600	600	24	24	624 0.15%	624 0.15%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	624 0.15%	624 0.15%	None
Independent Director	Hung Wen-Ming	0	0	0	0	600	600	36	36	636 0.16%	636 0.16%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	636 0.16%	636 0.16%	None
Independent Director	Lou Yung-Chien	0	0	0	0	600	600	36	36	636 0.16%	636	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	636	636 0.16%	None
Independent Director	Yu Chuo-Min	0	0	0	0	600	600	36	36	636	636	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	636	636	None

^{1.} Please specify the policy, system, standard and structure for remuneration payments to independent directors, and explain their responsibilities, assumed risks and contributed time as well as the correlation between these factors and remuneration payment amounts: Remunerations to independent directors of iST are determined based on results of performance evaluation and in accordance with the articles of incorporation. The remuneration committee also reviews the participation in corporate operation and contribution value of each director so as to connect the reasonableness and fairness of performance risks with the remuneration received. The committee also takes into account iST's business performance and general remuneration standards of other entities in the same industry, and then submit a proposal of remuneration to the board of directors for its resolution.

B. Remuneration to Supervisors: N/A because iST set up Audit Committee to replace supervisors in 2019

^{2.}Remunerations received by directors of iST for their services provided to all companies in the financial report for the latest year, except those disclosed in the above table: None

Note: 1. Amount of retirement pensions paid actually in 2022: None. 2. Allocated or appropriated retirement pensions recognized as expenses in 2022: NTD 76 thousand.

Remuneration to General Manager and Vice General Managers

Dec. 31, 2022 Unit: in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

Title	Name	Salar	ry (A)	Retirement Pension (B)		Bonus, Special Allowance, etc. (C)		Remuneration to Employees (D)				Sum of A, and Pero After-tax	B, C and D, centage of Profit that s Accounted	Remuneration received from reinvestees, rather than subsidiaries, or from the
		iST	All companies included in the financial report	iST	All companies included in the financial report	iST	All companies included in the financial report	iS Cash	ST Stock	comp inclu- the fir	all panies ded in nancial port	iST	All companies included in the financial report	parent company
General	Yu Wei-				Тероге		Тероге	Casii	Stock	Casii	Stock		Тероге	
Manager Vice General Manager of Reliability Engineering Division	Pin Tseng Shao- Chun													
Vice General Manager of Finance and Accounting Division	Lin Yu- Sang	27,722	27,722	324	324	0	0	0	0	0	0			None
Vice General Manager of Management Division	Chen Wen- Yin											28,046 6.92%	28,046 6.92%	

Note: 1.Amount of retirement pensions paid actually in 2022: None
2. Allocated or appropriated retirement pensions recognized as expenses in 2022: NTD 324 thousand

Range of Remunerations

Levels of Remunerations to Each General Manager and Vice General	Names of General Manager and Vice General Manager							
Manager of iST	iST	All companies in the financial report						
Below NTD 1,000,000	None	None						
NTD 1,000,000 (inclusive) ~NTD 2,000,000 (exclusive)	None	None						
NTD 2,000,000 (inclusive) ~NTD 3,500,000 (exclusive)	None	None						
NTD 3,500,000 (inclusive) ~NTD 5,000,000 (exclusive)	Vice General Manager Lin Yu-Sang Vice General Manager Chen Wen-Yin	Vice General Manager Lin Yu-Sang Vice General Manager Chen Wen-Yin						
NTD 5,000,000 (inclusive) \sim NTD 10,000,000 (exclusive)	Vice General Manager Tseng Shao-Chun	Vice General Manager Tseng Shao-Chun						
NTD 10,000,000 (inclusive) ~ NTD 15,000,000 (exclusive)	General Manager Yu Wei-Pin	General Manager Yu Wei-Pin						
NTD 15,000,000 (inclusive) ~ NTD 30,000,000 (exclusive)	None	None						
NTD 30,000,000 (inclusive) ~NTD 50,000,000 (exclusive)	None	None						
NTD 50,000,000 (inclusive) ~ NTD 100,000,000 (exclusive)	None	None						
Above NTD 100,000,000	None	None						
Total	4 persons	4 persons						

D. Names of Managers Distributing Remunerations to Employees in 2022, and the Status of Distribution

Dec. 31, 2022 Unit: in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

			DCC. 31, 20	722 Offic. III TH	ousailus of New	
	Title	Name	Amount of Shares	Amount of Cash	Total	Ratio of Total to After-tax Profit
Managers	General Manager	Yu Wei-Pin				
nag	Vice General Manager	Chen Wen-Yin				
ers	Assistant Manager (Note 1)	Chang Ming-Lun				
	Vice General Manager	Lin Yu-Sang				
	Assistant Manager	Lee Chang-Pin				
	Vice General Manager	Tseng Shao-Chun				
	Assistant Manager	Hsu Ju-Hung]			
	Assistant Manager	Tseng Ta-Lin				
	Division Director	Huang Yin-Hao				
	Special Assistant (Note 2)	Lin Hsiu-Mei				
	Division Director	Wang Shang- Chieh	0	0	0	0%
	Division Director	Wang Yu-Min				
	Division Director (Note 5)	Wang Sheng-Yi				
	Division Director	Wang Kuo-Feng				
	Special Assistant (Note 3)	Cheng Chun-Yen				
	Material Analysis Expert (Note 4)	Pao Chung-Hsing				
	Director of Failure Analysis Engineering Division (Note 6)	Shen Shih-Hsiung				
	Special Assistant (Note 7)	Tseng Sheng-Yu				

Note: 1. Chang Ming-Lun, Assistant Manager of Design Service Business Division, was dismissed on 2022.2.12.

- 2. Lin Mei-Hsiu was appointed as Special Assistant on 2022.5.1.
- 3. Cheng Chun-Yen was appointed as Special Assistant on 2022.5.1.
- 4. Pao Chung-Hsing was appointed for Material Analysis Expert on 2022.5.1.
- 5. Wang Sheng-Yi, Division Director, was dismissed on 2022.10.08.
- 6. Shen Shih-Hsiung was appointed as Director of Failure Analysis Engineering Division on 2022.05.16.
- 7. Tseng-Yu was appointed as Special Assistant on 2023.04.06.
- E. We hereby compare and analyze what percentage of the after-tax profit indicated in the individual or separate financial statements is accounted for by the total remunerations paid by iST and all companies contained in the consolidated financial statements to the directors, General Manager and Vice General Managers of iST for the latest 2 years, and also explain the remuneration policy, standards and combination for remuneration payments, the procedure of determining remuneration, and the connection with business performance and future risks.
 - 1. Analysis of the percentage of iST's net profit that the total remuneration amount paid, for the latest 2 years, by iST and all companies contained in the consolidated financial statements to the directors, General Manager and Vice General Managers of iST is accounted for:

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

		iS	ST		All compa	ed financial			
T. /	20	021	20	22	20	021	2	022	Percentage of
Item/		After-tax profit that		After-tax profit that		After-tax profit that		After-tax profit that	increase or
Title	Total	the sum	Total	the sum accounts	Total	the sum	Total	the sum	deer case
		accounts	for			accounts for		accounts for	
Remuneration to directors	21,258	11.83	21,153	for 5.22	21,258	11.83	21,153	5.25	(6.61)
Remuneration to General Manager and Vice General Manager	27,224	15.15	28,046	6.92	27,224	15.15	28,046	6.92	(8.23)
After-tax profit	179,708	-	405,146	-	179,708	-	405,146	-	-

The total amount of remunerations to directors and supervisors for 2022 was less than that for 2021 because the after-tax profit of 2022 increased. The total amount of remunerations to General Manager and Vice General Manager for 2022 was more than that for 2021 because the bonuses given to them increased in 2022.

- 2. Remuneration policy, standards and combination for remuneration payments, the procedure of determining remuneration, and the connection with business performance and future risks:
 - (1) Remuneration Policy, and Standards and Combination for Remuneration Payments
 - i. No more than 3% of the profit is allocated as the remuneration to iST directors in accordance with Article 18 of its articles of incorporation. iST evaluates the remuneration in accordance with the Regulations for Evaluation of Performance of the Board of Directors periodically. Relevant performance evaluation and the reasonableness of directors' remuneration are reviewed and approved by the salary and remuneration committee and the board of directors.

The formula used to calculate the remuneration to an individual director is as follows:

Total amount of directors' remuneration resolved by the board of directors

X

Number of rights owned by an individual director

Total number of rights owned by all the directors participating in distribution

ii. As part of the remuneration to iST managers, various subsidies and bonuses are provided in iST's regulations of wages and salaries to reward the employees for their hard work. Bonuses are provided based on the annual business performance, financial conditions and business operations of iST and work performance of each individual. When iST has any profit for the current year, an amount of no less than 3% of the profit shall be allocated as employees' remuneration in accordance with Article 18 of the articles of incorporation. iST uses results of the performance assessment conducted in accordance with the Regulations of Performance Management to be the basis of

reference for granting bonuses to managers. Items evaluated for performance assessment of managers are divided into the following:

- (i) Financial performance indicators: Share of contribution made by each business group towards profits of iST based on the management income statement of iST, and the goal achievement rate with respect to managers
- (ii) Non-financial indicators: Abilities for achievement of iST core values and operation management, and participation in sustainable operation (e.g. talent cultivation and employee retention), both of which are taken into account for calculation of the remuneration paid for operation performance, in the remuneration system to be reviewed from time to time based on the status of actual business operation and applicable laws and regulations
- (iii) Quality and risk: Status of compliance with laws and regulations
- iii. The remuneration package of iST is provided pursuant to the organizational regulations of the salary and remuneration committee. It contains cash remuneration, stock option, profit sharing, stock ownership, retirement benefits, severance pay, allowances and other measures offering substantial rewards. The scope of the remuneration package is consistent with that of the remunerations to directors and managers provided in the Regulations Governing Information to be Published in Annual Reports of Public Companies.

(2) Procedure of Determining Remuneration

i. iST uses results of the evaluation made in compliance with the Regulations for Evaluation of Performance of the Board of Directors and the Regulations of Performance Management applicable to managers and employees to evaluate the salaries and remunerations paid to directors and managers. Salaries and remunerations to Chairman and General Manager are determined based on business performance of iST and approved by the board of directors. To fully reflect the status of achievement of corporate performance indicators, performance of Chairman is evaluated based on corporate operation, governance and financial conditions based on results of the annual performance indicators. The evaluation covers 3 indictors, i.e. pretax profit, customer satisfaction and corporate governance. The evaluation of performance of General Manager covers operational safety management, of financial plans, revenue management, supervision enhancement of internal controls, implementation and management of quality assurance and other duty-related performance objectives.

ii. Results of self-evaluation made in 2022 by board members, directors and members of each functional committee respectively were above standard. Based on the result of the

evaluation mad by iST in 2022 for managers, the performance of all managers were either satisfactory or above the expected requirements for goals. The evaluation results based on the annual corporate performance indicators have reached the highest standard.

iii. Assessment of performance and reasonableness of remuneration for directors and managers are evaluated and reviewed by the salary and remuneration committee and the board of directors periodically every year by taking into account the ratio of individual performance achievement and the contribution towards iST and reviewing the overall business performance of iST and future risks and development trends of the industry. For reasonableness of remuneration, the remuneration system is reviewed from time to time based on the status of actual business conditions and applicable laws, and the current trends of corporate governance are also considered to achieve a balance between sustainable operation and risk control. The actual amount of remunerations paid to directors and managers in 2022 was reviewed by the salary and remuneration committee and determined by the board meeting.

- (3) Connection with Business Performance and Future Risks
- i. The status of overall business performance of iST is considered primarily for review of remuneration policy related payment standards and systems. To promote the overall organizational effects of the board of directors and levels of managements, the payment standards are determined based on the performance achievement ratio and contribution. Remuneration standards in the industry are also taken into account to ensure that the remuneration to managements of iST is competitive enough to retain management talents.
- ii. The performance of mangers, which is evaluated based on their management and prevention of potential risks within their duties as well as their actual performance, is associated with relevant policies with respect to human resources and remunerations. Important managerial policies are implemented only after all risks have been considered. Results of relevant policies reflect profitability of iST while remunerations to managements relate to performance of risk control.
- iii. Remunerations paid by iST and its subsidiaries to their directors, General Manager and Vice General Manager include long-term rewards, which are given in the form of cash and are not paid in full in the current year when the profit is allocated since they shall assume future operational risks together with iST.

(IV) Corporate Governance Practices

A. Operation of Board of Directors

1. As of the date of print of the annual report in 2022, 8 board meetings were held and the directors present are as follows:

Title	Name	Times for which the person has been presented at the meeting	Times for which the person has been authorized as a proxy to be present at the meeting	Rate of attendance (%)	Remarks
President	Han Sheng Investment Co., Ltd. Yu Wei-Pin	8	0	100%	Reelected on 2021.7.26
Director	Tu Chung-Cheh	8	0	100%	Reelected on 2021.7.26
Director	Hui Long Co., Ltd. Chen Ching-Chuo	8	0	100%	Reelected on 2021.7.26
Director	Kai Ou Investment Co., Ltd. Chen Yang-Kuang	8	0	100%	Reelected on 2021.7.26
Director	Liu Fu-Han	8	0	100%	Reelected on 2021.7.26
Director	Lo Wen-Hao	8	0	100%	Reelected on 2021.7.26
Independent Director	Wang Chih-Hung	5	3	63%	Reelected on 2021.7.26
Independent Director	Hung Wen-Ming	8	0	100%	Reelected on 2021.7.26
Independent Director	Lou Yung-Chien	8	0	100%	Reelected on 2021.7.26
Independent Director	Yu Chuo-Min	8	0	100%	Appointed on 2021.7.26

Other Matters Required to be Recorded:

- In case of the board meeting in any of the following situations, the date and term of the board meeting, content of the motion, all independent directors' opinion and the measures taken by iST based on their opinions shall be specified.
 - (1) Matters stated in Article 14-3 of the Securities and Exchange Act:
 The provisions of Article 14-3 of the Securities and Exchange Act are not applicable as iST has set up the audit committee. For relevant information, please refer to Operation of Audit Committee in the annual report.
 - (2) Resolutions, except for the aforementioned matters, which independent directors object to or provided with qualified opinion for at the board meeting, and such objection or opinion has been recorded in the minutes or a written statement: None
- 2. In case of any director avoiding a motion based on a conflict of interest, specify the name of the director, the content of the motion, the reason for avoidance based on the conflict of interest, and status of participation in voting:

Name of Director	Content of Motion	Opinions of Independent Directors, and Measures Taken by iST based on the opinions	Reason for evasion based on conflict of interest	Status of participation in voting
Chairman Yu Wei-Pin	Review of distribution of mid- year performance bonuses to high- ranking officers of	None	He has a conflict of interest in the motion because he is Chairman and	For avoiding the conflict of interest, he did not participate in

	iST for 2022		General Manager of	neither
	Proposal of	None	iST.	discussion nor
	assigning a			voting.
	company car to			
	Chairman			
	Review of	None		
	distribution of year-			
	end performance			
	bonuses to high-			
	ranking officers of			
	iST for 2022			
	Proposal of	None		
	remuneration to			
	directors for 2022			
	Proposal of	None		
	distribution of			
	employees' remuneration for			
	2022			
	Review of	None		
	adjustment of high-	None		
	ranking officers'			
	wages for 2023			
Directors	Proposal of	None	As a director, he has	For avoiding the
Yu Wei-Pin	lending funds to		a conflict of interest	conflict of
Chen Ching Chuo	Innovative		in the motion.	interest, he did
Tu Chung-Cheh	Turnkey Solution			not participate in
Lo Wen-Hao	1,7 = 1 1.2012			neither
Independent				discussion nor
directors				voting.
Hung Wen-Ming				
Lou Yung-Chien				
Total 6 persons				
10tal 0 persons	1			

3. TWSE/TPEx listed companies are required to disclose the evaluation cycle and period with respect to the self-assessment (or peer assessment) made by the board of directors, the scope, method and content of evaluation, and relevant information, and complete the following table for the assessment conducted by the board of directors.

Evaluation Cycle (Note 1)	Evaluation Period (Note 2)	Evaluation Scope (Note 3)	Evaluation Method (Note 4)	Evaluation Content (Note 5)
Implemented once a year	2022.1.1-2022.12.31	1. Performance of the board of directors 2. Performance of board directors 3. Performance of the audit committee 4. Performance of the salary and remuneration committee	1. Internal self-evaluation of the board of directors 2. Self-evaluation of board directors 3. Peer evaluation	1. Content of evaluation with respect to the performance of the board of directors a. Level of participation in corporate operation b. Enhancement of quality in terms of decision-making of the board of directors c. Composition and structure of the board of directors d. Election and continuous training of directors e. Internal control 2. Content of evaluation with respect to the performance of board directors: a. Mastering corporate objectives and tasks b. Understanding responsibilities and duties of

						directors
					c.	Level of participation in
					-	corporate operation
					d.	Management and
						communication for
						enhancement of internal
						relationship
					e.	Professional and continuous
					c.	training of directors
					f.	Internal control
				3.		ent of evaluation with respect
				٥.		e performance of the audit
						nittee:
					a.	Level of participation in
					u.	corporate operation
					b.	Understanding
					υ.	responsibilities and duties of
						a functional committee
					c.	Enhancement of quality in
					-	terms of decision-making of
						functional committees
					d.	Composition and structure
						of a functional committee
					e.	Internal control
				4.	Cont	ent of evaluation with respect
						e performance of the salary
						remuneration committee:
					a.	Level of participation in
						corporate operation
					b.	Understanding
						responsibilities and duties of
						a functional committee
					c.	Enhancement of quality in
						terms of decision-making of
						functional committees
					d.	Composition and structure
						of a functional committee
Note 1 To provi	de with the cyc	cle of conducting the a	ssessment of the b	oard o	of dire	ctors (e.g. once a year)

Note 2 To provide with the period for which the board of directors is assessed (e.g. evaluating the performance of the board of directors from Jan. 1, 2019 to Dec. 31, 2019)

Note 3 The scope of evaluation includes evaluation of the performance of the board of directors, individual board directors and functional committees.

Note 4 Methods of evaluation include internal self-evaluation of the board of directors, self-evaluation of board directors, peer evaluation, and performance evaluation conducted by an external professional institute, expert or in any other manner.

Note 5 The content of evaluation includes at least the following items based on the scope of evaluation:

- Evaluating performance of the board of directors: It contains at least level of participation in corporate operation, quality of decision making of the board of directors, composition and structure of the board of directors, election and continuous training of directors, internal control, etc.
- Evaluating performance of individual board directors: It contains at least mastering corporate ii. objectives and tasks, understanding responsibilities and duties of directors, level of participation in corporate operation, management and communication for enhancement of internal relationship, professional and continuous training of directors, internal control, etc.
- iii. Evaluating performance of functional committees: It contains level of participation in corporate operation, understanding responsibilities and duties of the functional committee, quality of decision making of the functional committee, composition of the functional committee, election and appointment of committee members, internal control, etc.

The evaluations made with respect to the board of directors are as follows:

(1) Self-evaluation by the Board of Directors for its Performance in 2022:

Self-evaluation Questionnaire for Performance of the Board of Directors: It contained 5 aspects, i.e. A. level of participation in business operation of iST, B. enhancement of quality of the decisions made by the board of directors, C. composition and structure of the board of directors, D. election of directors and continuing training programs for directors, and E. internal control, all of which included 45 items to be evaluated. Except the following 2 items, which were graded as "4: Excellent (I agree)," other items were graded as "5: Very Excellent (I strongly agree)."

Evaluated Items	Evaluation Result	
1. The director (excluding the proxy thereof) attended all board meetings generally. (For example, the attendance rate is 80%, which is "3: Fair."	4: Excellent (I agree.)	
2. The director attended all meetings of shareholders generally. (For example, the attendance rate is 1/2, which is "3: Fair."	4: Excellent (I agree.)	

Improvement approach: 1. Each director usually attended all board meetings and all meetings of shareholders and has been encouraged to be 100% present at all board meetings and meetings of shareholders.

(2) Self-evaluation by Board Members for their Performance in 2022:

Self-evaluation Questionnaire for Performance of Board Members: It contained 6 aspects, i.e. A. understanding of corporate goals and tasks, B. awareness of a director's duties, C. level of participation in business operation of iST, D. internal relation development and communication, E. specialty of and continuing training programs for directors, and F. internal control, all of which included 23 items to be evaluated. Except the following item, other items were graded as "5: Very Excellent (I strongly agree)."

Evaluated Items	Evaluation Result
7. The director (excluding the proxy thereof) attended all board meetings generally. (For example, the attendance rate is 80%, which is "3: Fair."	excellent (I strongly agree)," while one

Improvement approach: 1. Each director usually attended all board meetings and has been encouraged to be 100% present at all board meetings.

(3) Self-evaluation by the Audit Committee for its Performance in 2022:

Self-evaluation Questionnaire for Performance of Audit Committee: It contained 5 aspects, i.e. A. level of participation in business operation of iST, B. awareness of the functional committee's duties, C. enhancement of quality of the decisions made by the functional committee, D. composition of the functional committee and election of committee members, and E. internal control, all of which included 22 items to be evaluated. Except the following item, which was graded as "4: Excellent (I agree)," other items were graded as "5: Very Excellent (I strongly agree)."

Evaluated Items	Evaluation Result
1. The committee member (excluding the proxy thereof) attended all meetings of the functional committee generally. (For example, the attendance rate is 80%, which is "3: Fair.")	4: Excellent (I agree.)

Improvement approach: 1. Each committee member usually attended all meetings of the audit committee and has been encouraged to be 100% present at all meetings of the audit committee.

(4) Self-evaluation by the Salary and Remuneration Committee for its Performance in 2022:

Self-evaluation Questionnaire for Performance of Salary and Remuneration Committee: It contained 4 aspects, i.e. A. level of participation in business operation of iST, B. awareness of the functional committee's duties, C. enhancement of quality of the decisions made by the functional committee, and D. composition of the functional committee and election of committee members, all of which included 19 items to be evaluated. All items were

graded as "5: Very Excellent (I strongly agree)." The salary and remuneration committee will be well-run continuously to evaluate the policies and systems for the salaries and remunerations paid to directors and managers professionally and objectively, and provide the board of directors with suggestions for reference for making decisions relevant to salaries, remunerations, and performance objectives.

4. Objectives for strengthening functions of the board of directors for the current and latest year, and evaluation of implementation of the objectives

(1) Strengthening functions of the board of directors, and evaluation of implementation of the objectives:

directions of the board of directors, and evaluation of implementation of the objectives.
Evaluation of implementation of the objectives
iST has set up a salary and remuneration committee to assist the board of directors
in evaluating, establishing and reviewing policies, systems, standards and structures
with respect to performance of directors and managers and their wages and
remunerations. The salary and remuneration committee holds at least 2 meeting
per year.
iST has set up an audit committee. The audit committee, which is composed of 4
independent directors, holds at least a meeting every quarter, responsible for
ensuring fair expression of the financial report of iST, election (dismissal),
independence and performance of CPAs, implementing the internal control
effectively, having iST comply with applicable laws and rules, controlling existing or
potential risks of iST, etc.
iST has established its corporate governance practice principles and the ethical
corporate management practice principles, and also appointed the corporate
governance officer on 2022.11.02. Specific personnel have been designated to take
charge of collection and disclosure of information for iST, implementation of the
system of spokespersons and updating relevant information on iST's website
periodically.
iST has established the board meeting agenda rules. The board of directors has
some members who are financial, legal, commercial professionals in order to
strengthen functions of the board of directors and enhance execution and operation
of the board of directors.
iST has a spokesperson and a deputy spokesperson who serve as the channels for
stakeholders to communicate with iST. The shareholders' meeting accepts
proposals from shareholders every year. Shareholders may file applications during
the period of acceptance. The proposal are reviewed by the board of directors and
resolved at the shareholders' meeting in accordance with applicable regulations.

B. Operation of Audit Committee:

The Audit Committee is composed of 4 members, all of whom are independent directors. It holds a meeting per quarter periodically prior to a board meeting to review implementation of the internal control system and internal audit as well as material financial transactions, and communicate and exchange opinions with CPAs to supervise business operation of iST and risk control.

- 1. The key tasks of the Audit Committee for 2022 are as follows:
 - (1) Review of the financial statements of each quarter;
 - (2) Establishment or revision of the internal control system and relevant important regulations;
 - (3) Assessment of effectiveness of the internal control system;
 - (4) Revision of the Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets;
 - (5) Revision of the Procedures for Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees;
 - (6) Review and approval of transactions involving significant assets or derivatives of iST:
 - (7) Public offering, issuance or private placement of the securities with the nature of equity interests;
 - (8) Matters involving interests of the director;

- (9) Corporate management, information security and risk management;
- (10) Other important matters provided by regulations of iST or the competent authority.

2. Operation of Audit Committee:

As of the date of print of the annual report in 2022, the audit committee held 8 meetings (A)

and independent directors present are as follows:

Title	Name	Times for which the person has been presented at the meeting (B)	Times for which the person has been authorized as a proxy to be present at the meeting	Rate of attendance (%) (B/A) (Note)	Remarks
Independent Director	Lo Yung- Chien	8	0	100%	Re-elected on 2021.7.26
Independent Director	Hung Wen- Ming	8	0	100%	Re-elected on 2021.7.26
Independent Director	Wang Chih- Hung	5	3	63%	Re-elected on 2021.7.26
Independent Director	Yu Chuo-Min	8	0	100%	Appointed on 2021.7.26

Other Matters Required to be Recorded:

(1) Matters stated in Article 14-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act:

Date and Term	Date and Term of	Content of Motion and Resolution Result
of Board of	Audit Committee	
Directors		
2022.03.15	2022.03.15	1. Proposal of exercise of treasury stock and repurchase of iST's shares
11th-term 8 th	2nd-term 6 th	Result of the resolution by the audit committee: All committee members
meeting	meeting	present at the meeting adopted the resolution unanimously.
		Measures taken by iST based on the opinion of the audit committee: N/A
		Result of the resolution by the board of directors: All directors present at
		the meeting adopted the resolution unanimously.
2022.03.24	2022.03.24	1. Assessment of effectiveness of internal control system for 2021 and
11th-term 9 th	2nd-term 7 th	statement on internal control system
meeting	meeting	2. Proposal of not continuing the private placement of common shares for
		cash adopted at the general meeting of shareholders in 2021
		3. Revision of iST's Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets
		4. Revision of iST's Procedures for Loaning of Funds and Making of
		Endorsements/Guarantees
		5. Final settlement of annual accounts for 2021
		6. Private placement of common shares for cash
		7. Review of evaluation results with respect to independency and
		competency of independent CPAs
		8. Revision of iST's internal control system
		9. Approval of iST's application with Ministry of Economic Affairs for
		registration of corporate seal keeper
		10. Proposal of sale of stock rights of BTL Inc. invested by iST
		11. Acknowledgement of acquisitions of intangible assets for 2021 Q4
		Result of the resolution by the audit committee: All committee members
		present at the meeting adopted the resolution unanimously.
		Measures taken by iST based on the opinion of the audit committee: N/A
		Result of the resolution by the board of directors: All directors present at
		the meeting adopted the resolution unanimously.
2022.05.05	2022.05.05	1. 2022 Q1 consolidated financial statements

^{1.} In case of the audit committee in any of the following situations, the date and term of the board meeting, content of the motion, resolution results by the audit committee, and the measures taken by iST based on the opinion of the audit committee shall be specified.

11th-term 10 th	2nd-term 8 th	2. Proposal of repurchase shares of iST from OTC market for the 5th time,
meeting	meeting	and proposal of cancellation of share alteration registration
lineeting	meeting	3. Acknowledgement of acquisitions of intangible assets for 2022 Q1
		4. Proposal of increase in capital expenditure for purchase of machinery
		equipment by iST
		5. Proposal of adjustment of the selling price of some shares of BTL Inc.
		held by iST
		6. Proposal of participation in follow-on offering of Pin Wen Co., Ltd., a subsidiary 100% held by iST
		Result of the resolution by the audit committee: All committee members
		present at the meeting adopted the resolution unanimously.
		Measures taken by iST based on the opinion of the audit committee: N/A
		Result of the resolution by the board of directors: All directors present at
2022.08.02	2022.08.02	the meeting adopted the resolution unanimously. 1. 2022 Q2 consolidated financial statements
11th-term 11 th	2022.08.02 2nd-term 9 th	2. Approval of the transaction of derivatives
meeting	meeting	3. Proposal of reducing capital of Kunshan Xipu Electronic Technology Co.,
meeting	meeting	Ltd. by USD 1.53 million
		Result of the resolution by the audit committee: All committee members
		present at the meeting adopted the resolution unanimously.
		Measures taken by iST based on the opinion of the audit committee: N/A
		Result of the resolution by the board of directors: All directors present at
		the meeting adopted the resolution unanimously.
2022.11.02	2022.11.02	1. 2022 Q3 consolidated financial statements
11th-term 12 th	2nd-term 10 th	2. Proposal of lending funds to Innovative Turnkey Solution
meeting	meeting	3. Proposal of the production equipment purchase made by iST from the
		subsidiary Innovative Turnkey Solution
		4. Approval of the transaction of derivatives Result of the resolution by the audit committee: Except the committee
		members avoiding, the committee members present at the meeting
		adopted the resolution.
		Measures taken by iST based on the opinion of the audit committee: N/A
		Result of the resolution by the board of directors: Except the directors
		avoiding, the directors present at the meeting adopted the resolution.
2022.12.14	2022.12.14	1. Revision of iST's internal control system and its enforcement rules of
11th-term 13 th	2nd-term 11 th	internal auditing
meeting	meeting	2. Proposal of increase in capital expenditure for purchase of machinery
		equipment by iST
		Result of the resolution by the audit committee: All committee members present at the meeting adopted the resolution unanimously.
		Measures taken by iST based on the opinion of the audit committee: N/A
		Result of the resolution by the board of directors: All directors present at
		the meeting adopted the resolution unanimously.
2023.03.14	2023.03.14	1. Assessment of effectiveness of internal control system for 2022 and
11th-term 14 th	2nd-term 12 th	statement on internal control system
meeting	meeting	2. Final settlement of annual accounts for 2022
		3. Proposal of not continuing the private placement of common shares for
		cash adopted at the general meeting of shareholders in 2022
		4. Private placement of common shares for cash
		5. Proposal of participation in follow-on offering of Pin Wen Co., Ltd., a subsidiary 100% held by iST
		6. Approval of the transaction of derivatives
		7. Review of evaluation results with respect to independency and
		competency of independent CPAs of the internal adjustment made
		8. Change of independent CPAs because of the internal adjustment made by their firm
		Result of the resolution by the audit committee: All committee members
		present at the meeting adopted the resolution unanimously.

		Measures taken by iST based on the opinion of the audit committee: N/A
		Result of the resolution by the board of directors: All directors present at
		the meeting adopted the resolution unanimously.
2023.04.28	2023.04.28	1. 2023 Q1 consolidated financial statements
15th-term 9 th	2nd-term 13th	Result of the resolution by the audit committee: All committee members
meeting	meeting	present at the meeting adopted the resolution unanimously.
		Measures taken by iST based on the opinion of the audit committee: N/A
		Result of the resolution by the board of directors: All directors present at
		the meeting adopted the resolution unanimously.

- (2) Resolutions that were not adopted by the audit committee and were however approved by two thirds or more of all directors, except for the aforementioned matters: None
- 2. In case of any independent director avoiding a motion based on a conflict of interest, specify the name of the independent director, the content of the motion, the reason for avoidance based on the conflict of interest, and status of participation in voting:
 - (1) Meeting of Audit Committee on 2022.11.02:

 Name of Independent Director: Hung Wen-Ming and Lo Yung-Chien
 Content of Motion: Proposal of lending funds to Innovative Turnkey Solution
 Conflict of Interest based on which the directors were required to avoid: Investment relevant to the director or his/her relative within the second degree of kinship
 Participation and Voting: The independent directors listed above avoided discussion and voting with respect to the motion.
- 3. Status of Communication between Independent Directors and the Internal Audit Director and CPAs (including important matters communicated with respect to the financial conditions and business status of iST, communication methods, and results)
 - (1) Independent directors were able to communicate with the internal audit director and CPAs directly to understand financial conditions and business status of iST.
 - (2) The chief auditor submits an audit report to independent directors periodically every month. For any doubt about the content of the report, the chief auditor and independent directors will have a discussion by telephone or mail any time. The chief auditor participates in the meeting of audit committee held by iST, and reports audit tasks and follow-ups to independent directors. The chief auditor also attends board meetings and reports internal audit tasks. In addition to providing the report every month and communicating at the audit committee meeting, the chief auditor may also hold a discussion meeting prior to the meeting of audit committee or based on the request made by independent directors.
 - (3) CPAs attend the audit committee meeting each quarter to communicate for the quarterly financial statements and corporate governance and provide the latest financial and tax information. They also exchanged opinions with independent directors at the meeting. In addition to communicating at the audit committee meeting, CPAs may also hold a discussion meeting prior to the meeting of audit committee or based on the request made by independent directors.

The matters communicated between independent directors and chief auditors as of the date of print of the annual report in 2022 and 2023 are summarized as follows:

Date of Audit	Key Points Communicated	Results
Committee Meeting /		communicated
Discussion		
2023.04.28	1. Implementation of the audits conducted from February to March	No opinion at the
	2023 and report on the results	meeting
	2. Report on audit deficiencies followed up	
2023.03.14	1. Implementation of the audits conducted from November 2022 to	No opinion at the
	January 2023 and report on the results	meeting
	2. Report on audit deficiencies followed up	
	3. Assessment of effectiveness of iST's internal control system for	
	2022 and statement on internal control system	
2022.12.14	1. Implementation of the audits conducted in October 2022 and	No opinion at the
	report on the results	meeting
	2. iST's audit plan for 2023	
	3.Revision of iST's internal control system and its enforcement	

	rules of internal auditing				
2022.11.02		No opinion at the meeting			
2022.08.02	1. Implementation of the audits conducted from April to June 2022 and report on the results 2. Report on audit deficiencies followed up •				
	I. Implementation of the audits conducted in March 2022 and				
2022.05.05	No opinion at the meeting				
	2.Report on audit deficiencies followed up 。				
2022.03.24		No opinion at the meeting			
	2021 and statement on internal control system 3. Revision of iST's internal control system				
2022.03.15	report on the results	No opinion at the meeting			
	2.Report on audit deficiencies followed up 。	_			
The matters communica 2022 and 2023 are summ	ted between independent directors and CPAs as of the date of print of the narized as follows:	e annual report in			
Date of Audit Committee Meeting / Discussion	Key Points Communicated	Results communicate d			
2023.04.28	1. Result of the review of 2023 Q1 consolidated financial statements	No opinion at the meeting			
2023.03.14	Result of the audit of 2022 Q4 consolidated financial statements Introduction to applicable standards and laws in the (near) future	No opinion at the meeting			
2022.12.14	3. Report on Audit Quality Indicators for 2022 FY22 1. Explanation and update of recent laws and regulations relevant to	No opinion at			
	smart or 5G system investment tax credit 2. Explanation of laws and regulations relevant to cyber security investment tax credit	the meeting			
	3. Explanation of the incomes from controlled foreign companies to be recognized by a profit-seeking enterprise				
2022.11.02	4. Explanation of significant risks and key audited items1. Result of the audit of 2022 Q3 consolidated financial statements	No opinion at			
2022.11.02	2. Relevant matters communicated	the meeting			
	3. Statement of independence				
	4. Explanation of significant risks and key audited items5. Interpretation of audit quality indicators given by the audit				
	committee				
	6. Promotion of recent important policies of the competent authority and explanation and update of applicable laws and regulations				
2022.08.02	Result of the review of 2022 Q2 consolidated financial statements	No opinion at the meeting			
2022.05.05	Result of the review of 2022 Q1 consolidated financial statements	No opinion at the meeting			
2022.03.24	Result of the review of 2021 Q4 consolidated financial statements	No opinion at the meeting			
2022.03.15	Promotion of recent important policies of the competent authority and explanation and update of applicable laws and regulations				

C. State of iST's Implementation of Corporate Governance, Variance from the Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and Reasons for Such Variance

				State of Implementation (Note)	Variance from the Corporate
	Evaluation Item	Yes	No	Summary	Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and Reasons for Such Variance
1.	Has iST established and disclosed its corporate governance practice principles pursuant to the Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies?		V	To establish a good corporate governance system, refine monitoring functions and strengthening management functions, iST has established its corporate governance principles in accordance with the Corporate	No variance
				Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, the principles were adopted by the board of directors on Nov. 2, 2022 and disclosed on the website of iST.	
(1)	Structure of Equity Interests of iST, and Shareholders' Equity Has iST established an internal operating procedure to deal with shareholders' suggestions, questions, disputes and lawsuits and dealt with the aforementioned matters pursuant to the procedure?	V		(1) iST has a spokesperson and a deputy spokesperson, who are designated to deal with the suggestions made by shareholders and any disputes. A specific section is established and the contact information is provided on the website of iST to deal with shareholders' suggestions, doubts, arguments and lawsuits. For questions involving laws, corporate	No variance
(2)	Does iST have the list of both the key shareholders that actually control iST and the final controllers of the key shareholders?	V		iST is updated periodically by its stock agency. iST has not only controlled the list of key shareholders of the controlling company, and ultimate controllers of the key shareholders, but has also kept a good relationship with	No variance
(3)	Has iST established and implemented a risk control and firewall mechanism with its affiliates?	V		investors. (3) The risk controls and firewalls between iST and its affiliated enterprises are established in compliance with the Regulations for Management of Subsidiaries, the Rules Governing Financial and Business Matters Between iST and its Affiliated Enterprises, the internal control system and applicable laws.	No variance
(4)	Has iST established internal practices to prohibit its internal personnel from taking advantage of any information not published publicly to trade securities?	V			No variance

				State of Implementation (Note)	Variance from the Corporate
	Evaluation Item	Yes		Summary	Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and Reasons for Such Variance
				directors on Dec. 14, 2022, to prevent insiders from taking advantage of any unpublished information to trade securities.	
3. (1)	Composition and Duties of the Board of Directors Has the board of directors established a policy of diversity for the composition of its members and implemented the policy thoroughly?	V		(1) iST has established the diversification strategy for board members based on Chapter 3 "Strengthening Functions of the Board of Directors" of the corporate governance practice principles. For the status of diversification of the board of directors, please see page 19-20 of the annual report and visit the website of iST.	No variance
(2)	Does iST intend to establish any other functional committee, in addition to the salary and remuneration committee and the audit committee, in accordance with applicable laws?		V	(2) iST has not established any other functional committee yet, and will establish based on actual need in the future.	To be established based on actual need in the future
(3)	Has iST established both the regulations for evaluation of the performance of the board of directors and the method of evaluation in order to conduct performance evaluation every year, report the evaluation result to the board of directors and use it as a reference for determining each director's remuneration and nominating a director to serve for the next term of office?	V		the Regulations for Evaluation of Performance of the Board of Directors on Aug. 6, 2020. Performance evaluation is conducted periodically every year, and the result of evaluation is disclosed on the website of iST. The results generated based on all performance evaluation indicators were excellent and were already reported to the board of directors on Mar. 14, 2023. Evaluation results are used as reference for salaries of individual directors and the nomination and	No variance
(4)	Dose iST evaluate independence of CPAs periodically?	V		reelection thereof. (4) The audit committee evaluates independence and competency of iST's independent CPAs every year. Not only does the audit committee request CPAs to provide the Statement of Independence and the Audit Quality Indicators (AQIs), but the committee also complies with Article 47 of the Certified Public Accountant Act and the Statement No. 10 of the Ethics for Professional Accountants of the R.O.C. when conducting the evaluation of independence. For evaluated items, please see Note (1). The result of the	No variance

			(State of Implementation (Note)	Variance from the Corporate
			<u> </u>	state of implementation (Note)	Governance Best-Practice
	Evaluation Item				Principles for TWSE/TPEx
	Evaluation Item	Yes	No	Summary	Listed Companies, and
					Reasons for Such Variance
				avaluation and ustad in the latest	Reasons for Such variance
				evaluation conducted in the latest	
				year (2023) was approved by the	
				audit committee on Mar. 14, 2023	
				and resolved at the board meeting.	
4.	,	V		(1) iST resolved at the board meeting	No variance
	company deployed a adequate			on Nov. 2, 2022 to appoint Lin Yu-	
	and proper number of			Sang, CFO at Finance and Accounting	
	corporate governance			Division to serve as Corporate	
	personnel and designated a			Governance Officer simultaneously.	
	corporate governance officer to			An adequate number of professional	
	take charge of corporate			corporate governance personnel	
	governance-related matters			were also designated to be managed	
	(including but not limited to			by the Corporate Governance Office	
	provision of data necessary for			to protect rights of shareholders and	
	directors and supervisors to			strengthen functions of the board of	
	perform their duties, assistance			directors. For the continuing training	
	provided for directors and			programs participated by the	
	supervisors in complying with			Corporate Governance Officer in	
	laws and regulations, matters			2022, please see Note (2).	
	relevant to board meetings and			(2) The Corporate Governance	
	shareholders' meetings,			Officer has worked as a chief	
	preparation of minutes of a			financial officer of a listed company	
	board meeting and a			for more than 3 years and met the	
	shareholders' meeting, etc.)?			qualifications required by applicable	
	shareholders infecting, etc.):			laws. The Corporate Governance	
				Officer takes charge of corporate	
				governance related matters, which	
				shall at least include the following:	
				1. Deal with matters relevant to	
				board meetings and shareholders'	
				meetings in accordance with	
				applicable regulations.	
				2. Prepare minutes of board	
				meetings and shareholders'	
				meetings.	
				3. Assist directors in taking office	
				and taking training programs. For	
				the training programs taken by	
				directors in 2022, please see Note	
				(3).	
				4. Provide directors with the	
				information required by them to	
				perform their duties.	
				5. Assist directors in complying with	
				applicable laws and regulations.	
				6. Deal with other matters indicated	
				in the articles of incorporation or a	
				contract.	
5.	Has iST established a	V		iST has created a section of	No variance
	communication channel for			stakeholders at the website of iST	
	stakeholders (including but not			and designated contact persons to	
	limited to shareholders,			serve as the points of contact for	
	employees, customers and			customers/consumers,	
	suppliers) and created a section			shareholders/investors, suppliers,	
ш	suppliers, and created a section	İ	l .	onarcholació, mycoloró, supplició,	<u> </u>

				State of Implementation (Note)	Variance from the Corporate
	Evaluation Item	Yes		Summary	Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and Reasons for Such Variance
	of stakeholders at the website of iST to properly respond to the concerns of stakeholders regarding important corporate social responsibility?			employees,government agencies/other organizations and enterprises and communicate with stakeholders by responding to the important corporate social responsibility issues concerned by stakeholders, remaining unimpeded communication channels and respecting and protecting their legal	
6.	Has iST commissioned a professional stock affairs agent to deal with the matters relevant to a shareholders' meeting?	V		rights. iST has commissioned Mega Securities Co., Ltd., a professional stock affairs agent, to deal with the matters relevant to a shareholders' meeting.	No variance
7. (1)	Freedom of Information Has iST built a website to disclose financial, business and corporate governance information?	V		(1) iST has built a website to disclose various financial conditions and corporate governance related information.	No variance
(2)	Has iST adopted any other method (e.g. a website with pages in English, specific personnel designated to take charge of collection and disclosure of information for iST, implementation of the spokesperson system, the process of investor conference placed on the website of iST, etc.) to disclose information?	V		(2) iST has set up a website with pages in English and has designated a specific department to collect and publish internal important information. Except as otherwise provided by applicable laws or regulations, internal important information shall be disclosed by the spokesperson or deputy spokesperson of iST in compliance with the spokesperson system. iST was invited to participate in the investor conference held by MasterLink Securities on Nov. 22, 2022 and relevant information has disclosed on the website of iST and in the Market Observation Post System.	
(3)	Does iST announce and report its financial statements within 2 months after the end of each fiscal year, and announce and report its financial statements of the 1st, 2nd and 3rd quarters and the status of business operation of each month prior to the deadline stated in applicable regulations?		V	(3) iST has announced and reported the Q1, Q2, Q3 and annual financial reports and the status of business operation of each month within the period required by the applicable laws.	To be adjusted based on the actual need in the future
8.	Does iST have any other information that will provide a better understanding of iST's operation of corporate governance (including but not limited to rights and interests of employees, caring for	V		(1) Interests of employees: For the measures taken by iST to maintain interests of employees, please see page 105 of the annual report. (2) Caring for employees: For the measures taken by iST for caring for employees and maintenance of labor	No variance

		9	State of Implementation (Note)	Variance from the Corporate
				Governance Best-Practice
Evaluation Item	Yes	Ma	Cummany	Principles for TWSE/TPEx
	res	NO	Summary	Listed Companies, and
				Reasons for Such Variance
employees, investor relations,			relations, please see pages 105~108	
supplier relations, rights of			of the annual report. iST has also set	
stakeholders, status of further			up the information section on its	
training of directors and			website to provide information	
supervisors, implementation of			relevant to its stakeholder and	
the risk management policy			human right policies	
and risk measurement			(3) Investor relations: iST values	
standards, implementation of a			interests of investors. It announces	
policy for customers, situations			relevant information in real time in	
where liability insurance was			the Market Observation Post System,	
acquired by iST for its directors			which is designated by the	
and supervisors, etc.)?			competent authority, and has also	
			established the system of	
			spokesperson and deputy	
			spokesperson and posting contact information of	
			shareholders/investors on the	
			website of iST to provide proper	
			communication channels for	
			investors.	
			(4) Supplier relations: iST has	
			established its code of conduct for	
			suppliers after taking into account	
			the code of conduct provided by	
			Responsible Business Alliance.	
			Suppliers of iST are expected to	
			comply with the code of conduct and	
			relevant practices have been	
			disclosed on the website of iST.	
			(5) Rights of stakeholders: iST has	
			established at its website the section	
			of stakeholders, and the section of	
			concerned issues and communication	
			to collect all issues concerned by	
			stakeholders to strengthen, and serve	
			as reference for, corporate	
			governance. In addition, contact	
			persons have also designated for	
			employee relations, customer	
			relations, supplier relations, investor	
			relations and other organizations and	
			enterprises and to serve as	
			communication channels for	
			stakeholders.	
			(6) Risk management policy: Please	
			see page 128 of the annual report.	
			(7) Liability insurance for directors:	
			iST purchases liability insurance for	
			directors every year in compliance with applicable regulations.	
9. Please explain the improvement	to		already based on the results of corpo	Prata gayarnment agaggerant

Please explain the improvements made already based on the results of corporate government assessment published by the Corporate Governance Center of Taiwan Stock Exchange, and specify the matters to be done and measures to be taken in priority for the items not improved yet. (Companies not listed as evaluated companies are not required to complete these tables.)

		(State of Implementation (Note)	Variance from the Corporate
Evaluation Item			Summary	Governance Best-Practice
	Vac	No		Principles for TWSE/TPEx
	res			Listed Companies, and
				Reasons for Such Variance

iST reviews the items below assessment standards every year immediately after the assessment result is published, and take measures to improve those items based on the latest corporate governance indicators published by the Corporate Governance Center of Taiwan Stock Exchange.

- A. Status of Improvement: The key items for which iST has improved based on the result of the (9th-term) annual corporate governance assessment in the latest year are summarized as follows:
 - (1) Notice of the general meeting of shareholders, agenda handbook and supplementary information in English is uploaded 30 days before the meeting.
 - (2) Internal rules have been prepared, and disclosed on the website of iST, to prevent directors, employees and other insiders from taking advantage of any unpublished information to trade securities.
 - (3) iST has established the corporate governance practice principles, had the corporate governance officer, and disclosed the main powers and duties on its website.
 - (4) iST has established the policy to diversify board members and disclosed concrete management objectives and the status of implementation on its website.
 - (5) iST has planned for, and disclosed on its website, a system of successors for board members and important managements.
 - (6) The annual key tasks of the audit committee have been arranged and disclosed in the annual report.
 - (7) Independent directors and both the internal chief auditor and CPAs are communicated periodically, and the situation of communication is disclosed on the website of iST.
 - (8) The policy concerning the remuneration to an individual director and the link between the performance evaluation of directors and managers and their remunerations is disclosed.
 - (9) The website of iST with pages in English is built, which contains information of financial conditions, business and corporate governance.
 - (10) The status of implementation of the internal performance evaluation made by a functional committee and the result of evaluation are disclosed on the website of iST.
 - (11) The sustainable development promotion team is established to proceed in stages with the environmental, social or corporate governance issues relevant to iST's business operation pursuant to the materiality principle.
 - (12) iST implements the policy of integrity management and the prevention plan and discloses the status of promotion and the result of implementation on the website of iST.
 - (13) iST has established, based on the International Bill of Human Rights, its policy to protect human rights and has disclosed the policy on its website.
 - (14) iST has established the measures to protect physical safety and work environment for employees and disclosed the status of implementation on its website.
 - (15) iST has strengthened the supplier management policy and the code of conduct for suppliers and disclosed the status of implementation on its website.
 - B. Priorities and Measures for Unimproved Items: The priorities to be done, in response to the 9th revision of corporate governance assessment indicators, are explained as follows:
 - (1) Add one female independent director.
 - (2) Upload the annual report 18 days before the general meeting of shareholders (and the English version 16 days before the meeting). Upload the annual financial report written in English 7 days before the meeting.
 - (3) Be requested to hold (or hold voluntarily) the investor conference at least twice.
 - (4) Establish the sustainable development committee, and prepare the sustainability report based on the GRI Standards published by Global Reporting Initiative (GRI).
 - (5) Fully disclose of the annual greenhouse gas emissions, water consumption and total weight of waste of iST.
 - C. iST will continuously evaluate the feasibility of future improvement for the items below standards.

Note: No matter which box you put a check in, "Yes" or "No" for the Status of Operation, you shall still specify in the Summary field.

Note (1). CPA Independence Evaluation:

Evaluation Item	Evaluation Result
1. It is true that there is no financial interest between the CPA and iST directly or	■ Yes □No
substantially indirectly.	
2. It is true that there is no substantially close business relationship between the CPA	Yes □No
and iST.	
3. It is true that there is no potential employment relationship between the CPA and iST	Yes No
when the CPA conducts the audit on iST.	
4. It is true that there is no debt between the CPA and iST.	■Yes □No
5. It is true that the CPA has not received any valuable donation or gift (with the value	■Yes □No
exceeding that acceptable for general social etiquette) from iST or its director, supervisor	
or manager.	
6. It is true that the CPA has not provided iST with the audit service for 7 successive	Yes □No
years.	
7. It is true that the CPA does not own any share of iST.	■Yes □No
8. It is true that the CPA or his/her spouse, dependents or audit team has not served as a	Yes No
director, supervisor or manager of iST or an officer who has material influence on audited	
cases during the audit period or within the latest 2 years, and definitely will not serve in	
any of the aforementioned positions for any audit period in the future.	
9. It is true that the CPA has complied with Statement 10 of the Norm of Professional	Yes No
Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the R.O.C. and obtained the declaration of	
independence issued by the CPA.	
Note (2) Continuing Training Programs Participated by Corporate Covernance Officers in 2	1022

Note (2). Continuing Training Programs Participated by Corporate Governance Officers in 2022

Trote (=): continuing Tru	mig i regrame i ai trespatea sy co	poruce dovernance officers in 2022	1
Title / Name	Institute	Name of Program	Hours
CFO/Lin Yu-Sang	Taiwan Corporate Governance	Analysis on Fighting for Corporate	3
	Association	Control and Prevention Strategy	
	The Institute of Internal	Subsidiary Audit Practice	6
	Auditors - Chinese Taiwan		

Note (3). Continuing Training Programs Participated by Directors in 2022

Name	Institute	Name of Program	Hours
Han Sheng Investment Co.,	Taiwan Corporate Governance	Business Management Techniques from	3
Ltd.	Association	CSR to ESG	
Representative: Yu Wei-	Taiwan Corporate Governance	Analysis on Fighting for Corporate	3
Pin	Association	Control and Prevention Strategy	
Hui Long Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Corporate Governance	Business Management Techniques from	3
Representative: Chen	Association	CSR to ESG	
Ching-Chuo	Taiwan Corporate Governance	Analysis on Fighting for Corporate	3
	Association	Control and Prevention Strategy	
Tu Chung-Cheh	Taiwan Corporate Governance	Business Management Techniques from	3
	Association	CSR to ESG	
	Taiwan Corporate Governance	Analysis on Fighting for Corporate	3
	Association	Control and Prevention Strategy	
Liu Fu-Han	Taiwan Institute for	Taishin 30 Sustainability and Net Zero	3
	Sustainable Energy	Summit – Transform to Net Zero 2030	

	Taiwan Corporate Governance	Analysis on Fighting for Corporate	3
	Association	Control and Prevention Strategy	
Kai Ou Investment Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Corporate Governance	Business Management Techniques from	3
Representative: Chen	Association	CSR to ESG	
Yang-Kuang	Taiwan Corporate Governance	Analysis on Fighting for Corporate	3
	Association	Control and Prevention Strategy	
Lo Wen-Hao	Taiwan Corporate Governance	Business Management Techniques from	3
	Association	CSR to ESG	
	Taiwan Corporate Governance	Analysis on Fighting for Corporate	3
	Association	Control and Prevention Strategy	
Wang Chih-Hung	Taipei Exchange	Seminar for Equity of Insiders of OTC-	3
		listed and Emerging Stock Companies	
	Taiwan Stock Exchange	2022 Cathay Sustainable Finance and	3
	Corporation	Climate Change Summit	
Hung Wen-Ming	Taiwan Corporate Governance	Business Management Techniques from	3
	Association	CSR to ESG	
	Taiwan Corporate Governance	Analysis on Fighting for Corporate	3
	Association	Control and Prevention Strategy	
Lo Yung-Chien	Taiwan Corporate Governance	2030/2050 Net Zero Emissions – The	3
	Association	Sustainability Challenge and Opportunity	
		for Global Enterprises	
	Taiwan Corporate Governance	Business Management Techniques from	3
	Association	CSR to ESG	
	Taiwan Corporate Governance	Analysis on Fighting for Corporate	3
	Association	Control and Prevention Strategy	
Yu Chuo-Min	Taiwan Corporate Governance	Business Management Techniques from	3
	Association	CSR to ESG	
	Independent Director	Risks and Practices of the Board of	3
	Association Taiwan	Directors Reviewing Value of Assets	

D. Composition and Operation of the Salary and Remuneration Committee or Nomination Committee, if any:

1. Information of the members comprising the salary and remuneration committee:

	Require	ments			<u> </u>	Number of
	require	memes				public
						•
						companies
			Professional			where the
			Qualification		Independence	person also
			and Experience			serves as an
			and Emperiories			salary and
Status						remuneration
						committee
	Name					member
Independent	Hung	Wen-	See the	(1)	He is not an employee of iST or any of its	0
Director	Ming		information		affiliates.	
(Convenor)			disclosed in	(2)	He is not a director or supervisor of iST or	
Independent	Wang	Chih-	Professional		any of its affiliates.	0
Director	Hung	GIIIII	Qualification	(3)	The shares held by the person and his spouse	Ü
Director	iiuiig		and Experience	(3)	or minor child(ren) or in the name of another	
			and Status of		person are not 1% or more of the total shares	
			Independence		issued by iST, and He is not one of 10 largest	
			_			
0.1	T	m·	on page 18.	(4)	shareholders.	0
Others	Lee	Hen-	He has the work	(4)	He is not a spouse, a relative within the	0
	Hsiang		experience		second degree of kinship, or a linear relative	
			relevant to		by blood within the third degree of kinship of	
			commerce, legal		the manager listed in (1) or any person listed	
			affairs, finance		in (2) or (3).	
			or accounting or	(5)	He is not a shareholder directly holding 5%	
			required for		or more of issued shares of iST or one of 5	
			corporate		largest shareholders, and is not a director,	
			business. His		supervisor or employee of any of the juristic	
			education and		person shareholders who is designated in	
			work experience		accordance with Article 27 (1) or 27 (2) of	
			include		the Company Act to serve as a director or	
			Department of		supervisor of iST.	
			Business	(6)	He is not a director, supervisor or employee	
			Administration,	(U)	of an entity that controls a majority of	
			National Taiwan		directors or voting shares of iST.	
			University; \	(7)	He is not Chairman, General Manger or an	
			•	(1)	equivalent high-ranking executive of iST and	
			Graduate School		is not a director, supervisor or employee of	
			of Management		his spouse's company or institution.	
			Science,	(0)		
			National Chiao	(8)	He is not a director, supervisor or manager	
			Tung University;		or a shareholder holding 5% or more shares	
			Specialist/Junior		of any company or institution with which iST	
			Manager of		has financial or business transactions.	
			China	(9)	He is not a professional or a proprietor,	
			Development		partner, director, supervisor or manager or	
			Industrial Bank;		spouse thereof of a sole proprietorship,	
			Assistant		partnership, company or institution that	
			General		provides iST or any of its affiliates with audit	
			Manager of Jing		service or with commercial, legal, financial or	
			Ying Venture		accounting service for remuneration in	
			Capita		return for the latest 2 years.	
			- · · F	(10)	He is not a spouse or a relative within the	
					second degree of kinship of any other	
					director.	
L						

- 2. Information on Operation of Salary and Remuneration Committee:
 - (1) Members of the salary and remuneration committee total 3 persons.
 - (2) Term of office of these committee members: It is from Aug. 5, 2021 to July 25, 2024. The salary and remuneration committee held 4 meetings (A) for the latest year and as of the date of print of the annual report. Qualifications and attendance of committee members are as follows:

Title	Name	Times for which the person has been presented at the meeting	Times for which the person has been authorized as a proxy to be present at the meeting	Rate of attendance (%) (B/A)	Remarks
Independent Director	Wang Chih- Hung	4	0	100%	Re-elected on 2021.8.5
Independent Director	Hung Wen- Ming	4	0	100%	Re-elected on 2021.8.5
Others	Lee Tien- Hsiang	4	0	100%	Re-elected on 2021.8.5

Duties of Salary and Remuneration Committee:

The committee performs the following duties faithfully with the care of a good administrator and submits its suggestions to the board of directors for further discussion.

- 1. Determine and regularly review the policy, system, standards and structure concerning the performance evaluation for directors and managers, and the salaries and remunerations paid to them.
- 2. Regularly evaluate and determine the salaries and remunerations paid to directors and managers. Other Matters Required to be Recorded:
- 1. Date and term of the board meeting, content of the motion, resolution results by the board of directors, and the measures taken by iST based on the opinion of the salary and remuneration committee if the board of directors does not adopt or amend the suggestions given by the salary and remuneration committee (and the difference and reason if the salary or remuneration adopted by the board of directors is better than that suggested by the salary and remuneration committee): No different opinion has been given against the results resolved by the board of directors.
- 2. Date and term of the salary and remuneration committee meeting, content of the motion, opinions of all committee members, and the measures taken based on the opinions of the members if any member objects to or provides with qualified opinion for at the meeting, and such objection or opinion is recorded in the minutes or a written statement: None of committee members have objected to or provided with qualified opinion against the results resolved.
 - 3. Date and term of meeting of salary and remuneration committee, content of motion, resolution result and the measures taken by iST based on opinions of committee members

Date of Meeting	Content of Motion
	1. Review of remuneration to directors of iST for 2021
	2. Review of remuneration to employees of iST for 2021
	3. Review of adjustment of salaries paid to high-ranking officers of iST for 2022
	4. Report on the scheme for appointment and rewards of high-ranking officers
2022.03.17 5th-term 2 nd	5. Proposal of assigning a company car to Chairman of iST
meeting	Resolution Result: All committee members present at the meeting adopted the
8	resolution unanimously.
	Measures taken by iST based on the opinion of the salary and remuneration committee:
	Except the directors avoiding, the directors present at the meeting adopted the
	resolution and implemented relevant matters based on the resolution result
2022.07.22	1. Review of distribution of mid-year bonuses to high-ranking officers of iST for 2022

5th-term 3 rd	Resolution Result: All committee members present at the meeting adopted the
meeting	resolution unanimously.
	Measures taken by iST based on the opinion of the salary and remuneration committee:
	Except the directors avoiding, the directors present at the meeting adopted the
	resolution and implemented relevant matters based on the resolution result
	1. Review of distribution of year-end bonuses to high-ranking officers of iST for 2022
00004400	Resolution Result: All committee members present at the meeting adopted the
2022.11.30 5th-term 4 th	resolution unanimously.
meeting	Measures taken by iST based on the opinion of the salary and remuneration committee:
	Except the directors avoiding, the directors present at the meeting adopted the
	resolution and implemented relevant matters based on the resolution result
	1. Review of remuneration to directors of iST for 2022
	2. Review of remuneration to employees of iST for 2022
2022 02 00	3. Review of adjustment of salaries paid to high-ranking officers of iST for 2023
2023.03.08 5th-term 5 th	Resolution Result: All committee members present at the meeting adopted the
meeting	resolution unanimously.
	Measures taken by iST based on the opinion of the salary and remuneration committee:
	Except the directors avoiding, the directors present at the meeting adopted the
	resolution and implemented relevant matters based on the resolution result

4. Information on Nomination Committee Members and Status of Operation: iST has not set up a nomination committee.

E. State of Promotion of Sustainable Development, Variance from the Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and Reason for Variance

101 Valla			Status of Operation (Note 1)	Variance
Promotion Item	Ye s	N o	Summary	from the Sustainable Developmen t Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and Reason for Variance
1. Has the Company established a governance framework for promoting sustainable development, and established an exclusively (or concurrently) dedicated unit to be in charge of promoting sustainable development? Has the board of directors authorized senior management to handle related matters under the supervision of the board?	V		To fulfill corporate social responsibilities to gear to global trends, iST established the ESG committee in 2022 to respond to and take measures for all comments made on its environmental, social and corporate governance aspects and further achieve the objective of sustainable operation and honor our commitments to interested parties.	None
2. Does the company conduct risk assessments of environmental, social and corporate governance (ESG) issues related to the company's operations in accordance with the materiality principle, and		V	iST has conducted risk evaluation for environmental, social and corporate governance issues in accordance with the GRI standards, and is preparing relevant risk management policies and strategies.	iST will establish relevant risk managemen t policies or strategies.

	C 1 .	1				
	formulate relevant risk					
	management					
	policies or					
	strategies?					
3.	Environment					
	al Issue					
(1)	Has the	V	1. iST has promoted the I	SO14001 enviro	nmental management	None
	Company		system and obtained cert	ification. For ma	intenance, a unit has	
	set an					
	environmen		been specifically designated. The certificate is effect		0 /00 to 2025 /10 /07	
	tal		2. The certificate is effect	ive iroiii 2019/1	0/00 t0 2025/10/07.	
	managemen					
	t system					
	designed to					
	industry					
	characteristi					
	cs?					
(2)	Does the	V	iST promotes the following	ng measures for	energy conservation	None
	Company		consistently.	•		
	endeavor to		1. Eliminate the facilities			
	use energy more		efficiency, and replace the efficiency with frequency			
	efficiently and		2. Change lighting to ener			
	to use		3. Promote an e-processi			
	renewable		management system to p	rocess all standa	rdized documents	
	materials with		electronically to reduce t			
	low environmental		encourage personnel to r			
	impact?		4. Promote waste cl	iassilication, reco	overy and reduction.	
(3)	Has the	V	iST conducts the analysis			None
	Company		based on its corporate en			
	evaluated the		evaluation, and takes mea	asures based on	results of the risk	
	potential risks and		evaluation.			
	opportunities					
	posed by					
	climate change					
	for its business					
	now and in the					
	future and adopted					
	relevant					
	measures to					
	address them?					
(4)) Did the	V	iST calculates greenhous	_	_	None
	company collect data for		the total weight of waste 2 years are provided as fo		e statistics for the latest	
	the past two		Greenhouse Gas Emission		nntion and Total	
	years on		Weight of Waste in 2021			
	greenhouse			2021	2022	
	gas emissions,		Water consumption	81,440 m ³	81,753 m ³	
	volume of		S	9.079 tons	8.858 tons	
	water consumption,		waste	F0.46.	50.04	
	and the total			50.46 tons	52.94 tons	
	weight of		hazardous waste			
	waste, and					

establish policies for greenhouse gas reduction, reduction of water consumption, or management of other wastes?

Annual greenhouse	11,162 metric	23,374 metric tons
gas emissions	tons CO2e (Zhu	CO2e
	I Plant)	

2022 Emission Statistics by Categories of Green Gases

Percent of	Category	Category	Category	Total
	. 0 ,		0 ,	Total
emissions	1	2	3	
of each				
category				
Greenhouse	2614.41	20687.89	71.987	23374.29
gas				
emissions				
(metric				
tons of				
CO2e /				
year)				
Of the total	11.18%	88.51%	0.31%	100.00%
emissions				
(%)				

Remarks:

Category 1: Direct emissions are emissions from sources owned or controlled by iST, such as manufacturing facilities or plants and transportation vehicles.

Category 2: Indirect emissions are emissions resulting from electric power purchased by iST for its own use or from such sources as heat and steam.

Category 3: Other indirect emissions are other indirect emissions generated by outside entities and activities, including employees' computing and business trips, and emissions generated in product life cycles.

Greenhouse Gas Emission Reduction Policy:

iST takes measures to hold energy saving and carbon reduction activities from time to time to encourage employees to build a good electricity-using habit and develop self-management for electricity using. In addition, iST also cooperates with the government to carry out the 2050 net zero emission policy and effectively implement and promote a energy saving and carbon reduction scheme in each plant in hopes of reducing the overall greenhouse gas emissions and air pollution. iST will continue playing a role of a pioneer of low carbon and renewable energy enterprise to achieve the goal of environmental sustainability. During the period between 2023 and 2027, iST aims to reduce carbon emissions by at least 1% every year from 2022. Water Consumption Reduction Policy:

To reduce tap water consumption and reduce the total emissions from plants, iST has taken the following measures to save water, aiming to reduce water consumption by more than 1% by the end of 2027.

- 1. Process Wastewater Recycling and Treatment System: Wastewater is recycled through the process wastewater recycling system and provided for the cooling tower.
- 2. Recycling of Water from Pure Water System: Water from the pretreatment backwash (sand filter housing and active carbon housing) is recycled. RO concentrated water for recycling is recycled. About 95.8% of water drained from the pure water system is recyclable.
- 3. Saving Water in Daily Life:

			iST will use water-saving toilets and advocate cherishing water	
			resources and saving water for all employees. By doing so, iST	
			has reduced water consumption.	
			Waste Management Policy:	
			iST has established the following waste management mechanism	
			to achieve the objectives of safe, healthy and harmless treatment	
			and recycling of waste. iST expects to achieve the goal of	
			reducing its generated waste by 1% every year from 2022.	
			1. iST dispatches its environmental protection management	
			officers to visit the waste treatment plant every year to ensure	
			that the process of disposing and treating waste meets applicable	
			regulations.	
			2. Hazardous industrial waste is inspected periodically every	
			year.	
			3. Each plant is required to establish its plan of industrial waste	
			disposal and submit the triplicate disposal order in accordance	
			with the Waste Disposal Act. The GPS is installed legally in each	
			vehicle removing waste to track the waste flow. The vehicle is weighed after entering the treatment plant.	
4.	Social Issue		weighed and emerning the deathlent plant.	
(1)	Has the	V	iST complies with the International Bill of Human Rights. With	None
(=)	company		the spirit of the United Nations Universal Declaration of Human	
	formulated		Rights, the United Nations Global Compact and the Responsible	
	relevant		Business Alliance (RBA) Code of Conduct, iST holds the principles	
	management		of respecting human rights and putting right persons in right	
	policies and		places and takes into account other applicable industrial	
	procedures in		standards and international conventions. iST equally treats and	
	accordance		respects employees and is committed to creating a honest,	
	with relevant laws and		healthy and safe work environment, ensuring that the safety and	
	regulations		hygiene conditions of the work environment are in compliance	
	and		with standards, and improving the conditions of work	
	international		environment for all employees and the employees' benefits	
	human rights		consistently. iST extremely emphasizes the development of its labor and	
	conventions?		business ethics policy. iST advocates the policy through work	
			rules, document management system and announcement system,	
			and regularly reviews and optimizes relevant systems to protect	
			human rights of workers and ensure that every employee is	
			respected and treated equally in order to maintain interests of all	
			employees and create a friendly work environment.	
			The concrete management scheme used by iST for protection of	
			human rights is as follows:	
			(Eliminate all forms of discrimination and ensure equity of work	
			opportunities.)	
			iST does not allow the recruitment process and appointment	
			decisions to be affected because of any factors, such as race,	
			religion, belief, sex, marital or childbearing status, age, political background, nationality, disability, sexual orientation,	
			constellation, blood type, etc.	
			(Zero tolerance is adopted against unlawful violence.)	
			iST guarantees that all employees are free from any physical or	
			mental violence while performing their duties and promises to	
			create a friendly work environment jointly where employees are	
			willing to communicate and open management is implemented.	
			(Interests and rights of workers are determined in accordance	
			with applicable laws.)	
			An employment contract made between each employee and iST	
			meets applicable regulations of labor and human rights enacted	
Ì			in Taiwan.	

(Forced labor is prohibited.)

iST makes an employment contract with the employee when the employment relationship is established and guarantees not to have employees slave or coerce them into involuntary servitude. (Use of child labor is prohibited.)

iST specifies in its work rules that neither children nor young persons under the age of 18 shall not be employed, and any activity that may result in use of child labor shall not be permitted.

(Female employees are protected.)

iST specifies in its work rules the protection measures for female employees, especially the protection measures for pregnant female employees, including no night work and no hazardous work for female employees. For the status of implementation of the diversity policy in 2022, the "nationality distribution," "percentage of female employees" and "employment of the disabled" are indicated as follows:

Community Indicators of Diversity

Туре	Of all empl	oyees (%)	Of managements (%)		
Sex	Male	Female	Male	Female	
R.O.C. citizen	49.70%	40.90%	59.30%	40.10%	
Foreigner	3.70%	5.00%	0.60%	0.00%	
Indigenous people	0.20%	0.50%	0.00%	0.00%	

Gender Indicators of Diversity

		-					
Percent of employees and managements							
Sex	Male	Female					
All employees	53.60%	46.40%					
Directors	59.90%	40.10%					
Supervisors	57.70%	42.30%					
High-ranking supervisors	81.20%	18.80%					

Note 1: A supervisor is a technical supervisor or a supervisor of a section or a department. A high-ranking supervisor is a supervisor of a division or a higher unit.

Other indicators of diversity

Age	Sex	Percent of employees (%)	Number of disabled employees
29 or below	Male	19.60%	2
29 of below	Female	17.50%	1
30~49	Male	31.30%	1
30~49	Female	27.00%	1
50 or above	Male	2.60%	2
50 or above	Female	2.00%	0
Total		100.00%	7

(2)	Has the	V	(Competitive salaries and excellent welfare)	None
(-)	Company	•	iST's salary and remuneration policy not only meets applicable	Trone
	established		regulations, but also ensures that the overall salaries and	
	and		remunerations provided are competitive and relevant welfare is	
	implemented		better in the industry. In addition, iST also reviews its salary	
	reasonable		system periodically to ensure internal fairness and external	
	employee		competitiveness.	
	welfare		1. iST provides highly competitive salaries and has a system of	
	measures		bonuses and rewards for employees to share operating results	
	(include		with all employees.	
	salary/compen		When iST has any profit for the year, iST shall allocate no less	
	sation, leave,		than 3% of the profit as employees' remuneration in accordance	
	and other		with Article 18 of iST's articles of incorporation,	
	benefits), and		2. iST has a bonus system that is superior in the industry and	
	are business		covers quarterly bonus, performance bonus and various	
	performance		incentive bonuses.	
	or results		3. iST provides a remarkable pay raise based on performance of	
	appropriately reflected in		employees.	
			4. iST provides a leave and attendance system better than that	
	employee		provided in the Labor Standards Act.	
	salary/compen sation?.		5. iST provides a new employee with a single room in its	
	sation?.		dormitory to mitigate the employee's economic burden for	
			renting a house and have the employee enjoy a safe living	
			environment simultaneously.	
			6. iST provides subsidies for marriage and childbirth and	
			scholarships for children to take care employees and their family	
			members.	
			7. iST has breastfeeding rooms to satisfy employee needs and has	
			also employed nursing personnel in accordance with labor health	
			protection regulations to provide labor health related services	
			and deal with health education matters. In addition, contracted	
			physicians are requested to provide service in the plant.	
			8. iST has all employees receive health examination periodically	
			and arranges for doctors and nursing personnel at the plant to	
(0)	D 1	**	provide health consultation service.	
(3)	Does the	V	1. Work Environment Protection Measures: Access controls are	None
	Company		installed for the premises. 24-hour security guards petrol the	
	provide		premises regularly as scheduled. Only with an access card, an	
	employees with a safe and		employee has access to the premises. For a high-risk area, an	
			emergency alert system is installed. The CCTV system is installed	
	healthy working		for each entrance to the premises.	
	environment,		2. Occupational Safety and Health Officers: Occupational safety	
	and implement		and health management officers who are issued with relevant	
	regular safety		professional licenses are designated in accordance with national	
	and health		regulations, and are required to receive retraining to ensure that	
	education for		they are capable of performing duties effectively with industrial	
	employees?		safety skills.	
	rJ		3. Periodical Implementation of Educational Safety and Health	
			Training: Relevant educational safety and health training	
			programs were held in 2022. A total of trainees were 515 persons and the total hours of training were 355.	
(4)	Has the	V	iST implements the human resource development strategy with	None
(4)	Company	v	the framework of "competency."	MOHE
	established		A. iST plans the annual eductional training plan based on its	
	effective			
	career		operational and strategic guidelines and organizational needs, and implements the following pursuant to the plan effectively:	
	development			
	training		1. Development of Core Competencies – Develop and cultivate,	
	programs for		through cultural activities, core competencies of all employees	
	10		based on the annual key competencies and the analysis of	

	employees?		competency gap.	
			2. Professional Competency Training – iST has established a	
			professional technical development blueprint to allow employees	
			to learn based on their interest and pursuant to the planning of	
			iST and further their career development. For the purpose, a total	
			of 96 OJT sessions for professional and technical departments	
			were provided in 2022 with 1,678 participants. The level of	
			satisfaction was 4.6 points.	
			3. Management Competency Training – iST has established the	
			dual-track development mechanism for suitable talents in right	
			places, and has planned to cultivate remarkable young talents to	
			be excellent leaders.	
			4. Tracking and Management of Training Results through	
			Quarterly and Annual Training Reports: 181 sessions of internal	
			training were held in 2022 with 10,810 participants, and the	
			hours of training were 208. 120 sessions of external training	
			were held in 2022 with 120 participants, and the hours of	
			training were 892.	
			B. To pass on professional technology and knowledge, iST plans a	
			series of training for each new employee, and arranges for	
			employees to complete professional competence certification	
			under the instruction of instructors, who care about work and	
			lives of new employees and help them in being familiar with their	
			work soon.	
			1. Implementation of OJT Plan for New Employees: 220 new	
			employees were trained in 2022 and passed the probationary	
			period. The level of satisfaction was 4.8 points.	
			2. Continuous Implementation of Instructor Cultivation Plan: 34	
			employees became instructors successfully in 2022 and each has	
(E)	Does the	V	assumed the responsibilities of an instructor. 1. iST collects or obtains personal information of individual	None
(5)		v	customers in various situations, including but not limited to the	None
	company comply with		following:	
	the relevant		Information Provided Voluntarily by Customers to iST: When a	
	laws and		customer uses the products or services provided by iST, we will	
	international		request the customer to provide necessary personal information,	
	standards with		such as name, email address, contact address, phone number,	
	regards to		etc. When the customer uses any service for which the customer	
	customer		needs to pay, we will also collect the customer's payment	
		1	I ILEUS LU PAY, WE WIII AISU CUITECT LITE CUSTUITET S PAYITETT	
	health and			
	health and safety,		information, contact number, invoice, shipping address, etc.	
	safety, customer		information, contact number, invoice, shipping address, etc. Information Collected through Activities on iST's Website: When	
	safety, customer		information, contact number, invoice, shipping address, etc. Information Collected through Activities on iST's Website: When a customer uses service mailbox, questionnairy or any other	
	safety,		information, contact number, invoice, shipping address, etc. Information Collected through Activities on iST's Website: When a customer uses service mailbox, questionnairy or any other interactive function, iST will retain the name, email address,	
	safety, customer privacy, and		information, contact number, invoice, shipping address, etc. Information Collected through Activities on iST's Website: When a customer uses service mailbox, questionnairy or any other interactive function, iST will retain the name, email address, contact information and usage time provided by the customer.	
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	safety, customer privacy, and marketing and labeling of products and services, and implement consumer protection and grievance		information, contact number, invoice, shipping address, etc. Information Collected through Activities on iST's Website: When a customer uses service mailbox, questionnairy or any other interactive function, iST will retain the name, email address, contact information and usage time provided by the customer. Information Collected through Cookies or Similar Technology: For providing the best service for customers, iST may use Cookies, when the customer visits our website, to record the customer's relevant activities, including the IP address of the connection device used by the customer, usage time, browser used, browsing preference and habit of the customer, etc. We will use Cookies and other similar technologies to process personal information of the customer. If the customer does not want to accept Cookies, the customer can set a higher privacy level in the functions of the browser used by the customer. By doing so, the customer has refused cookies, but the customer will probably not be able to use some functions of the website.	
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			partners or public information. 2. Retention Period of Personal Information:	
			iST retains personal information of a customer only for the	
			period when the customer is using iST's products or services.	
			After the retention period agreed between iST and the customer	
			expires, or the data do not meets iST's operating purposes any	
			more, iST will permanently delete or destroy personal	
			information of the customer or de-identify the personal	
			information by means of anonymous processing. iST also retains	
			personal information of customers after the extinctive	
			prescription provided by applicable laws.	
			3. Personal Rights of Customers:	
			A customer may claim the following rights with respect to	
			his/her personal information in accordance with applicable laws	
			and regulations: "Refuse to provide personal information, access	
			to personal information, correct personal information, request to	
			have personal information deleted, restrict the processing of	
			personal information, object to the processing of personal	
			information, request to have personal information transferred to	
			another controller, withdraw consent, and lodge a complaint	
			with the competent authority in charge of information	
			protection." Under certain circumstances, the customer needs to	
			provide the identification document to exercise the	
			aforementioned rights.	
(6)	Has the	V	1. iST has established the supplier management procedure to	The contract
	company		conduct the annual assessment based on various indicators, such	to be made
	formulated		as a supplier's quality, delivery, service, environmental	with a
	supplier		protection, occupational safety and human rights of workers, for	supplier will
	management		selection of quality and qualified suppliers. As posted on the	include the
	policies		official website at https://www.istgroup.com/tw/ about-	stipulations
	requiring		ist/csr/supplier-guidelines/, the code of conduct for suppliers	for the
	suppliers to		specifies that suppliers must comply with all management	environmen
	comply with		regulations relevant to human rights of workers, environmental	t of sources
	relevant		friendliness, integrity management and information security.	of supply
	regulations on		2. To perform social responsibilities and facilitate healthy	and the
	issues such as		development of the supply chain, a total of 12 suppliers 100%	social
	environmental		signed the Declaration of No Use of Conflict Minerals in 2022 to	impact.
	protection, occupational		ensure that the suppliers and their sources of supply comply	
	safety and		with the CMRT-related regulations.	
	health, or		3. To prevent industrial safety incidents by implementing the	
	labor rights,		occupational safety and health policy, iST requires the contractor	
	and what is the		to sign the Safety, Health and Environmental Protection	
	status of their		Agreement and participate in the safety and health training for	
	implementatio		suppliers before starting construction work in the plant. 19	
	n?		contractors to start construction work in 2022 signed the	
	•		agreement. 11 sessions of relevant educational training (1 hour	
			per session) were held, and 107 persons participated in the	
			training.	
			4. To follow the principle of integrity management, maintain iST's	
			assets, interests and image and ensure the interests of iST and all	
			stakeholders, our suppliers must sign the Supplier Integrity	
			Commitment and shall not obtain improper benefits (including	
			improper banquets, kickbacks, bribes, entertainment, etc.)	
			during performance of duties or conduct any activities that may	
			affect iST's image and competitiveness. 45 suppliers were added	
			in 2022 and signed the Commitment successfully.	
			5. iST chooses the suppliers that provide locally-manufactured and environmentally friendly products with Green Mark or the	
			products approved by Environmental Protection Administration	
			products approved by Environmental Protection Administration	

that satisfy the required conditions for recycled materials, recyclability, low pollution or energy conservation, in order to create a green supply chain. During the latest 3 years, domestic purchases, except purchases of large equipment, accounted for more than 90% of all purchases and the percentage of local purchases increased year by year. (Please see the table below.) More
create a green supply chain. During the latest 3 years, domestic purchases, except purchases of large equipment, accounted for more than 90% of all purchases and the percentage of local purchases increased year by year. (Please see the table below.) Unit: in Thousands of NT dollars Amount of annual purchases Foreign 61,184 8% 54,257 6% 33,455 3% Domestic 706,754 92% 878,112 94% 994,967 97% Total amount 767,938 100% 932,369 100% 1,028,422 100% Note: Purchases of large equipment are not included in the amounts listed above. ST has completed the greenhouse gas emission verification for 2022 and planned to complete the sustainability report of 2022 and the third party assurance verification by the end of 2023.
purchases, except purchases of large equipment, accounted for more than 90% of all purchases and the percentage of local purchases increased year by year. (Please see the table below.) Unit: in Thousands of NT dollars Amount of annual purchases Foreign 61,184 8% 54,257 6% 33,455 3% Domestic 706,754 92% 878,112 94% 994,967 97% Total amount 767,938 100% 932,369 100% 1,028,422 100% Note: Purchases of large equipment are not included in the amounts listed above. 5. Does the company refer to international reporting standards or guidelines when preparing its
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annual purchases
Initial purchases Foreign 61,184 8% 54,257 6% 33,455 3%
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company refer to and the third party assurance verification by the end of 2022 and the third party assurance verification by the end of 2023.
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international reporting standards or guidelines when preparing its
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Sustamaumty
report and
other reports
disclosing
non-financial
information?
Does the
company
obtain third
party
assurance or
certification
for the reports
above?

- 6. If the Company has adopted its own sustainable development best practice principles based on the Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, please describe any deviation from the principles in the Company's operations:
 - iST has established the ESG Committee, which consists of Section of Corporate Governance, Section of Employee Care Development and Enterprise Integrity Management, Section of Environmental Safety and Health, Section of Sustainable Supply Chain, and Section of Stakeholder and Social Care, to implement the sustainable development policy and manages relevant important issues of each Section. Results of policies promoted and important issues managed by Sections are reported to the ESG Committee periodically and submitted to the board of directors for its review, for further promotion and achievement of iST's sustainable development goals.
- 7. Other important information to facilitate better understanding of the company's promotion of sustainable development:
 - (1) The epidemic that has changed people's lifestyle still continues. Coexisting with the coronavirus, we have also learned the importance of "cherishing what we love at the moment." In 2022, iST assisted 9 institutions/groups/schools in cooperating mutually for their benefits, and cultivated future technical talents and helped disadvantaged students in rural areas by providing scholarships. In addition, iST also promoted the reading program in elementary schools in rural areas and the Chem-E-Car program for students in the countryside in hopes of helping students in developing a good reading habit and having chemical knowledge during childhood to enhance their future competitiveness. iST has worked with well-known publishing companies for a long time in recent years to jointly promote the reading program for

elementary schools in rural areas. As of the end of 2022, iST assisted nearly 38 schools and provided extracurricular readings for 4,368 students. iST also cooperated with relevant organizations for development of children EQ education in addition to enhancement of learning capacity and is committed rehabilitation of the mentally challenged, enhancement of an individual's Emotional Intelligence and facilitation of social harmony and happiness. For care organizations for people with disabilities, iST initiated the palm-down program and the love circulation program. Under the programs, the organizations were invited to sell agricultural produce grown by themselves. iST connected "the children supporting themselves" and "the aged grandpas and grandmas enjoying a peaceful life" by purchasing, and delivering to the home of aged people, the fresh vegetables and fruits grown by the organizations. iST not only considered the status of the social welfare organizations to which it paid attention for a long time, but also provided the aged people with sources of safe and healthy food materials. iST cares every corner in the age of pandemics and contributes generously to give back to society.

- (2) In 2022, IST participated in community development and charity events relevant by making in-kind donations.
- i. Donation to social welfare organizations: (A)donation of money, (B) donation of uniform invoices, (C) donation of recycled resources, (D)) donation of suppliers and materials, (E) donation of money from time to time, (F) donation of books
- ii. Blood donation: It holds a blood donation activity at least twice a year.
- iii. Underprivileged groups are invited to come to iST to raise funds.
- iv. Employment of physically challenged workers: Visually-impaired persons are employed to provide massage service for customers and employees.
- v. The Earth Day activity is held to promote the concept of environmental protection among employees.

F. iST's Performance in the Area of Ethical Corporate Management, and Measures Taken: State of Performance in the Area of Ethical Corporate Management, any deviation from the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reason for any such deviation:

				Implementation status (Note))	Deviation from the
	Evaluation item	Yes	No	Summary description	Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reasons
(1)(2)	Establishment of ethical corporate management policies and programs Does the company have an ethical coporate management policy approved by its Board of Directors, and bylaws and publicly available documents addressing its corporate conduct and ethics policy and measures, and commitment regarding implementation of such policy from the Board of Directors and the top management team? Whether the company has established an assessment mechanism for the risk of unethical conduct; regularly analyzes and evaluates, within a business context, the business activities with a higher risk of unethical conduct; has formulated a program to prevent unethical conduct with a scope no less than the activities prescribed in Article 7, paragraph 2 of the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPE Listed Companies?	V		(1) iST has established and disclosed on its website the Ethical Corporate Management Practice Principles to specify the policy of ethical corporate management. iST has also established relevant operating procedure, code of conduct and internal control system to review, and report to the board of directors, each operation and educational training periodically. The Principles not only serves as the basis of ethical corporate management, but also expressly specifies the policy and measures of ethical corporate management and the commitment made by the board of directors and the management for positively implementing the management policy. iST indicates expressly conflicts of interest, compliance, trade secrets, corporate assets, and guidelines for participation in political activities and relevant activities in the Ethical Corporate Management Practice Principles. Upon provision of training for new employees, iST also discloses the importance of ethics and integrity in its regulations. (2) iST has established the Operating Procedure for Ethical Corporate Management and Code of Conduct to prevents dishonest acts. It also analyzes the operating activities at a higher risk of dishonesty within the scope of business activities and strengthens relevant prevention measures.	No variance

				Implementation status (Note))	Deviation from the
	Evaluation item	Yes	No	Summary description	Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reasons
(3)	Does the company clearly set out the operating procedures, behavior guidelines, and punishment and appeal system for violations in the unethical conduct prevention program, implement it, and regularly review and revise the plan?	V		(3) iST has established the Ethical Corporate Management Practice Principles and the Operating Procedure for Ethical Corporate Management and Code of Conduct, which provide dishonesty prevention schemes, including operating procedures, codes of conduct, and the penalty and complaint system in case of violation of regulations. iST has implemented and periodically reviewed and corrected the aforementioned schemes. To prevent employees from being involved in dishonesty or immorality, and after considering fraud risk, iST has set up an internal control system to monitor and track during routine operations to prevent fraud risk, and has conducted independent audits through the audit unit to ensure successful operation of the whole mechanism. With the internal control system and by independent audits, iST manages and prevents dishonest acts from occurring.	No variance
2. (1)	Ethical Management Practice Does the company assess the ethics records of those it has business relationships with and include ethical conduct related clauses in the business contracts?	V		(1) iST has established the Code of Conduct for Suppliers and the Credit Management Regulations for customers, and has evaluated the integrity records of suppliers and customers in accordance with the regulations. Unless otherwise authorized or required by law to be disclosed, information relevant to iSt and its customers and suppliers all be kept confidential.	
(2)	Has the company set up a dedicated unit to promote ethical corporate management under the board of directors, and does it regularly (at least once a year) report to the board of directors on its ethical corporate management policy and program to prevent unethical conduct and monitor their implementation?	V		(2) As the unit designated by iST to promote corporate ethical management, the management office reports the implementation of ethical corporate management to the board of directors every year. The content of the implementation of ethical corporate management for 2022 reported to the board of directors on Nov. 2, 2022 is as follows:	No variance

			Invalorementation atotaco (Nota))	D
			Implementation status (Note))	Deviation from the
				Ethical Corporate Management Best
Evaluation item				Practice Principles
Evaluation item	Yes	No	Summary description	for TWSE/TPEx
				Listed Companies,
				and the reasons
			1. Status of development of	and the reasons
			educational training for the	
			honesty policy	
			2. Establishment of the audit	
			mechanism: To prevent	
			employees from being involved in	
			dishonesty or immorality, and	
			after considering fraud risk, iST	
			has set up an internal control	
			system to monitor and track	
			during routine operations to	
			prevent fraud risk, and has	
			conducted independent audits	
			through the audit unit to ensure	
			successful operation of the whole	
			mechanism. With the internal	
			control system and by	
			independent audits, iST manages	
			and prevents dishonest acts from	
			occurring. iST has set up an	
			internal control system to	
			monitor and track in daily	
			operations to prevent the risk of	
			fraud, and through the audit unit	
			Independent auditing ensures the	
			operation of the overall	
			mechanism, and jointly manages	
			and prevents the occurrence	
			3. Establishment of the	
			whistleblowing system: iST has	
			established the whistleblowing	
			system and specific regulations.	
			Identity of a whistleblower and	
			content of his/her report are kept	
			misconduct, anyone may use the designated mailbox or phone line	
			to report any violation of ethical	
			standards that he/she is aware of.	
			4. iST ensures that the prevention	
			measures established for	
			corporate ethnical management	
			are taken effectively and has	
			established the section of	
			stakeholders on its website to	
			provide an communication	
			channel for employees,	
			shareholders and stakeholders to	
			report illegal and unethical acts	
			or activities.	
			5. In 2022, no violation of corporate	
			ethnical management was found,	
			and iST did not receive any	

			Implementation status (Note))	Deviation from the
Evaluation item	Yes	No	Summary description	Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reasons
			written complaint about corporate ethnical management from an internal or external whistleblower and was not involved in any material violation of corporate ethnical management.	
(3) Has the company established policies to prevent conflict of interests, provided appropriate communication and complaint channels, and properly implemented such policies?	V		(3) In the Operating Procedure for Ethical Corporate Management and Code of Conduct, iST stipulates a policy to prevent conflicts of interest, provides proper channels to receive relevant complaints, and requests relevant units to implement the policy. About Employees: iST has provided the policy for prevention from conflicts of interest in the Ethical Corporate Management Practice Principles. All employees are under obligation to avoid any possible conflict of interest between themselves and iST, and shall start from the greatest interests of iST when making a decision or engaging in anything. About Directors: The Board Meeting Agenda Rules of iST has established the interest avoidance system for directors. Directors are required to be highly self-disciplined. When a director or the judicial person represented by him/herself has a conflict of interest with respect to any motion at the board meeting, the director shall explain the important content of the conflict of interest at the board meeting. If the interest of iST might be impaired, the director may express his/her opinion and answer questions at the meeting and shall not participate in discussion and voting, the director shall evade, and shall not exercise voting rights on behalf of another director. Whenever sending agenda documents, the	

			Implementation status (Note))	Deviation from the
Evaluation item	Yes	No	Summary description	Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reasons
(4) Does the company have effective accounting and internal control systems in place to enforce ethical corporate management? Does the internal audit unit follow the results of unethical conduct risk assessments and devise audit plans to audit compliance with the systems to prevent unethical conduct or hire outside accountants to perform the audits?			agenda working unit reminds each director of avoidance of a motion being involved in a conflict of interest. (4) iST has established and implemented an internal control system. Based on results of risk evaluation, internal auditors put high-risk operations in the list of items to be audited in the annual audit plan to strengthen prevention measures, and review the status of compliance with the audit system periodically. An audit report is submitted regularly to the audit committee and the board of directors. In addition, to ensure effective design and implementation of the system, iST reviews an revises the system every year to build a good corporate governance and risk control mechanism, which is used to evaluate overall effectiveness of the internal control system and as the basis of the declaration issued for the internal control system.	No variance
 (5) Does the company provide internal and external ethical corporate management training programs on a regular basis? 3. Implementation of Complaint 	V		(5) Internal and External Educational Training Participated in 2012: 1. The programs for promoting integrity and honesty to be upheld by employees and the training provided for new employees were completed 100% with 690 participants. Each session was 3~6 hours. 2. The educational training for directors and internal personnel was held, with 28 participants. Each session was 2 hours. 3. Internal and external educational training (including information security, corporate ethnical management, compliance with laws and regulations, social security, etc.) for employees was held, with 833 participants. Each session was 4 hours.	No variance
Procedures				

				Implementation status (Note))	Deviation from the		
					Ethical Corporate Management Best		
	Evaluation item	Yes	es No Summary description		Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies, and the reasons		
(1)	Has the company established specific whistle-blowing and reward procedures, set up conveniently accessible whistle-blowing channels, and appointed appropriate personnel specificallyresponsible for handling complaints received from whistleblowers?	V		(1) iST encourages employees to report any dishonest or improper act, and gives proper rewards in accordance with the Regulations Governing Rewards and Punishments. iST has also set up a mailbox and a phone line to receive whistleblowing reports and designated appropriate personnel to deal with relevant matters.	No variance		
(2)	Has the company established standard operation procedures for investigating the complaints received, follow-up measures taken after investigation, and mechanisms ensuring such complaints are handled in a confidential manner?		V	(2) iST has established the standard operating procedures to deal with reported matters. Measures are taken to keep in confidential the identity of a whistleblower and the content of the report.	To be done in the future depending on actual needs		
(3)	Has the company adopted proper measures to protect whistleblowers from retaliation for filing complaints?	V		(3) iST keeps whistleblowers in confidential during the whole whistleblowing process, and promises that whistleblowers shall not be treated improperly because of their whistleblowing.	No variance		
4.	Strengthening Information Disclosure Does the company disclose its ethical corporate management policies and the results of their implementation on its website and the Market Observation Post System (MOPS)?	V		iST has disclosed its Ethical Corporate Management Practice Principles and the results of the implementation of the Principles on its website and in the Market Observation Post System, and has designated staff to maintain, collect and disclose information relevant to the Ethical Corporate Management Practice Principles on its website.	No variance		
5.							

Other important information to facilitate a better understanding of the status of operation of the company's ethical corporate management policies (e.g., the company's reviewing and amending of its ethical corporate management best practice principles):

regulations.

(1) iST complies with abides by the Company Act, the Securities and Exchange Act, the Business Entity Accounting Act and applicable regulations for TWSE/TPEx listed companies or other regulations concerning business activities and considers compliance as the basis of ethnical management. iST also pays attention to development and update of applicable foreign and domestic ethnical management related laws, and encourages directors, managers and employees to provide suggestions for iST to review and improve its ethnical management policy and the measures taken by iST for promotion of

			Implementation status (Note))	Deviation from the
Evaluation item	Yes	No		Ethical Corporate
				Management Best Practice Principles
			Summary description	for TWSE/TPEx
				Listed Companies,
				and the reasons

the policy, in order to enhance the effect of iST's ethnical management.

- (2) iST provides an interest avoidance system for directors in its Rules for Conduct of Board Meetings. For a motion relevant to interest of a director however impairing iST's interest that is proposed at the board meeting, the director may state his/her opinion but shall not participate in discussion or voting at the meeting. The director shall avoid and shall not exercise any voting right on behalf of another director. Opinions of independent directors shall be fully considered. Objection or reservation of independent directors shall be stated in the minutes of the board meeting.
- (3) In iST's Operating Procedure for Processing of Internal Important Information and Prevention from Insider Trading, iST expressly indicates that directors, managers and employees shall not disclose to others any material internal information that they have known during performance of duties, or ask for or collect unpublished material internal information irrelevant to their duties from any person who is aware of such information, and shall not disclose to others any unpublished material internal information that they have known during non-performance of duties.
- (4) iST has made the Rules Governing Financial and Business Matters Between this Corporation and its Affiliated Enterprises in accordance with regulations to govern financial activities between iST and its affiliates to prevent non-arm's length transactions and transfer of improper benefits among affiliates.

- G. If the company has adopted corporate governance best-practice principles or related bylaws, disclose how these are to be searched.
 - 1. iST has established the following regulations and rules in accordance with the Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies.
 - (1) Articles of Incorporation
 - (2) Procedural Rules of the Shareholders' Meetings
 - (3) Board Meeting Agenda Rules
 - (4) Regulations for Election of Directors
 - (5) Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets
 - (6) Procedures for Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees
 - (7) Ethical Corporate Management Practice Principles
 - (8) Operating Procedure for Ethical Corporate Management and Guidelines for Conduct
 - (9) Organizational Regulations of Salary and Remuneration Committee
 - (10) Regulations of Internal Equity Interest Management
 - (11) Operating Procedure for Processing of Internal Important Information and Prevention from Insider Trading
 - (12) Regulations for Evaluation of Performance of the Board of Directors
 - (13) Corporate Governance Practice Principles
 - (14) Organizational Regulations of Audit Committee
 - (15) Rules Governing Financial and Business Matters Between this Corporation and its Affiliated Enterprises
 - 2. Methods of Search:

Website of iST: https://www.istgroup.com

Market Observation Post System: https://mops.twse.com.tw

- H. Other significant information that will provide a better understanding of the state of the company's implementation of corporate governance may also be disclosed.
 - 1. The status of iST's corporate governance has been disclosed on its website and in the Market Observation Post System and the annual report. Relevant websites are as follows:

Official websites for corporate governance:

- i. https://www.istgroup.com/tw/investors/company-management/management-system/
- ii. https://www.istgroup.com/tw/about-ist/csr/chairman/
- 2. Market Observation Post System: https://mops.twse.com.tw

- I. State of Implementation of Internal Control System
 - 1. Statement on Internal Control:

Integrated Service Technology Inc. Statement on Internal Control System

Date: Mar. 14, 2023

Based on the findings of self-assesments, iST states the following with regard to its internal control system during the year 2022:

- (1) iST's Board of Directors and management are responsible for establishing, implementing, and maintaining an adequate internal control system. Internal control system is designed to provide reasonable assurance over the effectiveness and efficiency of our operations (including profitability, performance and safeguarding of assets), reliability, timeliness, transparency and regulatory compliance of our reporting, and compliance with applicable rulings, laws and regulations.
- (2) An internal control system has inherent limitations. No matter how perfectly designed, an effective internal control system can provide only reasonable assurance of accomplishing its stated objectives. Moreover, the effectiveness of an internal control system may be subject to changes due to extenuating circumstances beyond our control. Nevertheless, our internal control system contains self-monitoring mechanisms, and iST takes immediate remedial actions in response to any identified deficiencies.
- (3) iST evaluates the design and operating effectiveness of its internal control system based on the criteria provided in the Regulations Governing the Establishment of Internal Control Systems by Public Companies (herein below, the Regulations). The criteria adopted by the Regulations identify five key components of managerial internal control: 1. control environment, 2. risk assessment, 3. control activities, 4. information and communications, and 5. monitoring activities. Each component also includes several items which can be found in the Regulations.
- (4) iST has evaluated the design and operating effectiveness of its internal control system according to the aforesaid Regulations.
- (5) Based on the findings of such evaluation, iST believes that, on December 31, 2022, it has maintained, in all material respects, an effective internal control system (that includes the supervision and management of our subsidiaries), to provide reasonable assurance over our operational effectiveness and efficiency, reliability, timeliness, transparency and regulatory compliance of reporting, and compliance with applicable rulings, laws and regulations.
- (6) This Statement is an integral part of iST's annual report and prospectus, and will be made public. Any falsehood, concealment, or other illegality in the content made public will entail legal liability under Articles 20, 32, 171, and 174 of the Securities and Exchange Law.
- (7) The statement was passed by the Board of Directors in their meeting held on Mar. 14, 2023, with none of the ten attending directors expressing dissenting opinions, and the remainder all affirming the content of this Statement.

Integrated Service Technology Inc.

Chairman: Yu Wei-Pin

President: Yu Wei-Pin

- 2. Where a CPA has been hired to carry out a special audit of the internal control system, furnish the CPA audit report: None
- J. If there has been any legal penalty against the company or its internal personnel, or any disciplinary penalty by the company against its internal personnel for violation of the internal control system, during the most recent fiscal year or during the current fiscal year up to the publication date of the annual report, where the result of such penalty could have a material effect on shareholder equity or securities prices, the annual report shall disclose the penalty, the main shortcomings, and condition of improvement: None
- K. Material resolutions of a shareholders meeting or a board of directors meeting during the most recent fiscal year or during the current fiscal year up to the date of publication of the annual report:

1. Shareholders' Meeting:

	nuers meeting:	,
Date of Shareholders' Meeting	Important Resolutions	Implementation
	Acknowledgement of settlement statements for the year ended 2021	The financial statements and business report of 2021 has been acknowledged through resolution at the shareholders' meeting. The financial statements have been disclosed in the Market Observation Post System.
2022.06.14	Acknowledgement of earnings to be made good of loss for 2021	The proposal of appropriation of profit or loss for 2021 has been acknowledged through resolution at the shareholders' meeting. The cash dividends NTD 93,575,121 (NTD 1.0 per share) for Q1 were distributed to shareholders. The exdividend date was Nov. 15, 2021 and the cash dividends were distributed on Nov. 26, 2021. The cash dividends for Q2 were NTD 35,430,048 (NTD 0.4 per share). The ex-dividend date was Jan. 31, 2022 and the cash dividends were distributed on Feb. 25, 2022.
	Approval of revision of iST's Articles of Incorporation	The case has been implemented based on the resolution adopted at the shareholders' meeting. It was approved by Ministry of Economic Affairs on June 22, 2022 to be recorded, and has been announced at iST website.

Approval of revision of iST's Procedural Rules of the Shareholder's Meeting	The case has been implemented based on the resolution adopted at the shareholders' meeting. It was disclosed in the Market Observation Post System on June 14, 2022 and announced at iST website.				
Approval of revision of iST's Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets	The case has been implemented based on the resolution adopted at the shareholders' meeting. It was disclosed in the Market Observation Post System on June 14, 2022 and announced at iST website.				
Approval of revision of iST's Procedures for Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees	The case has been implemented based on the resolution adopted at the shareholders' meeting. It was disclosed in the Market Observation Post System on June 14, 2022 and announced at iST website.				
Approval of private placement of common shares for cash	The board of directors resolved on Mar. 14, 2023 not to continue the matter of private placement within the remaining period because iST had not selected any subscribers qualified.				

2. Board Meeting:

	board Meeting.
Date of Board Meeting	Important Resolutions
2022.03.15	Proposal of exercise of treasury stock and repurchase of iST's shares
2022.03.24	Assessment of effectiveness of internal control system for 2021 and statement on internal control system, proposal of not continuing the private placement of common shares for cash adopted at the general meeting of shareholders in 2021, revision of iST's articles of incorporation, revision of iST's Procedural Rules of the Shareholder's Meeting, revision of iST's Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets, revision of iST's Procedures for Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees, proposal of earning distribution for 2021 Q4, proposal of appropriation of profit or loss for 2021, final settlement of annual accounts for 2021, private placement of common shares for cash, determination of the date of the general meeting of shareholders for 2022 and the period where proposals submitted from shareholders are accepted, review of evaluation results with respect to independency and competency of independent CPAs, correction of iST's consolidated financial statements for 2021 Q3 and some part of iXBRL, revision of iST's Regulations for Management of Subsidiaries, revision of iST's internal control system, proposal of the limit of loans from banks, approval of iST's application with Ministry of Economic Affairs for registration of corporate seal keeper, proposal of sale of stock rights of BTL Inc. invested by iST, acknowledgement of acquisitions of intangible assets for 2021 Q4, proposal of remuneration to directors for 2021, proposal of distribution of remuneration to employees for 2021, and review of iST's adjustment of high-ranking officers' wages for 2022
2022.05.05	2022 Q1 consolidated financial statements, proposal of earning distribution for 2022 Q1, proposal of repurchase shares of iST from OTC market for the 5th time, proposal of cancellation of share alteration registration, acknowledgement of acquisitions of intangible assets for 2022 Q1, proposal of the limit of loans from banks, proposal of increase in capital expenditure for purchase of machinery equipment by iST, proposal of adjustment of the selling price of some shares of BTL Inc. held by iST, and proposal of participation in follow-on offering of Pin Wen Co., Ltd., a subsidiary 100% held by iST
2022.08.02	2022 Q2 consolidated financial statements, proposal of earning distribution for 2022 Q2, proposal of the limit of loans from banks, approval of the transaction of derivatives, proposal of issuance of the

	letter of support to Innovative Turnkey Solution, proposal of issuance of the letter of support to Prosperity Power Technology Inc., proposal of reducing capital of System Integration Professional Technology Co., Ltd. by USD 1.53 million, and review of distribution of mid-year bonuses to high-ranking officers of iST for 2022
2022.11.02	2022 Q3 consolidated financial statements, proposal of 2022 Q3 earning distribution, proposal of lending funds to Innovative Turnkey Solution, proposal of appointing Corporate Government Officers, proposal of appointing Chief Information Security Officer, proposal of the production equipment purchase made by iST from the subsidiary Innovative Turnkey Solution, approval of the transaction of derivatives, revision of iST's board meeting agenda rules, establishment of iST's corporate governance practice principles, revision of iST's standard operating procedure for dealing with requests of directors, report on the scheme for appointment and rewards of high-ranking officers, and proposal of assigning a company car to Chairman of iST
2022.12.14	Proposal of iST's operating budget for 2023, proposal of iST's audit plan for 2023, revision of iST's internal control system and its enforcement rules of internal auditing, proposal of the limit of loans from banks, proposal of issuance of the letter of support to Innovative Turnkey Solution, proposal of issuance of the letter of commitment to Innovative Turnkey Solution, proposal of issuance of the letter of commitment to Prosperity Power Technology Inc., proposal of issuance of the letter of commitment to Integrated Service Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd., Ltd., proposal of increase in capital expenditure for purchase of machinery equipment by iST, establishment of iST's management procedure for dealing with internal material information and preventing insider trading, and review of distribution of year-end bonuses to high-ranking officers of iST for 2022
2023.03.14	Assessment of effectiveness of internal control system for 2022 and statement on internal control system, proposal of 2022 Q4 earning distribution, final settlement of annual accounts for 2022, proposal of the annual earning distribution for 2022, establishment of iST's regulations for financial affairs between related parties and annulment of its procedure governing transactions between specific companies, group enterprises and related parties, proposal of not continuing the private placement of common shares for cash adopted at the general meeting of shareholders in 2022, private placement of common shares for cash, establishment of the date of the general meeting of shareholders for 2023 and the period for accepting shareholders proposals, proposal of participation in follow-on offering of Pin Wen Co., Ltd., a subsidiary 100% held by iST, approval of the transaction of derivatives, review of evaluation results with respect to independency and competency of independent CPAs, change of independent CPAs because of the internal adjustment made by their firm, review of remuneration to directors for 2022, review of remuneration to employees for 2022, and review of adjustment of salaries paid to high-ranking officers of iST for 2022
2023.04.28	2023 Q1 consolidated financial statements, proposal of 2023 Q1 earning distribution, proposal of the limit of loans from banks, proposal of issuance of the letter of commitment to Innovative Turnkey Solution, revision of iST's corporate governance practice principles, and cancelation of restrictions on non-compete agreements

- L. Where, during the most recent fiscal year or during the current fiscal year up to the date of publication of the annual report, a director or supervisor has expressed a dissenting opinion with respect to a material resolution passed by the board of directors, and said dissenting opinion has been recorded or prepared as a written declaration, disclose the principal content thereof: None
- M. A summary of resignations and dismissals, during the most recent fiscal year or during the current fiscal year up to the date of publication of the annual report, of the company's chairperson, general manager, chief accounting officer, chief financial officer, chief internal auditor, chief corporate governance officer, and chief research and development officer: None

(V) Information on the professional fees of the attesting CPAs (external auditors)

A. Information on CPA(External Auditor) Professional Fees

Unit: in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

Name of Accounting Firm	Name of CPAs	Period covered by the CPA audit	Audit Fees	Non-audit Fees	Total	Remarks
Deloitte &	Huang	2022.01-2022.12	3,400	130	3,530	Transfer
Touche	Yu-Feng					pricing report
	Tsai Mei-	2022.01-2022.12				of 2021
	Chen					

- B. When the company changes its accounting firm and the audit fees paid for the fiscal year in which such change took place are lower than those for the previous fiscal year, the amounts of the audit fees before and after the change and the reasons shall be disclosed: None
- C. When the audit fees paid for the current fiscal year are lower than those for the previous fiscal year by 10 percent or more, the reduction in the amount of audit fees, reduction percentage, and reason(s) therefor shall be disclosed: None

(VI) Information on replacement of certified public accountant:

A. Information regarding the former CPAs:

Date of replacement	Mar	Mar. 14, 2023 when the resolution was adopted at the board							
	mee				•				
Reason for replacement	Adju	istment of interr	nal st	ructure of the CPA	As firm				
and explanation									
		Parti	ies	CPAs	The Company				
Describe whether the	Circumstances			CPAS	The Company				
Company terminated or	Tern	ninated the	N	/A	N/A				
the CPAs terminated or	enga	gement							
did not accept the	No 1	onger accepted	N	/A	N/A				
engagement	(disc	continued) the							
		gement							
If the CPAs issued an	None								
audit report expressing									
any opinion other than									
an unqualified opinion									
during the 2 most recent									
years, specify the									
opinion and the reasons									
				ting principles or p					
	* *			ure of financial rep	port				
Disagreement with the	Yes			cope or steps					
Company		Otl	her						
' '									
		No. V							
	Specify details								

Other disclosures (Any	None
matters required to be	
disclosed under sub-	
items d to g of Article	
10.6.A)	

B. Information Regarding the Successor CPAs

	-
Name of accounting firm	Deloitte & Touche
Names of CPAs	Huang Yu-Feng, and Chang Ya-Yun (Note)
Data of an account	Mar. 14, 2023 when the resolution was adopted at
Date of engagement	the board meeting
Subjects discussed and results of any	
consultation with the CPAs prior to	
the engagement, regarding the	
accounting treatment of or	
application of accounting principles	None
to any specified transaction, or the	
type of audit opinion that might be	
issued on the company's financial	
report	
Successor CPAs' written opinion	
regarding the matters of disagreement	None
between the Company and the former	INOTIC
CPAs	

Note: The authorized CPAs are Huang Yu-Feng and Chang Ya-Yun from the 1st quarter of 2023.

C. The Reply of Former CPAs on Article 10.6.1 and Article 10.6.2.3 of the Standards: None

(VII) Where the company's chairperson, general manager, or any managerial officer in charge of finance or accounting matters has in the most recent year held a position at the accounting firm of its certified public accountant or at an affiliated enterprise of such accounting firm, the name and position of the person, and the period during which the position was held, shall be disclosed: None

- (VIII) Any transfer of equity interests or pledge of or change in equity interests by a director or manager or a shareholder holding 10% or more of shares during the latest fiscal year or as of the date of print of the annual report:

 A. Change in Equity Interests of Directors, Managers or Key Shareholders

Unit: Share

						Unit: Shar
		202	22	As of Ap	r. 16, 2023	Remarks
Title	Name	Increase (decrease) in shares held	Increase (decrease) in shares pledged	Increase (decrease) in shares held	Increase (decrease) in shares pledged	
Chairman	Han Sheng Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Yu Wei-Pin	0	0	0	0	
Director	Hui Long Co., Ltd. Representative: Chen Ching Chuo	0	0	0	0	
Director	Tu Chung-Cheh	(60,000)	0	0	0	
Director	Kai Ou Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Chen Yang-Kuang	0	0	0	0	
Director	Liu Fu-Han	(27,000)	0	(27,000)	0	
Director	Wang Chih-Hung	0	0	0	0	
Director	Hung Wen-Ming	0	0	0	0	
Director	Lo Wen-Hao	20,000	0	0	0	
Director	Lo Yung-Chien	0	0	0	0	
Director	Yu Chuo-Min	0	0	0	0	
Chairman and Manager	Yu Wei-Pin	0	0	0	0	
	Chen Ching Chuo	0	0	0	0	
Manager	Chen Wen-Yin	0	0	0	0	
Manager	Lee Chang-Pin	0	0	0	0	
Manager	Lin Yu-Sang	0	0	0	0	
Manager	Chang Ming-Lun	0	0	0	0	Dismissed on 2022.2.12
Manager	Tseng Shao-Chun	35,000	0	0	0	
Manager	Hsu Ju-Hung	0	0	0	0	
Manager	Tseng Ta-Lin	0	0	0	0	
Manager	Liu Kuo-Ju	0	0	0	0	
Manager	Huang Yin-Hao	0	0	0	0	
Manager	Lin Hsiu-Mei	0	0	0	0	Appointed on 2022.5.1
Manager	Wang Shang-Chieh	0	0	0	0	
Manager	Wang Sheng-Yi	0	0	0	0	Dismissed on 2022.10.8
Manager	Wang Yu-Min	0	0	0	0	
Manager	Wang Kuo-Feng	0	0	0	0	
Manager	Cheng Chun-Yen	(36,000)	0	0	0	Appointed on 2022.5.1
Manager	Pao Chung-Hsing	(4,000)	0	0	0	Appointed on 2022.5.1
Manager	Shen Shih-Hsiung	0	0	0	0	Appointed on 2022.5.16
Manager	Tseng Sheng-Yu	0	0	1,318	0	Appointed on 2023.4.6

- B. Counterparty in any transfer of equity interests that is a related party of iST: None
- C. Counterparty in any pledge of equity interests that is a related party of iST: None
- (IX) Relationship information if any of 10 largest shareholders is a related party, the spouse or a relative within the second degree of kinship of another one:

Information of 10 Largest Shareholders and their Relationship

As of Apr. 16, 2023; Unit: share; %

							71 11p11 10, 2		, , ,
Name		eld by the Pholder	spouse ch	held by the e and minor ild(ren)	of ano	eld in the name ther person	Name of any of 10 largest shareholders that is a related party, the spouse or a relative within the second degree of kinship of another one, and their relationship		Remarks
	Number of Shares	Ratio of Shareholding	Number of Shares	Ratio of Shareholding	Number of Shares	Ratio of Shareholding	Name	Relation	
Han Sheng Investment Co., Ltd.	3,652,288	4.88%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Han Sheng Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Yu Wei-Pin	212,205	0.28%	488	0.001%	-	-	Han Sheng Investment Co., Ltd.	Chairman	-
HSBC (Taiwan) Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. is entrusted with the custody of Morgan Stanley & Co. International Plc's investment account	1,632,945	2.18%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lin Chin-Pen	1,500,000	2.01%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hsieh Chung-Wei	1,405,000	1.88%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Citibank Taiwan Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. is entrusted with the custody of Titan Multi-Asset Funds-SPC investment account	1,220,470	1.63%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lo Wei-Hsuan	1,146,000	1.53%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HSBC (Taiwan) Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. is entrusted with the custody of Merrill Lynch International's investment account	1,081,000	1.45%	-	·	-	-	-	-	-
Liu Fu-Han	910,525	1.22%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tu Chung-Cheh	902,000	1.21%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hui Long Co., Ltd.	849,921	1.14%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hui Long Co., Ltd. Representative: Chen Ching Chuo	954	0.001%	-	-	-	-	Hui Long Co., Ltd.	Chairman	-

(X) Total number of shares and ratio of comprehensive shareholding in any single enterprise reinvested by iST, its directors, supervisors and managers and any company controlled directly or indirectly by iST:

Ratio of Comprehensive Shareholding

As of Mar. 31, 2023 Unit: in Thousands of shares; %

	Г				it: iii Tilousaiiu	3 01 311a1 c3, 70
			Investment by Directors,			
				rs, Managers		
	Investment by iST		and any Company		Comprehensive Investment	
Reinvestee				l Directly or		
			Indirect	tly by iST		
	Number of	Ratio of	Number of	Ratio of	Number of	Ratio of
	Shares	Shareholding	Shares	Shareholding	Shares	Shareholding
Innovative Turnkey Solution	22,729	38%	7,892	13%	30,621	51%
Pin Wen Co., Ltd.	5,841	100%	0	0	5,841	100%
INTEGRATED SERVICE	4.045	4000/	0		4.045	4.000/
TECHNOLOGY INC.(Samoa)	4,917	100%	0	0	4,917	100%
Dekra iST	19,262	49%	0	0	19,262	49%
BTL Inc.	2,550	10%	0	0	2,550	10%
Supreme Fortune Corp.	1,655	100%	0	0	1,655	100%
Prosperity Power	·					
Technology	45,000	75%	3,300	6%	48,300	81%
Global Social Inc.	8	30%	0	0	8	30%
INTEGRATED SERVICE	<u> </u>	2070	U		J	3070
TECHNOLOGY	_	_	6,159	100%	6,159	100%
INC.(Seychelles)			0,100	10070	0,107	10070
Integrated Service						
Technology USA Inc.	-	-	3,130	100%	3,130	100%
Integrated Service						
Technology (Kunshan) Co.,	_	_	-	100%	_	100%
Ltd.						
Hot Light Co., Ltd.	-	-	1,655	100%	1,655	100%
System Integration			,		,	
Professional Technology	-	-	-	100%	-	100%
Elitist Design Technology						
Inc.	-	-	400	100%	400	100%
EFUN Technology Inc.	_	_	370	26%	370	26%
Huan Ying Sustainable						
Development Technology	-	-	510	29%	510	29%
Instrument Supply						
Technology (Kunshan) Co.,	_	_	_	100%	_	100%
Ltd.				10070		10070
(N +) F 1 1				l .	I .	

(Note) Formerly known as Green Innovation Technology.

IV. Fundraising Overview

(I) Capital and Shares

- A. Source of Share Capital
 - 1. Source of Share Capital

As of Apr. 16, 2023; Unit: Share; in Thousands of NT dollars

77 /34 .1			1.0 1.1	D 111		16, 2023; Unit: Share; in T		uonars
Year/Month	Issue	Approved			Capital	Rema		0.1
	Price (NTD)	Number of Shares	Amount	Number of Shares	Amount	Source of Share Capital	Non-cash property provided as payment for shares	Others
1994/09	1,000	10,000	10,000	10,000		Share capital of NTD 10,000 thousand for establishment	_	
1996/05	1,000	13,000	13,000	13,000		Capital increase in cash in an amount of NTD 3,000 thousand	_	_
2000/12 (Note 1)	1,000	58,500	58,500	58,500	58,500	Capital increase in cash in an amount of NTD 42,900 thousand, and stock dividends of common stock in an amount of NTD 2,600 thousand	_	_
2001/08 (Note 2)	10	6,630,000	66,300	6,630,000	66,300	Capital increase in cash in an amount of NTD 7,800 thousand	_	_
2001/11 (Note 3)	10	8,822,000	88,220	8,822,000		Capital increase in cash in an amount of NTD 17,413 thousand, and stock dividends of common stock in an amount of NTD 4,507 thousand	_	_
2002/06 (Note 4)	10	20,000,000	200,000	11,716,600	117,166	Stock dividends of common stock in an amount of NTD 28,946 thousand	_	_
2002/07 (Note 5)	10	20,000,000	200,000	15,716,600	157,166	Capital increase in cash an amount of NTD 40,000 thousand	_	_
2003/05 (Note 6)	10	25,000,000	250,000	20,855,380	208,554	Stock dividends of common stock in an amount of NTD 51,388 thousand	_	_
2003/12 (Note 7)	10	25,000,000	250,000	21,855,380	218,554	Capital increase in cash in an amount of NTD 10,000 thousand	_	_
2004/09 (Note 8)	10	50,000,000	500,000	29,949,648	299,497	common stock in an amount of NTD 80,943 thousand	_	_
2005/04 (Note 9)	10	50,000,000	500,000	30,421,288	304,213	Employee stock options converted in an amount of NTD 4,716 thousand	_	_
2005/08 (Note 10)	10	50,000,000	500,000	38,815,504	388,155	thousand	_	_
2006/03 (Note 11)	10	50,000,000	500,000	39,199,629	391,996	Employee stock options converted in an amount of NTD 3,841 thousand	_	_
2006/07 (Note 12)	10	65,000,000	650,000	39,437,627	394,377	Employee stock options converted in an amount	_	-

					/ 1	of NTD 2,380 thousand		
Year/Month	Issue Price (NTD)	Approved Capital	Paid-in Capital	Remarks	Year/Month		Approved Capital	Paid-in Capital
2006/09 (Note 13)	10	65,000,000	650,000	42,417,609	424,177	Earnings and capital surplus transferred to common stock in an amount of NTD29,800 thousand	ı	_
2006/10 (Note 14)	10	65,000,000	650,000	42,861,002	428,610	Employee stock options and convertible bonds converted in an amount of NTD 4,434 thousand	_	-
2007/08 (Note 15)	10	65,000,000	650,000	43,712,542	437,125	of NTD 8,515 thousand	_	_
2006/04 (Note 16)	10	65,000,000	650,000	46,285,713	462,857	Employee stock options and convertible bonds converted in an amount of NTD 25,732 thousand	_	_
2007/10 (Note 17)	10	65,000,000	650,000	50,182,396	501,823	Employee stock options and convertible bonds converted in an amount	-	_
2007/11 (Note 18)	10	65,000,000	650,000	50,452,126	504,521	Employee stock options	_	_
2008/02 (Note 19)	10	65,000,000	650,000	50,846,011	508,460	Employee stock options	_	-
2008/04 (Note 20)	10	65,000,000	650,000	51,083,885	510,839	Employee stock options and convertible bonds converted in an amount of NTD 2,379 thousand	_	_
2008/09 (Note 21)	10	65,000,000	650,000	55,590,398	555,904	Employee stock options and convertible bonds converted in an amount of NTD 1,255 thousand, and stock dividends of common stock in an amount of NTD 43,810 thousand	-	_
2008/11 (Note 22)	10	65,000,000	650,000	55,606,898	556,069	Employee stock options converted in an amount of NTD 165 thousand	-	_
2009/01 (Note 23)	10	80,000,000	800,000	60,606,898	606,069	Cash increase for cash in an amount of NTD 50,000 thousand	_	_
2009/05 (Note 24)	10	80,000,000	800,000	60,619,523	606,195	Employee stock options converted in an amount of NTD 126 thousand	_	_
2009/18 (Note 25)	10	80,000,000	800,000	60,634,523	606,345	Employee stock options converted in an amount of NTD 150 thousand	_	_
2009/09 (Note 26)	10	80,000,000	800,000	68,634,633	686,346	Stock dividends of common stock in an amount of NTD 80,001 thousand	_	_
2010/08 (Note 27)	10	80,000,000	800,000	68,634,842	686,348	Employee stock options converted in an amount of NTD 2 thousand	_	_
2011/10	10	100,000,000	1,000,000	70,007,539	700,075	Stock dividends of	_	_

(Note 28)						common stock in an amount of NTD 13,727		
Year/Month	Issue Price (NTD)	Approved Capital	Paid-in Capital	Remarks	Year/Month	thousand Issue Price (NTD)	Approved Capital	Paid-in Capital
2012/09 (Note 29)	10	100,000,000	1,000,000	44,707,539	447,075	Cancelled treasury stock of NT 3,000 thousand and cash capital reduction of NTD 250,000 thousand	I	_
2013/02 (Note 30)	10	100,000,000	1,000,000	45,907,539	459,075	Restricted stock awards of NTD 12,000 thousand	_	_
2014/06 (Note 31)	10	100,000,000	1,000,000	45,673,539	456,735	Cancelled restricted stock awards of NTD	П	-
2014/09 (Note 32)	10	100,000,000	1,000,000	45,947,039	459,470	Employee stock options converted in an amount of NTD 2,735 thousand	-	_
2014/12 (Note 33)	10	100,000,000	1,000,000	46,024,039	460,240	Employee stock options converted in an amount of NTD 770 thousand	_	_
2015/05 (Note 34)	10	100,000,000	1,000,000	46,404,039	464,040	Employee stock options converted in an amount of NTD 3,800 thousand	_	_
2015/09 (Note 35)	10	100,000,000	1,000,000	46,466,039	464,660	Employee stock options converted in an amount of NTD 620 thousand	_	_
2015/12 (Note 36)	10	100,000,000	1,000,000	46,483,039	464,830	Employee stock options converted in an amount of NTD 170 thousand	_	_
2016/01 (Note 37)	10	100,000,000	1,000,000	50,483,039	504,830	Capital increase in cash in an amount of NTD 40,000 thousand	_	_
2016/06 (Note 38)	10	100,000,000	1,000,000	50,531,110	505,311	Employee stock options and convertible bonds converted in an amount of NTD 481 thousand	_	_
2016/09 (Note 39)	10	100,000,000	1,000,000	51,043,061	510,431	Employee stock options and convertible bonds converted in an amount of NTD 5,120 thousand	_	_
2016/10 (Note 40)	10	100,000,000	1,000,000	51,778,312	517,783	Employee stock options	_	_
2016/10 (Note 41)	10	100,000,000	1,000,000	52,378,312	523,783	Privately placed common shares of NTD 6,000 thousand	_	_
2017/02 (Note 42)	10	100,000,000	1,000,000	62,378,312	623,783	Capital increase in cash in an amount of NTD 100,000 thousand	_	_
2017/05 (Note 43)	10	100,000,000	1,000,000	62,492,859	624,929	Convertible bonds converted in an amount of NTD 1,146 thousand	_	_
2017/08 (Note 44)	10	100,000,000	1,000,000	62,528,367	625,284	Convertible bonds converted in an amount of NTD 355 thousand	_	_

2017/11 (Note 45)	10	100,000,000	1,000,000	63,006,364	630,064	Employee stock options and convertible bonds converted in an amount of NTD 4,780 thousand	-	_
2018/02 (Note 46)	10	100,000,000	1,000,000	63,501,695	635,017	Convertible bonds converted in an amount of NTD 4,953 thousand	_	_
Year/Month	Issue Price (NTD)	Approved Capital	Paid-in Capital	Remarks	Year/Month	Issue Price (NTD)	Year/Month	Issue Price (NTD)
2018/05 (Note 47)	10	100,000,000	1,000,000	63,575,121	635,751	Convertible bonds converted in an amount of NTD 734 thousand	_	_
2019/11 (Note 48)	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	93,575,121	935,751	Capital increase in cash in an amount of NTD 300,000 thousand	I	_
2021/09 (Note 49)	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	88,575,121	885,751	Cancelled treasury stock of NTD 50,000 thousand		_
2021/10 (Note 50)	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	84,575,121	845,751	Cancelled treasury stock of NTD 40,000 thousand	_	_
2022/01 (Note 51)	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	79,775,121	797,751	Cancelled treasury stock of NTD 48,000 thousand	_	_
2022/05 (Note 52)	10	200,000,000	2,000,000	74,775,121	747,751	Cancelled treasury stock of NTD 50,000 thousand	_	_

Note 1: Letter No. Jing-(89)-Zhong-Zi-89676900 Note 2: Letter No. Jing-(90)-Zhong-Zi-09032594 Note 3: Letter No. Jing-(90)-Zhong-Zi-09033020090 000 Note 4: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-09101230490 dated on 2002.6.25 Note 5: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-09101290900 dated on 2002.7.25 Note 6: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-09201156430 dated 2003.5.22 Note 7: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Zhong-Zi-09233192430 dated 2003.12.24 Note 8: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Zhong-Zi-09332712060 dated 2004.09.15 Note 9: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Zhong-Zi-09432634570 dated 2005.08.11 Note 10: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Zhong-Zi-09432774250 dated 2005.09.09 Note 11: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Zhong-Zi-09532074660 dated 2006.04.24 Note 12: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Zhong-Zi-09532541020 dated 2006.07.26 Note 13: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Zhong-Zi-09532864590 dated 2006.09.19 Note 14: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Zhong-Zi-09533048930 dated 2006.10.26 Note 15: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Zhong-Zi-09631746050 dated 2007.03.03 Note 16: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Zhong-Zi-09632030960 dated 2007.04.26 Note 17: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-09601247750 dated 2007.10.09 Note 18: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-09601285150 dated 2007.11.20 Note 19: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-09701027180 dated 2008.02.04 Note 20: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-09701093370 dated 2008.04.21 Note 21: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-09701245980 dated 2008.09.24 Note 22: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-09701292130 dated 2008.11.14 Note 23: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-09701327240 dated 2009.01.07 Note 24: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-09801097710 dated 2009.05.21 Note 25: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-09801179290 dated 2009.08.10 Note 26: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-09801217890 dated 2009.09.22

Note 27: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-09901179700 dated 2010.08.09 Note 28: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-100012727050 dated 2011.10.05 Note 29: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Zhong-Zi-10132499890 dated 2012.09.20 Note 30: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Zhong-Zi-10233133620 dated 2013.02.01 Note 31: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Zhong-Zi-10333440290 dated 2014.06.25 Note 32: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Zhong-Zi-10333674950 dated 2014.09.12 Note 33: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Zhong-Zi-10333938640 dated 2014.12.05 Note 34: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Zhong-Zi-10433375840 dated 2015.05.20 Note 35: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Zhong-Zi-10433689960 dated 2015.09.01 Note 36: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Zhong-Zi-10434013110 dated 2015.12.15 Note 37: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-10501017660 dated 2016.01.30 Note 38: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-10501135750 dated 2016.06.21 Note 39: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-10501223220 dated 2016.09.22 Note 40: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-10501246550 dated 2016.10.18 Note 41: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-10501250110 dated 2016.10.25 Note 42: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-10601016730 dated 2017.02.08 Note 43: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-10601067860 dated 2017.05.26 Note 44: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-10601117020 dated 2017.08.21 Note 45: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-10601159630 dated 2017.11.21 Note 46: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-10701014210 dated 2018.02.05 Note 47: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-10701053100 dated 2018.05.15 Note 48: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-10801152770 dated 2019.11.12 Note 49: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-11001153500 dated 2021.09.22 Note 50: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-11001191360 dated 2021.10.22 Note 51: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-11101001840 dated 2022.01.12 Note 52: Letter No. Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi-11101080760 dated 2022.05.17

2. Issued Shares

As of Apr. 16, 2023 Unit: Share

	Approved Share Capital						
Tymo of		Outstanding Shares					
Type of Shares	TWSE (TPEx) Listed	Not TWSE (TPEx) Listed	Total	Unissued Shares	Total	Remarks	
Common	74,175,121	600,000	74,775,121	125,224,879	200,000,000	-	
Shares		(privately placed)	/ 4 ,//3,121				

3. Shelf Registration System: N/A

B. Structure of Shareholders

Apr. 16, 2023 Unit: Share

Structure of Shareholders Quantity	Government Agency	Financial Institution	Other Juristic Persons	Natural Person	Foreign Institutions and Persons	Total
Number of persons	1	18	286	34,471	102	34,878
Shares held	792,000	1,867,041	10,196,006	53,146,530	8,773,544	74,775,121
Ratio of shareholding	1.06%	2.50%	13.63%	71.08%	11.73%	100.00%

C. Distribution of Equity Interests

Par Value of NTD 10 Apr. 16, 2023

	1		ue of 1112 10 11p11 10, 2020
Grading of shareholding	Number of shareholders	Shares held (Share)	Ratio of shareholding (%)
1~999	25,082	565,881	0.76%
1,000~5,000	8,128	15,327,518	20.51%
5,001~10,000	855	6,697,541	8.96%
10,001~15,000	265	3,361,657	4.50%
15,001~20,000	148	2,691,271	3.60%
20,001~30,000	119	3,005,138	4.02%
30,001~40,000	70	2,482,715	3.32%
40,001~50,000	44	2,029,586	2.71%
50,001~100,000	87	6,282,243	8.40%
100,001~200,000	37	4,974,873	6.65%
200,001~400,000	19	5,378,591	7.19%
400,001~600,000	11	5,484,205	7.33%
600,001~800,000	3	2,193,753	2.93%
800,001~1,000,000	3	2,662,446	3.56%
More than 1,000,001	7	11,637,703	15.56%
(inclusive)	,	11,037,703	13.5070
Total	34,878	74,775,121	100.00%

Preferred shares: iST did not issue preferred shares as of Apr. 16, 2023.

D. List of Key Shareholders: Names of shareholders holding 5% or more of equity interests of iST or 10 largest shareholders, and amounts and ratios of their shareholdings

Apr. 16, 2023 Unit: Share

		Ullit. Silai e
Shares Name of Key Shareholder	Number of Shares Held	Ratio of Shareholding (%)
Han Sheng Investment Co., Ltd.	3,652,288	4.88%
HSBC (Taiwan) Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. is entrusted		
with the custody of Morgan Stanley & Co. International		
Plc's investment account	1,632,945	2.18%
Lin Chin-Pen	1,500,000	2.01%
Hsieh Chung-Wei	1,405,000	1.88%
Citibank Taiwan Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. is entrusted		
with the custody of Titan Multi-Asset Funds-SPC	1,220,470	
investment account		1.63%
Lo Wei-Hsuan	1,146,000	1.53%
HSBC (Taiwan) Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. is entrusted		
with the custody of Merrill Lynch International's	1,081,000	
investment account		1.45%
Liu Fu-Han	910,525	1.22%
Tu Chung-Cheh	902,000	1.21%
Hui Long Co., Ltd.	849,921	1.14%

E. Market price per share, net worth, earnings, dividends and relevant information for the latest 2 years

Information of Market Price Per Share, Net Worth, Earnings and Dividends

Item			Year	2021	2022	As of 2023 Q1
Market price per	Highest			63.00	94.00	100.50
share	Lowest		40.80	45.00	69.80	
	Averag	e		52.06	59.97	86.43
Net asset value per	Before	distribut	ion	40.14	44.11	44.64
share	After d	istributio	n	40.14	44.11	43.64-
Earnings per share	ngs per share Weighted average number of shares		89,243	76,444	75,060	
	Earnings per share			2.02	5.33	1.31
Dividends per	Cash di	ividends		1.40	2.00	-
share	Stock	Stock from ear	dividends nings	-	-	-
	grants		dividends oital surplus	-	-	-
	Accumulated unpaid dividends		-	-	-	
Analysis of	Price-to-earnings ratio		25.77	11.25	-	
investment returns	Price-to	o-dividen	d ratio	37.19	29.99	-
	Divide	nd yield %		2.69%	3.34%	-

^{*} In case of any stock dividends from earnings or capital surplus, the information of the adjusted market price and cash dividends based on the number of distributed shares shall be disclosed.

Note 1 Specify the highest and lowest market prices of common shares for each year, and calculate the average market price of each year based on the trading value and trading volume of the year.

Note 2 Note 2: Provide the information based on the number of shares issued as of the end of the year and the distribution resolved by the board of directors, or at the shareholders' meeting for the next year.

Note 3 Note 3: In case of any adjustment to be retrospected due to stock grants, specify the earnings per share before and after the adjustment.

Note 4 Note 4: In case it is provided, in the conditions for issuance of equity securities, that the dividends undistributed for the current year may be accumulated and distributed until the year for which iST has earnings, the dividends accumulated and unpaid as of the current year shall be specified.

Note 5 Note 5: Price-to-earnings ratio = Average closing price per share for the current year / Earnings per share Note 6 Note 6: Price-to-dividend ratio = Average closing price per share for the current year / Cash dividends per share

Note 7 Note 7: Dividend yield = Cash dividends per share / Average closing price per share for the current year

Note 8 Note 8: For net asset value per share and earnings per share, the figures in the financial statements of the latest quarter which have been certified by CPAs as of the date of print of the annual report shall be provided. For the rest of fields, figures for the current year as of the date of print of the annual report shall be provided.

- F. Corporate Dividend Policy and Status of Implementation
 - 1. Dividend policy established in accordance with the articles of incorporation of iST:

When distributing earnings, iST shall make good of accumulated loss (including the adjusted amount of undistributed earnings) first, and allocate 10% of the earnings to be legal reserve. However, when the accumulated amount of legal reserve reaches the paid-in capital of iST, this clause shall not apply. Then an amount of special reserve shall be allocated or reversed in accordance with applicable laws or the regulations provided by the competent authority. The rest of the earnings shall be combined with the undistributed earnings of the beginning of the fiscal year (including the adjusted amount of undistributed earnings), and a portion of earnings shall be retained by the board of directors based on the need of business operation. Then the board of directors shall prepare the proposal for distribution of earnings and resolve to distribute dividends and bonuses to shareholders.

In consideration of the need for funds in the future and the long-term financial plan, and for satisfying shareholders' demand for cash inflow, iST shall, after taking the market environment and its growth stage into account, distribute cash dividends to shareholders after the aforementioned items have been deducted from distributed earnings. For distribution of shareholders' dividends, cash dividends shall be $10\%\sim100\%$ of the total dividends, and stock dividends shall be $0\%\sim90\%$ of the total dividends.

Status of Implementation: iST resolved to revise its articles of association at the general meeting of shareholders for 2020. The board of directors was authorized to distribute cash dividends for a quarter through resolution on a quarterly basis. The amount of cash dividends and date of distribution for each quarter in 2022 are listed in the following table.

2022	Date of approval	Date of distribution	Cash dividends per	Total amount of cash
	(YYYY/MM/DD)	(YYYY/MM/DD)	share (NTD)	dividends (NTD)
Q1	2022/05/05	-	0	0
Q2	2022/08/02	-	0	0
Q3	2022/11/02	2023/05/18	1.0	74,775,121
Q4	2022/03/14	Not decided yet	1.0	74,775,121
	Total		2.0	149,550,242

2. The status of the dividend distribution proposed at the shareholders' meeting is as follows:

Integrated Service Technology Inc. Earning Distribution Statement

2022 Unit:

		NTD
Item	Amount	
Undistributed earnings at the beginning of the year	0	
Net profit of the year	405,145,831	
Add: Actuarial gain or loss on pension	5,531,745	
Less: Treasury stock retired	(78,511,858)	
Less: Allocated legal reserve	(33,216,572)	
Add: Special reserve	12,707,910	
Earnings distributable for the year		311,657,056
Allocations: 1. Cash dividends for 2022 Q3 (NTD 1.0 per		
share)	74,775,121	
2. Cash dividends for 2022 Q4 (NTD 0.4 per share)	74,775,121	
Total allocations	_	149,550,242
Undistributed earnings at the end of the year		162,106,814

Note: Cash dividends were distributed based on the resolution made by the board of directors and were reported at the shareholders' meeting.

Chairman: Yu Wei-Pin Manager: Yu Wei-Pin Accounting Manager: Lin Yu-Sang

- 3. Explanation for any expected material change in the dividend policy: The dividend policy of iST has been implemented in accordance with Article 18-1 of the articles of incorporation. No material change in the dividend policy is expected.
- G. Effect on business performance, earnings per share and shareholders' return on investment of the stock grants proposed this time:

 Effect on business performance, earnings per share and shareholders' return on investment of the stock grants proposed at the general meeting of shareholders this time: Not applicable because iST had no stock grants this year.
- H. Remunerations to employees and directors:
 - 1. Percentages or ranges with respect to remunerations to employees and directors stipulated in iST's articles of incorporation:

 If iST has any profit (which means the pretax profit before the deduction of

allocated employees' remuneration and directors' remuneration) for a fiscal year, it shall appropriate no less than 0.3% for the employees' remuneration and no more than 3% for directors' remuneration. However, if iST has any accumulated loss (including adjusted amount of undistributed earnings), an amount equal to the accumulated loss shall be set aside from the profit and be reserved for making good of the loss.

The employees' remuneration mentioned in the preceding paragraph may be distributed in the form of stock or cash. The employees to whom such remuneration is distributed shall include the employees of the companies controlled or associated to iST who have met specific conditions. The directors' remuneration shall only be distributed in the form of cash.

The matters referred to in the preceding two paragraphs shall be resolved by the board of directors before being implemented, and shall also be reported at the shareholders' meeting.

- 2. Basis for estimating the amount of employees' remuneration and the amount of directors' remuneration, basis for calculating the number of shares to be distributed as employees' remuneration, and accounting treatment of any discrepancy between the actual distributed amount and the estimated figure:

 The board of directors proposed to distribute employees' remuneration of NTD 24,000,000 and directors' remuneration of NTD 6,000,000 for 2022. The remuneration amounts are consistent with such amounts of employees' remuneration and employees' remuneration as recognized in book.
- 3. Remunerations allocation adopted by the board of directors: The board of directors resolved on Mar. 14, 2023 to allocate directors' remuneration and employees' remuneration for 2022.
 - (1) If the amounts of employees' remuneration and directors' remuneration distributed in cash or stock are different from such amounts as estimated for the year when the remuneration expenses are recognized, the difference, reason and treatment must be disclosed as follows:

Item	Amount resolved by the board of directors to be allocated	Amount estimated for the year when remuneration expenses are recognized	Difference
Status of allocation	n:		
Employees' remuneration (Cash)	\$24,000,000	\$24,000,000	0
Directors' remuneration (Cash)	\$ 6,000,000	\$ 6,000,000	0

(2) Amount of employees' remuneration distributed in stock, and the size of the amount as a percentage of the sum of the after-tax net income in the parent-company-only or individual financial statements for the

current period and total employees' remuneration: N/A

4. (1)Actual distribution of employees' remuneration and directors' remuneration for the previous year:

Unit: in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars / Share

		L	ast year (Earning distribu	ution for 2021)	,
		Amount actually	Originally proposed	Discrepancy	Reason of
		distributed based on	amount to be		discrepancy
		the resolution made	distributed that was		
		at the shareholders'	adopted by the board of		
		meeting	directors		
Stati	us of Distribution:				
1.	Employees'				
	remuneration in cash	10,000,000	10,000,000	-	-
2.	Employees'				
	remuneration in stock				
	(1) Number of shares	0	0	-	-
	(2) Amount	0	0	-	-
	(3) Percentage of				
	outstanding shares				
	as of the end of the				
	current year that				
	the remuneration				
	was accounted for	0%	0%	-	-
3.	Directors' remuneration				
	(Cash)	4,708,333	4,708,333	-	-

(2) If the amounts of employees' remuneration in cash, stock bonus and directors' and supervisors' remunerations resolved by the board of directors to be distributed are different from such amounts as estimated for the year when the remuneration expenses are recognized, the difference, reason and treatment must be disclosed as follows: No difference

I. Status of Repurchase of Shares of iST:

1. Status of Repurchase of Shares of iST (completed already)

Apr. 16, 2023

				Apr. 10, 2023
Repurchase frequency	2 nd time	3 rd time	4 th time	5 th time
Purpose of repurchase	To maintain company credit and shareholders' equity			
Period of repurchase		2021/8/9~2021/ 9/9	2021/10/15~2021/ 12/2	2022/3/16~2022/ 4/15
Price range for repurchase	NTD 34 ~77	NTD 36~78	NTD 33~73	NTD 34~74
Type and quantity of the shares repurchased already	Common shares 5,000,000 shares	Common shares 4,000,000 shares	Common shares 4,800,000 shares	Common shares 5,000,000 shares
Amount of the shares repurchased already	NTD 265,038,452	NTD 203,040,159	NTD 263,131,564	NTD 267,945,524
Ratio of the quantity expected to be bought back that the quantity bought back already is accounted for (%)	100%	100%	100%	100%
Quantity of the shares cancelled and assigned already	5,000,000 shares	4,000,000 shares	4,800,000 shares	5,000,000 shares
Quantity of iST shares held cumulatively	0 share	0 share	0 share	0 shares
Ratio of the iST shares held cumulatively to the total shares issued already (%)	0%	0%	0%	0%

2. Status of Repurchase of Shares of iST (in process): None

(II) Dealing with Corporate Bonds: None

(III) Dealing with Preferred Shares: None

(IV) Dealing with Overseas Depository Receipts: None

- (V) Status of Dealing with Employee Stock Option Certificates
 - A. Status of dealing with the employee stock options that have not expired, as of the date of print of the annual report, and the effect of such employee stock options on shareholders' equity:

Status of Dealing with Employee Stock Option Certificates

Apr. 16, 2023

	1151. 10, 2023			
Type of employee stock option	6 th time (term)			
Type of employee stock option	Employee stock option			
Date of effectiveness for reporting	Apr. 12, 2021			
Issuance date (acceptance)	Apr. 29, 2021			
Number of issued units	2,000,000 units			
	(Each unit for one share)			
Ratio of the total issued shares that the subscribable	2.67%			
shares issued are accounted for	2.07 70			
Effective period for share subscription	5 years			
Period for shares to be subscribed	2 years after the employee stock options are			
	awarded			
Method of contract performance	Issuance of new shares			
Period during which share subscription is restricted, and	After completion of 2 years: 50%			
ratio of restriction (%)	After completion of 3 years: 75%			
	After completion of 4 years:100%			
Number of acquired shares that have been exercised	0			
Amount of acquired shares that have been exercised	0			
Quantity of acquired shares that have not been exercised	2,000,000			
Price at which the shares that have not been exercised are subscribed per share	53.22			
Ratio of the total issued shares that the quantity of unexercised shares are accounted for	2.67%			
Effect on shareholders' equity	Subscript able shares issued that have not been exercised are accounted for only 2.67% of the total issued shares, so they do not have a material effect on shareholders' equity.			

- B. Names of managers acquiring employee stock options and 10 employees acquiring the greatest employee stock options as of the date of print of the annual report, and status of such acquisition and subscription:
 - 1. Managers acquiring employee stock options:

Apr. 16, 2023 Unit: Share; NTD

					Exercise	d already (6	th-time employee	stock options)	Not exercis	ed already (6 ^t	h-time employee s	stock options)
	Title	Name	Quantity of subscribed shares obtained	Ratio of the total issued shares that the quantity of subscribed shares obtained is accounted for		Price at which a share is subscribed	Amount of shares subscribed	Ratio of the total issued shares that the quantity of subscribed shares is accounted for	Quantity of shares subscribed	Price at which a share is subscribed	Amount of shares subscribed	Ratio of the total issued shares that the quantity of subscribed shares is accounted for
	Chairman and General Manager	Yu Wei-Pin										
gers	Deputy Chairman	Chen Ching-Chuo										
	Manager	Chen Wen-Yin										
		Lee Chang-Pin										
	Vice General Manager											
	Vice General Manager	Tseng Shao-Chun										
	Assistant Manager	Hsu Ju-Hung	373,000	0.50	0	53.22	0	0	373,000	53.22	19,851,060	0.50
	Assistant Manager	Tseng Ta-Lin										
	Division Director	Huang Yin-Hao										
	Director	Wang Shang- Chieh										
	Division Director	Wang Sheng-Yi (resigned)										
	Division Director	Wang Yu-Min										
	Division Director	Wang Kuo-Feng										
	Special Assistant	Cheng Chun-Yen										

Special	Lin Hsiu-Mei
Assistant	Bill H3id-MCI
Material	
	Pao Chung-Hsing
Expert	
Director of	
Failure	Shen Shih-
Analysis	Hsiung
Engineering	g
Division	
Special	Taona Chona Vu
Assistant	Tseng Sheng-Yu

2. 10 employees acquiring the greatest employee stock options:

					Exercised a	already (6th	-time emplo	oyee stock options)	Not exercised already(6th-time employee stock options)			
		Name	Quantity of subscribed shares obtained	total issued shares that the quantity of subscribed shares obtained is accounted for		Price at which a share is subscribe d	Amount of shares subscribed	Ratio of the total issued shares that the quantity of subscribed shares is accounted for	Quantity of shares subscribed	Price at which a share is subscribe d	Amount of shares subscribed	Ratio of the total issued shares that the quantity of subscribed shares is accounted for
	Special Assistant	Yu ○-Chih										
	Senior Manager	Wang ○-Hsing										
	Manager	Chuang O-Hao										
Em	Manager	Lin O-Chun										
Employees	Manager	Wei ○-Liang	212,000	0.28	0	53.22	0	0	212,000	53.22	11,282,640	0.28
yee	Manager	Chiu O-Ting							•			
S	Manager	Lu O-Chuan										
	Manager	Lin O-Cheng										
	Manager	Tseng () - Yang										
	Assistant Manager	Hsu ○-Cheng										

- (VI) Status of Dealing with Restricted Stock Awards: None
- (VII) Issuance of New Shares in Connection with Merger, or Acquisition of Shares of Other Companies: None
- (VIII) Status of Implementing Capital Utilization Plan:

Uncompleted public issue or private placement of securities, or the public issue or private placement of securities that were completed in the latest 3 years but have not yielded the expected benefits yet, as of the quarter before the date of print of the annual report: None

V. Business Operation Overview

(I) Business Items

A. Business Items

1. Business Scope

iST has mainly engaged in providing all verification services, including modification of FIB circuit, preparation of engineering samples, failure analysis, material analysis, reliability verification, signal test, chemical analysis and various guidance, during product life cycle for upstream, midstream and downstream suppliers in supply chains in the semiconductor industry.

2. Percentage of Sales Amount

Unit: in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

Product Name	Amount of Sales Turnover	Percentage of Sales
		Amount (%)
Incomes from inspection service	3,742,682	100.00%
Total	3,742,682	100.00%

3. Current Product (Service) Items

- (1) Current Product (Service) Items:
 - (A) Modification of FIB circuit
 - (B) Preparation of engineering samples
 - (C) Failure analysis
 - (D) Material analysis
 - (E) Reliability verification
 - (F) Signal test
 - (G) Chemical analysis and various guidance
- (2) New Products (Services) Planned to Develop:
 - (A) Verification of space electronic components
 - (B) Verification platform for Low Temperature Soldering (LTS) process
 - (C) Wide band gap semiconductor verification platform

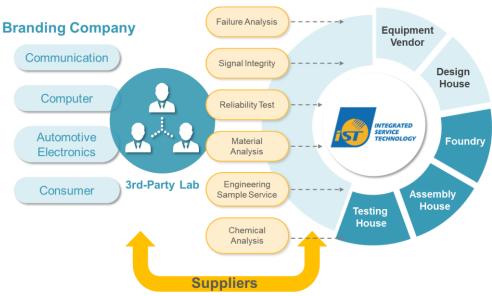
B. Industry Overview

- 1. Current Status and Development of the Industry
 - 1. Current Status and Development of the Industry

With reduction of the benefit generated from the pandemic fading, and under the impact of inflationary spike, the global electronics industry has suffered an economic slump and terminal market conditions has taken a turn for the worse. The semiconductor industry had a difficult time in the second half of the year. Various comments for destocking and capital expenditure adjustment occurred continuously. To maintain competitiveness, most leading companies still continued research, development and innovation in hopes of finding solutions for new application areas to survive the economic winter. However, iST's business was less affected by the economic downturn and even grew against the economic trend. It is because the main business core of iST was to assist customers in accelerating product R&D and ensuring product quality. In other words, "verification analysis is demanded as long as our customers conduct research and development."

To complete iST's mission of becoming a reliable independent laboratory in the electronics industry, we strengthens our services and expand our verification analysis ability continuously, and continue to expand production capacity consistently to support growth of customers.

2. Relevance to Upstream, Midstream and Downstream Suppliers



C. Technology and R&D Overview

Verification Platform of iST Providing One-Stop Service

- 1. Outstanding Verification Service Platform
 - (1) A.5G/HPC (high performance computing) verification platform
 - (2) Advanced process and advanced package validation platform
 - (3) Automobile electronic verification service platform
 - (4) Verification platform for space electronic components
 - (5) Wide band gap verification platform
- 2. R&D expenses spent for the latest year and as of the date of print of the annual report:

iST set up the professional R&D team in July 2003 and appropriated funds particularly for R&D. R&D expenses were NTD 127,111 thousand for 2022, and NTD35,324 thousand for 2023 01.

D. Long-term and Short-term Business Development Plans

iST's leading position in the electronic verification industry is built on such three differentiated core values as Customer First, Team Work, and Value Creation and outstanding business strategies.

As a leading company in the electronic verification analysis industry, iST has been devoted to development of various verification services in line with industrial trends. For providing services in the electronic industry and strengthening competitive advantages, it has developed more than 700 diversified engineering items. Several tens of thousands of customers that iST accumulated during this period of more than 20 years has set a high threshold for channels.

Business development plans of iST are primarily for advanced processes, advanced packaging, wide band gap semiconductor verification, automobile electronic verification, and space electronic component testing.

Driven by future high performance computing (HPC), 5G, AIoT and other new applications, enterprises have made semiconductor components with higher performance, lower power consumption and smaller size in order to satisfy the needs for smart products, and large foundries have developed advanced processes faster and faster, from 10nm, 7nm, 5nm, 3nm to 2nm in the future. All are competitive areas in the semiconductor industry. Each adjustment for a manufacturing process requires analysis of materials and verification of process quality.

However, while enterprises continue pursuing miniaturization for advanced processes, the production capability, placement cost and technology required become higher, and there are not many customers that can afford. Moore's law going down in history remains in doubt in the semiconductor industry. Therefore, for More than Moore, the Advanced Packaging method is used to improve process cost and physical limitation.

Advanced packing, however, faces a challenge of heterogeneous integration, which will derive some reliability-related problems. Verification analysis must be conducted in the early phase to confirm R&D quality.

In addition, as the demand for electric energy has increased greatly, high voltage, high current, fast transmission and good heat dissipation will be necessary conditions for new generation materials in the future. First, materials are required to withstand a higher voltage. It means that Eg (Energy Band Gap) of semiconductor materials must be large enough to withstand a higher critical field, so as to achieve stable, fast and higher power conversion and output.

The Eg of traditional Si material is about 1eV. The Eg of the third-generation semiconductors GaN and SiC used in handheld devices or the automotive power delivery system is about 3eV, which is 3 times the amount of the Eg of Si material. If wide band gap materials with a higher Eg can be found, our life will definitely become more colorful.

iST's customers, including wafer foundries and power IDM manufacturers, have also made efforts in research and development for new-generation wide band gap semiconductors. iST has played a role of verification provider during the initial phrase of their research and development of new semiconductor materials.

In addition, iST had good news about layout of its automotive electronic services. After levels of reviews and approvals, iST has been officially recognized as a member of the AEC Association by Automotive Electronics Council (AEC), the highest automotive electronics organization, and becomes the only accredited independent laboratory in Asia. It has only 93 company members in the world, and only 9 companies in Taiwan are its members. iST will be able to grasp the pulse of the automotive market fast, understand experimental methods of international automakers and Tier1 suppliers effectively, provide knowledge about international trends of quality control, get a head start in understanding international practices and become a navigator leading IC design and semiconductor companies in Asian into the field of automotive electronics.

For testing of space electronic components, how to enter the industry chain in the shortest possible time becomes one of the priorities for which companies seek assistance during the process of satellite industrialization since low earth orbit satellite are developed gradually towards commercial market, how to enter the industry chain in the shortest possible time has become the focus of manufacturers seeking assistance in the process of satellite industrialization. For satellites flying in space, the requirements for reliability and durability are extremely strict. Space certification of satellite components, modules and systems is an essential verification point before satellites flying into space. Verification items for the space environment test include radiation, temperature, vibration, impact, thermal vacuum, gas volatilization, etc. iST has been invited to take part in the Radiation Testing Alliance of National Space Organization under the National Applied Research Laboratories to provide complete verification planning and testing, assist companies in obtaining space certification for parts and modules, and shortening the time spent by companies on entering the space industry.

(II) Market and Production and Marketing Profile

A. Market Analysis

1. Territories where main products (services) are sold (provided):

Unit: in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

Year	2021	-	2022							
Sales territory	Amount	Percentag e%	Amount	Percentag e%						
Asia	2,611,557	81.26	3,052,945	81.57						
America	501,973	15.62	616,027	16.46						
Others	100,258	3.12	73,710	1.97						
Total	3,213,788	100.00	3,742,682	100.00						

2. Market share and the status of future supply and demand and growth in the market:

iST operates with a special niche business type, so there is no information on its market share that is provided by a research institute. However, based on the number of customers, iST has several tens of thousands of customers around the world.

3. Competition Niches and Differences or Advantages

iST's advantages in differentiation in the field of verification analysis: a close relationship with the global electronic industry, and ability of providing flexible and customized integration; a technology service platform with an advanced and complete layout

4. Future Prospects, Opportunities and Challenges

Even though uncertainty of industrial cycle of the electronic industry still exists for a short period of time, AI, electric vehicles, Internet and other technologies will be more and more popular in the future.

With its leading position in reliability verification (RA), failure analysis (FA), material analysis (MA) and signal testing, iST will be way ahead of comparable entities by investing more resources in advanced packaging, advanced process, wide band gap semiconductor, 5G verification, automotive electronic verification, and space electronic component solutions, and assisting customers in proceeding with research and development to create a greater value.

iST will adhere to the corporate core values of "Best Assister in Product R&D" and "Best Defender in Quality Control", and work with customers in the electronics industry worldwide to welcome future technologies.

- B. Important Purposes of Main Products, and Manufacturing Process
 - 1. Important Purposes of Main Products
 - Verification analysis

Main Classification	Description	Service Item
Function	Finding out the reason	IC circuit repair
	for loss/failure of	Material analysis(MA)
Functional testing	functions of the sample	Failure analysis (FA)
		1. Ultrasonic
		examination, X-Ray
		2. Analog IC water
		probe 3. Dicing, electric
		properties,
		physical properties
Reliability	1. Life time of	Reliability
Reliability verification	functions of the test	verification(RA)
(Quality assurance)	sample sustainable	
	in the specific	
	environment	
	2. Whether the test	
	sample meets the	
	requirements	
	provided by the end customer for the	
	supply chain	
Compatibility testing	Whether products, as	Signal test (SI)
Compatibility	different devices, are	IoT:
Compliance with	inter-connective:	Cable signal test
regulations	1. Whether the	0
Regulation	products pass the	
	test in accordance	
	with national	
	regulations /	
	regulations provided	
	by the association	
	2. A certification logo	
	to be stuck on the end product after	
	the test is passed	
	the test is passed	

- 2. Manufacturing Process for Main Products: N/A (as iST is not a manufacturer)
- C. Status of Supply of Main Raw Materials: N/A (as iST is not a manufacturer)

- D. List of Main Customers from Which Purchases are Made
 - 1. Names of customers from which more than 10% of total purchases were made for any of the latest 2 years, amounts and percentages of purchases made from them, and reasons of any increase or decrease:

Information of main suppliers for the latest 2 years

Unit: in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

	2021				2022				As of 2023 Q1				
	Name	Amount	Percentage	Relationship	Name	Amount	Percentage	Relationship	Name	Amount	Percentage	Relation	ıship
			of the	with the			of the	with the			of the	with	the
			purchase	issuer			purchase	issuer			purchase	issuer	
Item			amount of				amount of				amount as		
			the whole				the whole				of 2022 Q1		
			year that it				year that it				that it		
			accounted				accounted				accounted		
			for				for				for		
1	Supplier A	57,811	10.86	-	Supplier A	93,139	13.86	-	Supplier B	18,401	12.06		-
				-				-	Supplier C	15,611	10.23		-
	Others	474,620	89.14	-	Others	578,643	86.14	-	Others	118,555	77.71	•	-
	Net purchase	532,431	100.00	_	Net purchase	671,782	100.00	-	Net purchase	152,567	100.00		-

Reasons of increase or decrease in the main customers from which purchases were made, compared with those for the previous year: Items purchased by iST were various consumables and consumable supplies necessary for provision of services. Purchases increased because of a great demand to meet the business needs.

2. Names of customers to which more than 10% of total sales were made for any of the latest 2 years, amounts and percentages of sales made to them, and reasons of any increase or decrease:

Unit: in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

	2021				2022				As of 2023 Q1			
	Name	Amount	Percentage	Relationship	Name	Amount	Percentage	Relationship	Name	Amount	Percentage	Relationship
			of the sales	with the			of the sales	with the			of the sales	with the
Item			amount of	issuer			amount of	issuer			amount as	issuer
Ittiii			the whole				the whole	!			of 2022 Q1	
			year that it				year that it				that it	
			accounted				accounted				accounted	
			for				for				for	
1	Customer A	504,540	15.70	1	Customer A	648,088	17.32	-	Customer A	121,933	12.43	-
2	Customer	221,889	6.90	-	Customer B	284,506	7.60	-	Customer B	137,595	14.02	-
	Others	2,487,359	77.40	_	Others	2,810,088	75.08	_	Others	721,790	73.55	_
	Net sales	3,213,788			Net sales	3,742,682				981,318		

Reasons of increase or decrease in the main customers to which sales were made, compared with those for the previous year: We benefited from increase in the projects commissioned to customers themselves.

E. Table of Production Volume and Value for the latest 2 years

Unit: in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

Year Production		2021	1	2022		
volume and	Production capacity		Production value	Production capacity	Production	Production value
Incomes from inspection service	Note 1	Note 2	2,412,076	Note 1	Note 2	2,726,860
Total			2,412,076			2,726,860

Note 1 iST is in the service industry. Production capability is influenced by the number of machines as well as the number of service items. Not all services provided are priced based on quantity, so capacity cannot be computed reasonably.

Note 2 Not all services provided are priced based on quantity, so volume cannot be computed reasonably.

F. Table of Sales Volume and Value for the latest 2 years

Unit: in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

		_		
Year	2021		2022	
Sales volume and value Main merchandise	Volume	Value	Volume	Value
Incomes from inspection service	Note	3,213,788	Note	3,742,682
Total		3,213,788		3,742,682

Note: Not all services provided are priced based on quantity, so volume cannot be computed reasonably.

(III) Number of employees, average years of employment, average age and education distribution ratio with respect to employees for the latest 2 years and as of the date of print of the annual report

Information of employees for the latest 2 years and as of the date of print of the annual report:

Ye	ear	2021	2022	As of 2023 Q1
Number of	Direct personnel	600	714	718
employees	Indirect personnel	480	587	587
	Total	1,080	1,301	1,305
Avera	ge age	36.60	37.09	37.17
Average years	of employment	4.45	4.47	4.57
	PhD	0.20	0.13	0.13
	Master	4.33	10.87	11.03
Education	College	86.84	74.75	74.84
distribution	High school	5.70	13.10	13.02
ratio (%)	Below high school	2.93	1.15	0.98
	Total	100.00	100.00	100.00

(IV) Information of Environmental Protection Expenses

Loss incurred due to polluting the environment (and date of disposition, disposition file number, article violated, content of article violated, and content of disposition if there was any compensation and any violation of environmental protection regulations based on the environmental protection inspection result) in the latest year and as of the date of print of the annual report, and the estimated amount to be incurred at present and in the future and measures to be taken in response: None

(V) Labor Relations

- A. Welfare measures, programs, training, retirement system and status of actual implementation, agreements between iST and its employees, and measures taken to protect interests of employees:
 - 1. Employee Welfare Measures

Employees' bonus

Gifts for festivals

Subsidies for cash gifts for funerals and weddings

Emergency assistance for injury and illness

Gift certificates for birthday

Year-end lucky draw activity

Group life insurance and health insurance

Subsidies for educational training

Periodical health examination

2. Status of Employees' Programs and Educational Training

iST arranges relevant professional educational training for employees periodically. In addition, iST also applies for external educational training in accordance with applicable educational training regulations, and relevant expenses are paid in full by iST.

Educational training expenses for employees to participate for 2022 are as follows:

(Unit: in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Туре	Expense	
External training	1,047	
Total	1,047	

3. Retirement System and Status of its Implementation

iST has established the retirement regulations for the employees who it has duly employed. Since February 2003, iST has continued allocating an amount at 6.56% of the total amount of employees' wages to the employee retirement funds every month. Each monthly amount is deposited by the Commission on Supervision of Labor Retirement Funds into an account with Bank of Taiwan (originally with Central Trust of China, which was merged into Bank of Taiwan in 2007) in the name of the Commission. Subject to applicability of the new system and the old system of retirement pensions, iST allocates, from July 2005, an amount at 2% of the total amount of employees' wages to the employee retirement funds every month by having the Commission on Supervision of Labor Retirement Funds deposit the amount into an account with Bank of Taiwan in the name of the Committee.

iST has professional CPAs conduct actuarial calculation of retirement pension reserves every year to ensure that retirement pensions are allocated adequately. For an employee who meets the requirements

provided by the Labor Standards Act for retirement, the pension payment is calculated based on the number of years of service and the average salary of the 6 months immediately before retirement. iST allocates 6% of the salary of each employee to the pension account of the individual with the Labor Insurance Bureau every month in accordance with the Labor Pension Act, and the employee may choose to have a amount within the scope of 6% of his/her salary be allocated to the individual account.

- 4. Agreements between iST and its Employees, and Measures Taken to Protect Interests of Employees
 - (1) iST treats employees as its most valuable assets and pays attention to future development of employees. iST and its employees maintain a harmonious relationship and no labor dispute has occurred.
 - (2) Measures Taken by iST to Care Employees and Maintain Labor Relations:

iST promises to comply with the International Bill of Human Rights. With the spirit of the United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the United Nations Global Compact and the Responsible Business Alliance (RBA) Code of Conduct, iST holds the principles of respecting human rights and putting right persons in right places and takes into account other applicable industrial standards and international conventions. iST equally treats and respects employees and is committed to creating a honest, healthy and safe work environment, ensuring that the safety and hygiene conditions of the work environment are in compliance with standards, and improving the conditions of work environment for all employees and the employees' benefits consistently.

iST extremely emphasizes the development of its labor and business ethics policy. iST advocates the policy through work rules, document management system and announcement system, regularly reviews and optimizes relevant systems, respects human rights of employees, and provide candidates and employees with equal work opportunities that are suitable for them. iST does not allow the recruitment process and appointment decisions to be affected because of any factors, such as race, belief, religion, political party, sex, marital status, disability, sexual orientation, persons protected legally by the government, and other non-work factors. This principle is applicable to recruitment, appointment, training, promotion, salary and welfare. Employees are expected to grow with iST.

(1) Eliminating all Forms of Discrimination and Ensuring Equity of Work Opportunities

iST specifies in its work rules that iST does not allow the recruitment process and appointment decisions to be affected because of any factors, such as race, religion, belief, sex, marital or childbearing status, age, political background, nationality, disability, sexual orientation, constellation, blood type, etc. There was 0 complaint about violation of the recruitment or appointment principle.

(2) Zero Tolerance against Unlawful Violence

iST has established the Guidelines for Prevention from Unlawful Violation During Performance of Duties and the iST Regulations Governing the Masures of Prevention, Complaint and Punishment for Sexual Harassment in Workplace, and guarantees that all employees are free from any physical or mental violence while performing their duties and promises to create a friendly work environment jointly where employees are willing

to communicate and open management is implemented. An educational training program for preventing unlawful violation in the workplace was held, and a total of 230 persons participated. There was 0 complaint about discrimination or harassment.

(3) Interests and Rights of Workers Determined in Accordance with Applicable Laws

An employment contract made between each employee and iST meets applicable regulations of labor and human rights enacted in Taiwan. There was 0 complaint about violation of an employee's human rights.

(4) No Forced Labor

iST makes an employment contract with the employee when the employment relationship is established and guarantees not to have employees slave or coerce them into involuntary servitude.

(5) No Child Labor

iST complies with applicable laws and does not employ either children or young persons under the age of 18. Any activity that may result in employment of a child shall not be permitted.

(6) Protection of Female Employees

iST specifies in its work rules the protection measures for female employees, especially the protection measures for pregnant female employees, including no night work and no hazardous work for female employees.

(7) Working Hours

In its work rules, iST indicates that working hours per day shall not exceed 12 hours, working hours per week shall not exceed 7 days, and the limit of overtime shall be 46 hours per month. Relevant practices are promoted regularly at a labor-management meeting. (8) Competitive Salaries and Excellent Welfare

Levels of salaries and remunerations paid by iST to employees meet applicable regulations. In addition, iST also ensures that the overall salaries and remunerations provided are competitive and relevant welfare is better in the industry. Besides, iST reviews its salary system periodically and offers the holiday system superior to the one provided in the Labor Standards Act, in order to ensure internal fairness and external competitiveness.

(9) Other Measures

- (i) iST has breastfeeding rooms to satisfy employee needs and has also employed nursing personnel in accordance with labor health protection regulations to provide labor health related services and deal with health education matters. In addition, contracted physicians are requested to provide service in the plant.
- (ii) iST also has all employees receive health examination periodically and arranges for doctors and nursing personnel at the plant to provide health consultation service.
- (iii) iST holds pre-service training for new employees to promote compliance with human right protection regulations, and enhances employees' awareness of human rights through its internal communication platform. Training workshops were held for new employees, with 230 participants. The total training hours were 338.
- (iv) iST provides a complete series of educational training for occupational safety. It provides different safety training programs based on the situations that may be faced in workplaces, such as fire drill,

emergency response training, training for first-aid personnel, general safety and health educational training, plant safety training, safety training for supervisors, etc. Safety and health related educational training programs were held in 2022, with 515 participants. The total training hours were 335.

(v) Personal care and supervisor feedback are given to new employees who are employed within 3 months. Team-building programs are also held for new employees to have them better understand core values of iST.

iST will pay attention to issues of human right protection and promote relevant educational training continuously to enhance awareness of human right protection and reduce possibility of relevant risks.

B. Loss incurred due to labor disputes (and date of disposition, disposition file number, article violated, content of article violated, and content of disposition if there was any violation of Labor Standards Act based on the labor inspection result) in the latest year and as of the date of print of the annual report, and the estimated amount to be incurred at present and in the future and measures to be taken in response: None

(VI) Cyber Security Management

- A. Describe the cyber security risk management framework, cyber security policy, specific management scheme, and resources invested for cyber security management.
 - 1. Cyber security risk management framework:
 - (1) Structure of Security Management Control Committee To ensure security of information assets of iST and its customers, iST set up the security control committee at the end of 2018, and obtained the certification of ISO/IEC 27001:2013 Information Security Management System (ISMS) in October 2020. The validity of certification expires on Oct. 15, 2023. Chief Information Security Officer is the convener of the meeting of security control committee. Heads of divisions are members of the committee, and personnel from each functional department take part in the information security task force, emergency response task force, information security audit task force, and document management center, etc. A total of 24 people are involved as stated above. The committee integrates internal resources of iST to conduct risk assessment for information security, and prepares the annual information security plan and inspection standards. In addition, it also coordinates relevant resources and cross-functional activities, takes various information security controls, holds the annual information security educational training for personnel, and deals with information security audit operations. The security control committee holds a meeting every half year to review and resolve on guidelines for and policies of information security and information protection and ensure effectiveness of information security management measures. The committee may also hold a meeting from time to time based on the needs of management of information security risk. The convener of the safety control committee represents the committee and reports to the board of directors every year.

- (2) Assessment and Analysis of Information Security Risk, and Response Measures
- 1). Assessment and Analysis of Information Security Risk: To respond to technological advancement and communication development and strengthen the measures taken to protect document assets of iST and its customers, iST has reviewed internal and external environmental factors. External risks are cyberattack threat and hacking while internal risks are information leak, virus, and computer room management.
- 2). Response Measures:
- a). iST has the security control committee integrate operations of departmental security management procedures and effectively manage security incidents and prevent them from recurring, in hopes of reducing the possibility of information security risks.
- b). iST has various internal management measures, such as anti-virus software, WSUS, firewall management, VLAN management, VPN management, and control mechanisms for various equipment, but iST is unable to guarantee that these measures can completely avoid all malicious attacks from third parties. However, through remote backup, computer room and network HA (High Availability) structure, and the annual disaster recovery drill, iST reviews and evaluates internal procedures to ensure appropriateness and effectiveness of system operation.
- c). iST may encounter computer viruses, destructive software or denial-of-access attacks, or unintentional or malicious actions of employees that may cause leak of customers' data, or damage to customers. In light of the aforementioned circumstances, iST has introduced encryption software into its units to protect experimental conditions, results, reports and other files of customers.
- d). To strengthen its information security management framework, iST obtained the ISO27001 certification in October 2020, and has used many systems, including but not limited to system vulnerability scanning and correction, social attack simulation, and log management and analysis, to ensure effectiveness of information security incident detection.
- e). iST has made efforts to complete necessary facilities and established systems at all levels, but iST is unable to guarantee confidentiality, integrity and availability of information all the time in the environment filled with variable information security threats. If iST cannot solve technical problems caused by cyberattacks in real time, iST's information system and environment may be abnormal or damaged and commitments made by iST to its customers and other stakeholders may also be compromised. Moreover, iST's operating results, financial conditions, prospects and reputation may also be affected adversely.

2. Cyber security policy:

iST has established the information security policy and relevant management guidelines in compliance with ISO 27001, and has also established confidential information management guidelines and relevant personal information management practices after taking into account applicable government regulations. iST reviews the latest information security laws or trends to establish or revise applicable management guidelines to ensure compliance with the information security policy.

Prospects for Information Security Policy	Information Security Objectives
Enhancement of employees'	Hold educational training on information security to enhance employees' awareness of information security and
knowledge	strengthen their awareness of relevant responsibilities.
Avoidance of information leak	Protect information of iST's business activities, prevent unauthorized access and modification and ensure accuracy and completeness of information.
Implementation of routine operation	Conduct internal and external audits periodically to ensure implementation of relevant operations.
Assurance of service availability	Ensure a specific level of availability of iST's key core systems.

3. Specific management scheme, and resources invested for cyber security management:

	chiene.
Strengthening knowledge and skills of personnel	 Enhancement of employees' cyber security awareness: New employees are required to complete the education training on information security arranged for new employees. Each employee receives a follow-up training every year. Enhancement of cyber security awareness: Electronic newsletters or notices about cyber security are sent from time to time to help employees get to know cyber security practices and understand types of the cyber security attacks occurring externally. 14 newsletters/notices were sent in 2022. Cyber attack drills: Phishing email testing is conducted twice a year to verify cyber security awareness of employees. Respect of intellectual property right: iST prohibits using illegally or cracking portable software. Enhancement of cyber security skills: Cyber security technicians are designated from time to time to participate in external training on cyber security tools or programs on hacker attack and defense technology to enhance cyber security literacy and skills. iST arranged for 26 technicians to participate in training in 2022.
Avoiding information disclosure	Encryption: Document encryption software is installed to protect confidential information files and reduce the risk of unauthorized disclosure of confidential information.
uiselesui e	Authorization: Access to the files is controlled by setting levels of authorization based on necessity.
	Network management: Warnings are issued, and inspection is conducted, for abnormal network traffic. Transmitting data to an external unit must be applied for and approved.
	Access control: Employees are not allowed to bring in personal storage devices or use personal equipment to take photos or film.USB ports are banned to be used in storage devices.
Conducting routine maintenance	Audit and improvement: Systems are inspected and improved periodically. New technologies are adopted to enhance data protection. Compliance with requirements of the management

works	system is secured through internal audits conducted periodically and audits conducted by external cyber security certification units. In 2022, an internal audit and an external verification audit were conducted, and the information security task force held a meeting every month to review relevant matters.
Ensuring services being available	Backup management: Important systems are backed up and are renewed or upgraded for cyber security subject to the annual plan. A backup and recovery test was conducted in 2022.
	Cybersecurity: To enhance protection of internal and external cyber attacks, the firewall policy is adjusted and review, the detection of cyber attacks is activated, the anti-virus system is updated periodically, and bugs are repaired and prevented. Enhanced protection is provided for important machines. Micromolecule firewalls are adopted to enhance lateral protection. iST has joined SP-ISAC Cyber Security Framework to receive significant intelligence to share. In 2022, the vulnerability assessment was conducted and information system vulnerabilities were patched as much as possible.

B. Loss suffered by iST, for the latest year and as of the date of print of the annual report, due to significant cyber security incidents, possible impacts therefrom, and measures to be taken in response, or if a reasonable estimate cannot be made, an explanation of the reason why it cannot be made:

As of 2022 and the date of print of the annual report, iST did not incur any loss because of a material cyber security incident and was not fined for any serious incident.

(VII) Important Contracts

Parties to supply and distribution contracts, technical cooperation contracts, engineering contracts, long-term loan contracts, and other contracts that would affect shareholders' equity, which were either still effective as of the date of print of the annual report, or expired in the latest year, and major content, limitation clauses and commencement dates and expiration dates of these contracts:

As of Mar. 31, 2023

Nature of Contract	Party	Term of Contract	Major Content	Limitation Clause
Financing Agreement	Mega International Commercial Bank		Medium-term loan (Syndicated contract)	-
Financing Agreement	Bank SinoPac	2017.03.24-2032.03.24	Long-term loan	-
Financing Agreement	Bank SinoPac	2023.03.30-2025.03.30	Medium-term loan	-
Financing Agreement	СТВС	2022.05.06-2025.05.06	Medium-term loan	-
Financing Agreement	СТВС	2022.11.25-2024.11.25	Medium-term loan	-
Financing Agreement	Hua Nan Bank	2022.11.24-2024.11.24	Medium-term loan	-
Financing	Mega International	2022.06.28-2024.06.27	Medium-term loan	-

Nature o Contract	Party	Term of Contract	Major Content	Limitation Clause
Agreement	Commercial Bank			
Financing Agreement	Bank of Taiwan	2022.11.14-2024.11.14	Medium-term loan	-
Financing Agreement	Bank of Panhsin	2023.03.30-2025.03.30	Medium-term loan	-
Financing Agreement	Agricultural Bank of Taiwan	2021.05.13-2024.05.13	Medium-term loan	-
Financing Agreement	Far Eastern International Bank	2022.09.12-2024.09.12	Medium-term loan	-
Financing Agreement	Gebo Limited	2007.03.01-2027.02.28	Puding Plant	-
Financing Agreement	Dekra iST	2018.11.01-2023.12.31	Plant on Puding Road	-
Financing Agreement	Transglobe Life	2020.09.01-2023.12.31	Dean Technology Park Phase II	-
Financing Agreement	Prosperity Power Technology Inc.	2020.11.01-2025.12.31	Plant II at Hsinchu Science-Based Industrial Park	-
Financing Agreement	Innovative Turnkey Solution	2023.01.01-2027.08.31	Plant II at Hsinchu Science-Based Industrial Park	-

VI. Financial Highlights

- (I) Concise Balance Sheet and Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Latest 5 Years
 - A. Concise Balance Sheet and Statement of Comprehensive Income
 - 1. (1) Concise Balance Sheet-International Financial Reporting Standards (Consolidated)

Unit: in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

	Year	Financial data of the latest 5 years (Note 1)					Financial
		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	data as of
Item							2023 Q1
Curre	ent assets	2,202,666	3,116,853	2,250,560	2,232,860	2,410,742	2,282,128
Property	y, plant and	5,526,208	4,274,321	3,898,490	3,794,212	3,881,876	3,952,399
	ipment						
Intang	ible assets	29,241	14,739	15,723	15,030	14,280	12,564
	er assets	503,908	303,986	64,621	64,267	44,127	45,149
Tota	ıl assets	9,124,395	8,863,839	7,378,837	7,221,525	7,424,156	7,400,185
	Before	2,639,281	3,130,129	1,594,702	1,808,594	2,069,034	2,037,085
Current	distribution						
liabilities	After	2,639,281	3,317,279	1,650,847	1,808,594	2,143,809	2,111,860
	distribution						
Non-curr	ent liabilities	3,530,045	1,602,172	1,852,408	2,088,250	1,952,929	1,943,068
	Before	6,169,326	4,732,301	3,447,110	3,896,844	4,021,963	3,980,153
Total	distribution						
liabilities	After	6,169,326	4,919,451	3,503,255	3,896,844	4,246,288	4,054,928
	distribution						
	nvesting in	2,930,637	4,065,060	3,907,579	3,202,074	3,298,230	3,338,211
	of the parent						
	npany						
	e capital	635,751	935,751	935,751	797,751	747,751	747,751
Capita	al surplus	1,830,912	2,625,954	2,630,865	2,266,955	2,143,012	2,156,372
	Before	534,860	594,233	433,108	232,529	489,920	513,101
Retained	distribution						
earnings	After	534,860	407,083	376,963	232,529	415,145	438,326
	distribution	(=0.00.6)	(0000=0)	(00.4.7)	60 = 4 643	(00 170)	(=0.010)
	r equity	(70,886) 0	(90,878)	(92,145)	(95,161)	(82,453)	(79,013)
	Treasury stock		0	0	0	0	0
Non-controlled interests		24,432	66,478	24,148	122,607	103,963	81,821
	Before	2,955,069	4,131,538	3,931,727	3,324,681	3,402,193	3,420,032
Total	distribution	0075	004:555	0.0======	0.00: 15:	0.00= :::	0015 555
equity	After	2,955,069	3,944,388	3,875,582	3,324,681	3,327,418	3,345,257
	distribution						

Note 1: Financial data of the above-listed years have been certified or audited by CPAs.

(2) Concise Balance Sheet-International Financial Reporting Standards (Individual)

Unit: in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

	Year-		Financial data	of the latest 5	years (Note 1)		Financial
	rear						data as
Item		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	of 2023
Item							Q1
Curre	ent assets	1,288,075	1,677,786	1,704,115	1,590,900	1,842,327	N/A
	y, plant and	4,380,731	4,071,106	3,761,747	3,346,025	3,459,359	N/A
_	ipment						,
	ible assets	11,327	9,458	10,040	7,471	8,009	N/A
	er assets	419,500	179,061	50,705	51,560	34,159	N/A
Tota	al assets	8,129,049	8,312,524	7,355,786	6,738,145	7,060,456	N/A
	Before	1,723,311	2,793,858	1,706,151	1,544,413	1,844,219	N/A
	distribution						14/11
liabilities		1,723,311	2,981,008	1,650,006	1,544,413	1,918,994	N/A
	distribution						11/11
	-current	3,475,101	1,453,606	1,742,056	1,991,658	1,918,007	N/A
lial	bilities						11,711
	Before	5,198,412	4,247,464	3,448,207	3,536,071	3,762,226	N/A
Total	distribution						11,711
liabilities		5,198,412	4,434,614	3,392,062	3,536,071	3,986,551	N/A
	distribution						,
	investing in						
	of the parent	-	-	-	-	-	N/A
	mpany	(05.554	005 554	005.554	505.554	545554	NT / A
-	e capital	635,751	935,751	935,751	797,751	747,751	N/A
Capita	al surplus	1,830,912	2,625,954	2,630,865	2,266,955	2,143,012	N/A
D	Before	534,860	594,233	433,108	232,529	489,920	N/A
	distribution	504060	407.000	256.062	222 522	445445	,
earnings		534,860	407,083	376,963	232,529	415,145	N/A
0.1	distribution	(50,000)	(00.050)	(00.4.45)	(05.4.(4)	(00.450)	Í
	er equity	(70,886)	(90,878)	(92,145)	(95,161)	(82,453)	N/A
	ury stock	0	0	0	0	0	N/A
Non-controlled		-	-	-	-	-	N/A
int	terests	2.020.627	4.065.060	2.007.570	2 202 074	2 200 220	
T-4-1	Before	2,930,637	4,065,060	3,907,579	3,202,074	3,298,230	N/A
Total	distribution	2.020.627	2 077 010	2 051 424	2 202 074	2 222 455	
equity	After	2,930,637	3,877,910	3,851,434	3,202,074	3,223,455	N/A
	distribution						•

Note 1: Financial data of the above-listed years have been certified or audited by CPAs.

2. (1) Concise Statement of Comprehensive Income-International Financial Reporting Standards (Consolidated)

Unit: in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, except for earnings per share in NTD

Year			a of the latest 5 y	vears (Note 1)	0- P	Financial
Item	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	data as of 2023 Q1
Operating revenue	2,211,612	2,519,925	3,042,863	3,213,788	3,742,682	981,318
Gross profit	304,156	402,377	838,946	801,712	1,015,822	279,580
Operating profit (loss)	(282,065)	(211,114)	227,045	188,532	334,883	104,426
Non-operating incomes and expenses	(15,106)	(17,200)	30,233	23,699	133,230	(427)
Profit before tax	(297,171)	(228,314)	257,278	212,231	468,113	103,999
Net profit of continuing operations for this year	(313,071)	(225,032)	230,007	123,169	386,502	75,814
Loss of discontinued operations	9,410	264,150	-	-	-	-
Net profit (loss) for this year	(303,661)	39,118	230,007	123,169	386,502	75,814
Other comprehensive income (loss) for this year (Net after tax)	(7,560)	(21,277)	(2,622)	(6,139)	18,240	3,440
Total comprehensive profit/loss for this year	(311,221)	17,841	227,385	117,030	404,742	79,254
Net profit vesting in owners of the parent company	(189,798)	76,927	262,069	179,708	405,146	97,956
Net profit vesting in non-controlling interests	(113,863)	(37,809)	(32,062)	(56,539)	(18,644)	(22,142)
Total comprehensive profit (loss) vesting in owners of the parent company	(197,460)	55,946	259,501	173,569	423,386	101,396
Total comprehensive profit (loss) vesting in non- controlling interests	(113,761)	(38,105)	(32,116)	(56,539)	(18,644)	(22,142)
Earnings per share	(2.99)	1.10	2.80	2.02	5.33	1.31

Note 1: Financial data of the above-listed years have been certified or audited by CPAs.

(2) Concise Statement of Comprehensive Income-International Financial Reporting Standards (Individual)

Unit: in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, except for earnings per share in NTD

Year	Financial data of the latest 5 years (Note 1)					Financial data as
Item	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	of 2023 Q1
Operating revenue	1,911,092	2,214,860	2,746,049	2,755,003	3,213,134	N/A
Gross profit	338,765	395,011	811,072	862,412	984,894	N/A
Operating profit (loss)	(112,772)	(119,698)	290,589	395,735	454,246	N/A
Non-operating incomes and expenses	(61,286)	188,342	(1,355)	(131,186)	32,501	N/A
Profit before tax	(174,058)	68,644	289,234	264,549	486,747	N/A
Net profit of continuing operations for this year	(189,798)	76,927	262,069	179,708	405,146	N/A
Loss of discontinued operations	-	-	-	-	-	N/A
Net profit (loss) for this year	(189,798)	76,927	262,069	179,708	405,146	N/A
Other comprehensive income (loss) for this year (Net after tax)	(7,662)	(20,981)	(2,568)	(6,139)	18,240	N/A
Total comprehensive profit/loss for this year	(197,460)	55,946	259,501	173,569	423,386	N/A
Net profit vesting in owners of the parent company		-	-	-	-	N/A
Net profit vesting in non-controlling interests		-	-	-	-	N/A
Total comprehensive profit (loss) vesting in owners of the parent company		-	-	-	-	N/A
Total comprehensive profit (loss) vesting in non-controlling interests		-	-	-	-	N/A
Earnings per share	(2.99)	1.10	2.80	2.02	5.33	N/A

Note 1: Financial data of the above-listed years have been certified or audited by CPAs.

Amounts of capitalized interest for the latest 5 years are as follows:

Unit: in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

			Omt. m	nousanus or ne	w Taiwaii Dollai S		
Year		Financial data of the latest 5 years					
Item	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022		
Amount of capitalized interest	\$15,641	\$ 5,631	\$ 3,323	\$ 3,100	\$ 6,029		

B.

Certification for the latest 5 years

1. Name of the CPA certifying financial statements for the latest 5 years, and the audit opinion:

Year	Name of Firm	CPA	Audit Opinion
2017	Deloitte & Touche	Yeh Tung-Hui and	Unqualified opinion and
		Tsai Mei-Chen	the Other Matters section
2018	Deloitte & Touche	Huang Yu-Feng and	Unqualified opinion and
		Tsai Mei-Chen	the Other Matters section
2019	Deloitte & Touche	Huang Yu-Feng and	Unqualified opinion and
		Tsai Mei-Chen	the Other Matters section
2020	Deloitte & Touche	Huang Yu-Feng and	Unqualified opinion and
		Tsai Mei-Chen	the Other Matters section
2021	Deloitte & Touche	Huang Yu-Feng and	Unqualified opinion and
		Tsai Mei-Chen	the Other Matters section
2022	Deloitte & Touche	Huang Yu-Feng and	Unqualified opinion and
		Tsai Mei-Chen	the Other Matters section

(II) Financial Analysis for the Latest 5 Years

A. 1 Financial analysis -International Financial Reporting Standards (Consolidated)

	Finan	cial analy	sis for the	e latest 5	years	As of	
Item		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023 Q1
Financial	Debt to total assets	67.61	53.39	46.72	53.56	54.17	53.78
structure(%)	Long-term fund to property,	117.35	121.22	151.70	142.66	137.95	135.69
Structure (70)	plant and equipment						
Solvency	Current ratio	83.46	99.58	141.13	123.46	116.52	112.03
(%)	Quick ratio	71.37	94.37	134.73	117.60	109.15	105.10
(70)	Interest protection multiples	-2.21	-1.58	4.98	6.75	11.11	8.59
	Receivables turnover (times)	2.84	2.54	3.01	2.74	2.89	2.92
	Average days to collect receivables	129	144	121	133	126	125
Operating	Inventory turnover (times)	-	-	-	-	-	•
ability	Payables turnover (times)	13.78	10.40	10.55	11.23	11.15	10.73
	Average days to sell inventory	-	-	-	-	-	-
	PPE turnover (times)	0.61	0.49	0.75	0.84	0.98	1.00
	Total asset turnover (times)	0.33	0.28	0.37	0.44	0.51	0.53
	Return on assets(%)	-2.55	1.22	3.47	2.09	5.78	4.68
	Return on equity(%)	-9.72	1.10	5.71	3.39	11.49	8.89
Profitability	Pre-tax income to paid-in	-45.99	-24.40	27.49	26.60	62.60	55.86
Fioritability	capital ratio(%)						
	Net profit margin(%)	-10.05	1.55	7.56	3.83	10.33	7.73
	Earnings per share (NTD)	-2.99	1.10	2.80	2.02	5.33	
Cash flows	Cash flow ratio	22.82	23.39	71.05	45.21	56.62	29.91
(%)	Cash flow adequacy ratio	26.12	29.35	42.52	51.96	101.71	121.44
(/0)	Cash re-investment ratio	5.79	8.57	10.83	5.00	13.47	
Leverage	Operating leverage	-6.45	-7.86	9.23	11.71	7.64	
Leverage	Financial leverage	0.76	0.70	1.40	1.24	1.16	1.15
			_	_			_

Reasons of changes in financial ratios over the latest 2 fiscal years: (No analysis is required if such change is less than 20%.)

- 1. Interest protection multiples rose because the pre-tax income for 2022 increased significantly.
- 2. Return on assets rose mainly because the net profit after tax for 2022 increased, compared with that for 2021.
- 3. Return on equity rose mainly because the net profit after tax for 2022 increased, compared with that for 2021.
- 4. Pre-tax income to paid-in capital ratio rose mainly because the pre-tax income for 2022 increased, compared with that for 2021.
- 5. Net profit margin rose mainly because the net profit after tax for 2022 increased.
- 6. Earnings per share rose mainly because the profit for 2022 increased.
- 7. Cash flow ratio rose mainly because the cash generated from operating activities for 2022 increased.
- 8. Cash flow adequacy ratio rose mainly because the cash dividends distributed for 2022 decreased.
- 9. Cash re-investment ratio rose mainly because the cash generated from operating activities for 2022 increased and the distributed cash dividends decreased.

2. Financial analysis -International Financial Reporting Standards (Individual)

Year	Financial analysi	Financial ana				s (marriad	As of 2023
Item		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Q1
	Debt to total	63.95	51.10	46.88	52.48	53.29	N/A
	assets						
Financial	Long-term fund	146.23	126.07	153.69	155.22	150.79	N/A
structure(%)							
	plant and						
	equipment		.	00.00	100.01	00.00	37./4
	Current ratio	74.74	60.05	99.88	103.01	99.90	
Solvency	Quick ratio	64.30	53.07	96.05	99.33	93.82	,
(%)	Interest	-2.18	1.85	6.07	9.47	12.81	N/A
	protection						
	multiples	0.05	0.65	2.00	0.50	2.66	37./4
	Receivables	2.35	2.67	2.90	2.52	2.66	N/A
	turnover (times)	155	107	106	1.45	405	NI / A
	Average days to	155	137	126	145	137	N/A
	collect						
	receivables						NI / A
	Inventory	-	-	-	-	-	N/A
Operating	turnover (times)	10.60	10.42	0.70	0.62	10.20	NI / A
ability	Payables	10.69	10.43	9.78	9.63	10.29	N/A
_	turnover (times)						NI / A
	Average days to	-	-	-	-	-	N/A
	sell inventory	0.51	0.51	0.71	0.70	0.04	NI / A
	PPE turnover	0.51	0.51	0.71	0.78	0.94	N/A
	(times)	0.24	0.27	0.25	0.20	0.47	NI / A
	Total asset	0.24	0.27	0.35	0.39	0.47	N/A
	turnover (times)	1 01	1.72	2.02	2.00	(25	NI / A
	Return on	-1.81	1./2	3.93	2.90	6.35	N/A
	assets(%)	-6.22	2.20	6.57	T 0.0	12.47	NI / A
	Return on	-6.22	2.20	6.57	5.06	12.47	N/A
	equity(%) Pre-tax income	-27.38	7.34	30.91	33.16	65.09	NI / A
Profitability	to paid-in capital		7.34	30.91	33.10	03.09	N/A
Promability	ratio(%)						
	Net profit	-9.93	3.47	9.54	6.52	12.61	N/A
	margin(%)	7.73	3.17	7.51	0.52	12.01	11/11
	Earnings per	-2.99	1.10	2.80	2.02	5.33	N/A
	share (NTD)	2.77	1.10	2.00	2.02	5.55	11,71
	,	20.11	13.00	93.45	42.91	60.65	N/A
	Cash flow ratio	20:11	20.00	70.10	12.72	00.00	1.,12
Cash flows (%)	Cash flow	26.59	28.01	49.81	55.48	105.00	N/A
	adequacy ratio						
	Cash re-	3.63	5.27	18.48	4.16	15.04	N/A
	investment ratio						,
	Operating	40.40	40.04	(10	4.04	4.00	N/A
T	leverage	-10.40	-12.01	6.48	4.91	4.98	,
Leverage	Financial	0.65	0.60	1 24	1.00	1 10	N/A
	leverage	0.67	0.60	1.24	1.09	1.10	'
D f -l-	anges in financial		- 1-44 2 C-	1 (N	[]! - :		<u> </u>

Reasons of changes in financial ratios over the latest 2 fiscal years: (No analysis is required if such change is less than 20%.)

- 1. Interest protection multiples rose because the pre-tax income for 2022 increased.
- 2. PPE turnover rose mainly because the operating revenue for 2022 increased, compared with that for 2021.
- 3. Total asset turnover rose mainly because the operating revenue increased, compared with that for 2021.
- 4. Return on assets rose mainly because the net profit after tax for 2022 increased, compared with that for 2021.
- 5. Return on equity rose mainly because the net profit after tax for 2022 increased, compared with that for 2021.
- 6. Net profit margin rose mainly because the net profit after tax for 2022 increased.
- 7. Earnings per share rose mainly because the profit for 2022 increased.
- 8. Cash flow ratio rose mainly because the cash generated from operating activities for 2022 increased.
- 9. Cash re-investment ratio rose mainly because the cash generated from operating activities for 2022 increased and the distributed cash dividends decreased.

Calculation Formula for Financial Analysis

1. Financial Structure

- (1) Debt to total assets ratio = Total liabilities / Total assets
- (2) Long-term fund to property, plant and equipment ratio = (Total equity + Non-current liabilities) / Net property, plant and equipment

2. Solvency

- (1) Current ratio = Current assets / Current liabilities
- (2) Quick ratio = (Current assets Inventory Prepaid expenses) / Current liabilities
- (3) Interest protection multiples = Earnings before interest and tax / Interest expenses for this year

3. Operating Ability

- (1) Receivables (including accounts receivable and notes receivable generated from business) turnover = Net sales / Balance of average receivables (including accounts receivable and notes receivable generated from business) for each term
- (2) Average days to collect receivables = 365 / Receivables turnover
- (3) Inventory turnover = Sales cost / Average inventory
- (4) Payables (including accounts payable and notes payable generated from business) turnover = Sales cost / Balance of average payables (including accounts payable and notes payable generated from business) for each term
- (5) Average days to sell inventory = 365 / Inventory turnover
- (6) PPE turnover = Net sales / Average net property, plant and equipment
- (7) Total asset turnover = Net sales / Total average assets

4. Profitability

- (1) Return on assets = [Profit (loss) after tax + Interest expenses x (1 Tax rate)] / Total average assets
- (2) Return on equity = Profit (loss) after tax / Total average equity
- (3) Net profit margin = Profit (loss) after tax / Net sales
- (4) Earnings per share = (Profit (loss) vesting to owners of the parent company Preferred stock dividends) / Weighted average shares issued

5. Cash Flows

- (1) Cash flow ratio = Net cash flows from operating activities / Current liabilities
- (2) Net cash flow adequacy ratio = Net cash flows from operating activities for the latest 5 years / (Capital expenditure + Increase in inventory + Cash dividends) for the latest 5 years
- (3) Cash re-investment ratio = (Net cash flows from operating activities Cash dividends) / (Gross property, plant and equipment + Long-term investment + Other non-current assets + Working capital)

6. Leverage:

- (1) Operating leverage = (Net operating revenue Variable operating cost and expenses) / Operating profit
- (2) Financial leverage = Operating profit / (Operating profit Interest expenses)

(III) Audit Committee's Review Report for the Financial Report of the Latest Year

Audit Committee's Review Report

The board of directors, duly authorized, has prepared the iST business report and financial statements for the year ended Dec. 31, 2022 as well as the earning distribution proposal. Deloitte & Touche, commissioned by iST to audit the financial statements, has certified the financial statements successfully and issue its audit report. The aforementioned business report, financial statements and earning distribution proposal have been audited by the audit committee, which believes they have satisfied all legal requirements. This report is hereby issued in accordance with Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Act.

The report is presented to

2023 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of Integrated Service Technology Inc.

Audit Committee Convenor: Yu Chuo-Min

Mar. 14, 2023

- (IV) Financial Report of the Latest Year: Pages 144 ~231
- (V) Parent Company Only Financial Report of the Latest Year Certified by CPAs: Pages 232 \sim 323
- (VI) Effect of any financial difficulty of iST or its affiliate on the financial conditions of iST for the latest year and as of the date of print of the annual report: None

VII. Financial Conditions, Review and Analysis of Financial Performance and Risks

(I) Financial Conditions Comparative Analysis on Financial Conditions:

Unit: in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

Year Item	2021	2022	Variance		
item			Amount	%	
Current assets	2,232,860	2,410,742	177,882	8	
Property, plant and equipment	3,794,212	3,881,876	87,664	2	
Intangible assets	15,030	14,280	(750)	(5)	
Other assets	64,267	44,127	(20,140)	(31)	
Total assets	7,221,525	7,424,156	202,631	3	
Current liabilities	1,808,594	2,069,034	260,440	14	
Non-current liabilities	2,088,250	1,952,929	(135,321)	(6)	
Total liabilities	3,896,844	4,021,963	125,119	3	
Share capital	797,751	747,751	(50,000)	(6)	
Capital surplus	2,266,955	2,143,012	(123,943)	(5)	
Retained earnings	232,529	489,920	257,391	111	
Total shareholders' equity	3,324,681	3,402,193	77,512	2	

Explanation for the variance of financial status and business result that reaches 20% or more and of which the amount reaches NTD 10 million:

^{1.} Other assets decreased because the prepayments for business facilities in 2021 were recognized as fixed assets.

^{2.} Retained earnings increased mainly because the net profit for 2022 increased.

(II) Financial Performance

Analysis of results of business operation for the latest 2 years:

A. Analysis of business operation results:

Unit: in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

Year	2021	2022	Amount of increase	Ratio of
Item	2021	2022	(decrease)	change (%)
Total operating revenue Operating cost	3,213,788 2,412,076	3 /4/hX/	· ·	
Gross profit	801,712	1,015,822	214,110	27
Operating expenses	613,180	680,939	67,759	11
Net operating profit	188,532	334,883	146,351	78
Non-operating incomes and expenses	23,699	133,230	109,531	462
Profit before tax	212,231	468,113	255,882	121
Income tax expenses	89,062	81,611	(7,451)	(8)
Total comprehensive profit (loss) for this year	117,030	404,742	287,712	246
Net profit after tax	\$123,169	386,502	263,333	214

Analysis on increases and decreases:

Explanation for the variance of financial status and business result that reaches 20% or more and of which the amount reaches NTD 10 million:

- 1. Gross profit increased mainly because the booming semi-conductor industry resulted in increase in operating revenue.
- 2. Net operating profit increased mainly because the booming semi-conductor industry resulted in increase in operating revenue.
- 3. Non-operating incomes and expenses increased mainly because the share of profit/loss of the associates accounted for using the equity method increased and the net gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment increased.
- 4. Pre-tax income increased mainly because both the net operating profit and the non-operating incomes increased.
- 5. The total comprehensive profit for this year and the net profit after tax increased mainly because the net profit after tax increased.
 - B. Possible effect of the expected sales volume and the basis thereof on iST's financial operations, and measures to be taken in response:
 - iST is in the technical service industry, so it is impossible to calculate sales volume. However, the sales value of various services may be predicted based on business conditions, market research and forecast of future orders in 2022. With verification energy accumulated for more than 20 years, iST's engineering service platform has covered upstream IC design, foundry, wafer probe and other customer groups. The sales value of technical services may therefore be growing stably.

(III) Cash Flows

A. Analysis of Cash Flow Changes for the Latest Year

Unit: in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

	Net cash flows from operating	I ach finwe lican	Effect of changes in	Amount of	Remedy f	
	activates for the whole year	ιη της τλησία	exchange rate on cash and cash equivalent	cash left (shortage)	Investment plan	Financial planning
844,879	1,171,484	(1,155,321)	14,305	875,347	_	_

Analysis of changes in cash flows for 2022:

- 1. Operating activities: Cash provided by operating activities for the whole year was NTD 1,171,484 thousand, which was because operating revenue increased.
- 2. Investing activities: Net cash used in investing activities for the whole year was NTD 743,835 thousand, which was because of purchase of machinery equipment.
- 3. Financing activities: Net cash used in financing activities for the whole year was NTD 411,486 thousand, which was because of purchase of treasury stock and payment of cash dividends.
- 4. Remedy for cash shortage and liquidity analysis: N/A
 - B. Plan to Improve Inadequacy of Liquidity: No inadequacy of liquidity.

C. Future Cash Liquidity Analysis

Unit: in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

Cash balance	Not each flows from			Remedy for ca	ash shortage
at the beginning of the year	Net cash flows from operating activates for the whole year	Cash flows used in the whole year	Amount of cash left (shortage)	Investment plan	Financial planning
875,347	1,175,082	(1,198,286)	852,143		_

Analysis of changes in cash flows for 2023:

- 1. Operating activities: Cash provided by operating activities for the whole year was NTD 1,175,082 thousand, which was because operating revenue increased.
- 2. Investing activities: Net cash used in investing activities for the whole year was NTD 1,048,961 thousand, which was because of purchase of machinery equipment.
- 3. Financing activities: Net cash used in financing activities for the whole year was NTD 149,325 thousand, which was due to payment of dividends in cash.
- 4. Remedy for cash shortage and liquidity analysis: N/A

(IV) Effect of Material Capital Expenditure on Financial Business for the Latest Year: None

(V) Reinvestment Policy for the Latest Year, Main Reason for Profit or Loss, Improvement Plan and Other Investment Plans for the Next Year

As of 2023.03.31

	1	I	T		AS 01 2023.03.31
Explanation Item	Amount	Policy	Main Reason for Profit or Loss	Improvement Plan	Other Future Investment Plans
SERVICE TECHNOLOGY INC.(Samoa)	USD 10,000 thousand	China, which is invested 100% by iST through reinvestment from a third place	Recognizing profits of IST Kunshan Company and losses of Seychelles IST		To observe business operation in the future continuously before making a decision to increase or decrease investments
	NTD 192,624 thousand	SÉ	Profits due to increase in automotive electronic testing business and effective control of cost	None	None
	NTD 95,225 thousand	span compulsory certification and regulation testing markets with respect to electronic products made in China	Profits due to significant increase in 5G security WIFI testing business		None
1	NTD 197,000 thousand	directly	Company and PPT Company	Being devoted to enhance efficiency of business operation of the investee and help it reduce cost	None
Supreme Fortune Corp.	USD 1,655 thousand	A subsidiary 100% invested by iST directly, which is a holding company established in the third place for making investments in Mainland China indirectly	Recognizing investment losses of Hot Light Co., Ltd.	None	None
	thousand	directly and indirectly	Loss being mitigated and not so much as that for 2021 because of the good control of costs and expenses and the gains on disposal of fixed assets	Expanding new customers and new manufacturing processes continuously	To observe the status of orders continuously and respond conservatively based on the situations
	NTD 25,200 thousand		Incapability of continuing its operation mainly due to lack of competitiveness causing shortage of working capital	February 2022	None
Technology Inc.	NTD 499,500 thousand	an eetiy ana man eetiy	Loss incurred because of failure to reach economies of scale, and then mitigated and not so much as that for 2021	new manufacturing processes continuously	None
EFUN Technology Inc .	NTD 3,700 thousand		Increase in orders for 2022 and good control of expenses	None	None

Huan Ying	NTD 5,100	An affiliate 29% invested by Pin	Increase in orders for 2022 and good	None	None
Sustainable	thousand	Wen Co., Ltd.	control of costs and expenses		
Development					
Technology					
INTEGRATED	USD 6,159	A subsidiary 100% invested	Paying consultant fees and	None	To observe business operation in
SERVICE	thousand		recognizing profits of IST Kunshan		the future continuously before
TECHNOLOGY		holding company established in	Company		making a decision to increase or
INC.(Seychelles)		the third place for making			decrease investments
		investments in Mainland China			
Integrated Service	USD 3,130	A subsidiary 100% invested	Profits for 2022 mainly because	None	None
Technology USA	thousand	through Samoa IST	orders increased and costs and		
Inc.			expenses were controlled well		
	USD 3,700	A company in Mainland China	Increase in orders in 2022 and	None	None
Technology	thousand		good control of costs and expenses		
(Kunshan) Co., Ltd.		reinvested and established in the			
(IST KS Company)		third area			
Hot Light Co .,Ltd	USD 1,655	A subsidiary 100% invested	Recognizing losses of SIP KS Company	Reducing the scale of business	None
	thousand	cin ough supreme rortaine dorpi,	and profits of Elitist Company		
		which is a holding company			
		established in the third place for			
		making investments in Mainland			
		China			
,	USD 1,620	A company in Mainland China	Loss incurred due to failure to	Reducing the scale of business	To observe business operation in
Professional	thousand		reach economies of scale		the future continuously before
Technology(SIP KS		reinvested and established in the			making a decision to increase or
Company)		third area			decrease investments
Elitist Design	USD 125		No operating activity in 2022	Reducing the scale of business	To observe business operation in
Technology Inc.	thousand	by a company reinvested and			the future continuously before
		established in the third area			making a decision to increase or
					decrease investments
* * *	CNY 2,500	ir company in rannana cinna	Increase in orders for 2022	None	None
Technology	thousand	reinvested by a company			
(Kunshan)		reinvested and established in the			
Co.,Ltd.(IST-trade		third area			
KS Company)					

- (VI) Analysis and Assessment of Risks
 - A. Effect of interest and exchange rate fluctuations and inflation on iST's profit or loss, and measures to be taken in response:
 - 1. Effect of interest rate fluctuation on iST's operating revenue and profit: Effect of interest rate fluctuation on iST's operating revenue and profit: iST's interest rate risk mainly comes from intrest payments for loans from the bank. As the interest rate has been raised in recent years, interest imposed at floating rate on a loan also increases
 - However, iST has a good relationship with the bank, so it is able to obtain favorable interest rate conditions. iST has obtained a subsidy, for its interest payments, granted by the National Development Fund under the Investment Acceleration Program for Enterprises in Taiwan. Interest expenses will be reduced effectively in the future, and the impact of interest rate fluctuation on iST's profit will be mitigated.
 - 2. Effect of exchange rate fluctuation on iST's operating revenue and profit: Specific Measures Taken to Respond to Exchange Rate Fluctuation: To effectively reduce negative impact of exchange rate fluctuation on iST's business operation, iST will proceed with the following:
 - (1) iST collects information of exchange rate fluctuation anytime and provide it to relevant units to be fully aware of the trend of exchange rate, and takes measures properly to do foreign exchange.
 - (2) With respect to arrangement of foreign exchange funds, iST conducts hedge trading for some foreign exchange payments for equipment, and secures transaction cost by acquiring a forward exchange agreement in advance. It also uses its foreign exchange income, or gets a foreign currency loan from the bank, to pay foreign exchange expenses. iST tries to reduce foreign exchange risks effectively by balancing foreign currency assets and liabilities.
 - 3. Effect of Inflation: Inflation has no significant effect on iST's business operation and profitability. iST will pay attention to price fluctuations from time to time and maintain a good relationship with suppliers to reduce the effect of inflation.
 - 4. Risk Management Framework: Operational risks are managed by relevant management units subject to the nature of its business. Existing or potential risks for each operation are reviewed and assessed by the audit unit.
 - B. Policies for high-risk investment, highly leveraged investment, loans to other parties, endorsement, guarantee and derivatives transaction, main reasons for profits/losses generated thereby, and measures to be taken in response:
 - 1. iST has never made any high-risk or highly leveraged investment.
 - 2. iST has established its internal management regulations, including the Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets and the Procedures for Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements / Guarantees, in accordance with applicable regulations provided by the competent authority. iST conducts derivatives transactions only for avoidance of interest rate and exchange rate risks, not for trading or speculative purposes. The only company to which iST lent funds in 2022 is Innovative Turnkey Solution. Relevant operations were completed in accordance with the Procedures for Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements / Guarantees As of the date of print of the annual report, Innovative Turnkey Solution did not made any drawdown request.

C. Future research and development plans, and expenditures expected for research and development:

Research and development work of iST is carried out in the following direction:

- 1. Advanced process, advanced package validation platform
- 2. Space electronic product verification platform
- 3. Automotive electronic verification platform
- 4. Low Temperature Soldering (LTS) process verification platform
- 5. Wide band gap semiconductor verification platform

Expenditures expected for research and development in the future are about 3~5% of iST's business turnover.

- D. Effect of foreign and domestic important policies and changes in applicable laws on iST's financial operation, and measures to be taken in response:
 - iST operates in accordance with applicable domestic and foreign laws and regulations and also pays attention to development trends of domestic and foreign policies and regulations all the time in order to fully understand the change of the market environment. In the latest year and as of the date of print of the annual report, iST" s financial business was not impacted because of changes in any domestic or foreign important policies or laws. In addition to collecting and evaluating information of changes in any domestic or foreign important policies or laws and providing such information for the management for reference, iST will also consult relevant professionals and take response measures timely to reduce any adverse impact of changes in any domestic or foreign important policies or laws.
- E. Effect of technology change (including cyber security risks) and industrial change on iST's financial operation, and measures to be taken in response: To respond to future technology, cyber security risk and industrial change, iST takes customers' needs into account and continuously develops services in line with industrial trends based on its abundant experience to enhance its competitiveness in hopes of getting to know technology change and satisfying the needs of customers and markets.
- F. Effect of changes in iST's corporate image on its crisis management, and measures to be taken in response:
 - iST has been committed to maintaining its corporate image and complying with applicable laws since it was incorporated. As of the date, no incident occurred to affect its corporate image.
- G. Expected benefits and possible risks associated with any merger, and measures to be taken in response: None
- H. Expected benefits and possible risks associated with any plant expansion, and measures to be taken in response:
 - For growth of iST's business, iST set up a laboratory in Tai Yuen Hi-Tech Industrial Park, Zhubei in 2022 after evaluating the existing and future business and manpower demand. Relevant arrangements and demand have also been evaluated and analyzed carefully to have the efficiency of the laboratory space satisfying the requirements for its business and adequately supporting the services provided for customers. The efficiency evaluated currently meets iST's expectations.
- I. Risks associated with any consolidation of sales or purchasing operations, and measures to be taken in response:
 - iST engages in testing services and does not need to purchase raw materials. It uses a small quantity of materials during provision of services. Materials supplied come from more than two sources, so no risk of concentration of purchases exists. In addition, iST provides customers with reliability verification, failure analysis, material

analysis, IC circuit repair, signal testing and other testing services, covering advanced packaging, advanced processes, semiconductors, 5G verification, automotive electronics, space electronics and other fields. iST has lots of customers and no risk of concentration of sales exists.

- J. Effect on and risk to iST when a great quantity of shares held a director or supervisor, or a shareholder holding more than 10% of shares of iST has been transferred or changed, and measures to be taken in response: None
- K. Effect on and risk to iST when the ownership of iST has been changed, and measures to be taken in response: None
- L. List major litigious, non-litigious or administrative disputes that involve iST or its director, supervisor or general manager, the person actually in charge of iST, any key shareholder holding more than 10% of iST's shares or any affiliate controlled by iST. If the judgment may probably has a great effect on shareholders' equity or the price of securities, disclose the facts of the dispute, amount of money concerned in the dispute, date of litigation commencement, main parties to the dispute, and the status of the dispute as of the date of print of the annual report.

Phoenix Silicon International Corporation ("Phoenix Silicon") brought a suit in September 2019 against iST for patent infringement and requested the court to give a ruling requiring iST to compensate Phoenix Silicon for its loss and not to use the patented process any more. Intellectual Property Court gave a ruling on June 23, 2020 dismissing the patent infringement litigation brought by Phoenix Silicon. The court found that the patent right stated in Phoenix Silicon's patent certificate No. I588880 was the combination with general knowledge and did not have the nature of obviousness, so it ruled that the patent was invalid and litigation costs should be paid by the plaintiff Phoenix Silicon. However, Phoenix Silicon still had the right to appeal. In August 2010, iST received the appeal made by Phoenix Silicon. For the civil case, Intellectual Property Court ruled on June 4, 2021 that it was invalid and rejected the claim made by Phoenix Silicon. In October 2021, iST received the original copy of the civil judgment No. Tai-Shang-Zi-2700 of 2021 from the supreme court, which dismissed the appeal made by Phoenix Silicon. The judgment was final. This event did not have a significant effect on iST's financial conditions. Relevant operating activates were conducted normally.

Phoenix Silicon previously accused an employee of iST of misappropriating the trade secrets of Phoenix Silicon. After the investigation concluded, iST received on Feb. 24, 2021 the indictment from Taiwan Hsinchu District Prosecutors Office against the employee and his/her employer iST, and also received in March 2021 the criminal and civil complaint submitted by Phoenix Silicon to Taiwan Hsinchu District Court. In the complaint, Phoenix Silicon claimed that its trade secrets were reproduced and used by iST and its employee without authorization and the concerned parties should compensate Phoenix Silicon for its loss. iST believed that the aforementioned lawsuit did not have significant effect on its financial conditions. Relevant operating activates were conducted normally.

M. Other important risks, and measures to be taken in response: None

(VII) Other Important Matters:

Cyber security risk assessment analysis, corresponding measures, and other important matters associated with risk assessment:

A. Cyber security risk assessment analysis:

With rapid progress of technology and communication development, some employees affected by the COVID-19 pandemic may work remotely. To protect document assets of iST and customers, iST conducts a review of internal and external environmental factors. External risks are cyber attack threat and hacker attack while internal risks are unauthorized disclosure of information, computer virus, and computer cluster management.

- B. Corresponding measures, and other important matters associated with risk assessment:
 - 1. The security management control committee integrates all departments to operate pursuant to the security management procedures. It also manages security events effectively and takes measures to prevent their recurrence in hopes of reducing cyber security risks.
 - 2. iST has prepared various management measures, such anti-virus software, WSUS, firewall management, VLAN management, VPN management and many control mechanisms for management of machinery equipment. However, even with these measures, perfect avoidance of malicious attacks from a third party cannot be guaranteed. Appropriateness and effectiveness of systems can be secured through remote backup, high availability (HA) framework of computer clusters and networks, and annual disaster recovery drill, and by review and evaluation of internal procedures.
 - 3. iST may encounter computer viruses, destructive software and ransomware, and data of its customers may be divulged or damaged due to any unintentional or malicious act of an employee. As the result, iST has installed document encryption software to protect the experimental conditions, results, reports and other files of customers.
 - 4. To strengthen the information security framework, iST obtained ISO27001 certification in October 2010 and taken effective measures, including but not limited to system vulnerability assessment and correction, social attack drill, and log management and analysis, to ensure the effectiveness of detection of cyber security incidents.
 - 5. Even though iST has made every effort to provide equipment and establish systems, yet iST is unable to guarantee that confidentiality, completeness and availability of all information is guaranteed all the time in the environment filled with changeable and various information security threats. If iST is unable to timely solve technical problems caused by cyber attacks, iST's information system and environment may probably become abnormal or damaged, and the commitments made by iST to customers and other stakeholders may also be impaired because of such abnormality and damage. Furthermore, iST's business results, financial conditions, prospects and reputation may also be impacted negatively.

VIII. Special Records

- (I) Information Relevant to Affiliated Enterprises
 - A. Consolidated Statements of Operation of Affiliated Enterprises
- 1. Affiliated Enterprise Organization Chart iST Reinvestment Framework 112.3.31 INTEGRATED **SERVICE** TECHNOLOGY INC. 30%, 75% <u>|</u> 38% 10% 100% 100% 49% 100% Prosperity **SURPEME** Innovative 13% Global 6% Pin Wen Dekra Power Turnkey **FPORTUNE** SAMOA IST BTL Inc. Corp. Company Social Inc. Technology CORP. Solution Inc. 29% 26% 100% 100% 100% ₩ **EFUN Huan Ying HOT LIGHT** Integrated USA Technology **IST-Seychelles** Sustainable CO., LTD Inc. DevelopmentC Technology 100% 100% ▼ 100% System IST (Kenshan) Elitist Design Inspection Integration Technology Technology Professional Inc. Service Co., Ltd. Technology 100% **Instrument Supply** Technology (Kunshan) Co.,Ltd

2. Name of Affiliated Enterprise, Date of Incorporation, Address, Paid-in Capital, and Main Business Items

Mar. 31, 2023 In thousands of USD; in thousands of NTD; in thousands of CNY

Т		3 In thousands of USD; in		D; III UIOUSAIIUS OI CIVI
Name of Enterprise	Date of Incorporation	Address	Amount of Paid- in Capital	Main Business Item
INTEGRATED SERVICE TECHNOLOGY INC.(Samoa)	January 2002	OFFSHORE CHAMBERS,PO BOX217 APIA,SAMOA	USD 4,917	Investment
INTEGRATED SERVICE TECHNOLOGY INC.(Seychelles)	June 2018	No.4,Franky Building Providence Industrial Estate, Mahe, Seychelles	USD 6,159	Investment
Integrated Service Technology USA Inc.	January 2007	1055 E Brokaw Rd, STE 30, #141, San Jose, CA 95131	USD 3,130	development and manufacturing of Integrated circuits, analysis and burn-in, testing, semiconductor spare parts and relevant equipment, electronic spare parts, etc.
Pin Wen Corp	May 2010	1F, No. 18, Puding Road, Hsinchu City	58,412	Investment
Dekra Company	July 2011	1F, No. 18, Puding Road, Hsinchu City	393,110	Product testing and relevant business
IST (Kenshan) Inspection Technology Service Co., Ltd.	January 2005	4F & 5F, Building I, Yangbang Photoelectric Industry Park, No. 1299, Fuchunjiang Road, Kunshan City, Jiangsu Province, China	USD 3,700	Durado at taratina and
Innovative Turnkey Solution	November 2002	Hsinchu Science Park, No. 15, Yuanqu 2 nd Road, E. Dist., Hsinchu City	604,774	Electronic product testing and relevant business
Prosperity Power Technology Inc.	November 2020	Hsinchu Science Park, No. 15 & 17, Yuanqu 2 nd Road, E. Dist., Hsinchu City	600,000	Manufacturing and sale of various integrated circuits (wafers), thinning, metal deposition and relevant business
Supreme Fortune Corp.	March 2014	60 Market Square, Belize City, Belize	USD 1,655	Investment
Hot Light Co .,Ltd	April 2014	1 st Floor,#5 DEKK House, De Zippora Street ,Providence Industrial Estate, Mahé, Republic of Seychelles	USD 1,655	Investment
System Integration Professional Technology	June 2014	4F, Building I, Yangbang Photoelectric Industry Park, No. 1299, Fuchunjiang Road, Kunshan City, Jiangsu Province, China	USD 1,620	Circuit design service
Elitist Design Technology Inc.	November 2015	1F, No. 18, Puding Road, E. District, Hsinchu City	4,000	Circuit design service
EFUN Technology Inc.	October 2014	1F, No. 18, Puding Road, E. District, Hsinchu City	14,000	Information software service

BTL Inc.	October 1987	4F, No. 18, Lane 171, Sec. 2, Jiuzong Road, Neihu District, Taipei City	252,780	Electromagnetic compatibility certification service and security testing service for electronic products
Huan Ying Sustainable Development Technology Inc.		1F, No. 18, Puding Road, E. District, Hsinchu City	17,500	Information software management service and relevant business
Global Social Inc.	November 2008	10F, No. 287, Sec. 3, Nanjing E. Road, Songshan District, Taipei City	285	Advertising production, media planning, public relations and relevant business
Instrument Supply Technology (Kunshan) Co.,Ltd		Kunshan Development Zone, 3F, Building I, No. 1299, Fuchunjiang Road	CNY 2,500	Purchase and sale of electric testing and relevant equipment, and conduction of sale and trading as an agent

- B. Information of shareholders presumed to be shareholders of any entity controlling affiliates: None
- C. Information of Relationship among Affiliated Enterprises
 - 1. Integrated Service Technology Inc (Samoa), Integrated Service Technology Inc (Seychelles), Supreme Fortune Corp, and Hot Light Co., Ltd are holding companies incorporated in the third places for the purpose of enabling iST to invest in Mainland China indirectly. Investment is their main business activity. They have no business items or products that may compete with iST.
 - 2. IST (Kenshan) Inspection Technology Service Co., Ltd. is a company 100% reinvested by iST through a third place and incorporated in Mainland China. Its main business is product inspection service. It is a company located in Mainland China and its market is different from the sales market of iST. It has no business items or products that may compete with iST.
 - 3. Innovative Turnkey Solution, a subsidiary 51% reinvested by iST directly and indirectly, provides analog IC testing and integration services. its market is different from the sales market of iST and therefore has no business items or products that may compete with iST.
 - 4. Integrated Service Technology USA Inc. a company 100% reinvested by iST through a third place and incorporated in the U.S. It engages in the R&D, development and manufacturing of Integrated circuits, analysis and burn-in, testing, semiconductor spare parts and equipment, electronic spare parts and relevant business. Main customers for which it provides services are entities in the U.S. Its market is different from the sales market of iST and therefore has no business items or products that may compete with iST.
 - 5. Pin Wen Corp.a subsidiary 100% invested by iST, mainly engages in reinvestment. It has no business items or products that may compete with iST.
 - 6. Dekra Company an affiliated enterprise 49% invested by iST, mainly engages in product testing and relevant business. It has no business items or products that may compete with iST.
 - 7. System Integration Professional Technology a company 100% reinvested by iST through a third place and incorporated in Mainland China, mainly engages in circuit design service and relevant business. It has no business items or products that may compete with iST.

- 8. Elitist Design a company 100% reinvested by iST indirectly through a third place, mainly engages in circuit design service. It has no business items or products that may compete with iST.
- 9. EFUN Technology Inc.an affiliated enterprise 26% possessed by iST indirectly, mainly engages in information software service. It has no business items or products that may compete with iST.
- 10. BTL Inc., an affiliated enterprise 10% invested by iST, mainly engages in electromagnetic compatibility certification service and security testing service for electronic products. It has no business items or products that may compete with iST.
- 11. Huan Ying Sustainable Development Technology. (former Green Innovation Technology) an affiliated enterprise 29% possessed by iST indirectly, mainly engages in information software management service and relevant business. It has no business items or products that may compete with iST. Applied for liquidation already in February 2022.
- 12. Global Social Inc., an affiliated enterprise 30% possessed by iST indirectly, mainly engages in advertising production, media planning, public relations and relevant business. It has no business items or products that may compete with iST.
- 13. Instrument Supply Technology (Kenshan) Co., Ltd., a subsidiary 100% invested by iST through IST Kunshan Company, mainly engages in purchase and sale of electric testing and relevant equipment, and sells and trades as an agent. It has no business items or products that may compete with iST.
- 14. Prosperity Power Technology Inc. a subsidiary 81% reinvested and possessed by iST directly and indirectly, engages in manufacturing and sale of various integrated circuits (wafers), thinning, metal deposition and relevant business. Its market is different from the sales market of iST. It has no business items or products that may compete with iST.

Relevance among businesses operated by affiliated enterprises, and status of division of labor: Same as the explanation stated in Point 2 above.

D. Information of Directors, Supervisors and General Managers of Affiliated Enterprises Unit: in Thousands of shares

	1	UIII	1	inds of shares	
NI C A CC:1: - t - I				of Shares Held	
Name of Affiliated	Title	Name or Representative	Number	Ratio of	
Enterprise		•	of	Shareholding	
INTEREST ATTENDED ATTENDED	D: ·		Shares		
INTEGRATED SERVICE	Director	Integrated Service Technology Inc.	4,917	100%	
TECHNOLOGY INC.(Samoa)	D: .	Representative: Yu Wei-Pin	,		
INTEGRATED SERVICE	Director	Samoa IST Representative: Yu Wei-Pin		1000/	
TECHNOLOGY			6,159	100%	
INC.(Seychelles)	D :1 4				
Integrated Service Technology USA Inc.	President	Cheng Chun-Yen	3,130	100%	
	Dungidant	Carreballes ICT: Chang Viven Toi			
IST (Kenshan) Inspection	President	Seychelles IST: Cheng Yuan-Tai		100%	
Technology Service Co., Ltd.	Supervisor	Seychelles IST: Yu Wei-Pin			
	President	Integrated Service Technology Inc.		51%	
	D: t	Representative: Yu Wei-Pin			
I Calatian	Director	Integrated Service Technology Inc.	20.624		
Innovative Turnkey Solution	D: 4	Representative: Chen Ching Chuo	30,621		
	Director	Integrated Service Technology Inc.			
	C :	Representative: Lin Yu-Sang			
	Supervisor	Tu Chung-Cheh		<u> </u>	
	President	Integrated Service Technology Inc.		100%	
	D: 1	Representative: Yu Wei-Pin	_		
	Director	Integrated Service Technology Inc.			
Pin Wen Corp	D: .	Representative: Chen Ching Chuo	5,841		
•	Director	Integrated Service Technology Inc.			
	0 .	Representative: Tu Chung-Cheh			
	Supervisor	Integrated Service Technology Inc.			
	D :1 4	Representative: Lin Yu-Sang			
	President	Integrated Service Technology Inc.	48,300		
	Director	Representative: Yu Wei-Pin			
Prosperity Power	Director	Integrated Service Technology Inc.			
Technology Inc	Director	Representative: Chen Yang-Kuang r Integrated Service Technology Inc. Representative: Lo Yin-Yi		81%	
reciniology inc	Director				
	Supervisor	Chang Yi-Hui	-	ļ	
	Super visor	Chang 11-11ui			
	President	Germany-based DEKRA SE			
		Representative: Lin Yi-Mo			
	Vice	Integrated Service Technology Inc.			
	President	Representative: Chen Ching Chuo			
	Director	Integrated Service Technology Inc.			
		Representative: Cheng Chun-Yen			
Dekra Company	Director	Germany-based DEKRA SE	19,262	49%	
Dekra Company		Representative: Michael Owen Walsh			
	Director	Germany-based DEKRA SE			
		Representative: Gerhard Luebken			
	Director	Representative: Frank Van Der Zwaag			
	Supervisor Lin Yu-Sang				
	Supervisor				
Supreme Fortune Corp.	President	Yu Wei-Pin	1,655	100%	
Hot Light Co .,Ltd	President	Yu Wei-Pin	1,655	100%	
System Integration	President	Cheng Yuan-Tai		100%	
Professional Technology	Supervisor	Yu Wei-Pin			
Elitist Design Technology	President	Hot Light Co., LTD Representative: Yu	ot Light Co., LTD Representative: Yu 400		
Inc.		Wei-Pin	100	100%	

	I D	m +17 01			
	President	8			
	Director	Fang Kuei-Hung		26%	
Yi Fang Technology Co., Ltd.	Director	Pin Wen Co., Ltd. Representative: Yu	370		
		Wei-Pin			
	Supervisor	Hu Nai-Chen			
	President	Chieh Chao Investment Co., Ltd.			
		Representative: Wu Chung-Chao			
	Director	Liu Li-Kuo		1	
	Director	Jideli Investment Co., Ltd.		10%	
		Representative: Chiu Teh-Chun			
	Director	Integrated Service Technology Inc.			
BTL Inc.		Representative: Lin Yu-Sang	2,550		
	Independent	Huang Tsuei-Ping			
	Director				
	Independent Huang Cheng-Chung Director Independent Yang Neng-Chieh		_		
	Director				
Global Social Inc. (Note)	Supervisor	Liu Hung-Chi	8	30%	
•	President	Pin Wen Co., Ltd. Representative: Yu			
		Wei-Pin			
Huan Ying Sustainable Development Technology Inc.	Director	Lan Min-Yuan		2007	
	Director	Ting Chih-Yu	510	29%	
	Supervisor	Weltech Inc. Representative: Chen Wei-			
	-	Та			
Instrument Supply	President	IST (Kenshan) Inspection Technology			
		Service Co., Ltd.: Cheng Yuan Tai		100%	
Technology (Kunshan)	Supervisor	IST (Kenshan) Inspection Technology			
Co.,Ltd		Service Co., Ltd.: Yu Wei-Pin			
	1	1 :	1	1	

(Note): Applied for liquidation already in February 2022

Overview of Each Affiliated Enterprise's Business Operation Unit: in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars E.

	Offic: in Thousands of New Taiwan Do							
Name of Enterprise	Capital	Total Assets	Total Liabilitie s	Net Worth	Net Operating Income	Operating profit	Profit (loss) of the year	Earnings per share (after tax)
INTEGRATED SERVICE TECHNOLOGY INC.(Samoa)	150,994	265,198	174	265,024	0	(24)	(13,783)	(0.09)
INTEGRATED SERVICE TECHNOLOGY INC.(Seychelles)	189,130	210,298	21,257	189,041	0	(14,075)	(15,050)	(0.08)
IST (Kenshan) Inspection Technology Service Co., Ltd.	113,627	212,063	43,557	168,506	101,697	1,616	2,712	-
Innovative Turnkey Solution	604,774	344,044	279,993	64,051	215,462	(44,615)	(2,522)	(0.04)
Dekra Company	393,110	1,467,778	622,976	844,802	840,793	135,202	121,694	3.10
BTL Inc.	252,780	1,380,672	627,260	753,412	888,195	123,813	134,918	5.87
Global Social Inc. (Note)	285	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Integrated Service Technology USA Inc.	96,122	15,334	3,285	12,049	39,253	1,063	1,063	0.01
Pin Wen Corp	58,412	54,840	165	54,675	1	(5,837)	(5,837)	(1.03)
EFUN Technology Inc.	14,000	4,177	1,071	3,106	7,009	1,156	928	0.66
Huan Ying Sustainable Development Technology Inc.	17,500	13,007	2,409	10,598	16,979	1,514	1,520	0.94
Supreme Fortune Corp.	50,825	37,288	0	37,288	0	0	(3,454)	(0.07)
Hot Light Co., Ltd	50,825	38,108	820	37,288	0	(75)	(3,454)	(0.07)
System Integration Professional Technology	96,737	69,508	3,082	66,426	0	(7,767)	(7,243)	-
Elitist Design Technology Inc.	4,000	5,214	113	5,101	0	(14)	132	0.33
Prosperity Power Technology Inc.	600,000	551,197	161,254	389,943	213,085	(77,432)	(70,259)	(1.17)
Instrument Supply Technology (Kunshan) Co.,Ltd	11,024	11,426	23	11,403	3,950	326	438	-
, ,							•	

(Note): Applied for liquidation already in February 2022

F. Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises

Statement on Consolidated Financial Report of Affiliated Enterprises

The entities that are required to be included in the combined financial statements of iST for the fiscal year 2022 (from Jan. 1, 2022 to Dec. 31, 2022) pursuant to the Criteria Governing the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports, and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standards No. 10. In addition, the information required to be disclosed in the combined financial statements is included in the aforementioned consolidated financial statements. Therefore, iST does not prepare a separate set of combined financial statements.

Company Name: Integrated Service Technology Inc.

Person in charge: Yu Wei-Pin

March 14, 2023

G. Relationship Report of Affiliated Enterprises: N/A

(II) Private placements of securities in the latest year and as of the date of print of the annual report:

Information of Private Placements of Securities

Item	Private placement approved at the general meeting of shareholders on June 14, 2022 and conducted for the 1st time in 2022 Issuance date: Not issued yet (Note)					
Type of securities placed	Common shares					
privately						
Date of approval, and the amount approved by the shareholders' meeting	The private placement of common shares for cash within the limit of 7,000,000 shares was approved at the general meeting of shareholders on June 14, 2022.					
Basis and rationale for the setting of the price	 The reference price for the private placement of common shares is calculated based on the higher of (a) the simple arithmetic mean of closing prices of common shares for 1 business day or 3 or 5 business days immediately before the date of pricing, less ex-rights and dividends for gratuitous shares, and plus the share price after share buybacks for capital reduction and (b) the simple arithmetic mean of closing prices of common shares for 30 business days immediately before the date of pricing, less ex-rights and dividends for gratuitous shares, and plus the share price after share buybacks for capital reduction. The actual offering price for the private placement is resolved to be no less than 80% of the reference price. The meeting of shareholders is hereby requested to require that the actual offering price to be determined by the board of directors, which is authorized by the meeting to determine the offering price, shall be no less than 80% of the reference price. The offering price is reasonably determined based on the business performance, future prospects and latest share prices of iST. 					
Means of selecting specified persons	1. The private placement is carried out in accordance with Article 43-6 of the Securities and Exchange Act and pursuant to the official letter dated June 13, 2002 with the reference number (91)-Tai-Cai-Zheng-Yi-Zi-0910003455 from Securities and Futures Commission, MOF. Subscribers are limited to strategic investors. Strategic investors refer to individuals or corporate entities that are able to use their experience, technology, knowledge, brands or channels through industrial vertical integration, horizontal integration or common research to develop merchandise or market to enhance profits of iST.					
Reasons necessitating the private placement	With rapid, simple and convenient characteristics, a private placement i					

	cooperation between iST and strategic investors. Moreover, the board of directors is authorized to carry out the private placement based on the actual need of corporate business. The mobility and flexibility of fundraising for iST is therefore enhanced. Funds obtained from the private placement are used to enrich working capital and repay loans so as to improve iST's financial structure, strengthen corporate competitiveness, and enhance operational performance. All of these effects are propitious for shareholders' equity.					
Date of payment completion	N/A					
Information of subscriber	Subscriber	Qualifications and conditions	Quantity subscribed	Relationship with iST	Status of participation in iST's business operation	
	Not found su	ıbscribers yet				
Actual subscription (conversion) price	N/A					
Difference between the actual subscription (or conversion) price and the reference price	N/A					
Effect of private place on shareholders' equity (e.g. causing increase in accumulated loss, etc.)	N/A					
Use of funds from private placement, and progress of implementation of the plan	N/A					
Status of benefits of private placement shown	N/A					

Note: The issuance period resolved by the board of directors on March 14, 2023 will expire. Upon expiration of the issuance period, no subscription shall be accepted.

Information of Private Placements of Securities

Item	Private placement conducted for the 1st time in 2023
	Issuance date: Not issued yet
Type of securities	Common shares
placed privately Date of approval, and	The private placement of common charge for each within the limit of 7,000
	The private placement of common shares for cash within the limit of 7,000 thousand shares was approved by the board of directors on March 14, 2023
the amount approved by the shareholders'	and would be submitted to the general meeting of shareholders for 2023 for its
1 =	approval.
Basis and rationale for the setting of the price	 The reference price for the private placement of common shares is calculated based on the higher of (a) the simple arithmetic mean of closing prices of common shares for 1 business day or 3 or 5 business days immediately before the date of pricing, less ex-rights and dividends for gratuitous shares, and plus the share price after share buybacks for capital reduction and (b) the simple arithmetic mean of closing prices of common shares for 30 business days immediately before the date of pricing, less ex-rights and dividends for gratuitous shares, and plus the share price after share buybacks for capital reduction. The actual offering price for the private placement is resolved to be no less than 80% of the reference price. The meeting of shareholders is hereby requested to require that the actual offering price to be determined by the board of directors, which is authorized by the meeting to determine the offering price, shall be no less than 80% of the reference price. The offering price is reasonably determined based on the business performance, future prospects and latest share prices of iST. The board of directors is authorized to determine the actual date of pricing after contacting specific persons.
Means of selecting specified persons	 The private placement is carried out in accordance with Article 43-6 of the Securities and Exchange Act and pursuant to the official letter dated June 13, 2002 with the reference number (91)-Tai-Cai-Zheng-Yi-Zi-0910003455 from Securities and Futures Commission, MOF. Subscribers are limited to strategic investors. Strategic investors refer to individuals or corporate entities that are able to use their experience, technology, knowledge, brands or channels through industrial vertical integration, horizontal integration or common research to develop merchandise or market to enhance profits of iST and assist invested companies in enhancing technology, improving quality, reducing cost, improving efficiency and expanding the market share. The board of directors is authorized to select specified persons, from those who are helpful to future business operation of iST directly or indirectly, to be subscribers for the private placement of common shares in accordance with Article 43-6 of the Securities and Exchange Act and pursuant to the order dated June 13, 2002 with the reference number (91)-Tai-Cai-Zheng-Yi-Zi-0910003455 from Securities and Futures Commission, MOF.
Reasons necessitating the private placement	1. Reasons for not undertaking a public offering: With rapid, simple and convenient characteristics, a private placement is carried out to efficiently complete the purpose of soliciting strategic investors. In addition, limitations on transfer of privately placed marketable securities for 3 years may better ensure the long-term cooperation between iST and strategic investors. Moreover, the board of directors is authorized to

	business	carry out the private placement based on the actual need of corporate business. The mobility and flexibility of fundraising for iST is therefore enhanced.					
Date of payment	 Limit of be carrie shareholds Use of footained and representations 	be carried out within a year from the date of the resolution made at the shareholders' meeting. Use of funds from the private placement and expected effects: Funds obtained from the private placement are used to enrich working capital and repay loans so as to improve iST's financial structure, strengthen corporate competitiveness, and enhance operational performance. All of these effects are propitious for shareholders' equity.					
completion	ivot decided y	Ct					
Information of subscriber	Subscriber	Qualifications and conditions	Quantity subscribed	Relationship with iST	Status of participation in iST's business operation		
	Not decided yet	-	Not decided yet	Not decided yet	Not decided yet		
Actual subscription (conversion) price	Not decided y	ret		10			
Difference between the actual subscription (or conversion) price and the reference price	N/A						
Effect of private place on shareholders' equity	Funds obtained from the private placement are used to enrich working capital and repay loans so as to improve iST's financial structure, strengthen corporate competitiveness, and enhance operational performance. All of these effects are propitious for shareholders' equity.						
Use of funds from private placement, and progress of implementation of the plan	N/A	•					
Status of benefits of private placement shown	N/A						

⁽III) Status of possession or disposal of iST's shares by subsidiaries in the latest year and as of the date of print of the annual report: None

IX. Occurrence of any of the matters stated in Subparagraph 2 of Article 36 (3) of the Securities and Exchange Act in the latest year and as of the date of print of the annual report and having a significant effect on shareholders' equity or the price of securities: None

⁽IV) Other Necessary Supplementary Explanation: None

Integrated Service Technology Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021and Independent Auditors' Report

Address: 1F, No. 22, Puding Road, Hsinchu City

Tel: (03)5799909

Statement on Consolidated Financial Report of Affiliated Enterprises

The entities that are required to be included in the consolidated financial statements

of affiliated enterprises for the fiscal year 2022 (from Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, 2022) pursuant to

the Criteria Governing the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Report,

and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those

included in the consolidated financial statements of IST and its subsidiaries prepared in

compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standards No. 10. In addition, the

information required to be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of affiliated

enterprises is included in the aforementioned consolidated financial statements of IST and

its subsidiaries. Therefore, IST does not prepare a separate set of consolidated financial

statements of affiliated enterprises.

Company Name: Integrated Service Technology Inc.

Person in charge: Yu Wei-Pin

Mar. 14, 2023

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Independent Auditors' Report

To Integrated Service Technology Inc.:

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Integrated Service Technology Inc. and its subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as of Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021 and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the consolidated financial statements (including a summary of material accounting policies).

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of other auditors (as referred to in the Other Matters section), the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial conditions of Integrated Service Technology Inc. and its subsidiaries as of Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021 and the consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations and SIC Interpretations endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit section below. We are independent of Integrated Service Technology Inc. and its subsidiaries in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant and have fulfilled our other responsibilities in accordance with the Norm. Based on our audit results and the audit

reports certified by other auditors, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of Integrated Service Technology Inc. and its subsidiaries for the year ended Dec. 31, 2022. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters with respect to the consolidated financial statements of Integrated Service Technology Inc. and its subsidiaries for the year ended Dec. 31, 2022 are stated as follows:

Recognition of Revenue

The consolidated operating revenue of Integrated Service Technology Inc. and its subsidiaries for 2022 was NTD 3,742,682 thousand, mainly generated from service incomes for providing customers with product verification and analysis service. Please refer to Notes 4 and 22 to the consolidated financial statements for the details on accounting policies and information relevant to revenue recognition.

Revenue recognition is a risk assumed in the Statement on Auditing Standards. Customers of Integrated Service Technology Inc. and its subsidiaries are numerous and are in different industrial fields domestically and overseas. Thus for the specific customers with respect to which the revenue growth rate of the year exceeds that of the IST Group with such customers, the authenticity of revenue is listed as a key audit matter for this year.

Our key audit procedure performed in respect of the aforementioned key audit matter comprises the following:

- 1. We understood the internal controls for the procedure of operating revenue recognition, tested and assessed the effectiveness of the internal controls.
- 2. We verified the authenticity of the customers, analyzed changes in each of the customers for the latest two years, and reviewed reasonableness of receivables turnover ratio.
- 3. We took adequate transactions from the whole year's operating revenue account as samples to review corresponding sales vouchers, documents signed by the customers

- for receipt of products, and record of receiving payments in order to confirm the authenticity and accuracy of recognized revenue.
- 4. We reviewed after the balance sheet date whether any material return and allowance for revenue was attributed to an event taking place in 2022 in order to confirm whether misstatements existed for the annual operating revenue of 2022.

Evaluation on Impairment of Accounts Receivable

The total amount of accounts receivable by Integrated Service Technology Inc. and its subsidiaries as of Dec. 31, 2022 was NTD 1,324,447 thousand. For accounting policies and information regarding accounts receivable, please refer to Notes 4 and 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

The management used historical payment collection experience and the credit risk assumption for customers to evaluate impairment of accounts receivable. As such evaluation could involve the management's judgment, the evaluation on impairment of accounts receivable was therefore a key audit matter for this year.

Our key audit procedure performed in respect of the aforementioned key audit matter comprises the following:

- We tested for accuracy of age distribution for accounts receivable and evaluated reasonableness of bad debt losses allocated by the management for accounts receivable.
- 2. We reviewed subsequent receipts of the accounts receivable due and unpaid as of the balance sheet date and verified whether the impairment of accounts receivable was reasonable.

Other Matters

As stated in Note 12 to the consolidated financial statements, the financial statements of some investee companies accounted for using the equity method, which have been included in the consolidated financial statements of Integrated Service Technology Inc. and its subsidiaries, were audited by other auditors instead of us. In our opinion expressed in the aforementioned consolidated financial statements, the amounts listed in the financial statements of such investee companies accounted for using the equity method were recognized based on the audit reports of other CPAs. As of Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021, the aforementioned investments accounted for using the equity method were NTD 631,647 thousand and NTD 573,816 thousand, respectively, which accounted for 9% and 8% of the total consolidated assets, respectively. For the years ended Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021, the

comprehensive incomes of the aforementioned associates accounted for using the equity method were NTD 57,831 thousand and NTD 24,937 thousand, which accounted for 14% and 21% of the total consolidated comprehensive incomes, respectively.

Integrated Service Technology Inc. has prepared its separate financial statements for the years ended Dec. 31 2022 and 2021. For the financial statements, we have issued an audit report containing our unqualified opinion with other explanations stated in the Other Matters section for reference.

Responsibilities of the Management and the Units Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations and SIC Interpretations endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal controls as management determines are necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the management is also responsible for assessing the ability of Integrated Service Technology Inc. and its subsidiaries to continue as a going concern, disclosing relevant matters and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management intends to liquidate Integrated Service Technology Inc. and its subsidiaries or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The units charged with governance (including the audit committee) are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of Integrated Service Technology Inc. and its subsidiaries.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an audit report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Auditing Standards always detects any existing material misstatement in the consolidated financial statements. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or

in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

In conducting the audit in accordance with the Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal controls of Integrated Service Technology Inc. and its subsidiaries.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and relevant disclosures made by the management.
- 4. Conclude, based on the audit evidence obtained, on the appropriateness of the management's use of the going concern basis of accounting, and whether a material uncertainty exists in respect of any event or situation that may cast significant doubt on the ability of Integrated Service Technology Inc. and its subsidiaries to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we draw attention in our audit report to the relevant disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our audit report. However, future events or situations may cause Integrated Service Technology Inc. and its subsidiaries to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements (including the Notes) and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events fairly.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of Integrated Service Technology Inc. and its subsidiaries to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision

and performance of the corporate audit, and also responsible for issuing our opinion

based on our corporate audit.

We communicate with the units charged with governance regarding, among other

matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings (including

any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during the audit).

We also provide the units charged with governance with a declaration that we have

complied with applicable ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate

with them about all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be considered to

impair our independence (and relevant preventive measures).

From the matters communicated with the units charged with governance, we

determine the key audit matters in the audit of the financial statements of Integrated

Service Technology Inc. and its subsidiaries for the year ended Dec. 31, 2022. We describe

these matters in our audit report unless any law or regulation precludes public disclosure

of any of these matters or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a

matter should not be communicated in the audit report because the adverse consequences

of such communication are reasonably expected to outweigh any public interest to be

promoted.

Deloitte & Touche

Huang Yu-Feng, CPA

Tsai Mei-Chen, CPA

Mar. 14, 2023

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Integrated Service Technology Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets

Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

	Dec. 31, 20	022	Dec. 31, 20)21		Dec. 31, 2	022	Dec. 31, 20	021
Assets	Amount	%	Amount	%	Liabilities and Equity	Amount	%	Amount	%
Current assets					Current liabilities	-			
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4 and 6)	\$ 875,347	12	\$ 844,879	12	Current borrowings (Notes 4 and 17)	\$ 648,500	9	\$ 656,432	9
Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss					Current financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
(Notes 4 and 7)	523	-	-	-	(Notes 4 and 7)	-	-	10	-
Current contract assets (Notes 4 and 22)	11,620	-	4,903	-	Current contract liabilities (Notes 4 and 22)	117,829	1	72,175	1
Notes and accounts receivable, net					Accounts payable	270,621	4	211,610	3
(Notes 4, 5 and 9)	1,311,491	18	1,216,017	17	Accounts payable to related parties (Note 30)	692	-	6,203	-
Finance lease receivables (Notes 4 and 10)	4,358	-	3,980	-	Payable on machinery and equipment	167,477	2	181,277	3
Accounts receivable due from related parties, net(Note 30)	17,316	-	19,802	-	Dividends payable, non-cash assets distributions	74,775	1	35,430	1
Other receivables	1,298	-	3,969	-	Current tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 24)	54,690	1	70,995	1
Other receivables due from related parties (Note 30)	19,821	-	20,981	-	Current lease liabilities (Notes 4 and 14)	53,276	1	82,432	1
Prepayments and other current assets					Long-term borrowings, current portion (Notes 4, 18 and 31)				
(Notes 16 and 30)	152,335	2	105,898	2	(1.0000 1, 10 and 0 1)	145,486	2	105,542	1
Other current financial assets (Note 31)	16,633	<u>-</u> _	12,431	-	Other current liabilities, others	•		,	
Total current assets	2,410,742	32	2,232,860	<u>31</u>	(Notes 4, 19 and 30)	<u>535,688</u>	7	386,488	<u> </u>
					Total current liabilities	2,069,034	<u>28</u>	<u>1,808,594</u>	<u>25</u>
Non-current assets Non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss					Non-current liabilities				
(Notes 4 and 7)	27,282	1	22,172	-	Non-current portion of non-current	1,697,982	23	1,751,096	24
(Notes Falla /)	27,202	±	22,172		borrowings (Notes 4, 18 and 31)	1,077,702	23	1,7 51,0 70	21
Investments accounted for using equity method (Notes 4 and 12)	756,424	10	689,319	10	Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 24)	5,056	-	3,998	-
Property, plant and equipment					Non-current lease liabilities (Notes 4 and 14)	247,886	3	331,151	5
(Notes 4, 5, 13 and 31)	3,881,876	52	3,794,212	53	Guarantee deposits received (Note 30)	2,005	- _	2,005	
Right-of-use assets (Notes 3, 4 and 14)	288,884	4	402,963	6	Total non-current liabilities	<u>1,952,929</u>	<u>26</u>	2,088,250	29
Other intangible assets (Notes 4 and 15)	14,280	-	15,030	-					
Deferred tax assets (Notes 4 and 24)	541	-	702	-	Total liabilities	4,021,963	<u> 54</u>	<u>3,896,844</u>	54
Prepayments for business facilities	56	-	27,835	-	Position the Board of the country of				
Guarantee deposits paid Net defined benefit asset, non-current	22,611	1	20,461	-	Equity attributed to owners of parent (Notes 4 and 21)				
(Notes 4 and 20)	21,460	-	<u>15,971</u>	- _	Ordinary share	747,751	10	797,751	11
Total non-current assets	5,013,414	68	4,988,665	69	Capital surplus Retained earnings	2,143,012	29	2,266,955	31
					Legal reserve	160,486	2	175,585	3
					Special reserve	74,898	1	98,491	1
					Unappropriated retained earnings (accumulated deficit)	254,536	4	(41,547)	(1)
					Other equity, others	(<u>82,453</u>)	$(\underline{}\underline{})$	(<u>95,161</u>)	(<u>1</u>)
					Total equity attributable to owners of parent	3,298,230	45	3,202,074	44
					Non-controlling interests (Notes 21 and 27)	103,963	1	122,607	2
					Total equity	3,402,193	<u>46</u>	3,324,681	<u>46</u>
Total assets	<u>\$7,424,156</u>	<u> 100</u>	<u>\$7,221,525</u>	<u> 100</u>	Total liabilities and equity	<u>\$7,424,156</u>	<u> 100</u>	<u>\$7,221,525</u>	<u> 100</u>

The accompanying notes constitute part of the consolidated financial statements. (Please see the audit report made by Deloitte & Touche on Mar. 14, 2023)

Integrated Service Technology Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the years ended Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, except for EPS in New Taiwan Dollars

	2022		2021	
	Amount	%	Amount	<u>%</u>
Operating revenue (Notes 4, 22 and 30)	\$ 3,742,682	100	\$ 3,213,788	100
Operating costs (Notes 4, 23 and 30)	<u>2,726,860</u>	<u>73</u>	<u>2,412,076</u>	<u>75</u>
Gross profit from operations	1,015,822	<u>27</u>	801,712	<u>25</u>
Operating expenses (Notes 23 and 30)				
Selling expenses	106,933	3	101,919	3
Administrative expenses	444,823	12	395,422	12
Research and development expenses Impairment loss (impairment	127,111	3	117,166	4
gain and reversal of impairment loss) determined in accordance with IFRS 9 Total operating expenses	2,072 680,939	<u>-</u> 18	(<u>1,327</u>) <u>613,180</u>	<u>-</u>
Net operating income	334,883	9	188,532	6
Non-operating income and expenses				
Interest income (Notes 23 and 30) Other income, others (Notes	2,737	-	1,575	-
23 and 30) Other gains and losses, net	47,445	1	37,000	1
(Notes 4 and 23) Finance costs, net (Notes 4,	58,428	1	(16,518)	-
23 and 29) Share of profit (loss) of	(46,315)	(1)	(36,909)	(1)
associates for using equity method, net (Notes 4 and 12)	<u>70,935</u>	2	<u>38,551</u>	1
Total non-operating income and expenses	133,230	3	23,699	1
Profit from continuing operations before tax	468,113	12	212,231	7
Total tax expense (Notes 4 and 24)	81,611	2	89,062	3
Profit	386,502	10	123,169	4

(Continued on next page)

	2022		2021			
	Amount	%	Ar	nount	%	
Other comprehensive incomes Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Gains on remeasurements of defined benefit plans (Notes 4						
and 20) Unrealised gains (losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other	\$ 5,377	-	\$	2,266	-	
comprehensive income Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to	-	-	(5,559)	-	
profit or loss Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss Exchange differences on	155	-		22	-	
translation (Notes 4 and 21) Share of other comprehensive income of associates for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to	10,777	1	(3,573)	-	
profit or loss (Note 4) Total other comprehensive	1,931	-		<u>705</u>	-	
income	18,240	1	(6,139)		
Total comprehensive income	\$ 404,742	<u>11</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>17,030</u>	4	
Profit, attributable to: Owners of parent Non-controlling interests	\$ 405,146 (<u>18,644</u>) \$ 386,502	11 (<u>1</u>) <u>10</u>	(79,708 <u>56,539</u>) <u>23,169</u>	6 (<u>2</u>) <u>4</u>	
Comprehensive income attributable to: Owners of parent Non-controlling interests	\$ 423,386 (<u>18,644</u>) \$ 404,742	11 	(73,569 <u>56,539</u>) <u>17,030</u>	6 (<u>2</u>) <u>4</u>	
Earnings per share (Note 25) Total basic earnings per share Total diluted earnings per share	\$ 5.33 \$ 5.30		<u>\$</u> \$	2.02 2.01		

The accompanying notes constitute part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Please see the audit report made by Deloitte & Touche on Mar. 14, 2023)

						Interests attrib	uted to owners of IST							
		Comm	on shares			Retained earnings			Othe Gain or loss on financial asset valuation at fair	r equity Exchange differences on translation of				
	Number of thouse share	ands of	Amount	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Undistributed earnings (Accumulated deficit		lue through other comprehensive income	financial statements of foreign operations	Treasury shares	Total owners' equity	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
Balance at Jan. 1, 2021	9	3,575	\$ 935,751	\$ 2,630,865	\$ 163,770	\$ 99,815	\$ 169,523		\$ 499	(\$ 92,644)	\$ -	\$ 3,907,579	\$ 24,148	\$ 3,931,727
Appropriation and distribution of earnings Legal reserve appropriated Special reserve allocated Cash dividends of ordinary share		- - -	- - -	- - -	11,815 - -	(1,324)	(11,815) 1,324 (185,150)		- - -	- - -	- - -	- - (185,150)	- - -	- - (185,150)
Share-based payments		-	-	9,999	-	-	-		-	-	-	9,999	-	9,999
Changes of associates accounted for using the equity method		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	351	-	351	-	351
Net profit for 2021		-	-	-	-	-	179,708		-	-	-	179,708	(56,539)	123,169
Other comprehensive income after tax for 2021 $$		_	-		_		2,288	(<u>5,559</u>)	((6,139)		(6,139)
Total comprehensive income for 2021			_		_	_	181,996	(<u>5,559</u>)	(-	173,569	(56,539)	117,030
Purchase of treasury shares		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	(730,808)	(730,808)	-	(730,808)
Retirement of treasury share	(1	3,800)	(138,000)	(400,443)	-	-	(192,365)	-	-	730,808	-	-	-
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries		-	-	26,534	-	-	-		-	-	-	26,534	(26,534)	-
Changes in non-controlling interests		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	181,532	181,532
Disposal of investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income		<u>-</u>					(5,060_))	<u>5,060</u>			-	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>
Equity at end of period	7	9,775	797,751	2,266,955	175,585	98,491	(41,547)	-	(95,161)	-	3,202,074	122,607	3,324,681
Appropriation and distribution of earnings Legal reserve appropriated Legal reserve used to offset accumulated deficits		-		-	23,118	-	(23,118) 38,217)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reversal of special reserve Cash dividends of ordinary share		-	-	- -		(23,593)	23,593 (74,775)	١	-		-	- (74,775)	-	- (74,775)
Share-based payments		-	-	14,776	-	-	-	,	-	-	-	14,776	-	14,776
Net profit for 2022		-	-	-	-	-	405,146		-	-	-	405,146	(18,644)	386,502
Other comprehensive income after tax for 2022		<u> </u>	_	_	_	_	5,532		<u>-</u>	12,708	_	18,240	_	18,240
Total comprehensive income for 2022		<u> </u>	_	_	_	_	410,678		<u>-</u>	12,708	_	423,386	(18,644)	404,742
Purchase of treasury shares		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	(267,945)	(267,945)	-	(267,945)
Retirement of treasury share	(5,000)	(50,000)	(139,433)	-	-	(78,512)	-	-	267,945	-	-	-
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries		<u>-</u>	_	714		-	-		<u>-</u>	_	_	<u>714</u>	_	714
Equity at end of period	7	<u>4,775</u>	<u>\$ 747,751</u>	\$ 2,143,012	<u>\$ 160,486</u>	<u>\$ 74,898</u>	<u>\$ 254,536</u>		\$ -	(\$ 82,453)	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,298,230	<u>\$ 103,963</u>	\$ 3,402,193

The accompanying notes constitute part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Please see the audit report made by Deloitte & Touche on Mar. 14, 2023)

Integrated Service Technology Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

		2022		2021
Cash flows from operating activities				
Profit before tax	\$	468,113	\$	212,231
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)				
Depreciation expense		800,966		825,623
Amortization expense		11,121		10,969
Expected credit loss (gain)		2,072	(1,327)
Net loss (gain) on financial assets or				
liabilities at fair value through profit				
or loss	(6,659)		1,919
Interest expense		46,315		36,909
Interest income	(2,737)	(1,575)
Share-based payments	•	14,776	,	9,999
Share of profits of associates for using				
equity method	(70,935)	(38,551)
Gain on disposal of property, plan and				
equipment	(43,904)	(2,721)
Gain on disposal of intangible assets	(97)	-	-
Gain on disposal of investments				
accounted for using equity method		-	(12,880)
Unrealized foreign exchange loss		1,898		351
Other adjustments to reconcile profit				
(loss)	(1,702)	(170)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	•		,	
Contract assets	(6,717)	(1,581)
Notes and accounts receivable	(99,563)	(142,073)
Accounts receivable due from related				
parties		2,365	(4,292)
Other receivable		2,671	(2,756)
Other receivable due from related				
parties		1,160	(2,866)
Prepayments and other current assets	(46,437)	(3,819)
Other operating assets	(112)	(55)
Contract liabilities		45,654	(13,039)
Notes and accounts payable		58,972		5,929
Accounts payable to related parties	(5,511)		279
Adjustments for other current	•			
liabilities	_	148,176		22,621
Cash generated from operations		1,319,885		899,125
Interest paid	(51,274)	(39,798)
Income taxes paid	(_	97,127)	(41,660)
Net cash generated from operating	-	-	-	-
activities	_	<u>1,171,484</u>		817 <u>,667</u>

(Continued on next page)

	2022	2021
Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets		
at fair value through other comprehensive		
income	\$ -	\$ 17,044
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets		
at fair value through profit or loss	1,016	601
Proceeds from disposal of investments		
accounted for using equity method	-	33,898
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries		
(Note 12)	-	109,335
Acquisition of property, plant and		
equipment	(798,469)	(560,537)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant		
and equipment	56,456	30,267
Decrease in refundable deposits	(2,150)	(44)
Acquisition of intangible assets	(10,376)	(10,293)
Proceeds from disposal of intangible assets	183	-
Decrease in long-term lease and		
installment receivables	4,340	4,230
Increase in other financial assets	(4,202)	68
Interest received	2,737	1,575
Dividends received	6,630	3,050
Net cash used in investing activities	(<u>743,835</u>)	(<u>370,806</u>)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Cash flows from financing activities Increase in short-term loans	(8,404)	254,475
Proceeds from long-term debt	(8,404) 630,650	1,451,000
Repayments of long-term debt	((10.000)	(1,201,118)
Payments of lease liabilities	(643,820) (86,537)	(82,884)
Cash dividends paid	(35,430)	(383,658)
Capital reduction payments to	(33,430)	(303,030)
shareholders	(267,945)	(730,808)
Change in non-controlling interests (Note	(207,743)	(730,000)
27)	_	181,532
Net cash used in financing activities	(411,486)	(511,461)
The cash about in imanoing activities	((
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and		
cash equivalents	14,305	(3,201)
•		(
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash		
equivalents	30,468	(67,801)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of		
period	<u>844,879</u>	912,680
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$ 875,347</u>	<u>\$ 844,879</u>

The accompanying notes constitute part of the consolidated financial statements. (Please see the audit report made by Deloitte & Touche on Mar. 14, 2023)

Integrated Service Technology Inc. and its Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements For the years ended Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, except as otherwise indicated herein)

I. <u>Corporate History</u>

Integrated Service Technology Inc. (hereinafter referred to as IST) was incorporated in September 1994 after the approval of Ministry of Economic Affairs. Its main business activities include the R&D and manufacturing of integrated circuits, analysis, burn-in, testing, the import and export of semiconductor parts and relevant equipment, electronic parts, computer and computer components, and dealing with distribution, quotation and bidding activities concerning the aforementioned products as an agent on behalf of domestic and overseas companies.

Stocks of IST have been traded at Taipei Exchange since Dec. 28, 2004.

The New Taiwan Dollar, the functional currency adopted by IST, is used to express amounts indicated in the consolidated financial statements.

II. <u>Date and Procedure of Adoption of Financial Statements</u>

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the board of directors on Mar. 14, 2023.

III. Applicability of New and Amended Standards and Interpretations

A. We initially apply International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC) and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (hereinafter referred to as IFRSs) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (hereinafter referred to as the FSC).

Application of the IFRSs, which are recognized and published by the FSC, does not cause any significant change in accounting policies of IST and its subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to as the Group).

B. IFRSs Recognized by the FSC and Applied by the Group for 2023

Standards Published / Amended / Revised and Interpretations

Amendments to IAS 1 Disclosure of Accounting Policies Amendments to IAS 8 Definition of Accounting Estimates Effectiveness Date
Announced by
International Accounting
Standards Board (IASB)

Jan. 1, 2023 (Note 1)

Jan. 1, 2023 (Note 2)

Amendments to IAS 12 Deferred Tax Related to Assets Jan. 1, 2023 (Note 3) and Liabilities Arising from a Single Transaction

- Note 1. The amendments are applicable to any annual reporting period after Jan. 1, 2023.
- Note 2. The amendments are applicable to changes in accounting estimates and in accounting policies to be made in any annual reporting period after Jan. 1, 2023.
- Note 3. The amendments are applicable to all transactions made after Jan. 1, 2022 except for the deferred income tax recognized based on the temporary differences of lease and decommissioning obligations on Jan. 1, 2022.

As of the date of publication of the consolidated financial statements, the Group believes, after evaluation, the amendments to other standards and interpretations do not have a material impact on financial results.

C. IFRSs Published by IASB already but Not Recognized or Published by FSC Yet:

Standards Published / Amended / Revised and	Effectiveness Date
Interpretations	Announced by IASB (Note 1)
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 Sale or Contribution	Not decided yet
of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint	
Venture	
Amendments to IFRS 16 Lease Liability in a Sale and	Jan. 1, 2024 (Note 2)
Leaseback	
IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts	Jan. 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17	Jan. 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 Initial Application of IFRS 17 and	Jan. 1, 2023
IFRS 9 – Comparative Information	
Amendments to IAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as	Jan. 1, 2024
Current or Non-current	
Amendments to IAS 1 Non-current Liabilities with	Jan. 1, 2024
Covenants	

- Note 1. Note 1: Except otherwise as indicated, the standards newly published/amended/revised or interpretations shall come into effect from the annual reporting period after the indicated date.
- Note 2. Note 2: The seller that is also a lessee shall adopt the amendments to IFRS 16 retroactively for the sale and leaseback transactions made after initially implementing IFRS 16.

As of the date of publication of the consolidated financial statements, the Group still continued evaluating the impact of the amendments to other standards and interpretations on financial results. Relevant impacts will be disclosed after the evaluation is completed. $^{\circ}$

IV. Explanations of Material Accounting Policies

A. Declaration of Compliance

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the IFRSs recognized and published by the FSC.

B. Preparation Basis

The consolidated financial statements are prepared on the basis of historical cost, except for the financial instruments at fair value, and the net defined benefit liability recognized based on the fair value of plan assets less the current value of defined benefit obligations.

Fair value measurement is classified from level 1 to level 3 based on observable level and importance of relevant inputs.

- 1. Level 1 Inputs: They refer to the prices of the same assets or liabilities obtained in the active market on measurement date (not adjusted).
- Level 2 Inputs: They refer to direct inputs (i.e. prices) or indirect inputs (presumed from prices) observable, except level 1 prices, for assets or liabilities.
- 3. Level 3 Inputs: They refer to inputs not observable for assets or liabilities.
- C. Standards of Distinguishing Current Assets and Liabilities from Non-current Assets and Liabilities

Current assets include:

- 1. Assets held primarily for sale;
- 2. Assets expected to be realized within 12 months after the balance sheet date; and
- 3. Cash and cash equivalents (not including the same that would be used to exchange or pay off liabilities 12 months after the balance sheet date and be therefore restricted).

Current liabilities include:

- 1. Liabilities held primarily for sale;
- 2. Liabilities due and repaid within 12 months after the balance sheet date, and
- 3. Liabilities for which the repayment period cannot be unconditionally postponed to at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

The assets and liabilities which are not listed as current assets and current liabilities above are classified as non-current assets and non-current liabilities.

D. Consolidation Basis

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of IST and the entities that it controls (subsidiaries). The consolidated statement of

comprehensive income has included the operating profit (loss) of any acquired or disposed subsidiary from the date of acquisition or till the date of disposal during the current period. The financial statements of subsidiaries have been adjusted in order to cause the accounting policies used by the subsidiaries to be consistent with those used by IST. The transactions, account balances, incomes and expenses among individual entities were deleted completely during the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. The total comprehensive income of subsidiaries was attributed to owners of IST and non-controlling interests, notwithstanding any loss of non-controlling interests.

If the Group does not lose control over a subsidiary after the Group has made some changes in the subsidiary's equity held by the Group, then the changes are treated as equity transactions. Book amounts of the Group and non-controlling interests have been adjusted to reflect the changes in the corresponding equity held by the Group. The difference between the adjusted amount of non-controlling interests and the fair value of the paid or received consideration was recognized as equity directly and attributed to owners of the Group.

If the Group loses control over the subsidiary, then the disposal gain (loss) is the difference between (1) the sum of fair value of the consideration received and fair value of the remaining investment in the former subsidiary on the date when the Group loses control over the subsidiary and (2) the sum of book amounts of the assets (including goodwill), liabilities and non-controlling interests of the former subsidiary on the date when the Group loses control over the subsidiary. For all amounts concerning the subsidiary that are recognized in other comprehensive incomes, the Group adopts the accounting treatment consistent with the basis complied with by the Group to dispose relevant assets or liabilities

As for the remaining investment in the former subsidiary, its fair value on the date when the Group loses control over the subsidiary is taken as the originally recognized amount of investment in the associate.

Please refer to Note 11 and Schedules 4 and 5 for the detailed information, shareholding and business activities of each subsidiary.

E. Foreign Currency

For the transactions completed by an entity of the Group using a (foreign) currency rather than its functional currency, the entity converts the foreign

currency to the functional currency at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction in preparing the financial report.

Foreign monetary items are converted at the closing rate on the balance sheet date. Exchange differences generated from the transfer or conversion of monetary items are recognized in profits or losses for the current year when the differences occur.

Foreign currency non-monetary items measured at fair value are converted at the exchange rate on the date when fair value is determined. Exchange differences generated are listed as current profits or losses. However, in case of changes in fair value that are recognized in other comprehensive incomes or losses, the exchange differences generated are listed as other comprehensive incomes or losses.

Foreign currency non-monetary items measured at historical cost are converted at the exchange rate on the date of transaction and will not be reconverted.

In preparing the consolidated financial report, the Group converts the assets and liabilities of its entities operating overseas (including the subsidiaries and associates using, and the subsidiaries and associates operating in the countries using, any currency that differs from the currency used by IST) to the amounts in NT dollar at the exchange rate on the balance sheet date. Incomes and expenses are converted at the average exchange rate of the current year. Exchange differences generated are recognized as other comprehensive incomes or losses (and are attributed to the Group's owners and non-controlling interests respectively).

If the Group disposes all equity of a subsidiary operating overseas, or disposes part of the equity of a subsidiary operating overseas but loses its control over the subsidiary, then the accumulate exchange differences that are attributable to the owners of the Group and relevant to the entities operating overseas will be reclassified to profits/looses.

F. Investments in Associates

An associate refers to an enterprise on which the Group has a significant influence and that is not a subsidiary or joint venture of the Group.

Investments made by the Group in associates are measured by using the equity method.

With the equity method, investments in associates are originally recognized at cost. After the date of acquisition, the book amount increases or decreases correlatively subject to the share of the profits, losses, other comprehensive incomes and profit distribution enjoyed by the Group from associates. Besides, changes in equity of associates are recognized proportionally based on the ratio of shareholding.

Acquisition cost exceeding the Group's share of the identifiable assets and liabilities of associates in fair value on the date of acquisition is recognized as goodwill. The goodwill is included in the book amount of the investments and shall not be amortized.

If the Group fails, when an associate issues new shares, to subscribe for shares proportionally at the rate of its shareholding so that the rate of its shareholding changes and the net equity of the investment increases or decreases accordingly, then capital reserve is adjusted by such increase or decrease – changes in net equity of associates accounted for using the equity method, and investments accounted for using the equity method. If the aforementioned adjustment is debited to capital reserve and the balance of capital reserve generated from the investments accounted for using the equity method is not sufficient, then the difference id debited to retained earnings.

When the Group's share of loss in an associate equals or exceeds its interests in the associate (including the book amount of investments in the associate accounted for using the equity method, and other long-term interests substantially comprising the Group's net investments in the associate), no loss shall be further recognized. The Group recognizes additional losses and liabilities only to the extent of legal obligations or constructive obligations incurred or payments made on behalf of the associate.

In evaluating impairment, the Group regards the entire book amount of investments (including goodwill) as single assets and compares the recoverable amount with the book amount to perform the impairment test. The impairment loss recognized is not amortized to any assets (including goodwill) that constitute part of the book amount of investments. Any revere of impairment loss is

recognized to the extent of the subsequent increase in the recoverable amount of the investments.

The Group stops using the equity method when it does not invest in the associate anymore. Its retained interest in the associate is measured at faire value. The difference between the faire value and disposal proceeds and the book amount of investments as of the date when it stops using the equity method is listed in current profits or losses.

Profits or losses generated from upstream, downstream and sidestream transactions between the Group and an associate are recognized in the consolidated financial statements only to the extent that the equity of the associate owned by the Group is not relevant.

G. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are recognized at cost and measured subsequently based on the amount of cost less both accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.

No depreciation is allocated for self-owned land. Each important portion of other property, plant and equipment is depreciated within service life by using the straight line method. The Group reviews the estimated service life, residual value and depreciation method at least at the end of every year and put off the impact on applicable changes in accounting estimates.

Upon derecognition of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the net proceeds on disposal and the book amount of the assets is recognized in profits or losses.

H. Intangible Assets

1. Individual Acquisition

Intangible assets with limited service life acquired individually are originally measured at cost and measured subsequently based on the amount of cost less accumulated amortization. Intangible assets are amortized within service life by using the straight line method. Estimated service life, residual value and amortization method are reviewed at least at the end of every year and the impact on applicable changes in accounting estimates shall be put off.

2. Derecongition

Upon derecongition of intangible assets, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the book amount of such assets is recognized in current profits or losses.

I. Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment, Right-of-use Assets and Intangible Assets

The Group evaluates on every balance sheet date whether there is any sign indicating that property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets or intangible assets may be impaired. In case of any sign of impairment, a recoverable amount is estimated for the assets. If a recoverable amount cannot be estimated for any individual asset, the Group will estimate the recoverable amount of the cashgenerating unit (CGU) of the concerned asset.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and use value. If the recoverable amount of individual assets or CGUs is less than the book amount thereof, then the book amount of the assets or CGUs will be reduced to the recoverable amount, and the impairment loss will be recognized in profits/losses.

Upon subsequent reverse of impairment loss, the book amount of the assets or CGUs is increased to the revised recoverable amount. However, the increased book amount shall not exceed the book value (less amortization or depreciation) determined if the impairment loss of the assets or CGUs was not recognized in the previous year. Reverse of impairment loss is recognized in profits/losses.

J. Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized in the consolidated balance sheet when the Group becomes a party to the contract concerning the instruments.

If financial assets or financial liabilities are not measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), the financial assets or financial liabilities, upon original recognition, are measured at fair value plus transaction cost attributable directly to the obtained or issued financial assets or financial liabilities. Transaction cost attributable directly to the obtained or issued financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL is recognized as profits/losses immediately.

1. Financial Assets

Routine transactions of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on transaction date.

(1) Type of Measurement

Financial assets held by the Group are financial assets at FVTPL, financial assets measured at amortized cost, and investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI").

(A) Financial Assets at FVTPL

Financial assets at FVTPL include the financial assets that are enforced or designated to be measured at FVTPL. The financial assets enforced to be measured at FVTPL include the investments in equity instruments not designated to be measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value while the dividends, interest and remeasured profits / losses thereof are recognized in other profits and losses. For the method used to determine fair value, please refer to Note 29.

(B) Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

Financial assets invested by the Group are classified as the financial assets measured at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are satisfied simultaneously:

- a. The financial assets are possessed in a specific business model, and the model is used to acquire contractual cash flows by possessing financial assets; and
- b. Cash flows generated on the specific date as provided in contractual terms are completely used for payment of principals and the interest on the outstanding principals.

After being recognized originally, the financial assets measured at amortized cost (including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable measured at mortised cost (including accounts receivable from related parties), other receivables (including receivables from related parties), limited bank deposits and refundable deposits) are measured at the amortized cost of the total book amount less any impairment loss determined by the

effective interest method. Foreign exchange gains or losses are recognized in profits or losses.

Interest income is computed at the effective interest rate multiplied by the total book amount of financial assets.

Cash equivalents include the time deposits that are highly liquid and may be transferred to a fixed amount of cash any time with minimal risk of changes in value to fulfill short-term cash commitments.

(C) Investments in Equity Instruments at FVTOCI

Upon original recognition, the Group may irrevocably choose to indicate that the investments in equity instruments which are not possessed for sale and not recognized by acquirers of business combinations or for which considerations are provided shall be measured at FVTOCI.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are measured at fair value, and the subsequent changes in fair value are listed in other comprehensive incomes or losses and accumulated in other equity. Upon disposal of investments, accumulated profits or losses are transferred directly to retained earnings and will not be reclassified as profits or losses.

Dividends for investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are recognized in profits immediately when the Group's right to collect payments has been established unless the dividends obviously represent part of the investment cost recovered.

(2) Impairment of Financial Assets and Contract Assets

The Group evaluates impairment loss of financial assets at amortized cost (including accounts receivable), finance leases receivable and contract assets based on the expected credit loss every balance sheet date.

Loss allowances for accounts receivable, finance leases receivable and contract assets are recognized based on the expected credit loss for the duration of accounts receivable, finance leases receivable and contract assets. As for other financial assets, the Group determines whether credit risks increases significantly after the original recognition of such other financial assets. If the risk does not increase significantly, then loss allowances for other financial assets are recognized based on the expected credit loss for 12 months. If the risk increases significantly, loss allowances are recognized based on the expected credit loss for the duration of such other financial assets.

The expected credit loss refers to the weighted average credit loss computed by weighting the risk of a breach of contract. The expected credit loss for 12 months means the expected credit loss incurred due to violation of a financial instrument within 12 months after the date of reporting. The expected credit loss for the duration means the expected credit loss incurred due to all violations of a financial instrument for the duration of the financial instrument.

For all financial assets, impairment loss is reflected by reducing the book amount of the financial assets through the allowance account.

(3) Derecognition of Financial Assets

The Group derecognizes financial assets only when their rights to cash flows from financial assets under a contract expire or when financial assets have been transferred and almost all risks of ownership of the assets and payments of the assets have been transferred to other enterprises.

Upon derecognition of the entire financial assets measured at amortized cost, the difference between the book amount of the financial assets and the received consideration is recognized in profits or losses. Upon derecognition of the entire investments in equity instruments measured at FVTOCI, the accumulated profits or losses of the investments in equity instruments are transferred to retained earnings directly instead of being reclassified as profits or losses.

2. Equity Instruments

The debt and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified as financial liabilities or equity based on the substance of the contractual agreement and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

The equity instruments issued by the Group are recognized based on the obtained consideration less the cost of direct issuance.

The equity instruments of the Group taken back are recognized as and subtracted from equity. The book amount thereof is calculated based on weighted average subject to types of stocks. No purchase, sale, issuance or annulment of equity instruments of the Group shall be recognized as profit or loss.

3. Financial Liabilities

(1) Subsequent Measurement

All financial liabilities, except financial liabilities at FVTPL, are measured at amortized cost by using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are held for trading. Financial liabilities held for trading are measured at fair value. Interest accrued is recognized in financial cost, and other gains or losses generated by remeasurement are recognized in other gains or losses.

For the method used to determine fair value, please refer to Note 29.

(2) Derecognition of Financial Liabilities

With respect to derecognition of financial liabilities, the difference between the book amount and the consideration paid (including any transferred non-cash assets or assumed liabilities) is recognized as profit or loss.

4. Derivatives

The derivatives contracted for by the Group are forward exchange agreements, which are used to manage exchange rate risk of the Group.

Derivatives are recognized at fair value originally upon execution of the contract of derivatives, and are remeasured at fair value subsequently on the balance sheet date. The gain or loss generated by the subsequent measurement is recognized directly as profit or loss. Derivatives are listed as financial assets if the fair value thereof is a positive value, and listed as financial liabilities if the fair value is a negative value.

K. Revenue Recognition

After identifying its obligations under a contract made with a customer, the Group amortizes the transaction price to each obligation and recognizes revenue upon fulfillment of each obligation.

For a contract based on which merchandise or service is delivered within one year after or before receipt of consideration, the transaction price is not adjusted for the important compositions thereof.

Service income derives from the R&D, manufacturing, analysis, burn-in and testing of integrated circuits.

The Group provides service for a customer and the customer obtains and consumes performance effect simultaneously. The related revenue is recognized upon provision of service. The contract stipulated that the customer should pay after receiving products, so the Group recognized contract assets upon provision of service and listed them as accounts receivable upon actual shipping of products.

Customers were given gift vouchers upon sale of service under the customer loyalty program for their purchases to be made in the further. As the gift vouchers provided important rights, the transaction prices to which the gift vouchers were amortized were recognized as contract liabilities upon receipt of the gift vouchers and listed as revenue upon redemption or expiration of the gift vouchers.

L. Lease

Upon establishment of a contract, the Group evaluates whether the contract is (or includes) a lease.

1. The Group is a lessor.

If almost all of the risks pertaining to the ownership of the assets and the compensation are required to be transferred to the lessee in accordance with the terms of the lease, then the lease is classified as a financed lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

When subleasing right-of-use assets, the Group determines the classification of the sublease (instead of the subject assets). However, if the master lease is applicable to the short-term leases for which the Group recognizes exemptions, then the sublease is classified as an operating lease.

Lease payments under a finance lease include fixed payments. Net investment in the lease is measured at the current value of lease payments receivable and is expressed as finance leases receivable. Finance incomes are

amortized to relevant accounting periods to reflect the fixed rate of return obtained for each accounting period based on the net of unexpired lease investments of the Group.

Lease payments under the operating lease are recognized as incomes for the lease period on a straight-line basis.

2. The Group is a lessee.

For other leases, right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are recognized on the date of lease commencement, except for leases of low-value assets for which exemptions can be recognized and short-term leases, in which case, lease payments are recognize as expenses for the lease period on a straight-line basis.

Right-of-use assets are originally measured at cost (including the amount of originally measured lease liabilities). They are subsequently measured based on the cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, and the remeasured amount of lease liabilities is adjusted accordingly. Right-of-use assets are expressed separately in the consolidated balance sheet.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis between the date of lease commencement and the expiration of the service life or expiration of the lease period, whichever comes first.

Lease liabilities are originally measured based on the current value of lease payments (including periodical payments). If a lease implies an interest rate that can be determined easily, then lease payments are discounted at the interest rate. If the interest rate cannot be determined easily, then the lessee's incremental borrowing rate of interest is used.

After that, lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost by using the effective interest method, and interest expenses are amortized for the leasing. If the index or rate determined for lease payments changes during the lease period, then the Group remeasures lease liabilities and adjusts right-of-use assets accordingly. However, if the book amount of right-of-use assets has been reduced to zero, then the rest of the remeasured amount is recognized in profits or losses. Lease liabilities are expressed separately in the consolidated balance sheet.

M. Borrowing Cost

The borrowing cost directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of the assets that meet requirements is part of the cost of the assets until almost all activities necessary for the assets to be used or sold as expected have been completed.

If specific borrowings are used for temporary investments prior to occurrence of the capital expenditure that meets requirements, then any and all investment incomes earned accordingly are subtracted from the borrowing costs satisfying the condition of capitalization.

Except otherwise as stated above, all other borrowing costs are recognized as losses for the year when the costs occur.

N. Government Subsidy

A government subsidy is recognized only when the Group is reasonably believed to comply with the conditions attached to the government subsidy and will receive the subsidy.

Income-related government subsidies are recognized as other incomes on a systemic basis for the year in which the Group recognizes as expenses the costs to be covered by the subsidies.

O. Employee Benefits

1. Short-term Employee Benefits

Liabilities relevant to short-term employee benefits are measured based on non-discounted amounts expected to pay to exchange for employees' service.

2. Post-employment Benefits

As for retirement pensions under the defined contribution plan, the pension amounts allocated for the period when employees provide service are recognized as expenses.

Defined costs (including service costs, net interest and remeasurements) of the defined benefit plan are calculated by using the projected unit credit method. Current service costs and net interest on defined benefit assets are recognized as employee benefit expenses upon their occurrence. Remeasurements (including actuarial gains and losses, and return on plan

asset less interest) are recognized in retained earnings upon their occurrence, and will not be reclassified to profits or losses.

Net defined benefit assets are allocated surplus of the defined benefit plan. Net defined benefit assets shall not exceed the current value of the refund of contributions from the plan or the reduction in future contributions.

P. Share-based Payment Arrangement

Employee stock options are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis for the given period based on the fair value of equity instrument on the grant date and the best estimate of the employee stock options expected and obtained, and the "capital reserve—employee stock option" is also adjusted simultaneously.

The Group amends the estimate of the expected employee stock options on each balance sheet date. If an originally estimated amount is amended, then its effects are recognized as profits or losses so that accumulated expenses reflect the amended estimate, and the "capital reserve—employee stock option" is also adjusted accordingly.

O. Income Tax

Income tax expense is the sum of current income tax and deferred income tax

1. Current income tax

The Group determines its incomes (losses) for the current period in accordance with the regulations enacted in the applicable tax jurisdiction and calculates income tax payable (refundable) based on such incomes (losses).

The income tax on unappropriated earnings computed in accordance with the Income Tax Act of the Republic of China is recognized for the year when the resolution is adopted at the shareholders' meeting.

Adjustment made for the previous year's income tax payable is listed in current income tax.

2. Deferred Income Tax

Deferred income tax is computed based on temporary differences generated from the book amounts of assets and liabilities and the tax base used to compute taxable income.

Deferred income tax liabilities are generally recognized based on taxable temporary differences. Deferred income tax assets are recognized when there may probably be taxable incomes from which the tax credits generated from temporary differences can be subtracted.

Taxable temporary differences relevant to investments in subsidiaries and associates are recognized as deferred income tax liabilities, except when the Group is able to control the point of reverse of temporary differences and the taxable temporary differences will not be reversed in the foreseeable future. Deductible temporary differences relevant to the investments are recognized as deferred income tax assets only to the extent of the foreseeable reverse expected in the future when there is taxable income sufficient to realize temporary differences.

The book amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed again on every balance sheet date. For all or part of assets that taxable income may probably not be sufficient to recover, the book value is reduced. Those that are not originally recognized as deferred income tax assets are also reviewed again on every balance sheet date. The book value is increased when there may be any taxable income used to recover all or part of the assets.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate applicable to the year when liabilities are expected to be repaid or assets are expected to be realized. The interest rate refers to the interest rate determined by the tax law that is enacted or substantially enacted as of the balance sheet date. Deferred income tax liabilities and assets are measured to reflect the tax consequences generated in the way that the Group expects to recover or repay the book amount of its assets or liabilities as of the balance sheet date.

3. Current and Deferred Income Taxes

Current and deferred income taxes are recognized in profits or losses. However, the current and deferred income taxes relevant to the items recognized in other comprehensive incomes or losses or those included directly in equity are recognized in other comprehensive incomes or losses or included directly in equity respectively.

V. <u>Main Sources of Material Accounting Judgments</u>, <u>Estimates and Assumption Uncertainty</u>

For relevant information not available by the Group from other resources in applying accounting policies, the management must make relevant judgments, estimates and assumptions based on historical experience and other relevant factors. The actual result may probably differ from the estimate.

The Group made material accounting estimates, such as cash flow projection, growth rate, discount rate and profitability, after taking into account the recent Covid-19 pandemic development and its possible impact on the economic environment. The management will review estimates and basic assumptions continuously. If a revised estimate only influences the current year, the estimate will be recognized in the year when it is revised. If a revised accounting estimate influences the current and future years, the estimate will be recognized in the year when it is revised and in the future year. As of the date of the financial report, no material impact was made on financial performance.

Main Sources of Estimates and Assumption Uncertainty

<u>Impairment of Financial Asset and Contract Asset Estimates</u>

Accounts receivable and contract assets were estimated based on the assumptions of probability of default and loss given default made by the Group. The Group considered historical experience and current market conditions to make its assumptions and choose input values for the impairment of estimates. For the important assumptions and input values used, please refer to Note 9. If the actual cash flows in the future are less than those expected, a material impairment loss may occur. Besides, due to the uncertainty of subsequent development of the Covid-19 pandemic and the impact of fluctuations in financial market on credit risk of financial assets in 2022, the estimate of probability of default is filled with higher uncertainty.

Service Lives of Property, Plant and Equipment

The Group reviews the estimated service lives of property, plant and equipment on each balance sheet date. According to the evaluation report issued by China Property Appraising Center Co., Ltd., the actual service life of existing equipment of Prosperity Power Technology Inc.(PPT Company), a subsidiary of IST, exceeded the service life determined originally. After the processes of comprehensive industry analysis, functional analysis and economical analysis, the management decided to

extend, from Jan. 1, 2022, the service life of some mechanical equipment from 6 years to 10 years.

If it is assumed that the assets are held till the end of the estimated service life, the amounts of increases (decreases) in consolidated depreciation expenses for 2022 and future years are as follows:

		Amount
2022		(\$ 45,231)
2023		(45,231)
2024 2025		(23,170) 15,829
2026		32,002
2027 and after 2027		65,801
VI. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>		
_	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Cash on hand and revolving funds	\$ 210	\$ 527
Bank checks and saving deposits of	(00 0 = 0	
bank Coch aguirralanta	630,272	575,613
Cash equivalents Time deposits	244,865	268,739
Time deposits	\$875,347	\$844,879
		
The interest rate range of time deposit	s as of the balance sheet	date is as follows:
_	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Bank deposits	0%~2.00%	$0.001\% \sim 2.00\%$
VII Financial Instruments at Fair Value thr	yough Dunfit and Loga	
VII. <u>Financial Instruments at Fair Value thr</u>		
	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Financial assets — Current		
Held for trading Derivatives (not designed for		
hedging)		
Forward exchange		
agreement	<u>\$ 523</u>	<u>\$</u>
<u>Financial assets – Non-current</u>		
At fair value through profit or loss		
compulsorily—Not listed (non- OTC)		
Domestic shares	\$ -	\$ 227
Beneficiary certificates of	Ψ	Ψ 44,
funds	<u>27,282</u>	<u>21,945</u>
	<u>\$ 27,282</u>	<u>\$ 22,172</u>

<u>Financial liabilities — Current</u>

Held for trading

Derivatives (not designed for hedging)

neaging)

— Forward

exchange

agreement

\$____

<u>\$ 10</u>

The forward exchange agreements to which hedge accounting was not applied and were not mature on the balance sheet date are as follows:

	Currency	Maturity Period	Contrac	ct Price (in thousands of NT dollars)	f
Dec. 31, 2022 Forward foreign exchange purchase	TWD to JPY	February 2023 ~ July 2023	TWD 1	2,300 / JPY 55,100	
Dec. 31, 2021 Forward foreign exchange purchase	TWD to JPY	March 2022	TWD	723/ JPY 2,960	

The Group engaged in forward exchange transactions in 2022 and 2021 primarily for the purpose of avoiding the risk incurred from foreign exchange fluctuation for foreign currency assets and liabilities.

VIII. Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

<u>Investments in Equity Instruments</u>

Dec. 31, 2021

Non-current

Domestic investments

Stock listed (OTC)

Common shares of Giga Solar Materials Corp.

\$

As Giga Solar Materials Corp. ("Giga Solar") merged Exojet Technology Corp. ("Exojet"), the Group obtained in December 2020 the shares of Giga Solar, which were exchanged with the shares of Exoject that it had possessed.

The Group invested the common shares of Giga Solar pursuant to its mid-to-long term strategy and expected to profit through long-term investment. The management of the Group believed that any short-term fair value fluctuation being included in profit or loss was not consistent with the aforementioned long-term investment plan; therefore, the Group chose to measure such investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Group sold all the common shares of Giga Solar at fair value in May and June 2022. The amount obtained from the sale was NTD 17,044 thousand. The unrealized

gain from the related "Other Interests — Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income" NTD 5,060 thousand was transferred to retaining earnings.

IX. Notes and Accounts Receivable - Net

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Measured at amortized cost		
Notes receivable	\$ 1,096	\$ 1,523
Accounts receivable	1,324,447	1,226,608
Less: Loss allowance	$(\underline{14,052})$	$(\underline{12,114})$
	<u>\$1,311,491</u>	<u>\$1,216,017</u>

As for payments of the services sold by the Group, the average credit period is between 30 and 120 days after the date of monthly settlement. No interest accrues for notes and accounts receivable. To reduce credit risk, the management of the Group designates a team to be responsible for a decision of credit line, credit approval and other monitoring procedures to ensure that proper measures are taken to recover overdue receivables. In addition, the Group reviews recoverable amounts of receivables on a case-by-case basis on the balance sheet date to ensure that a proper amount of impairment loss is allocated for unrecoverable receivables. Accordingly, the management of the Group believes that the Group's credit risk has significantly reduced.

The Group recognizes, based on expected credit loss for the duration, the allowance for losses on accounts receivable. The expected credit loss for the duration is calculated by using the provision matrix, which considers the historical default records of customers, current financial conditions and the state of industrial economy. As shown in the history of credit loss incurred by the Group, there is no significant difference between loss types in terms of different customer bases. Thus the provision matrix is not used to distinguish customer bases, but to determine expected credit loss rates based on the number of days the accounts receivable are past due.

If evidence shows that the counterparty encounters serious financial difficulties and the Group is unable to reasonably expect a recoverable amount, then the Group will write off relevant accounts receivable directly; however, claiming activities will still continue. Amounts claimed and recovered are recognized in profits.

The allowance for loss of accounts receivable loss measured by the Group by using the provision matrix is as follows:

Dec. 31, 2022

Total book amount Loss allowance (Expected credit loss for the duration) Amortized cost	Not overdue \$1,157,373 (330) \$1,157,043	Overdue for $1 \sim 90 \text{ days}$ $1 \approx 128,962$ (1.514) $127,448$	Overdue for $91 \sim 180 \text{ days}$ $3 \sim 24,516$ $3 \sim 24,516$ $3 \sim 24,516$	Overdue for $180 \sim 365$ days $7,859$ $(3,944)$ $3,915$	Overdue for over 365 days \$ 5,737 (5,737) \$ -	Total \$1,324,447 (14,052) \$1,310,395
						
Dec. 31, 2021						
		Overdue for	Overdue for	Overdue for 180∼365	Overdue for	
	Not overdue	$1\sim$ 90 days	$91\sim180$ days	days	over 365 days	Total
Total book amount Loss allowance (Expected	\$1,047,708	\$ 163,118	\$ 8,849	\$ 2,056	\$ 4,877	\$1,226,608
credit loss for the duration)	(1,809)	(2,262)	(<u>1,874</u>)	(1,292)	(4,877)	(12,114)
Amortized cost	\$1.045.899	<u>\$ 160.856</u>	\$ 6.97 <u>5</u>	<u>\$ 764</u>	<u>s -</u>	\$1.214.494

Information of changes in the allowance for loss of accounts receivable is as follows:

	2022	2021
Beginning balance	\$ 12,114	\$ 13,564
Add: Impairment loss allocated		
(reversed) for the year	2,072	(1,327)
Less: Amounts written off actually for		
the year	(148)	(119)
Foreign exchange differences	14	$(\underline{}\underline{}\underline{}\underline{})$
Ending balance	<u>\$ 14,052</u>	\$ 12,114
<u> </u>		
X. Finance Leases Receivable		
The Indice Beases Receivable		
	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Lease payments not discounted		

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Lease payments not discounted		
1 st year	\$ 4,392	\$ 4,026
2 nd year	-	-
	4,392	4,026
Less: Finance incomes not earned		
yet	(<u>34</u>)	(<u>46</u>)
Lease payments receivable	<u>4,358</u>	<u>3,980</u>
Net investment in the lease		
(expressed as finance leases		
receivable)	<u>\$ 4,358</u>	<u>\$ 3,980</u>

XI. Subsidiaries

The entities that the consolidated financial statements are prepared for are as follows:

			Shareholding		
Name of investing					
company	Name of subsidiary	Nature of business	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021	Explanation
IST	Samoa IST	Investment	100%	100%	
	Innovative Turnkey Solution(ITS	Electronic product testing	38%	38%	Note 1
	Company)	and relevant business			

	Pin Wen Corp. (Pin Wen Company)	Investment	100%	100%	_
	Supreme Fortune Corp.	Investment	100%	100%	_
	Prosperity Power Technology Inc.(PPT Company)	Manufacturing and sale of various integrated circuits (wafers), thinning, metal deposition and relevant business	75%	75%	Note 2
Samoa IST	Seychelles IST	Investment	100%	100%	_
	Integrated Service Technology USA Inc. (Integrated USA)	R&D and manufacturing of integrated circuits, analysis and burn-in, testing, semiconductor spare parts and relevant equipment, electronic spare parts, etc.	100%	100%	_
Pin Wen Corp. (Pin Wen Company)	Innovative Turnkey Solution(ITSCompany)	Electronic product testing and relevant business	13%	13%	Note 1
	Prosperity Power Technology Inc.(PPT Company)	Manufacturing and sale of various integrated circuits (wafers), thinning, metal deposition and relevant business	6%	6%	Note 2
Seychelles IST	Integrated Service Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. (IST KS Company)	Product testing and relevant business	100%	100%	_
	System Integration Professional Technology(SIP KS Company)	Circuit design service	51%	51%	Note 3
Supreme Fortune Corp.	Hot Light Co., Ltd.	Investment	100%	100%	_
Integrated Service Technology (Kunshan) Co.,Ltd. (IST KS Company)	Instrument Supply Technology (Kunshan) Co.,Ltd.(IST-trade KS Company)	Purchase and sale of electric testing and relevant equipment, and conduction of sale and trading as an agent	100%	100%	_
Hot Light Co., Ltd.	System Integration Professional Technology(SIP KS Company)	Circuit design service	49%	49%	Note 3
	Elitist Design Technology Inc. (Elitist Design)	Circuit design service	100%	100%	_

- Note 1. Innovative Turnkey Solution(ITSCompany) is listed as a subsidiary because the Group is able to control the composition of the board of directors of Innovative Turnkey Solution(ITSCompany). In September 2021, the Group participated in Innovative Turnkey Solution(ITSCompany)'s seasoned equity offerings not proportionally based on its shareholding. In the seasoned equity offerings, IST acquired 4% of equity at NTD 40,070 thousand and the percentage of its shareholding rose from 34% to 38%. Pin Wen Corp. (Pin Wen Company) participated in Innovative Turnkey Solution(ITSCompany)'s seasoned equity offerings not proportionally based on its shareholding, and the percentage of its shareholding reduced from14% to 13%. As of Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021, the percentage of the total Innovative shares possessed by the Group was 51%.
- Note 2. Pin Wen Corp. (Pin Wen Company) acquired 4% of shares of Prosperity Power Technology Inc.(PPT Company) at NTD 35,160 thousand in January 2021, and the total percentage of both the shares possessed by Pin Wen Corp. (Pin Wen Company) and those possessed by IST was 79%. In addition, Pin Wen Corp. (Pin Wen Company) acquired such equity of Prosperity Power Technology Inc.(PPT Company) at NTD 14,340 thousand in October 2021 that its shareholding rose from 4% to 6%. As of Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021, the percentage of the Prosperity Power Technology Inc.(PPT Company) shares possessed by the Group was 81%.
- Note 3. As of Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021, the percentage of the System Integration Professional Technology (SIP KS Company) shares possessed by the Group was 100%.

XII. Investments Accounted for Using the Equity Method

A. Investments in Associates

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Material associates		
Dekra iST (Dekra Company)	\$631,647	\$573,816
BTL Inc. (BTL Inc.)	120,566	112,593
Individual immaterial associates		
EFUN Technology Inc.(EFUN		
Company)	821	576
Green Innovation		
Technology	3,390	2,334
Global Social Inc	_	_
	<u>\$756,424</u>	<u>\$689,319</u>

1. Material Associates

	Percentage of stock rights and voting rights held		
Company name	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021	
Dekra Company	49%	49%	
BTL Inc.	11%	11%	

IST resolved at the board meeting in July 2021 to sell 500 thousand shares of BTL Inc. at NTD 68 per share. The amount obtained from the disposal was NTD 33,898 thousand, and the disposal proceeds were NTD 12,880 thousand. After the sale, the percentage of the BTL Inc. shares held by the Group reduced to 11%. Though the percentage of such shareholding was less than 20%, yet the Group still had one seat on the board of directors of BTL Inc. and therefore had a significant impact on BTL Inc. based on the evaluation made by using the equity method.

For the business nature and main place of business of each of the aforementioned associates, and the country where it is registered, please refer to Schedule 4 "Information of Investee Companies (Excluding Investee Companies in Mainland China), their Locations, etc."

The following compiled information was prepared based on the financial report made by each associate in compliance with IFRSs and has reflected the adjustment made upon application of the equity method.

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
<u>Dekra Company</u>		
Current assets	\$ 346,750	\$ 321,243
Non-current assets	1,071,316	816,341
Current liabilities	(380,000)	(338,620)
Non-current liabilities	(<u>193,264</u>)	$(\underline{78,972})$
Equity	<u>\$ 844,802</u>	<u>\$ 719,992</u>
on	next	page)

(Continued

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(21008.0101		Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
	Percentage of shares held by		
	the Group	49%	49%
	Equity enjoyed by the Group	\$ 413,953	\$ 352,796
	Goodwill	217,694	217,694
	Customer relations	<u>-</u>	3,326
I	Book amount of investments	<u>\$ 631,647</u>	<u>\$ 573,816</u>
	_	2022	2021
	Operating revenue	<u>\$617,477</u>	<u>\$470,690</u>
	Net profit of the year	\$121,694	\$ 57,273
	Other comprehensive incomes	3,117	406
7	Total comprehensive incomes	<u>\$124,811</u>	<u>\$ 57,679</u>
	_	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
	BTL Inc.		
	Current assets	\$285,869	\$351,559
	Non-current assets	875,377	729,344
	Current liabilities	(170,956)	(179,311)
	Non-current liabilities	(<u>236,878</u>)	(<u>228,367</u>)
	Equity	<u>\$753,412</u>	<u>\$673,225</u>
	Percentage of shares held by	440/	4407
	che Group	11%	11%
	Equity enjoyed by the Group	\$ 83,567	\$ 74,673
	Goodwill	23,886	23,886
	Customer relations	3,533	4,454
	Land	9,580	9,580
I	Book amount of investments	<u>\$120,566</u>	<u>\$112,593</u>
		2022	2021
(Operating revenue	<u>\$375,321</u>	<u>\$407,845</u>
1	Net profit of the year	\$134,918	\$129,165
(Other comprehensive incomes	<u>5,043</u>	4,337
7	Γotal comprehensive incomes	<u>\$139,961</u>	<u>\$133,502</u>
2. I	nformation on Individual Immater	rial Associates	
	_	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
<u>(</u>	Global Social Inc		
S	Share enjoyed by the Group		
	Net loss of the year	\$ -	(\$ 5)
	Other comprehensive		
	incomes	_	-
	Total comprehensive		
	incomes	<u>\$ -</u>	(<u>\$ 5</u>)
(Continued on	next page)		

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1 1 3 7	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Green Innovation Technology		
Share enjoyed by the Group		
Net profit (loss) of the		
year	\$ 342	(\$ 481)
Other comprehensive		
incomes	-	
Total comprehensive	Φ 0.40	(ф. 404)
incomes	<u>\$ 342</u>	(<u>\$ 481</u>)
EFUN Technology Inc.(EFUN		
Company)		
Share enjoyed by the Group		
Net profit (loss) of the		
year	\$ 245	(\$ 371)
Other comprehensive	,	(+)
incomes	-	-
Total comprehensive		
incomes	<u>\$ 245</u>	(<u>\$ 371</u>)

Investments accounted for using the equity method and the profits and other comprehensive incomes thereof enjoyed by the Group, except those of Dekra Company and BTL Inc., are recognized based on the financial statements not audited by CPAs. However, the management of the Group believes no material impact occurs even though the financial statements of the aforementioned investee companies were not audited by CPAs.

XIII. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Self-used	\$3,838,661	\$3,742,430
Rented out under operating		
lease	43,215	51,782
	\$3,881,876	\$3,794,212

A. Self-used

	Land	Building and structure	Mechanical equipment	Transportation equipment	Office equipment	Leased Otl Improvements	her equipment	Unfinished construction and equipments pending acceptance	Total
Cost Balance at Jan. 1, 2022 Additions Disposals	\$ 30,852	\$ 2,084,04 7 10,353	\$ 4,228,10 6 131,554 (945,192	4,266	\$ 38,654 83 (2,959	4,994	305,526 4,561 8,934)	\$ 261,650 \$ 662,990	7,334,060 814,535 (1,041,282
Reclassification	-	30,536	692,365	-	-	17,529	32,638	768,335)	4,733
Net exchange difference Balance at Dec. 31, 2022		631 <u>\$</u> 2,121,70	1.517 \$ 4,108,35	55			9		2,265
Accumulated depreciation Balance at Jan. 1, 2022 Depreciation expense Disposals	\$ 30,852	\$ 303,613 124,842	<u>0</u> \$ 2,632,49 2 522,977	\$ 4,321 \$ 1,450 666	\$ 21,990		333,800 125,520 46,139	\$ 156,305 \$	7,114,311 3,395,854 709,704
Reclassification Net exchange difference Balance at Dec. 31, 2022		(3,866)	771,261) 1,893 ————————————————————————————————————			(80,331	8,934) - - 2 162,727	- (- - - - - - -	867,351) 1,893 ————————————————————————————————————
Accumulated impairment Balance at Jan. 1, 2022 Disposals	\$ -	\$ - \$		\$ -	\$ 134	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	195,776
Net exchange difference			182		2			- (161,379)

Balance at Dec. 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u> <u>\$</u>	34,445		<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$</u>	136	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u> \$	34,581
Net at Dec. 31, 2022	=	<u>\$</u> 1,696,94	<u>\$</u> 1,687,05								
	\$ 30,852	<u>5</u>	<u>0</u>	\$	2,186	\$	9,324 \$	84,926 \$	<u>171,073</u> \$	156,305 \$	3,838,661
Cost Balance at Jan. 1, 2021		\$ 2,058,44	\$ 4,229,62								
2021	\$ 30,852	4	0	\$	3,413	\$	32,138 \$	396,084 \$	293,772 \$	85,685 \$	7,130,008
Additions	-	2,171	149,881		1,447		9,650	666	2,551	504,391	670,757
Disposals			(_	.				
			421,783	,	E74)	(5,131 (28,030 (10,341	ſ	465.050)
Reclassification	-	-	J	(574)		J	J	J	- ((328,426	465,859)
	-	23,642	270,968		_		2,016	12,254	19,546)	-
Net exchange		·	(202				(2)		6 046
difference Balance at Dec. 31,	-	(210)	580 <u>)</u>	Ļ	20)	L	19)	(15)	(2)	- _	(846)
2021		<u>2,084,04</u>	4,228,1 <u>0</u>								
	\$ 30,852	<u> </u>	<u>6</u>	\$	4,266	\$	38,654 \$	380,959 \$	305,526 \$	261,650 \$	7,334,060
(Continued			on					next			page)

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(Drought for ware	Unfinished								
	Land	Building and structure	Mechanical equipment	Transportation equipment	Office equipment	Leased Improvements	Other equipment	construction and equipments pending acceptance	Total
Accumulated depreciation								-	
Balance at Jan. 1, 2021 Depreciation expense Disposals	\$	\$203,506 - 100,147	\$2,445,564 558,144 (370,955	\$1,473 565	\$20,944 6,182	\$305,936 29,196	\$93,610 42,244		\$3,071,033 736,478
Net exchange)	(574)	(5,126)	(24,328)	(10,333)	-	(411,316)
difference Balance at Dec. 31,		<u>(40</u>)	(<u>261</u>)	(14)	(10)	(<u>15</u>)	(1)	-	(<u>341</u>)
2021	\$	\$303,613	\$2,632,492	<u>\$1,450</u>	<u>\$21,990</u>	<u>\$310,789</u>	<u>\$125,520</u>	<u>\$</u> -	\$3,395,854
Accumulated impairment									
Balance at Jan. 1, 2021 Disposals Net exchange	\$	\$ - -	\$222,700 (26,993)	\$ -	\$ 138 (4)	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$222,838 (26,997)
difference		<u> </u>	(<u>65</u>)				<u>-</u>	_	(<u>65</u>)
Balance at Dec. 31, 2021	\$	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$195,642</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 134</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$195,776</u>
Net at Dec. 31, 2021	<u>\$30,852</u>	<u>\$1,780,434</u>	<u>\$1,399,972</u>	<u>\$2,816</u>	<u>\$16,530</u>	<u>\$70,170</u>	<u>\$180,006</u>	<u>\$261,650</u>	<u>\$3,742,430</u>

Depreciation expenses are allocated based on the following service lives on a straight-line basis.

Building and structure	
Main buildings in the plant	35~50 years
Building renovation	5~20 years
Mechanical equipment	1~10 years
Transportation equipment	2~6 years
Office equipment	2~6 years
Leased Improvements	2~15 years
Other equipment	1~20 years

For the amounts of the property, plant and equipment pledged by the Group, please refer to Note 31.

B. Renting Out Under Operating Lease

	Land	Building and structure	Other equipment	Total
Cost				
Balance at Jan. 1, 2022	\$ 12,583	\$ 125,754	\$ 278	\$ 138,615
Disposals	<u> </u>	$(\underline{2,090})$	<u>-</u>	(<u>2,090</u>)
Balance at Dec. 31, 2022	<u>\$ 12,583</u>	<u>\$ 123,664</u>	<u>\$ 278</u>	<u>\$ 136,525</u>
Accumulated depreciation Balance at Jan. 1, 2022 Depreciation expense Disposals	\$ - -	\$ 86,630 8,509 (2,090_)	\$ 203 58	\$ 86,833 8,567 (
Balance at Dec. 31, 2022	\$ -	\$ 93,049	\$ 261	\$ 93,310
Dalance at Dec. 31, 2022	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 73,047</u>	<u>\$ 201</u>	<u>Φ 73,310</u>
Net at Dec. 31, 2022	<u>\$ 12,583</u>	<u>\$ 30,615</u>	<u>\$ 17</u>	<u>\$ 43,215</u>
Cost Balance at Jan. 1, 2021 Disposals Balance at Dec. 31, 2021	\$ 12,583 <u>-</u> \$ 12,583	\$ 129,436 (<u>3,682</u>) <u>\$ 125,754</u>	\$ 278 <u>\$ 278</u>	\$ 142,297 (<u>3,682</u>) <u>\$ 138,615</u>
Accumulated depreciation Balance at Jan. 1, 2021 Depreciation expense	\$ -	\$ 79,804 10,508	\$ 140 63	\$ 79,944 10,571
	-		03	
Disposals	<u>-</u>	(<u>3,682</u>)	<u>-</u>	(<u>3,682</u>)
Balance at Dec. 31, 2021	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 86,630</u>	<u>\$ 203</u>	<u>\$ 86,833</u>
Net at Dec. 31, 2021	<u>\$ 12,583</u>	\$ 39,124 hadding and attention	<u>\$ 75</u>	\$ 51,782

The Group rented out land, building and structure as well as other equipment under operating leases and the lease periods were 5 to 10 years.

The total lease payments to be received in the future because of the property, plant and equipment rented out under operating leases are as follows:

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
1st year	\$ 7,088	\$ 7,088
2nd year	7,088	7,088
3rd year	7,088	7,088

4th year	7,088	7,088
5th year	6,496	7,088
Over 5 years	_	<u>6,496</u>
	<u>\$ 34,848</u>	\$ 41,936

Depreciation expenses are allocated based on the following service lives on a straight-line basis.

Building and structure

 $\begin{array}{cc} \text{Main buildings in the plant} & 50 \text{ years} \\ \text{Building renovation} & 6{\sim}20 \text{ years} \\ \text{Other equipment} & 3{\sim}20 \text{ years} \end{array}$

XIV. Lease Agreement

A. Right-of-use Assets

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Book amount of right-of-use		
assets		
Land	\$153,549	\$157,660
Building	113,215	228,367
Transportation equipment	11,215	6,593
Mechanical equipment	<u> 10,905</u>	<u>10,343</u>
	<u>\$288,884</u>	<u>\$402,963</u>
	2022	2021
Added right-of-use assets	\$ 29,938	\$ 64,559
Expense of depreciation of right-		
of-use assets		
Land	\$ 4,840	\$ 4,825
Building	70,304	67,752
Transportation equipment	5,330	3,810
Mechanical equipment	<u>2,221</u>	<u>2,187</u>
	<u>\$ 82,695</u>	<u>\$ 78,574</u>
Proceeds from sublease of right-		
of-use assets (listed as other		
incomes in the book)	(<u>\$ 4,392</u>)	(<u>\$ 4,392</u>)

B. Lease Liabilities

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021		
Book amount of lease				
liabilities				
Current	<u>\$ 53,276</u>	<u>\$ 82,432</u>		
Non-current	<u>\$247,886</u>	\$331,151		
The range of discount rates for lease liabilities is as follows:				

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Land	2.76%	2.76%
Building	1.62%~4.75%	1.64%~4.75%
Transportation equipment	2.50%~5.40%	2.00%~5.25%
Mechanical equipment	$1.56\% \sim 2.00\%$	1.56%~2.88%

C. Important Lease Activities and Terms

The Group as a lessee has leased some land, buildings, transportation equipment and mechanical equipment for its operating activities and the lease periods are from 1 to 40 years. The Group does not have the right of first refusal for the land, buildings, transportation equipment and mechanical equipment that it has leased as a lessee upon expiration of a lease period.

D. Sublease

The Group has the following sublease-related transactions except those explained in Notes 10 and 13:

The Group has subleased the right of use of some buildings under operating leases, and the lease period is 5 years.

The total lease payments to be received in the future because of the subleases under operating leases are as follows:

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
1 st year	\$ 13,276	\$ 12,169
2 nd year	_	<u>=</u>
	\$ 13,276	<u>\$ 12,169</u>

E. Other Lease Information

For the agreements concerning the assets that the Group has rented out under finance leases, please refer to Note 10.

	2022	2021
Short-term lease expenses	\$ 6,265	<u>\$ 7,514</u>
Low-value asset lease expenses	<u>\$ 520</u>	<u>\$ 689</u>
Total cash (outflow) from leases	(<u>\$103,495</u>)	(<u>\$102,269</u>)

The Group chose to recognize exemptions applicable to the building and transportation equipment leases that are in line with short-term leases and low-value asset leases, and did not recognize right-of-use assets or lease liabilities relevant to such leases.

XV. Other Intangible Assets

	Computer software	Others	Total
Cost			
Balance at Jan. 1, 2022	\$ 64,132	\$ 4,515	\$ 68,647
Individual acquisition	9,500	876	10,376
Disposals	(12,731)	(1,483)	(14,214)
Net exchange difference	<u>93</u>	74	167
Balance at Dec. 31, 2022	60,994	<u>3,982</u>	<u>64,976</u>
Accumulated amortization			
Balance at Jan. 1, 2022	50,160	3,457	53,617
Amortization expense	10,031	1,090	11,121
Disposals	(12,645)	(1,483)	(14,128)
Net exchange difference	30	<u> 56</u>	<u>86</u>
Balance at Dec. 31, 2022	<u>47,576</u>	3,120	<u>50,696</u>
Net at Dec. 31, 2022	<u>\$ 13,418</u>	<u>\$ 862</u>	<u>\$ 14,280</u>
Cost			
Balance at Jan. 1, 2021	\$ 56,185	\$ 3,937	\$ 60,122
Individual acquisition	9,694	599	10,293
Disposals	(1,718)	-	(1,718)
Net exchange difference	((<u>21</u>)	$(_{50})$
Balance at Dec. 31, 2021	64,132	4,515	68,647
Accumulated amortization			
Balance at Jan. 1, 2021	41,686	2,713	44,399
Amortization expense	10,210	759	10,969
Disposals	(1,718)	-	(1,718)
Net exchange difference	(18)	(<u>15</u>)	(33)
Balance at Dec. 31, 2021	<u>50,160</u>	3,457	<u>53,617</u>
Net at Dec. 31, 2021	<u>\$ 13,972</u>	<u>\$ 1,058</u>	<u>\$ 15,030</u>

Amortization expenses are allocated based on the following service lives on a straight-line basis.

Computer software Others

2~10 years 3 years

XVI. Prepayments and Other Current Assets

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
<u>Current</u>		
Prepaid materials stipulated in work order	\$ 79,319	\$ 28,570
Inventory of supplies	36,059	21,133
Prepaid expenses	15,276	22,140
Tax overpaid retained for offsetting the future	•	
tax payable	14,352	19,647
Payment in advance	4,761	12,572
Others	<u>2,568</u>	<u>1,836</u>
	<u>\$152,335</u>	<u>\$105,898</u>
XVII. Short-term Borrowings		
	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
<u>Loans without collateral</u>		
Working capital loan	<u>\$648,500</u>	<u>\$656,432</u>

Interest rates for the working capital loans provided by the bank were 1.75% \sim 6.14% and 0.80% \sim 1.82% on Dec. 31, 2022 and Dec. 31, 2021 respectively.

XVIII. Long-term Borrowings

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
<u>Guaranteed loans</u>		
Syndicated loans from the bank syndicate - A-1		
(1)	\$ 320,000	\$ 360,000
Bank loans (2)	245,000	278,389
<u>Loans without collateral</u>		
Syndicated loans from the bank syndicate - A-2		
(1)	160,000	180,000
Syndicated loans from the bank syndicate - B (1)	100,000	200,000
Credit loan (3)	1,020,068	840,449
	1,845,068	1,858,838
Less: Unamortized balance of the expenses		
incurred by the organizer of syndicated loans	(1,600)	(2,200)
Current portion of long-term borrowings	$(\underline{145,486})$	$(\underline{105,542})$
	<u>\$1,697,982</u>	<u>\$1,751,096</u>

A. To improve its financial structure and obtain the funds needed for its mid-term business operation, IST made a 5-year joint credit loan contract for a loan limit of NTD one billion with Mega International Commercial Bank and other 5 financial institutions in September 2020. IST made a drawdown of the syndicated loan A in the 3rd quarter of 2020. The borrowed amount shall be repaid in installments of 5% of the capital every half a year (i.e. a term) for 10 terms from September 2020, and the

rest of the capital shall be repaid on the maturity date. In addition, IST made a drawdown of the syndicated loan B in the 4^{th} quarter of 2020. The loan shall be repaid in full upon maturity, and revolving drawdown is available before September 2025. Interest rates for the syndicated loan were $2.29\% \sim 2.49\%$ and 1.8% on Dec. 31, 2022 and Dec. 31, 2021 respectively. For the aforementioned credit contract, certain buildings, mechanical equipment and bank deposits of IST have been mortgaged to the bank. (Please see Note 31.)

Applicable terms of the contract under which IST applies for loans from the bank syndicate: There shall be a debt burden ratio to be complied with in the first half year's and annual consolidated financial statements of IST, and the net worth of the tangible assets shall not be less than NTD 2,800,000 thousand. If IST violates its financial commitment and fails to correct during the period given for improvement, IST shall pay 0.1% of the unrepaid balance as compensation.

- B. For the bank loans, the Group mortgaged its buildings to the bank. (Please see Note 31.) The maturity date on both Dec. 31, 2022 and Dec. 31, 2021 was March 2032 and the annual interest rates on Dec. 31, 2022 and Dec. 31, 2021 were 1.58% and 0.95% \sim 2.90% respectively.
- C. The maturity date of the credit loans on both Dec. 31, 2022 and Dec. 31, 2021 was the end of May 2026 and the annual interest rates on Dec. 31, 2022 and Dec. 31, 2021 were $1.61\% \sim 3.56\%$ and $1.00\% \sim 3.06\%$ respectively.

Applicable terms of the contract under which IST applies for a long-term loan: There shall be a current ratio, a debt burden ratio, a financial debt ratio and a interest coverage ratio to be complied with in the first half year's and annual consolidated financial statements of IST, and the net worth of the tangible assets shall not be less than NTD 2,800,000 thousand. If IST violates any of the conditions of credit loan, the interest rate for any new drawdown shall be increased by 0.25%.

XIX. Other Current Liabilities

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Other payables		
Wages and bonuses payable	\$271,338	\$200,484
Remunerations payable to employees and		
directors	30,000	14,708
Bonus for unused leave	<u> 14,629</u>	<u> 14,867</u>
	315,967	230,059
Other current liabilities — Others		

Others (Note) <u>219,721</u> <u>156,429</u> \$535,688 \$386,488

Note: It mainly includes business tax payable, receipts under custody, etc.

XX. Post-employment Benefit Plan

A. Defined Contribution Plan

The retirement pension system provided in the Labor Pension Act, which is applicable to IST, Innovative Turnkey Solution(ITSCompany), Prosperity Power Technology Inc.(PPT Company) and Elitist Design, refers to the defined contribution plan managed by the government. The 6% of the monthly wages of an employee is allocated to the specific account of the individual with Bureau of Labor Insurance. The subsidiaries of IST registered in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") adopt the endowment insurance system provided by the government of the PRC. They contribute a certain percentage of the total monthly wages of each local employee each month towards the endowment insurance funds. The retirement pension of each employee is managed and arranged by the government. The subsidiaries have no further obligation except the monthly contribution.

B. Defined Benefit Plan

The retirement pension system adopted by IST in accordance with the Labor Standards Act of the Republic of China refers to the defined benefit plan governed by the government. The retirement pension to an employee is computed based on the employee's service time and average wage of the 6 months immediately before the date of retirement approval. IST allocates the 2% of the monthly wages of an employee to be the employee's retirement fund and transfers it to Supervisory Committee of Business Entities' Labor Retirement Reserve. The committee then deposits it to the specific account with Bank of Taiwan in the name of the committee. If the balance of the specific account at the end of a fiscal year is estimated to be insufficient for the amount of retirement pensions to be paid to the employees who will meet the requirements of retirement in the next year, the difference will be allocated in full by the end of March in the next year. The specific account is entrusted to Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor to manage. IST has no right to influence its investment and management strategies.

Amounts for the defined benefit plan in the consolidated balance sheet are listed as follows:

Dec. 31, 2022 Dec. 31, 2021

Fair value of plan assets	\$ 57,629	\$ 53,132
Present value of defined		
benefit obligation	(<u>36,169</u>)	(37,161)
Net defined benefit assets	<u>\$ 21,460</u>	\$ 15,971

Changes in net defined benefit assets are as follows:

		Present value	
	Fair value of	of defined	Net defined
	plan assets	benefit	benefit assets
	1	obligations	
Balance at Jan. 1, 2021	\$ 52,184	(\$ 38,534)	\$ 13,650
Interest income (expense)	208	(153)	55
Recognized in profit (loss)	208	$(\underline{}153)$	55
Remeasurements		(<u>133</u>)	
Return on plan assets			
(except the amounts			
	740		740
included in net interest) Actuarial losses -	740	-	740
Changes in			
demographic		(102)	(102)
assumptions	-	(103)	(103)
Actuarial losses -			
Changes in financial	ф	h 1046	h 1016
assumptions	\$ -	\$ 1,346	\$ 1,346
Actuarial losses -		200	202
Experience adjustments	_	<u> 283</u>	<u> 283</u>
Recognized in other			
comprehensive incomes	<u> 740</u>	1,526	<u>2,266</u>
Balance at Dec. 31, 2021	<u>53,132</u>	(<u>37,161</u>)	<u> 15,971</u>
Interest income (expense)	<u> 370</u>	(258)	<u> </u>
Recognized in profit (loss)	<u> 370</u>	$(\underline{}258)$	<u> 112</u>
Remeasurements			
Return on plan assets			
(except the amounts			
included in net interest)	4,127	-	4,127
Actuarial losses -			
Changes in			
demographic			
assumptions	-	(7)	(7)
Actuarial losses -			
Changes in financial			
assumptions	-	2,624	2,624
Actuarial losses -			
Experience adjustments	<u>-</u>	$(\underline{1,367})$	$(\underline{1,367})$
Recognized in other		,	,
comprehensive			
incomes	4,127	1,250	5,377
Balance at Dec. 31, 2022	\$ 57,629	$(\frac{\$ 36,169}{})$	\$ 21,460
, -		(

IST is exposed to the following risks with respect to the retirement pension system provided by the Labor Standards Act.

- 1. Investment Risk: The Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor invests the labor pension fund, by itself or though an agent, in domestic (foreign) domestic equity securities and debt securities, bank deposits and other subject matters. However, the distributable amount of IST's plan assets is the income calculated at an interest rate not inferior to that announced by the local bank for 2-year time deposits.
- 2. Interest Rate Risk: Interest rates for government bonds are reduced so that the present value of defined benefit obligations increases. However, the return on debt investments with respect to plan assets increases accordingly. Both offset the impact on the net defined benefit liabilities partially.
- 3. Wage Risk: The present value of defined benefit obligations is calculated by taking future wages of plan members into account. Thus the increase in wages of plan members will result in an increase in the present value of defined benefit obligations.

The present value of defined benefit obligations of IST is calculated by a qualified actuary. Material assumptions on the measurement date are as follows:

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Discount rate	1.35%	0.70%
Expected rate of wage increments	2.00%	2.00%
Resignation rate	0.63%	0.67%

In case of a reasonable and possible change in any material actuarial assumption, the increase (decrease) in the present value of defined benefit obligations on the premise that other assumptions remain unchanged is as follows:

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Discount rate		
Increased by 0.25%	(<u>\$ 941</u>)	(<u>\$ 1,084</u>)
Decreased by 0.25%	<u>\$ 978</u>	<u>\$ 1,130</u>
Increased by 0.1%	(<u>\$ 381</u>)	(<u>\$ 439</u>)
Decreased by 0.1%	<u>\$ 386</u>	<u>\$ 446</u>
Expected rate of wage increments		
Increased by 0.25%	<u>\$ 969</u>	<u>\$ 1,112</u>
Decreased by 0.25%	(<u>\$ 938</u>)	(<u>\$ 1,073</u>)

Resignation rate			
Increased by 110%	(\$ 34)	(<u>\$ 52</u>	_)
Decreased by 90%	<u>\$ 34</u>	\$ 52	L

The aforementioned sensitivity analysis may probably not reflect actual changes in the present value of defined benefit obligations as actuarial assumptions may correlate mutually and changes in only one assumption are not quite possible.

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Amount expected to be contributed		
in one year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Average expiration period of defined		
benefit obligations	10 years	11 years

XXI. Equity

A. Common Stock

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Authorized number of shares		
(In thousands of shares)	<u>200,000</u>	200,000
Authorized capital stock	<u>\$2,000,000</u>	<u>\$2,000,000</u>
Number of issued and paid-in		
shares (In thousands of		
shares)	<u>74,775</u>	<u>79,775</u>
Capital stock issued	<u>\$ 747,751</u>	<u>\$ 797,751</u>

Changes in capital stock of IST were mainly due to cancellation of treasury stock.

B. Capital Reserve

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Used to make good of loss,	_	
<u>distribute cash or</u>		
appropriate to be capital		
stock (Note 1)		
Stock issuance premium	\$2,085,234	\$2,224,667
<u>Used to make good of losses</u>		
<u>only</u>		
Recognized changes in		
ownership interests in		
subsidiaries (Note 2)	30,538	29,824
Changes in equity of		
associates accounted for		
using the equity method	2,465	2,465
Not used for any purpose		
Stock option	<u>24,775</u>	<u>9,999</u>
	<u>\$2,143,012</u>	<u>\$2,266,955</u>

Note 1: Such capital reserve may be used to make good of loss and may be used to distribute cash or expand capital stock when the Group has no loss; however, the amount used to expend capital stock is limited to a certain percentage of the paid-in capital.

Note 2: Such capital reserve is the equity transaction effect recognized for changes in the equity of the subsidiary when the Group does not acquire or dispose the equity in the subsidiary.

The balance of capital reserve was reconciled in 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

Recognized

Changes in equity

	Stock issuance premium		asury share ansaction	Stocl	c option	ov in	nanges in wnership terests of bsidiaries	acc	associates ounted for g the equity method		Others
Balance at Jan. 1, 2021	\$ 2,489,430	\$	15,607	\$	-	\$	3,290	\$	2,465	\$	120,073
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for											
using the equity method	-		-		-		26,534		-		-
Share-based payment	-		-		9,999		-		-		-
Cancellation of treasury stock	$(\underline{264,763})$	(15,607)						<u>-</u>	(120,073)
Balance at Dec. 31, 2021	2,224,667		-		9,999		29,824		2,465		-
Changes in equity of associates											
and joint ventures accounted for											
using the equity method	-		-		-		714		-		-
Share-based payment	-		-		4,776		-		-		-
Cancellation of treasury stock	(139,433_)		<u> </u>				<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>
Balance at Dec. 31, 2022	\$ 2,085,234	\$		\$ 2	24,775	\$	30,538	\$	2,465	\$	

C. Retained Earnings and Dividend Policies

According to IST's articles of incorporation, for any distribution of earnings, IST shall make good of the previous year's loss (including the adjusted amount of undistributed earnings) first, and allocate 10% of the rest of the earnings as legal reserve. However, if legal reserve reaches the amount of IST's total paid-in capital, no legal reserve shall be allocated. Then special reserve shall be allocated or reversed in accordance with regulations or as required by the competent authority. After retaining such earnings as considered necessary by the board of directors for business operation, the board of directors shall prepare an earning distribution proposal for the rest of the earnings, together with the undistributed earnings at the beginning of the year (including the adjusted amount of undistributed earnings), and resolve to allocate dividends and bonuses to shareholders based on the proposal. For such policies concerning remunerations to employees and directors as provided in IST's articles of incorporation, please refer to Note 23-(7) Employees' Remuneration and Directors' Remuneration.

IST requires that earnings shall be distributed and losses shall be made good after the end of each quarter. Earnings to be distributed in cash shall be resolved by the board of directors and then reported at the shareholders' meeting. No proposal of

such distribution of earnings shall be submitted at the shareholders' meeting for approval.

IST considers its financial environment and growth stage to meet the requirements for future funds and long-term financial plans and satisfy the needs of shareholders in terms of cash inflows. After deducting the items provided above from distributable earnings, IST shall allocate dividends to shareholders. For the dividends distributed to shareholders for the current year, cash dividends shall account for 10% to 100% of the total dividends while stock dividends shall account for 0% to 90% of the total dividends.

In case that IST has no earnings to be distributed for the current year, or the amount of earnings is far less than that of the earnings actually distributed for the previous year, or the entirety or part of the reserve shall be distributed, based on financial, business and operating factors of IST, in compliance with the law or as required by the competent authority, then earnings to be distributed in cash shall be resolved by the board of directors and reported at the shareholders' meeting, and no proposal of such distribution of earnings shall be submitted at the shareholders' meeting for approval.

Legal reserve shall be allocated until the balance thereof reaches the total paid-in capital of IST. Legal reserve may be used to make good of loss. When IST has no loss, the portion of legal reserve in excess of 25% of paid-in capital can be used to expand capital stock or be distributed in cash.

The earning distribution proposal of IST for each quarter of 2022, 2021 and 2020 and the cash dividends per share were resolved at the board meeting as follows:

		2022 Q4	2022 Q3
Date of resolution by the			
board of director		Mar. 14, 2023	Nov. 2, 2022
Legal reserve		\$ 10,099	<u>\$ 23,118</u>
Special reserve		<u>\$ 7,555</u>	(<u>\$ 20,263</u>)
Cash dividends		<u>\$ 74,775</u>	<u>\$ 74,775</u>
Cash dividends per share		\$ 1	\$ 1
(NTD)			
	2021 Q4	2021 Q2	2021 Q1
Date of resolution by the	_		
board of director	Mar. 24, 2022	Aug. 5, 2021	Apr. 29. 2021
legal reserve	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,264	<u>\$ 5,419</u>
special reserve	(<u>\$ 3,330</u>)	<u>\$ 5,335</u>	<u>\$ 1,011</u>
Cash dividends	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 35,430</u>	<u>\$ 93,575</u>

Cash dividends per share (NTD)	\$	-	\$	0.4	\$	1
	202	0 Q4	20)20 Q3	20	20 Q2
Date of resolution by the						
board of director	Mar. 5	5, 2021	Nov.	11, 2020	Aug.	6, 2020
legal reserve	\$ 3	,132	\$	8,413	\$ 1	4,451
special reserve	(<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>,670</u>)	(\$	<u>6,647</u>)	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>5,584</u>
Cash dividends	\$ 56	,145	\$ 9	93,57 <u>5</u>	<u>\$ 14</u>	<u>0,363</u>
Cash dividends per share	\$	0.6	\$	1	\$	1.5
(NTD)						

IST held a board meeting on Nov. 9, 2021 where a resolution of not distributing earnings for 2021 Q3 was passed.

IST held a board meeting on Mar. 24, 2022 where a motion of making good of the loss NTD 38,217 thousand in use of legal reserve was proposed. The board of directors resolved at the board meetings of May 5 and Aug. 2, 2022 not to distribute earnings for 2022 Q1 and 2022 Q2.

The above cash dividends for each quarter of 2022 have been resolved to allocate by the board of directors, and the rest is expected to be resolved at the general meeting of shareholders held on June 14, 2023.

D. Special Reserve

	2022	2021
Beginning balance	\$ 98,491	\$ 99,815
Allocated special reserve		
Allocated deduction (reverse)		
of other equity items	(<u>23,593</u>)	(1,324)
Ending balance	<u>\$ 74,898</u>	<u>\$ 98,491</u>

When implementing IFRSs initially, IST shall reverse at the disposal percentage the special reserve allocated from the exchange difference between financial statements of foreign operations (including subsidiaries). After IST loses its material impact, IST shall reverse the entirety of such special reserve. Upon distribution of earnings, an additional special reserve is allocated from the difference between the net value of deductions of other shareholders' equity listed in the book at the end of the reporting period and the special reserve allocated upon initial implementation of IFRSs. In case of reverse of the net value of deductions of other shareholders' equity afterwards, the special reserve is reversed based on the reversed portion of such net value to distribute earnings.

E. Other Equity

1. Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements:

	2022	2021
Beginning balance	(\$ 95,161)	(\$ 92,644)
Generated in the current year		
Exchange differences arising on		
translating financial statements of		
foreign operations	10,777	(3,573)
Share of translation differences of		
associates accounted for using the	1.021	705
equity method Generated from reclassification	1,931	705
Share of disposal proceeds of associates accounted for using the		
equity method	_	<u>351</u>
Ending balance	$(\frac{$82,453}{})$	(<u>\$ 95,161</u>)
2. Unrealized Gains (Losses) from		
Destructive heles are	2022	
Beginning balance Generated in the current year	\$ -	\$ 499
Unrealized gains (losses)		
Equity instrument	_	(5,559)
Accumulated gains (losses) on disposal		(3,337)
of equity instruments transferred to		
retained earnings	-	5,060
Ending balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
_		
F. Non-controlling Interests		
	2022	2024
Doginaina halanga	2022	
Beginning balance	\$122,607	\$ 24,148
Net loss of the year Non-controlling interests increased from	(18,644)	(56,539)
cash increase (Note 27)	_	162,730
Acquisition of non-controlling interests		102,730
of subsidiaries (Note 27)	<u>-</u>	(7,732)
Ending balance	\$103,963	\$122,607
S		
G. Treasury Shares		
G. Heasury Shares		
		Purchased back to be
		cancelled (In
Reason of recall		thousands of shares)
Number of shares at Jan. 1, 2021		-
Shares degreesed in the year		13,800
Shares decreased in the year		(<u>13,800</u>)
Number of shares at Dec. 31, 2021		-
Number of shares at Jan. 1, 2022		-
Shares increased in the year		5,000
		-,

To maintain corporate credit and shareholders' equity, IST resolved at the board meeting of May 24, 2021 to purchase back treasury shares. The predetermined repurchase period was from May 25, 2021 to July 23, 2021 and the predetermined number of shares to be purchased back was 5,000 thousand. The range of repurchase prices was from NTD 34 to NTD 77 When the share price was less than the lower limit of the repurchase price, IST repurchased shares continuously. The upper limit for the total amount of the planned repurchased shares was NTD 385,000 thousand. The aforementioned 5,000 thousand treasury shares were repurchased before July 15, 2021 and the repurchase cost was NTD 264,811 thousand in total. IST resolved at the board meeting of Aug. 5, 2021 to cancel 5,000 thousand treasury shares. The record date for capital reduction was Aug. 10, 2021 and the registration of such change was completed on Sep. 22, 2021.

To maintain corporate credit and shareholders' equity, IST resolved at the board meeting of Aug. 5, 2021 to purchase back treasury shares. The predetermined repurchase period was from Aug. 6, 2021 to Oct. 5, 2021 and the predetermined number of shares to be purchased back was 4,000 thousand. The range of repurchase prices was from NTD 36 to NTD 78. When the share price was less than the lower limit of the repurchase price, IST repurchased shares continuously. The upper limit for the total amount of the planned repurchased shares was NTD 312,000 thousand. The aforementioned 4,000 thousand treasury shares were repurchased before Sep. 9, 2021 and the repurchase cost was NTD 202,945 thousand in total. IST resolved at the board meeting of Sep. 24, 2021 to cancel 4,000 thousand treasury shares. The record date for capital reduction was Oct. 4, 2021 and the registration of such change was completed on Oct. 22, 2021.

To maintain corporate credit and shareholders' equity, IST resolved at the board meeting of Oct. 14, 2021 to purchase back treasury shares. The predetermined repurchase period was from Oct. 15, 2021 to Dec. 14, 2021 and the predetermined number of shares to be purchased back was 4,800 thousand. The range of repurchase prices was from NTD 33 to NTD 73. When the share price was less than the lower limit of the repurchase price, IST repurchased shares continuously. The upper limit for the total amount of the planned repurchased shares was NTD 350,400 thousand.

The aforementioned 4,800 thousand treasury shares were repurchased before Dec. 2, 2021 and the repurchase cost was NTD 263,052 thousand in total. IST resolved at the board meeting of Dec. 23, 2021 to cancel 4,800 thousand treasury shares. The record date for capital reduction was Dec. 27, 2021 and the registration of such change was completed on Jan. 12, 2022.

To maintain corporate credit and shareholders' equity, IST resolved at the board meeting of Mar. 15, 2022 to purchase back treasury shares. The predetermined repurchase period was from Mar. 16, 2022 to May 17, 2022 and the predetermined number of shares to be purchased back was 5,000 thousand. The range of repurchase prices was from NTD 34 to NTD 74. When the share price was less than the lower limit of the repurchase price, IST repurchased shares continuously. The upper limit for the total amount of the planned repurchased shares was NTD 370,000 thousand. The aforementioned 5,000 thousand treasury shares were repurchased before Apr. 15, 2022 and the repurchase cost was NTD 267,945 thousand in total. IST resolved at the board meeting of May 5, 2022 to cancel 5,000 thousand treasury shares. The record date for capital reduction was May 6, 2022 and the registration of such change was completed on May 17, 2022.

According to the Securities and Exchange Act, IST shall not pledge the treasury shares it holds and shall not have the right to allocation of dividends or the right to voting based on the treasury shares.

XXII.Revenue

	2022	2021
Revenue from contracts with customers		-
Revenue from inspection and		
testing services	<u>\$3,742,682</u>	<u>\$3,213,788</u>

A. Contracts with Customers

The contract made by the Group with a customer provides inspection and testing service obligations. The customer pays the contractual consideration during the credit period after inspecting and accepting the service. Because merchandise or service is delivered within one year after or before receipt of payment, the material financial compositions of the contractual consideration are not adjusted.

B. Contract Balance

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021	Jan. 1, 2021
Accounts receivable (Note 9)	\$1,310,395	\$1,214,494	\$1,067,683

Accounts receivable — Related parties (Note 30)	<u>\$ 17,316</u>	<u>\$ 19,802</u>	<u>\$ 15,470</u>
Contract assets Labor service Contract liabilities Customer loyalty	<u>\$ 11,620</u>	<u>\$ 4,903</u>	<u>\$ 3,322</u>
program Unearned sales revenue	\$ 62,145 55,684 \$ 117,829	\$ 38,327 <u>33,848</u> \$ 72,175	\$ 47,915 <u>37,299</u> \$ 85,214

Changes in contract assets and contract liabilities resulted mainly from the point of time when performance obligations were satisfied and the difference between the points of time when customers made payments.

Performance obligations from the contract liabilities at the beginning of the year that had been satisfied were recognized as revenue for the current year as follows:

	2022	2021
From contract liabilities at the		
beginning of the year		
Unearned sales revenue	\$ 37,585	\$ 24,221
Customer loyalty program	22,280	<u>34,880</u>
	<u>\$ 59,865</u>	<u>\$ 59,101</u>
C. Itemized Revenue from Contr		
	2022	2021
Main regional markets		
Asia	\$3,052,945	\$2,611,557
America	616,027	501,973
Others	<u>73,710</u>	<u>100,258</u>
	\$3,742,682	\$3,213,788

D. Contracts with Customers Not Performed Completely

Transaction prices amortized based on the performance obligations not satisfied completely and the points of time when such prices were recognized as revenue are as follows:

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Customer loyalty program		
Performance in 2022	\$ -	\$ 38,327
— Performance in 2023	62,145 <u>\$ 62,145</u>	<u>-</u> \$ 38,327
Unearned sales revenue — Performance in 2022	\$ -	\$ 33,848

— Performance in 2023	55,684 <u>\$ 55,684</u>	<u>-</u> <u>\$ 33,848</u>
XXIII. Net Profit of Continuing Operations		
A. Interest Income		
Bank deposits Net investment in the lease Other interest incomes	2022 \$ 2,524 52 161 \$ 2,737	2021 \$ 1,248 163 <u>164</u> \$ 1,575
B. Other Incomes		
Income from operating lease Income from government subsidy Profit from lease modification Others	2022 \$ 25,878 6,723 1,702 	2021 \$ 28,139 289 170 <u>8,402</u> \$ 37,000
C. Other Gains and Losses		
Net proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Net foreign exchange gain (loss) Gain (loss) of financial assets and financial liabilities Financial assets at FVTPL Financial liabilities at FVTPL Net proceeds from disposal of intangible assets Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method Others	2022 \$ 43,904 7,808 6,649 10 97 (\$ 2,721 (2,175) (1,936) 17 - 12,880 (28,025) (\$ 16,518)
D. Financial Cost		
Interest on bank loans Interest on lease liabilities Amortization of the expenses incurred by the organizer of	2022 \$ 41,461 10,173	2021 \$ 27,420 11,182
syndicated loans Computed interest on security	600 15	600 21

deposits		
Other interest expenses	95	786
Less: Amounts listed in cost of		
qualifying assets	(<u>6,029</u>)	$(\underline{3,100})$
	<u>\$ 46,315</u>	<u>\$ 36,909</u>
Information relevant to capit	calization of interest is as follo	WS:
	2022	2021
Capitalized interest	\$ 6,029	\$ 3,100
Interest rate for capitalization of		
interest	1.26%~1,99%	$1.21\% \sim 1.50\%$
E. Depreciation and Amortization		
	2022	2021
Depreciation expenses by		
functions:		
Operating cots	\$672,165	\$704,556
Operating expenses	<u>128,801</u>	121,067
	<u>\$800,966</u>	<u>\$825,623</u>
Amortization expenses by function:		
Operating cost	\$ 5,667	\$ 7,339
Management expenses	5,454	<u>3,630</u>
Management expenses	\$ 11,121	\$ 10,969
	, ==,==	1 = 1/1 = 1
F. Employee Benefit Expenses		
	2022	2021
Short-term employee benefits	\$1,346,910	\$1,125,760
Post-employment benefits		
Defined contribution plan	41,807	38,183
Defined benefit plan (Note 20)	(112)	(55)
Share-based payment		
Equity settlement	<u>14,776</u>	9,999
Total employee benefit expenses	<u>\$1,403,381</u>	<u>\$1,173,887</u>
Compiled by functions		
Operating cost	\$1,016,052	\$ 829,406
Operating expenses	387,329	344,481
	\$1,403,381	\$1,173,887
	-	

G. Employees' Remuneration and Directors' Remuneration

IST allocated employees' remuneration and directors' remuneration, from its profit computed before deduction of employees' remuneration and directors' remuneration, at a rate of no less than 3% and at a rate no more than 3% respectively. The employees' remuneration and directors' remuneration estimated for the years

2022 and 2021 were resolved at the board meetings of Mar. 14, 2023 and Mar. 24, 2022 as follows:

Estimated Percentage

	2022	2021
Employees' remuneration	5%	4%
Directors' remuneration	1%	2%

Amount

	20	2022		2021	
	Cash	Stock	Cash	Stock	
Employees' remuneration	\$ 24,000	\$ -	\$ 10,000	\$ -	
Directors' remuneration	6,000	-	4,708	-	

If any amount is changed after the date when the annual consolidated financial statements are announced, then such change is treated as a change in accounting estimate and entered into the account for the following year after adjustment.

There is no difference between the actually distributed amounts of the employees' remuneration and directors' remuneration for the years 2021 and 2020 and the corresponding amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements of 2021 and 2020.

For information of the employees' remuneration and directors' remuneration resolved by the board of directors of IST, please check at the market observatory post system of Taiwan Stock Exchange.

XXIV. Income Tax

A. Income Tax Recognized in Profit or Loss

The income tax expense mainly comprises the items listed as follows:

	2022	2021
Current income tax		
Incurred for the current year Adjusted for the previous	\$ 98,175	\$ 84,926
year	(<u>17,783</u>) 80,392	<u>1,024</u> 85,950
Deferred income tax		
Incurred for the current		
year	<u>1,219</u>	<u>3,112</u>
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ 81,611</u>	<u>\$ 89,062</u>

The accounting income and the income tax expense are reconciled as follows:

	2022	2021
Net profit before tax of		
continuing operations	<u>\$468,113</u>	<u>\$212,231</u>
Income tax computed based		
on the net profit before tax at		
the legal tax rate	\$ 62,497	\$ 39,973
Expenses and losses not		
deductible from taxes	-	23,888
Temporary differences	36,897	24,177
Current adjustment of the		
current income tax expense of		
the previous year	$(\underline{17,783})$	<u> 1,024</u>
Income tax expense		
recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ 81,611</u>	<u>\$ 89,062</u>
Current Tax Assets and Liabilities		
	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Current tax liabilities		
Income tax payable	<u>\$ 54,690</u>	<u>\$ 70,995</u>

C. Deferred Income Tax Assets and Liabilities

Changes in deferred income tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

2022

B.

Deferred income tax assets Temporary difference	Beginning balance 702	Recognized in profit (loss) (\$ 161)	Ending balance \$ 541
Deferred income tax liabilities Temporary difference	Beginning balance (\$ 3,998)	Recognized in profit (loss) (\$ 1,058)	Ending balance (\$ 5,056)
<u>2021</u>			
Deferred income tax assets Temporary difference	Beginning balance 725	Recognized in profit (loss) (\$ 23)	Ending balance \$ 702
Deferred income tax liabilities Temporary difference	Beginning balance (\$ 909)	Recognized in profit (loss) (\$ 3,089)	Ending balance (\$ 3,998)

D. Deductible Temporary Difference from Deferred Income Tax Assets Not Recognized in Consolidated Balance Sheet, and Amount of Loss Carryforwards Not Used

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Loss carryforwards		
Due in 2022	\$ -	\$ 55,366
Due in 2023	26,410	26,410
Due in 2024	22	22
Due in 2025	96,928	96,928
Due in 2026	125,528	125,528
Due in 2027	115,500	115,500
Due in 2028	100,807	100,807
Due in 2029	107,387	107,387
Due in 2030	100,456	100,456
Due in 2031	231,350	231,350
Due in 2032	<u>74,925</u>	_
	<u>\$979,313</u>	<u>\$959,754</u>
Deductible Temporary difference	<u>\$ 71,814</u>	<u>\$ 48,168</u>

E. Income Tax Assessment

The profit-seeking enterprise annual income tax returns filed by IST as of 2020 have been assessed by the tax authority.

XXV. Earnings Per Share

Unit: NTD per share

	2022	2021
Basic earnings per share	\$ 5.33	<u>\$ 2.02</u>
Diluted earnings per share	<u>\$ 5.30</u>	<u>\$ 2.01</u>
		,

The net profit and the number of weighted average common shares used to calculate earnings per share are disclosed as follows:

Net Profit of the year

	2022	2021
Net profit used to calculate basic and diluted earnings per share	<u>\$405,146</u>	<u>\$179,708</u>
Number of Shares		Unit: In Thousands of Shares
	2022	2021
Number of weighted average common shares used to calculate basic earnings per share Impact of the common shares with dilution effect:	76,067	89,054
Employees' remuneration	377	<u> 189</u>

If IST chooses to distribute employees' remuneration by stock or cash, then for calculation of diluted earnings per share, employees' remuneration is assumed to be distributed by stock and the number of weighted average outstanding common shares is included when potential common shares have dilutive effect. When calculating diluted earnings per share before the number of shares distributed as employees' remuneration is resolved in the next year, IST shall continue to consider dilutive effect of the potential common shares.

XXVI. Share-based Payment Arrangement

Employee Stock Options

IST resolved at the board meeting of Mar. 5, 2021 to issue 2,000 thousand units of employee stock warrant for 2021. Each unit entitled its holder to subscribe one common share. The new shares issued were 2,000 thousand common shares in total, which were planned to be granted to full-time employees of IST. Subscribers may exercise their stock options in accordance with the Regulations of Employee Stock Options after 2 years from the date of grant of employee stock warrant. The duration of employee stock warrant is 5 years.

Information relevant to employee stock options is as follows:

	Jan. 1 ∼ Dec. 31, 2022	
Employee stock options	Unit (In thousands)	Weighted average exercise price (NTD)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year Issued this year Outstanding at the end of the year Exercisable at the end of the year	2,000 	\$ 54.28 - 53.81

For the employee stock options granted on the grant date Apr. 29, 2021, IST used the Black-Scholes model. The parameters used in the evaluation model are as follows:

	Apr. 29, 2021
Stock price on grant date	NTD 56.20
Exercise price	NTD 56.20
Expected ratio of fluctuation	44.16%
Expected duration	3.88 years
Risk-free interest rate	0.26%
Fair value of stock options	NTD 19.03

The remuneration cost recognized by IST for the years 2022 and 2021 was NTD 14,776 thousand and NTD 9,999 thousand respectively.

XXVII. Equity Transactions with Non-controlling Interests

In January 2021, IST participated in Prosperity Power Technology Inc.(PPT Company)'s seasoned equity offerings not proportionally based on its shareholding, and its shareholding therefore reduced from 100% to 75%. In addition, Pin Wen Corp. (Pin Wen Company) acquired some shares of Prosperity Power Technology Inc.(PPT Company) at NTD 35,160 thousand, and its shareholding increased rose from 0% to 4%. In October 2021, Pin Wen Corp. (Pin Wen Company) acquired some equity of Prosperity Power Technology Inc.(PPT Company) at NTD 14,340 thousand, and its shareholding rose from 4% to 6% accordingly. As of Dec. 31, 2022, the Group's shareholding was 81%.

In September 2021, IST participated in Innovative Turnkey Solution(ITSCompany)'s seasoned equity offerings not proportionally based on its shareholding. It acquired some shares of Innovative Turnkey Solution(ITSCompany) at NTD 40,070 thousand and its shareholding rose from 34% to 38% accordingly. In addition, Pin Wen Corp. (Pin Wen Company) participated in the seasoned equity offerings not proportionally based on its shareholding, and its shareholding therefore reduced from 14% to 13%. As of Dec. 31, 2022, the Group's shareholding was 51%.

Since the aforementioned transactions did not change the control of the Group over Prosperity Power Technology Inc.(PPT Company) or Innovative Turnkey Solution(ITSCompany), the Group treated such transactions as equity transactions.

	Prosperity Power Technology Inc.(PPT Company)	Innovative Turnkey Solution(ITSCompany)
Cash consideration received Book amount of net assets of subsidiaries, calculated based on relative equity change, to be transferred to non-controlling	\$175,500	\$ 6,032
interests Equity transaction differences Adjustments for equity transaction differences	(<u>132,602)</u> <u>\$ 42,898</u>	(<u>22,396)</u> (<u>\$ 16,364</u>)
Capital reserve	<u>\$ 42,898</u>	(<u>\$ 16,364</u>)

XXVIII. Capital Risk Management

The Group conducts capital management to ensure that enterprises in the Group are able to maximize the shareholder return by optimizing debt and equity balances on the premise that the enterprises operate on an ongoing basis. The overall strategy of the Group remains unchanged.

The capital structure of the Group consists of its net debt (i.e. borrowings less cash and cash equivalents) and equity (i.e. capital stock, capital reserve, retained earnings other equity items and non-controlling interests).

The Group does not have to abide by other external capital rules.

The key management of the Group reviews the Group's capital structure regularly and considers cost and relevant risks for capital. The Group takes the suggestions given by the key management to balance its entire capital structure by paying dividends, issuing new shares, repurchasing shares, issuing new debts or repaying old debts.

XXIX. Financial Instruments

- A. Information of Fair Value Financial instruments measured at fair value on the basis of repeatability
 - 1. Hierarchy of Fair Value

Dec. 31, 2022

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL				
Investments in equity instruments — Not listed				
(non-OTC)				
— Domestic shares	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
- Beneficiary	•		·	·
certificates of funds			27,282	27,282
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 27,282</u>	<u>\$ 27,282</u>
Derivatives	\$ -	\$ 52 <u>3</u>	\$ -	\$ <u>523</u>
Dec. 31, 2021				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1000
Investments in equity				
instruments – Not listed				
(non-OTC) — Domestic shares	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 227	\$ 227
Bonnesde sharesBeneficiary	Ф -	Ф -	\$ 227	\$ 227
certificates of funds	_ _	<u>-</u>	21,945	21,945
	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 22,172</u>	<u>\$ 22,172</u>
Financial liabilities at				
FVTPL				
Derivatives	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 10</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 10</u>

There was no transfer between level 1 and level 2 fair value measurements in 2022 and 2021.

2. Valuation technique and input value measured at level 2 fair value

Category of financial instrument	Valuation technique and input value
Derivatives – Forward	Discounted cash flows: To estimate future cash
exchange agreement	flows by using the forward exchange rate
	observable at the end of the year and the
	exchange rate stipulated in a contract, and to
	discount separately at the discount rate that
	reflects the credit risk of each counterparty to
	the transaction

3. Reconciliation of financial instruments measured at level 3 fair value $\frac{2022}{}$

	Meas	sured at fai profit				
Financial assets	Equity Instrument		Beneficiary certificates of funds		Total	
Beginning balance	\$	227	\$	21,945	\$	22,172
Recognized in profit						
(loss)	(227)		6,353		6,126
Disposals			(1,016)	(1,016)
Ending balance	\$		\$	27,282	\$	27,282
Changes in the						
current unrealized						
profit or loss that are						
relevant to the assets						
held at the end of the						
year and recognized						
in profit or loss	(<u>\$</u>	<u>227</u>)	\$	6,353	<u>\$</u>	<u>6,126</u>

2021

	Measu	red at fai profit (
Financial assets	Equity Instrument		Beneficiary certificates of funds		Total	
Beginning balance	\$	405	\$	24,304	\$	24,709
Recognized in profit						
(loss)	(178)	(1,758)	(1,936)
Disposals		<u>-</u>	(<u>601</u>)	(<u>601</u>)
Ending balance	\$	227	\$	21,945	<u>\$</u>	22,172
Changes in the current unrealized	(<u>\$</u>	<u>178</u>)	(<u>\$</u>	1,758)	(<u>\$</u>	<u>1,936</u>)

profit or loss that are relevant to the assets held at the end of the year and recognized in profit or loss

- 4. Valuation technique and input value measured at level 3 fair value
 - (1) For domestically unlisted (non-OTC) equity investments and beneficiary certificates of funds, the asset approach is used to evaluate the total value of individual assets and individual liabilities covered by the subject to reflect the value of the enterprise or business as a whole. The material unobservable input is listed below. When liquidity discount decreases, fair value of the investment increases.

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Liquidity discount	20%	20%

In case that the following input is changed for the purpose of reflecting a reasonable and possible alternative assumption, the amount of the increase (decrease) in fair value of equity investment, in the situation where all other inputs remain unchanged, is as follows:

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021		
Liquidity discount				
Increased by 1%	(<u>\$ 341</u>)	(\$ 277)		
Decreased by 1%	<u>\$ 341</u>	<u>\$ 277</u>		

B. Type of Financial Instrument

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
<u>Financial assets</u>		
Measured at fair value through profit or		
loss		
Measured at fair value through profit		
or loss compulsorily	\$ 27,805	\$ 22,172
Financial assets at amortized cost		
Cash and cash equivalents	875,347	844,879
Notes and accounts receivable - Net	1,311,491	1,216,017
Accounts receivable — Related		
parties	17,316	19,802
Other receivables	1,298	3,969
Other receivables Related parties	19,821	20,981
Other financial assets	16,633	12,431
Refundable deposits	22,611	20,461

Financial liabilities

Measured at fair value through profit or

loss

At fair value through profit or loss		
compulsorily	-	10
Measured at amortized cost		
Short-term borrowings	648,500	656,432
Short-term notes and accounts		
payable	270,621	211,610
Accounts payable Related parties	\$ 692	\$ 6,203
Payables on equipment	167,477	181,277
Long-term borrowings (including		
those due in a year)	1,843,468	1,856,638

C. Purpose and Policy of Financial Risk Management

Financial management departments of the Group provide service for each business, master and coordinate operations in domestic and international financial markets, and supervise and manage the financial risks relevant to business operation based on the level and extent of each risk and the internal risk report that analyzes risk exposure. Such risks include market risks (including exchange rate risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group avoids risk exposure through derivative financial instruments to reduce the impact of such risk. The use of derivative financial instruments is governed by the policy approved by the board of directors, which is the written principle for exchange rate risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investments made through current funds. Internal auditors review policy compliance and risk exposure limit continuously. The Group does not speculate in financial instruments (including derivative financial instruments).

The financial management department submits reports to the board of directors of IST periodically.

1. Market Risks

Main market risks assumed by the Group for its operating activities are exchange rate risk (as stated in the item (1) below) and interest rate risk (as stated in the item (2) below).

(1) Exchange Rate Risk

The Group conducts transactions in foreign currencies, so it is exposed to foreign exchange risk. The Group manages its exchange rate exposure

within the scope permitted by the policy. The Group uses forward exchange agreements to manage risks.

For the Group's book amounts of monetary assets and monetary liabilities (including the monetary items at non-functional currencies and written off already in the consolidated financial statements) and book amounts of derivatives exposed to exchange rate risk in non-functional currencies on the balance sheet date, please refer to Note 33.

Sensitivity Analysis

The Group is mainly impacted by fluctuation of USD, JPY and CNY exchange rates.

The table below presents the Group's sensitivity analysis for the situations when the exchange rate of the functional currency to each foreign currency increases or decreases by 5%. The sensitivity ratio used in the report on exchange rate risk submitted to the management internally is 5%, which is also the estimate provided by the management for the range in which a foreign exchange rate changes. Sensitivity analysis only includes outstanding monetary items in foreign currencies, and the conversion made at the end of the period is adjusted by 5% exchange rate fluctuation. The table below shows the increase or decrease in the pretax net profit when the functional currency against each foreign currency depreciates/appreciates by 5%.

	 Impact of USD		Impact of JPY				Impact of CNY					
	 2022		2021		022		021	20	22		2021	
Gain (loss)	\$ 5.273	\$	3.383	(\$	753)	(\$	63)	\$	6	\$	5	

The management believes that sensitivity analysis cannot represent the inherent risk of exchange rate.

(2) Interest Rate Risk

Since entities in the Group borrow funds at both the fixed interest rate and the floating interest rate simultaneously, the Group is exposed to interest rate risk. The Group tries to maintain a combination of fixed and floating interest rates to manage interest rate risk.

The book amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities of the Group exposed to interest rate risk on the balance sheet date are as follows:

Dec. 31, 2022 Dec. 31, 2021

With fair value interest rate risk

Financial assets	\$ 244,865	\$ 268,739
 Financial liabilities 	382,871	595,992
With cash flow interest rate risk		
Financial assets	640,977	585,716
Financial liabilities	2,410,259	2,330,661
Sensitivity Analysis		

The following sensitivity analysis is determined based on interest rate exposure with respect to non-derivative instruments on the balance sheet date. For the assets and liabilities with floating interest rates, the analysis is made based on the assumption that the outstanding assets and liabilities on the balance sheet date are still outstanding during the reporting period. The rate of change used internally for interest rate related report to the key management is the interest rate plus or minus 1%, which is also the estimate provided by the management for the range in which the interest rate may reasonably change.

If the interest rate is increased/decreased by 1%, then in the situation where all other variables remain unchanged, the pretax profit for the years 2022 and 2021 would be decreased/increased by NTD 17,693 thousand and NTD 17,449 thousand respectively.

2. Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk incurred when the counterparty to the transaction delays contractual obligations and thus causes a loss to the Group. As of the balance sheet date, the greatest credit risk to which the Group was exposed due to failure by any counterparty to a transaction to perform its obligations would probably come from the book value of financial assets recognized on the consolidated balance sheet.

To reduce credit risk, the management of the Group has designated a team to be responsible for a decision of credit line, credit approval and other monitoring procedures to ensure that proper measures are taken to recover overdue receivables. In addition, the Group reviews recoverable amounts of receivables on a case-by-case basis on the balance sheet date to ensure that a proper amount of impairment loss is allocated for unrecoverable receivables. Accordingly, the management of the Group believes that the Group's credit risk has significantly reduced.

Customers of the Group are numerous and not related, so the credit risk concentration is not high.

3. Liquidity Risk

The Group keeps successful business operation and mitigates the impact of cash flow fluctuation by managing and maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents. The management of the Group supervises the status of loans within the credit limit and ensures compliance with the terms of each loan contract.

A bank loan is an important source of liquidity for the Group. For the line of credit unused by the Group as of Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021, please see the item (2) "Line of Credit" below.

(1) Table of Liquidity of Non-derivative Financial Liabilities and Interest Rate Risk

The maturity analysis for the remaining contracts of non-derivative financial liabilities is conducted based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities on the earliest date that the Group is requested to make the repayment.

Dec. 31, 2022

	To pay upon demand or less than 1 month	$1 \sim 3$ months	3 months ~ 1	1 ~ 5 years	Over 5 years
Non-derivative financial					·
<u>liabilities</u>					
Liabilities without					
interest	\$ 197,703	\$ 171,320	\$ 67,701	\$ -	\$ -
Lease liabilities	5,799	13,104	61,048	211,389	203,467
Floating rate					
instruments	51,376	240,605	420,296	1,594,582	103,400
Fixed rate instruments	32,135	31,989	17,585	-	<u>-</u>
	\$ 287,013	\$ 457,018	\$ 566,630	\$1,805,971	\$ 306,867

Further information of the above maturity analysis for financial liabilities is as follows:

	Less than 1		5 ~ 10	$10 \sim 15$	$15 \sim 20$	Over
	year	$1 \sim 5$ years	years	years	years	20years
Lease liabilities Floating rate	\$ 79,951	\$ 211,389	\$ 38,043	\$ 38,043	\$ 38,043	\$ 89,338
instruments Fixed rate	<u>\$ 712,277</u>	<u>\$1,594,582</u>	<u>\$ 103,400</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
instruments	<u>\$ 81,709</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -

Dec. 31, 2021

	To pay upon							
	demand or							
	less than 1		3 months ~ 1					
	month	month $1 \sim 3$ months year		1 ~ 5	years	Over 5 years		
Non-derivative financial								
<u>liabilities</u>								
Liabilities without	\$ 198,405	\$ 126,984	\$ 71,387	\$	-	\$	-	

interest					
Lease liabilities	7,840	15,034	68,750	200,500	212,827
Floating rate					
instruments	388	335,878	254,050	1,607,345	133,000
Fixed rate instruments	11,945	34,140	124,973	11,351	<u>-</u>
	\$ 218,578	\$ 512,036	\$ 519,160	\$1,819,196	\$ 345,827

Further information of the above maturity analysis for financial

liabilities is as follows:

	Less than 1		$5 \sim 10$	$10 \sim 15$	$15 \sim 20$	Over
	year	$1 \sim 5$ years	years	years	years	20years
Lease liabilities Floating rate	<u>\$ 91,624</u>	\$ 200,500	\$ 40,557	<u>\$ 37,876</u>	<u>\$ 37,876</u>	\$ 96,518
instruments Fixed rate	<u>\$ 590,316</u>	<u>\$1,607,345</u>	<u>\$ 133,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
instruments	<u>\$ 171,058</u>	<u>\$ 11,351</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	<u>\$</u>

(2) Line of credit

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Unsecured bank loan		
commitment, reviewed regularly		
-Used within the		
credit line	\$1,928,568	\$1,876,881
—Unused within the		
credit line	1,084,331	<u>1,137,928</u>
	<u>\$3,012,899</u>	<u>\$3,014,809</u>
Secured bank loan		
commitment		
—Used within the		
credit line	\$ 565,000	\$ 638,389
—Unused within the	40.000	
credit line	40,000 \$\(\phi\) (05,000	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 605,000</u>	<u> </u>

XXX. Transactions with Related Parties

Transactions, account balances, incomes and expenses among IST and its subsidiaries have been eliminated completely upon consolidation, so they are not disclosed in the Notes. Transactions between the Group and other related parties are as follows:

A. Name of each Related Party and Relationship with the Related Party

Name of related party	Relationship with the Group
Dekra iST (Dekra iST)	An associate
DEKRA IST Reliability Services Limited (DEKRA IST	An associate
KS Company)	
BTL Inc. (BTL Inc.)	An associate
B. Service Income	
Item listed in the book Type / name of related	2022 2021

party

Service income Associates \$ 81,026 \$ 69,438

Prices of the services for which the Group obtains incomes from related parties are determined on an arm's length basis and there is no comparable price of identical service sufficiently for the Group to make a comparison with the determined prices. The payment terms provided by the Group are net 30 to 90 days from the date of invoice every month or quarter or under a project.

C. Accounts Receivable from Related Parties

	Type / name of related				
Item listed in the book	party	Dε	ec. 31, 2022	De	ec. 31, 2021
Accounts receivable					
 Related parties 	Associates				
	Dekra iST DEKRA IST Reliability Services Limited (DEKRA IST KS	\$	16,404	\$	19,421
	Company)		723		381
	BTL Inc.	<u>\$</u>	189 17,316	\$	<u>-</u> 19,802
Other receivables — Related parties	Associates				
	Dekra iST	\$	19,821	\$	20.981

No guarantee was received for Accounts receivable — Related parties. No loss allowance was allocated for the accounts receivable from related parties for 2022 and 2021 respectively.

"Other receivables – Related parties" refer to the technical service incomes and rent incomes receivable from related parties.

D. Accounts Payable to Related Parties

Item listed in the book	Type / name of related party	Dec	. 31, 2022	Dec	c. 31, 2021
Accounts payable					
Related parties	Associates				
	Dekra iST DEKRA IST Reliability Services Limited (DEKRA IST KS	\$	642	\$	6,025
	Company)		50		167
	BTL Inc.		<u> </u>		<u>11</u>
		\$	692	\$	6,203
E. Prepayments	and Other Current Assets				
Item listed in the book	Type / name of related	Dec	. 31, 2022	Dec	c. 31, 2021

		party		
Other current assets F. Other Curren	Assoc t Liabili		<u>\$</u>	\$ 27
Item listed book Other curre liabilities	nt	Type / name of related party Associates		Dec. 31, 2021

G. Sublease Agreement

Renting Out and Subleasing under Operating Lease

IST rented out land, building and structure as well as other equipment under operating leases and subleased the right of use of the building and structure to the associate Dekra iST, and the lease periods were 5 to 10 years. Rents were determined based on the rents for similar assets, and fixed lease payments were collected pursuant to lease agreements quarterly. The total lease payments to be collected as of Dec. 31, 2022 and Dec. 31, 2021 were NTD 48,124 thousand and NTD 54,104 thousand. Lease incomes recognized for the years 2022 and 2021 were NTD 22,268 thousand and NTD 23,558 thousand respectively.

Subleasing under Finance Lease

The Group subleased the building and structure, which were originally listed as right-of-use assets in the book, to the associate Dekra iST under finance leases in 2022 and 2021. The net investment in the lease at the lease commencement date was NTD 4,718 thousand and NTD 16,326 thousand respectively, and the lease period was 1.08 years and $1\sim5$ years respectively. The balance of finance leases receivable as of Dec. 31, 2022 and Dec. 31, 2021 was NTD 4,358 thousand and NTD 3,980 thousand respectively.

H. Guarantee Deposits Received

	Type / name of related		
Item listed in the book	party	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Guarantee deposits			
received	Associates		
	Dekra iST	<u>\$ 2,005</u>	<u>\$ 2,005</u>
I. Manufacturing	g Expenses and Operating Expe	nses	
	Type / name of related		
Item listed in the book	party	2022	2021
Manufacturing			
expenses	Associates	<u>\$ 10,522</u>	<u>\$ 15,080</u>
Operating expenses	Associates	<u>\$ 397</u>	<u>\$ 710</u>

The amounts of manufacturing expenses and operating expenses and the payment terms between the Group and its related parties are negotiated and agreed by both sides.

J. Non-operating Incomes and Expenses

Type /	name	of re	lated
--------	------	-------	-------

	Type / Hame of Foldeed		
Item listed in the book	party	2022	2021
Lease incomes	Associates Dekra iST	\$ 22,268	<u>\$ 23,558</u>
Other incomes	Associates Dekra iST	<u>\$ 6,639</u>	<u>\$ 6,967</u>
Interest expenses	Associates	\$ 16	\$ 21

Rents and collection methods under the lease contract between the Group and its related parties are determined based on lease contracts.

The amounts of other incomes and the collection conditions between the Group and its related parties are negotiated and agreed by both sides.

Interest on a security deposit incurred from the lease between the Group and its related parties is determined based on lease contracts.

K. Remunerations to Main Managements

	2022	2021
Short-term benefits	\$ 35,759	\$ 34,081
Post-employment benefits	400	449
Share-based payment	<u>1,108</u>	<u>850</u>
	\$ 37,267	\$ 35,380

The remunerations to directors and main managements are determined by the remuneration committee based on individual performance and market trends.

XXXI. <u>Pledged Assets</u>

The following assets of the Group were provided as guarantees for issuing of L/Cs, bank loans, short-term notes and line of credit.

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Property, plant and equipment	\$824,670	\$920,667
Demand deposit (listed as other		
financial assets in the book)	16,433	12,231
Time deposit (listed as other		
financial assets in the book)	<u>200</u>	<u>200</u>
	<u>\$841,303</u>	<u>\$933,098</u>

XXXII. <u>Material Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognized Contractual Commitments</u> <u>Contingencies</u>

Phoenix Silicon International Corporation ("Phoenix Silicon") brought a suit in September 2019 against IST for patent infringement and requested the court to give a ruling requiring IST to compensate Phoenix Silicon for its loss and not to use the patented process any more. Intellectual Property Court gave a ruling on June 23, 2020 dismissing the patent infringement litigation brought by Phoenix Silicon. The court found that the patent right stated in Phoenix Silicon's patent certificate No. I588880 was the combination with general knowledge and did not have the nature of obviousness, so it ruled that the patent was invalid and litigation costs should be paid by the plaintiff Phoenix Silicon. However, Phoenix Silicon still had the right to appeal. In August 2020, IST received the appeal made by Phoenix Silicon. For the civil case, Intellectual Property Court ruled on June 4, 2021 that it was invalid and rejected the claim made by Phoenix Silicon. In October 2021, IST received the original copy of the civil judgment No. Tai-Shang-Zi-2700 of 2021 from the supreme court, which dismissed the appeal made by Phoenix Silicon. The judgment was final. This event did not have a significant effect on IST's financial conditions. Relevant operating activates were conducted normally.

Phoenix Silicon previously accused an employee of IST of misappropriating the trade secrets of Phoenix Silicon. After the investigation concluded, IST received on Feb. 24, 2021 the indictment from Taiwan Hsinchu District Prosecutors Office against the employee and his/her employer IST, and also received in March 2021 the criminal and civil complaint submitted by Phoenix Silicon to Taiwan Hsinchu District Court. In the complaint, Phoenix Silicon claimed that its trade secrets were reproduced and used by IST and its employee without authorization and the concerned parties should compensate Phoenix Silicon for its loss. IST believed that the aforementioned lawsuit did not have significant effect on its financial conditions. Relevant operating activates were conducted normally.

XXXIII. <u>Information of Foreign Currency Assets and Liabilities that Have Material Impacts</u>

The following information presents foreign currencies, rather than the functional currency, used by each entity in the Group. The disclosed exchange rate refers to the exchange rate of the foreign currency to the functional currency. Foreign currency assets and liabilities that have material impacts are as follows:

Unit: In thousands in foreign currency

		Dec. 31, 2022		Dec. 31, 2021								
	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	Book amount	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	Book amount						
Foreign currency assets												
Monetary item												
USD	\$ 7,233	30.7100 (USD: NTD)	\$ 222,125	\$ 9,347	27.6800 (USD: NTD)	\$ 258,725						
JPY	10,211	0.2324 (JPY: NTD)	2,373	139,841	0.2405 (JPY: NTD)	33,632						
CNY	27	4.4094 (CNY: NTD)	119	21	4.3415 (CNY: NTD)	91						
EUR	-	-	-	223	31.3200 (EUR: NTD)	6,984						
Non-monetary item			<u>\$ 224,617</u>			<u>\$ 299,432</u>						
JPY	2,252	0.2324 (JPY: NTD)	<u>\$ 523</u>	-	-	<u>\$</u>						
Foreign currency liabilities Monetary item												
USD	3,799	30.7100 (USD: NTD)	\$ 116,667	6,903	27.6800 (USD: NTD)	\$ 191,075						
JPY	75,020	0.2324 (JPY: NTD)	17,435	145,113	0.2405 (JPY: NTD)	34,900						
EUR	-	-		223	31.3200 (EUR: NTD)	6,984						
Non monotory item			<u>\$ 134,102</u>			<u>\$ 232,959</u>						
Non-monetary item JPY	-	-	<u>\$</u>	42	0.2405 (JPY: NTD)	<u>\$ 10</u>						

Unrealized foreign currency exchange gains and losses which have material impacts are as follows:

	202	22	2021					
		Net foreign exchange		Net foreign exchange				
Foreign currency	Exchange rate	loss	Exchange rate	loss				
JPY	0.2324 (JPY: NTD)	(\$ 588)	0.2405 (JPY: NTD)	\$ 523				
EUR	- (EUR: NTD)	-	31.3200 (EUR: NTD)	76				
CNY	4.4094 (CNY: NTD)	(7)	4.3415 (CNY: NTD)	(8)				
USD	- (USD: CNY)	-	- (USD: CNY)	-				
USD	30.7100 (USD: NTD)	(<u>1,303</u>)	27.6800 (USD: NTD)	<u>567</u>				
		(<u>\$ 1,898</u>)		<u>\$ 1,158</u>				

XXXIV. <u>Disclosures in the Notes</u>

- A. Information Relevant to Material Transactions and B. Information Relevant to Reinvestments:
 - 1. Funds lent to others (Schedule 1)
 - 2. Enforcement and guarantee for others (None)
 - 3. Negotiable securities held at the end of the year (not including investments in subsidiaries and associates and joint ventures) (Schedule 2)
 - 4. Accumulated purchases or sales of negotiable securities up to NTD 300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (None)
 - 5. Acquisition cost of real estate up to NTD 300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (None)

- 6. Proceeds up to NTD 300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital from disposal of real estate (None)
- 7. Purchases from or sales to related parties up to NTD 100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (None)
- 8. Receivables from related parties up to NTD 100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (None)
- 9. Transactions of derivatives (Notes 7 and 29)
- 10. Others: Business relationship between the parent company and its subsidiaries and between the subsidiaries, and important transactions among them and transaction amounts (Schedule 3)
- 11. Name and location of each investee company (not including investee companies in Mainland China) and other relevant information (Schedule 4)
- C. Information of Investments in Mainland China:
 - 1. Name of each investee company in Mainland China and its main business activities, paid-in capital, investment method, funds remitted in and out, shareholding, investment gain or loss, book value of investments at the end of the year, investment gain remitted back already, and limit of investments in Mainland China (Schedule 5)
 - 2. Material transactions with investee companies in Mainland China directly or through a third region, and price, payment terms and unrealized gain/loss with respect to the transactions, and other information helpful to understand the impact of investments in Mainland China to the financial statements: No material transaction
- D. Information of Main Shareholders: Name of each shareholder holding over 5% of equity, number of shares held, and ratio of shareholding (None)

XXXV. <u>Information of Segments</u>

A. Revenue of Segments and Business Results

The information given by the Group to its main decision makers for allocation of resources and evaluation of departmental performance focuses on types of the products delivered or services provided each time. The measurement base of the information concerning financial statements is the same as that of the consolidated financial statements. IST is a single operating segment. The measurement base of the

losses, profits, assets and liabilities of the operating segment is the same as the preparation basis of the consolidated financial statements. As the result, for the reportable segment revenue and operating result for the years ended on Dec. 31, 2022 and Dec. 31, 2021, please refer to the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income for the years ended on Dec. 31, 2022 and Dec. 31, 2021. For the reportable segment assets and liabilities of Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021, please refer to the Consolidated Balance Sheet of Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021.

B. Incomes from Main Products and Services:

The incomes from main products and services of the Group's continuing operations are analyzed as follows:

	2022	2021
Inspectionand testing service	\$3,742,682	<u>\$3,213,788</u>
incomes		

C. Information about Geographical Areas:

The incomes of the Group's continuing operations from external customers are listed, by the countries where the customers are located and by the areas where non-current assets are located, as follows:

	Incomes from e	xternal customers	Non-current assets					
	2022	2021	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021				
Asia	\$ 3,052,945	\$ 2,611,557	\$ 4,185,096	\$ 4,240,040				
America	616,027	501,973	-	-				
Others	<u>73,710</u>	100,258						
	\$ 3,742,68 <u>2</u>	\$ 3,213,788	<u>\$ 4,185,096</u>	\$ 4,240,040				

Non-current assets do not include financial instruments, investments accounted for using the equity method, deferred income tax assets, refundable deposits or net defined benefit assets.

D. Information of Main Customers

The customers from each of which the revenue reached more than 10% of the total revenue of the Group are as follows:

	2022		2021							
		Percentage	_		Percentage					
		of net			of net					
Name of		operating	Name of		operating					
customer	Sales amount	revenue %	customer	Sales amount	revenue %					
Customer A	\$ 648,088	17	Customer A	\$ 504,540	16					

Integrated Service Technology Inc. and its Subsidiaries

Funds Lent to Other Entities

2022

Schedule 1

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars / Thousands in Foreign Currency

No	o. lo	Company lending funds	Company receiving the loan	Account	balanc	imum ce of the ear	Ending balance	Drawdown	Interest rate range	Nature of lending	Amount of business	Reason of short-term financing	Allocated amount of allowance for bad debts		ecurity eValue	Limit of funds lent to an individual entity	Total limit of lending	Remark s
0	IST	Т	Innovative Turnkey Solution(I TSCompan y)	Other receivables Related parties	\$	40,000	\$ 40,000	\$ -	2.500%	Necessity to have a short-term financing	\$ -	Capital turnover	\$ -	None	\$ -	\$ 329,823	\$ 1,319,292	2 (Note 1)

Note 1: A loan to a single enterprise is limited to 10% of the net worth of the lending company. The total funds lent to other entities shall not exceed 40% of the net worth of the lending company.

Integrated Service Technology Inc. and its Subsidiaries

Marketable Securities Held at the End of the Year

Dec. 31, 2022

Schedule 2

Unit: In thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, except as otherwise indicated herein

	Type and name of marketable	Relation with the		End of the year						
Holding company	Type and name of marketable securities	issuer of marketable securities	Items in the book	Number of shares	res Book amount Ratio of shareholdir		Fair value	Remarks		
IST	<u>Funds</u>									
	TIEF FUND,L.P	_	Financial assets at FVTPL—	-	\$ 27,282	4.35%	\$ 27,282	Note		
			Non-current							
Pin Wen Corp. (Pin	<u>Stocks</u>									
Wen Company)										
	Frame Magic Studios Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets at FVTPL—	242,105	-	10.53%	-	Note		
			Non-current							

Note: It was calculated at fair value on Dec. 31, 2022.

Integrated Service Technology Inc. and its Subsidiaries

Business Relations and Important Transactions between Parent Company and Each Subsidiary and between Subsidiaries, and Transaction Amounts

2022

Schedule 3

Unit: In thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, except as otherwise indicated herein

No. Name of trading party Counterparty to the transaction Relation with trading party (Note 1)			Transaction details							
	Account	Amount	Transaction conditions (Note 2)	Ratio to total consolidated revenue or total assets						
0 IST Innovative Turnkey 1 Solution(ITSCompany)	Net operating revenue	\$ 81	——————————————————————————————————————	-						
Solution (175 dompany)	Manufacturing expense	1,147	_	-						
	Rent income	18	_	-						
	Other incomes	436	_	-						
	Accounts receivable from related parties	6	_	-						
	Other receivables from related parties	2,549	_	-						
	Accounts payable to related parties	90	_	-						
	Purchase of fixed assets	7,990	_	-						
	Guarantee deposits received	3,589	_	-						
Integrated USA 1	Net operating revenue	33,121	_	1%						
	Accounts receivable from related parties	2,976	_	-						
	Payables on equipment	7,298	_	-						
Integrated Service Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. (IST KS	Other receivables from related parties	1,444	_	-						
Company) Samoa IST	Other payables to related parties	399	_	_						
System Integration Professional 1	Inventory of supplies	646	_	_						
Technology (SIP KS Company)	inventory or supplies	040		_						
Prosperity Power Technology 1 Inc.(PPT Company)	Net operating revenue	2,011	_	-						
	Manufacturing expense	55	_	-						
	Rent income	16,968	_	-						
	Other incomes	782	_	-						
	Interest expense	60	_	-						
	Accounts receivable from related parties	957	_	-						
	Other receivables from related parties	10,317	_	-						
	Other payables to related parties	535	_	-						
	Other current liabilities	110	_	-						
	Guarantee deposits received	7,638	_	-						
1 Prosperity Power Technology Innovative Turnkey 2 Inc.(PPT Company) Solution(ITSCompany) 2	Manufacturing expense	8,115	_	-						
	Other incomes	3,115	_	-						
	Other receivables from related parties	568	_	-						
	Accounts payable to related parties	75	_	-						
2 Integrated Service System Integration Professional 2 Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. (IST KS Company)	Net operating revenue	516	_	-						
	Accounts receivable from related parties	138		-						

Note 1: 1. Transactions between the parent company and a subsidiary

^{2.} Transactions between a subsidiary and a subsidiary

- Note 2: 1. Prices of the services for which the company obtained incomes from related parties were determined on an arm's length basis and there was no comparable price of identical service sufficiently for the company to make a comparison with the determined prices. The payment terms provided by IST were net 30 to 90 days from the date of invoice every month or quarter or under a project; however, payments might be collected subject to the subsidiary's need of funds.
 - 2. For a lease agreement between the company and a related party, the rent and the collection method were determined pursuant to the lease agreement.
 - 3. For the property, plant and equipment sold by the company to a related party, transaction conditions were dealt with based on the price agreed by both parties.
 - 4. Other receivables from related parties refer to rent incomes and advances.
 - 5. Except for the aforementioned situations, other transactions between the company and a related party were conducted on an arm's length basis.

2022

Schedule 4

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars / Thousands in Foreign Currency

				Am	ount of orig			Shares he	eld at the er	nd of the	year year		t (loss) of	Invest	ment gain	
Name of investing company	Name of investee company	Location	Main business activities	End	of the year	End o	of last year	Number of shares	Ratio (%)	Book	amount	compa	investee any for the year	(loss) r	ecognized he year	Remarks
Integrated Service Technology Inc.	Samoa IST	Samoa	Investment	USD	10,000	USD	10,000	4,916,770	100	\$	265,024	(\$	13,783)	(\$	13,783)	A subsidiary (Note 1)
	Dekra Company	Hsinchu City	Product testing and relevant business	\$	192,624	\$	192,624	19,262,390	49		631,647		121,694		56,304	An associate (Note 2)
	BTL Inc.	Taipei City	Product testing and relevant business		95,225		95,225	2,550,000	11		120,566		134,918		14,044	An associate (Note 1)
	Pin Wen Corp. (Pin Wen Company)	Hsinchu City	Investment		197,000		192,000	5,841,258	100		54,675	(5,837)	(5,837)	A subsidiary (Note 1)
	Supreme Fortune corp.	Belize	Investment	USD	1,655	USD	1,655	1,655,000	100		37,288	(3,454)	(3,454)	A subsidiary (Note 1)
	Global Social Inc	Taipei City	Advertising production, media planning, public relations and relevant business	\$	25,200	\$	25,200	8,487	30		-		-		-	An associate (Notes 3 and 4)
	Innovative Turnkey Solution(ITSCompany)	Hsinchu City	Electronic product testing and relevant business		267,278		267,278	22,728,603	38		21,256	(2,522)	(3,763)	A subsidiary (Note 1)
	Prosperity Power Technology Inc.(PPT Company)	Hsinchu City	Manufacturing and sale of various integrated circuits (wafers), thinning, metal deposition and relevant business		450,000		450,000	45,000,000	75		300,037	(70,259)	(50,450)	A subsidiary (Note 1)
Samoa IST	Seychelles IST	Seychelles	Investment	USD	6,159	USD	6,159	6,158,575	100	USD	6,156	(USD	505)	(USD	505)	A sub-subsidiary (Note 1)
	Integrated USA	USA	R&D and manufacturing of integrated circuits, analysis and burn-in, testing, semiconductor spare parts and relevant equipment, electronic spare parts, etc.	USD	3,130	USD	3,130	3,130,000	100	USD	392	USD	36	USD	36	A sub-subsidiary (Note 1)
Supreme Fortune corp.	Hot Light Co., Ltd.	Seychelles	Investment	USD	1,655	USD	1,655	1,655,000	100	USD	1,214	(USD	116)	(USD	116)	A sub-subsidiary (Note 1)
Pin Wen Corp. (Pin Wen Company)	Innovative Turnkey Solution(ITSCompany)	Hsinchu City	Electronic product testing and relevant business	\$	186,038	\$	186,038	7,892,000	13	\$	7,381	(\$	2,522)	(\$	1,307)	A subsidiary (Note
	Prosperity Power Technology Inc.(PPT Company)	Hsinchu City	Manufacturing and sale of various integrated circuits (wafers), thinning, metal deposition and relevant business		49,500		49,500	3,300,033	6		21,447	(70,259)	(3,863)	A subsidiary (Note 1)
	EFUN Technology Inc.(EFUN Company)	Hsinchu City	Information software service		3,700		3,700	370,000	26		821		928		245	An associate (Note 3)
	Green Innovation Technology	Hsinchu City	Information software management service and relevant business		5,100		5,100	510,000	29		3,390		1,520		342	An associate (Note 3)
Hot Light Co., Ltd.	Elitist Design	Hsinchu City	Circuit design service	USD	125	USD	125	400,000	100	USD	166	USD	4	USD	4	A sub-subsidiary (Note 1)

Note 1: It was calculated based on the financial statements of the same accounting period audited by CPAs

Note 2: It was calculated based on the financial statements of the same accounting period audited by other CPAs

Note 3: It was calculated based on the financial statements of the same accounting period that were not audited by CPAs

Note 4: Liquidation was applied for in February 2022

Integrated Service Technology Inc. and its Subsidiaries Information of Investments in Mainland China

2022

Schedule 5

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars / Thousands in Foreign Currency

Name of invested company in Mainland China	Min business activities	Paid-	in capital	Investme nt method	Accume invest amount r from Taiv the beging the pe	ment emitted van as of nning of		nount remitted in the period Recovered	Acc inv amou from the	umulated vestment nt remitted Taiwan as of end of the period	compa	vestee .ny's profit f the period	Ratio of shares held by the Company through direct or indirect investment	(loss) re	nent gain ecognized e period	_	book value vestment	Investment gain remitted back to Taiwan as of the end of the period	1
Integrated Service Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. (IST KS Company)	Product testing and relevant business	\$ (USD	113,627 3,700)	Note 1	\$ 2 (USD (Not	90,916 9,473) e 4)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (USD	290,916 9,473) Note 4)	\$ (USD	2,712 91)	100%	\$ (USD	2,712 91)	\$ (USD	168,506 5,487)	\$ -	Note 2
System Integration Professional Technology (SIP KS Company)	Circuit design service	(USD	96,737 3,150)	Note 1	(USD	46,986 1,530)	-	-	(USD	46,986 1,530)	(USD	7,243) (243))	100%	(USD	7,243) (243))	(USD	66,426 2,163)	-	Note 2
Instrument Supply Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. (IST-trade KS Company)	Purchase and sale of electric testing and relevant equipment, and conduction of sale and trading as an agent	(CNY	11,024 2,500)	Note 1	(Not	e 5)	-	-	()	Note 5)	(CNY	438 99)	100%	(CNY	438 99)	(CNY	11,403 2,586)	-	Note 2

Accumulated investment amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China as of the end of the period	Investment amount approved by Investment Commission, Ministry of Economic Affairs	Limit of investment provided by Investment Commission, Ministry of Economic Affairs
\$ 337,902 (USD 11,003)	\$ 564,388 (USD 18,378)	\$1,978,938

Note 1: The company in Mainland China was invested through a third-area investee company.

Note 2: It was calculated based on the financial statements of the same accounting period audited by CPAs.

Note 3: The figures in a foreign currency were converted into NT dollars at the exchange rate announced on the reporting date.

Note 4: An amount of USD 980 thousand in the investment is a reinvestment by Samoa IST using its own funds, so the limit of investments in Mainland China provided by Investment Commission, MOEA is not applicable here.

Note 5: It is a reinvestment by Integrated Service Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. (IST KS Company) using its own funds, so the limit of investments in Mainland China provided by Investment Commission, MOEA is not applicable here.

Integrated Service Technology Inc.

Parent Company Only Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 and Independent Auditors' Report

Address: 1F, No. 22, Puding Road, Hsinchu City

Tel: (03)5799909

To Integrated Service Technology Inc.:

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Integrated Service Technology Inc., which comprise the parent company only balance sheets as of dec. 31, 2022 and 2021 and the parent company only statements of comprehensive income, parent company only statements of changes in equity and parent company only statements of cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the parent company only financial statements (including a summary of material accounting policies).

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of other auditors (as referred to in the Other Matters section), the accompanying parent company only financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial conditions of Integrated Service Technology Inc. as of Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021 and the parent company only financial performance and parent company only cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Parent Company Only Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit section below. We are independent of Integrated Service Technology Inc. in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant and have fulfilled our other responsibilities in accordance with the Norm. Based on our audit results and the audit reports certified by other auditors, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the parent company only financial statements of Integrated Service Technology Inc. for the year ended Dec. 31, 2022. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the parent company only financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters with respect to the parent company only financial statements of Integrated Service Technology Inc. for the year ended Dec. 31, 2022 are stated as follows:

Recognition of Revenue

The operating revenue of Integrated Service Technology for 2022 was NTD 3,213,134 thousand, mainly generated from service incomes for providing customers with product verification and analysis service. Please refer to Notes 4 and 22 to the parent company only financial statements for the details on accounting policies and information relevant to revenue recognition.

Revenue recognition is a risk assumed in the Statement on Auditing Standards. Customers of Integrated Service Technology Inc. are numerous and are in different industrial fields domestically and overseas. Thus for the specific customers with respect to which the revenue growth rate of the year exceeds that of IST with such customers, the authenticity of revenue is listed as a key audit matter for this year.

Our key audit procedure performed in respect of the aforementioned key audit matter comprises the following:

- 1. We understood the internal controls for the procedure of operating revenue recognition, tested and assessed the effectiveness of the internal controls.
- 2. We verified the authenticity of the customers, analyzed changes in each of the customers for the latest two years, and reviewed reasonableness of receivables turnover ratio.
- 3. We took adequate transactions from the whole year's operating revenue account as samples to review corresponding sales vouchers, documents signed by the customers for receipt of products, and record of receiving payments in order to confirm the authenticity and accuracy of recognized revenue.
- 4. We reviewed after the balance sheet date whether any material return and allowance for revenue was attributed to an event taking place in 2022 in order to confirm whether misstatements existed for the annual operating revenue of 2022.

Evaluation on Impairment of Accounts Receivable

The total amount of accounts receivable by Integrated Service Technology Inc. as of Dec. 31, 2022 was NTD 1,251,791 thousand. For accounting policies and information regarding accounts receivable, please refer to Notes 4 and 8 to the parent company only financial statements.

The management used historical payment collection experience and the credit risk assumption for customers to evaluate impairment of accounts receivable. As such evaluation could involve the management's judgment, the evaluation on impairment of accounts receivable was therefore a key audit matter for this year.

Our key audit procedure performed in respect of the aforementioned key audit matter comprises the following:

- 1. We tested for accuracy of age distribution for accounts receivable and evaluated reasonableness of bad debt losses allocated by the management for accounts receivable.
- 2. We reviewed subsequent receipts of the accounts receivable due and unpaid as of the balance sheet date and verified whether the impairment of accounts receivable was reasonable.

Other Matters

As stated in Note 10 to the parent company only financial statements, some investments accounted for using the equity method in the parent company only financial statements of Integrated Service Technology Inc. were audited by other auditors. Thus in our opinion expressed in the aforementioned financial statements, the investments in the aforementioned investee companies accounted for using the equity method and the share of profits and losses accounted for using the equity method were recognized based on the audit reports of other auditors. As of Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021, the aforementioned investments accounted for using the equity method were NTD 631,647 thousand and NTD 573,816 thousand, respectively, which accounted for 9% of the total assets. For the years ended Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021, the comprehensive incomes of the aforementioned associates accounted for using the equity method were NTD 57,831 thousand and NTD 24,937 thousand respectively, which accounted for 14% of the total comprehensive incomes.

Responsibilities of the Management and the Units Charged with Governance for the parent company only financial Statements

The management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the parent company only financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and for such internal controls as the management determines are necessary to enable the preparation of parent company only financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, the management is also responsible for assessing the ability of Integrated Service Technology Inc. to continue as a going concern, disclosing relevant matters and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management intends to liquidate Integrated Service Technology Inc. or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The units charged with governance (including the audit committee) are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of Integrated Service Technology Inc.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the parent company only financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an audit report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Auditing Standards always detects any existing material misstatement in the parent company only financial statements. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these parent company only financial statements.

In conducting the audit in accordance with the Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the parent company only financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal controls of Integrated Service Technology Inc.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and relevant disclosures made by the management.
- 4. Conclude, based on the audit evidence obtained, on the appropriateness of the management's use of the going concern basis of accounting, and whether a material uncertainty exists in respect of any event or situation that may cast significant doubt on the ability of Integrated Service Technology Inc. to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we draw attention in our audit report to the relevant disclosures in the parent company only financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our audit report. However, future events or situations may cause Integrated Service Technology Inc. to cease to continue as a going concern.

5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the parent company only financial statements (including the Notes) and whether the parent company only

financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events fairly.

6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of Integrated Service Technology Inc. to express an opinion on the parent company only

financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance

of the audit, and also responsible for issuing our opinion based on our audit.

We communicate with the units charged with governance regarding, among other

matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings (including

any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during the audit).

We also provide the units charged with governance with a declaration that we have

complied with applicable ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate

with them about all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be considered to

impair our independence (and relevant preventive measures).

From the matters communicated with the units charged with governance, we determine

the key audit matters in the audit of the parent company only financial statements of

Integrated Service Technology Inc. for the year ended Dec. 31, 2022. We describe these

matters in our audit report unless any law or regulation precludes public disclosure of any of

these matters or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should

not be communicated in the audit report because the adverse consequences of such

communication are reasonably expected to outweigh any public interest to be promoted.

Deloitte & Touche

Huang Yu-Feng, CPA

Tsai Mei-Chen, CPA

Mar. 14, 2023

Integrated Service Technology Inc. Parent Company Only Balance Sheets Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

	Dec. 31, 2	022	Dec. 31, 2021			Dec. 31, 2	2022	Dec. 31, 2021		
Assets	Amount	%	Amount	%	Liabilities and Equity	Amount	%	Amount	%	
Current assets					Current liabilities	-	·			
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4 and 6) Current financial assets at fair value	\$ 426,082	6	\$ 361,968	5	Current borrowings (Notes 4 and 15) Current financial liabilities at fair value	\$ 565,709	8	\$ 567,533	8	
through profit or loss	Faa				through profit or loss			10		
(Notes 4 and 7) Notes and accounts receivable, net	523	-	-	-	(Notes 4 and 7) Current contract liabilities (Notes 4 and 20)	- 117,335	2	10 71,663	- 1	
(Notes 4, 5 and 8)	1,239,357	18	1,105,708	16	Accounts payable	242,206	3	184,067	3	
Finance lease receivables (Notes 4, 9 and	1,239,337	10	1,103,700	10	Accounts payable to related parties (Note	242,200	3	104,007	3	
27) Accounts receivable due from related	4,358	-	3,980	-	27) Payable on machinery and equipment (Note	732	-	6,051	-	
parties, net (Note 27) Other receivables due from related	20,575	-	29,041	1	27) Dividends payable, non-cash assets	167,984	2	151,334	2	
parties (Note 27)	34,131	_	29,071	1	distributions (Note 19)	74,775	1	35,430	1	
Prepayments and other current assets	34,131	-	29,071	1	Current tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 22)	54,690	1	70,995	1	
(Notes 14 and 27)	112,104	2	56,909	1	Current lease liabilities (Notes 4 and 12)	45,709	1	48,807	1	
Other current financial assets (Note 28)	5,197		4,223	-	Long-term borrowings, current portion	43,707	1	40,007	1	
Total current assets	1,842,327	26	1,590,900	24	(Notes 4, 16 and 28) Other current liabilities, others (Notes 4, 17	128,000	2	88,000	1	
					and 27)	447,079	6	320,523	5	
Non-current assets					Total current liabilities	1,844,219	<u>6</u> <u>26</u>	1,544,413	<u>5</u> _ <u>23</u>	
Non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Notes 4 and 7) Investments accounted for using equity	27,282	1	21,945	-	Non-current liabilities Non-current portion of non-current					
method					borrowings (Notes 4, 16 and 28)	1,675,400	24	1,722,800	25	
(Notes 4, 10 and 31)	1,430,493	20	1,425,485	21	Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 22)	620	24	1,722,000	23	
Property, plant and equipment	1,100,170	20	1,123,103	21	Non-current lease liabilities (Notes 4 and		2	250 245	4	
(Notes 4 11 27 and 20)	2 450 250	40	2 247 025	۲0	12)	228,755	3	259,215	4	
(Notes 4, 11, 27 and 28)	3,459,359	49	3,346,025 294,590	50 4	Guarantee deposits received (Note 27) Total non-current liabilities	13,232 1,918,007	<u>-</u> 27	9,643	<u></u> 29	
Right-of-use assets (Notes 4 and 12) Other intangible assets (Notes 4, 13 and	258,827	4		4	rotal non-current nabilities	1,916,007	<u> 27</u>	<u>1,991,658</u>	<u> 29</u>	
27)	8,009	-	7,471	-						
Deferred tax assets (Notes 4 and 22)	-	-	169	-	Total liabilities	<u>3,762,226</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>3,536,071</u>	<u>52</u>	
Prepayments for business facilities	56	-	25,114	1						
Guarantee deposits paid	12,643	-	10,475	-	Equity (Notes 4 and 19)					
Net defined benefit assets,	04.460		45.054		Ordinary share	747,751	11	797,751	12	
Non-current (Notes 4 and 18) Total non-current assets	21,460 5,218,129	<u></u> 	<u>15,971</u> <u>5,147,245</u>	<u>-</u> 	Capital surplus Retained earnings	2,143,012	30	2,266,955	34	
Total non-current assets	5,210,129	<u> 74</u>	<u> </u>		Legal reserve	160,486	2	175,585	3	
					Special reserve	74,898	1	98,491	1	
					Unappropriated earnings (Accumulated deficit) Other equity	254,536 (<u>82,453</u>)	4 (<u>1</u>)	(41,547) (95,161)	(1) (<u>1</u>)	
					Total equity	3,298,230	47	3,202,074	48	
Total assets	<u>\$7,060,456</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$6,738,145</u>	<u>100</u>	Total liabilities and equity	<u>\$7,060,456</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$6,738,145</u>	<u>100</u>	

The accompanying notes constitute part of the parent company only financial statements. (Please see the audit report made by Deloitte & Touche on Mar. 14, 2023.)

Integrated Service Technology Inc.

Parent Company Only Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the years ended Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, except for EPS in New Taiwan Dollar

	2022		2021				
		Amount	%		Amount		%
Operating revenue (Notes 4, 20 and 27)	\$	3,213,134	100	\$	2,755,003	1	100
Operating cost (Notes 21 and 27)		2,228,240	<u>69</u>		1,892,591	_	<u>69</u>
Gross profit from operations		984,894	<u>31</u>		862,412		<u>31</u>
Operating expenses (Notes 21 and 27) Selling expenses Administrative expenses		72,663 349,605	2 11		72,299 299,667		3 11
Research and development expenses Impairment loss (impairment gain and reversal of		106,308	4		96,038		3
impairment loss) determined in accordance with IFRS 9 Total operating expenses		2,072 530,648	<u>-</u> 17	(<u>1,327</u>) 466,677	_	<u>-</u> 17
Net operating income		454,246	14		395 <u>,735</u>		<u>14</u>
Non-operating income and expenses Interest income (Notes 21and 27)		647	_		333		_
Other income (Notes 21 and 27)		58,463	2		78,323		3
Other gains and losses, net (Notes 4 and 21)		21,536	-	(16,968)	(1)
Financial cost, net (Notes 4, 21 and 27) Share of loss of subsidiaries and associates for using	(41,206)	(1)	(31,241)	(1)
equity method, net (Notes 4 and 10) Total non-operating	(6,939)		(161,633)	(_	<u>6</u>)
income and expenses		32,501	1	(131,186)	(_	<u>5</u>)
Profit from continuing operations before tax		486,747	15		264,549		9
Income tax expense (Notes 4 and 22)		<u>81,601</u>	2		84,841		3
Profit		405,146	13		179,708		6

(Continued on next page)

	2022			2021			
	Ar	nount	%	Ar	nount	%	
Other comprehensive incomes							
Components of other							
comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss							
Gains on remeasurements of							
defined benefit plans (Notes 4							
and 18)	\$	5,377	-	\$	2,266	-	
Unrealised gains (losses) from							
investments in equity instruments measured at fair							
value through other							
comprehensive income (Notes							
4 and 19)		-	-	(5,559)	-	
Share of other comprehensive							
income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using							
equity method, components of							
other comprehensive income							
that will not be reclassified to							
profit or loss (Notes 4 1n3 19)		155	-		22	-	
Components of other comprehensive income that will							
be reclassified to profit or loss							
Exchange differences on							
translation (Notes 4 and 19)		10,777	-	(3,573)	-	
Share of other comprehensive							
gain of subsidiaries and associates for using equity							
method (Notes 4 and 19)		1,931	-		705	_	
Total other comprehensive							
income (Net after tax)		18,240	-	(6,139)	-	
Total comprehensive income	\$	423,386	<u>13</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>173,569</u>	<u>6</u>	
Basic earnings per share (Note 23)							
Basic earnings per share	\$	5.33		\$	2.02		
Diluted earnings per share	<u>\$</u>	5.30		<u>\$</u>	2.01		

The accompanying notes constitute part of the parent company only financial statements. (Please see the audit report made by Deloitte & Touche on Mar. 14, 2023.)

Integrated Service Technology Inc. Parent Company Only Statements of Changes in Equity For the years ended Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

								equity		
	Commo	on shares			Retained earnings		Gain or loss on financial asset			
	Number of shares (in thousands of shares)	Amount	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Undistributed earnings	valuation at fair value through other comprehensive	Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of		
						(Accumulated deficit)	income	foreign operations	Treasury shares	Total equity
Equity at beginning of period Jan. 1, 2021	93,575	\$ 935,751	\$ 2,630,865	\$ 163,770	\$ 99,815	\$ 169,523	\$ 499	(\$ 92,644)	\$ -	\$ 3,907,579
Appropriation and distribution of earnings Legal reserve appropriated Special reserve allocated	- -	- -	<u>-</u>	11,815 -	- (1,324)	(11,815) 1,324	- -	<u>-</u>	- -	- -
Cash dividends of ordinary share	-	-	-	-	-	(185,150)	-	-	-	(185,150)
Share-based payments	-	-	9,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,999
Changes in equity of subsidiaries and associates for using equity method	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	351	-	351
Profit for 2021	-	-	-	-	-	179,708	-	-	-	179,708
Other comprehensive income for 2021	_	_	_	_	_	2,288	((_	(6,139)
Total comprehensive income for 2021	_	_	_	_	-	181,996	(5,559)	(-	173,569
Purchase of treasury shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(730,808)	(730,808)
Retirement of treasury share	(13,800)	(138,000)	(400,443)	-	-	(192,365)	-	-	730,808	-
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	-	-	26,534	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,534
Disposal of investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income		<u>-</u>	-			(5,060)	5,060	-	-	·
Equity at end of period	79,775	797,751	2,266,955	175,585	98,491	(41,547)	-	(95,161)	-	3,202,074
Appropriation and distribution of earnings Legal reserve appropriated Legal reserve used to offset accumulated deficits Reversal of special reserve Cash dividends of ordinary share	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	23,118 (38,217) -	- - (23,593) -	(23,118) 38,217 23,593 (74,775)	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - (74,775)
Share-based payments	-	-	14,776	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,776
Profit for 2022	-	-	-	-	-	405,146	-	-	-	405,146
Other comprehensive income for 2022	_			=	_	5,532	-	12,708	_	<u> 18,240</u>
Total comprehensive income for 2022	<u> </u>		_	<u> </u>	_	410,678	_	12,708		423,386
Purchase of treasury shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(267,945)	(267,945)
Retirement of treasury share	(5,000)	(50,000)	(139,433)	-	-	(78,512)	-	-	267,945	-
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	_	_	<u>714</u>	_	_	_	_	_	_	714
Equity at end of period	<u>74,775</u>	<u>\$ 747,751</u>	<u>\$ 2,143,012</u>	<u>\$ 160,486</u>	<u>\$ 74,898</u>	<u>\$ 254,536</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	(\$ 82,453)	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,298,230

The accompanying notes constitute part of the parent company only financial statements. (Please see the audit report made by Deloitte & Touche on Mar. 14, 2023.)

Integrated Service Technology Inc. Parent Company Only Statements of Cash Flows For the years ended Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: In	Thousand	s of New	Taiwan	Dollars
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	UIIIt: III	Thousanus o	n new ra	iwan Donai's
		2022		2021
Cash flows from operating activities				
Profit before tax	\$	486,747	\$	264,549
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss):				
Depreciation expense		682,036		658,125
Amortization expense		7,258		5,518
Expected credit loss (gain)		2,072	(1,327)
Net loss (gain) on financial assets or		•		
liabilities at fair value through profit or				
loss	(6,886)		1,741
Interest expense		41,206		31,241
Interest income	(647)	(333)
Share-based payments		14,776		9,999
Share of loss of subsidiaries and		,		ŕ
associates for using equity method		6,939		161,633
Gain on disposal of property, plan and		,		,
equipment	(15,140)	(2,317)
Gain on disposal of investments		, ,		, ,
accounted for using equity method		-	(12,880)
Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain)		3,101	(844)
Other adjustments to reconcile profit		-, -		- ,
(loss)	(290)	(170)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		_, ,		_, ,
Contract assets		_		1,150
Notes and accounts receivable	ſ	137,302)	(105,623)
Accounts receivable due from related	(10.,002,	(100,010,
parties		8,345	(3,266)
Other receivable due from related parties	s (5,060)	(42,466
Prepayments and other current assets	(55,195)		8,430
Other operating assets	(112)	(55)
Contract liabilities	(45,672	(12,983)
Notes and accounts payable		58,083	(9,772)
Accounts payable to related parties	ſ	5,319)	(2,850)
Adjustments for other current liabilities	· ·	125,577	(297,006)
Cash generated from operations		1,255,861	(735,426
Interest paid	(40,181)	ſ	31,044)
Income taxes paid	(97,117)	(41,629)
Net cash generated from operating	ι		ι	<u> </u>
activities		1,118,563		662,753
activities		<u> </u>		JUL,1 JJ

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forward from previous page)	0000	2024
	2022	2021
Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at	h 1016	.
fair value through profit or loss	\$ 1,016	\$ 601
Acquisition of investments accounted for		
using equity method	(5,000)	(90,070)
Proceeds from disposal of investments		
accounted for using equity method	-	33,898
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(712,502)	(497,960)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and		
equipment	21,784	383,526
Decrease in refundable deposits	(2,168)	(1,355)
Acquisition of intangible assets	(7,796)	(6,231)
Proceeds from disposal of other intangible		
assets	-	3,282
Decrease in long-term lease and installment		
receivables	4,340	4,230
Increase in other financial assets	(974)	270
Interest received	647	333
Dividends received	6,630	<u>3,050</u>
Net cash used in investing activities	(694,023)	$(\underline{166,426})$
The cash asea in investing activities	((
Cash flows from financing activities		
Increase in short-term loans	(2,296)	246,571
Proceeds from long-term debt	610,000	1,426,000
Repayment of long-term debt	(617,400)	(1,174,400)
Increase in guarantee deposits received	3,589	(1,174,400)
	3,307	-
Repayment of principal portion of lease	((40.120)
liabilities	(53,969)	(49,120)
Cash dividends paid	(35,430)	(383,658)
Purchase of treasury stock	(<u>267,945</u>)	(<u>730,808</u>)
Net cash used in financing activities	(<u>363,451</u>)	(<u>665,415</u>)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash		
equivalents	<u>3,025</u>	(583)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash		
equivalents	64,114	(169,671)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	<u>361,968</u>	<u>531,639</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$ 426,082</u>	<u>\$ 361,968</u>

The accompanying notes constitute part of the parent company only financial statements. (Please see the audit report made by Deloitte & Touche on Mar. 14, 2023.)

Integrated Service Technology Inc.

Notes to parent company only financial Statements

For the years ended Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, except as otherwise indicated herein)

I. <u>Corporate History</u>

Integrated Service Technology Inc. (hereinafter referred to as IST) was incorporated in September 1994 after the approval of Ministry of Economic Affairs. Its main business activities include the R&D and manufacturing of integrated circuits, analysis, burn-in, testing, the import and export of semiconductor parts and relevant equipment, electronic parts, computer and computer components, and dealing with distribution, quotation and bidding activities concerning the aforementioned products as an agent on behalf of domestic and overseas companies.

Stocks of IST have been traded at Taipei Exchange since Dec. 28, 2004.

The New Taiwan Dollar, the functional currency adopted by IST, is used to express amounts indicated in the parent company only financial statements.

II. <u>Date and Procedure of Adoption of Financial Statements</u>

The parent company only financial statements were approved by the board of directors on Mar. 14, 2023.

III. Applicability of New and Amended Standards and Interpretations

(I) We initially apply International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC) and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (hereinafter referred to as IFRSs) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (hereinafter referred to as the FSC).

Application of the IFRSs, which are recognized and published by the FSC, does not cause any significant change in accounting policies of IST.

Effectiveness Data Announced

(II) IFRSs Recognized by the FSC and Applied by IST for 2023

	Effectiveness Date Affilounced
Standards Published / Amended / Revised and	by International Accounting
Interpretations	Standards Board (IASB)
Amendments to IAS 1 Disclosure of Accounting Policies	Jan. 1, 2023 (Note 1)
Amendments to IAS 8 Definition of Accounting Estimates	Jan. 1, 2023 (Note 2)
Amendments to IAS 12 Deferred Tax Related to Assets and	Jan. 1, 2023 (Note 3)
Liabilities Arising from a Single Transaction	

Note 1 The amendments are applicable to any annual reporting period after Jan. 1, 2023.

Note 2 The amendments are applicable to changes in accounting estimates and in accounting policies to be made in any annual reporting period after Jan. 1, 2023. °

Note 3 The amendments are applicable to all transactions made after Jan. 1, 2022 except for the deferred income tax recognized based on the temporary differences of lease and decommissioning obligations on Jan. 1, 2022.

As of the date of publication of the parent company only financial statements, IST believes, after evaluation, the amendments to other standards and interpretations do not have a material impact on financial results.

(III) IFRSs Published by IASB already but Not Recognized or Published by FSC Yet:

Standards Published / Amended / Revised and	Effectiveness Date Announced		
Interpretations	by IASB (Note 1)		
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 Sale or Contribution of	Not decided yet		
Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint			
Venture			
Amendments to IFRS 16 Lease Liability in a Sale and	Jan. 1, 2024 (Note 2)		
Leaseback			
IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts	Jan. 1, 2023		
Amendments to IFRS 17	Jan. 1, 2023		
Amendments to IFRS 17 Initial Application of IFRS 17 and	Jan. 1, 2023		
IFRS 9 – Comparative Information			
Amendments to IAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current	Jan. 1, 2024		
or Non-current			
Amendments to IAS 1 Non-current Liabilities with	Jan. 1, 2024		
Covenants			

Note 1 Except otherwise as indicated, the standards newly published/amended/revised or interpretations shall come into effect from the annual reporting period after the indicated date.

As of the date of publication of the parent company only financial statements, IST still continued evaluating the impact of the amendments to other standards and interpretations on financial results. Relevant impacts will be disclosed after the evaluation is completed.

IV. <u>Explanations of Material Accounting Policies</u>

(I) Declaration of Compliance

The parent company only financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

(II) Preparation Basis

The parent company only financial statements are prepared on the basis of historical cost, except for the financial instruments at fair value, and the net defined benefit liability recognized based on the current value of defined benefit obligations less the fair value of plan assets.

Fair value measurement is classified from level 1 to level 3 based on observable level and importance of relevant inputs.

Note 2 The seller that is also a lessee shall adopt the amendments to IFRS 16 retroactively for the sale and leaseback transactions made after initially implementing IFRS 16.

- A. Level 1 Inputs: They refer to the prices of the same assets or liabilities obtained in the active market on measurement date (not adjusted).
- B. Level 2 Inputs: They refer to direct inputs (i.e. prices) or indirect inputs (presumed from prices) observable, except level 1 prices, for assets or liabilities.
- C. Level 3 Inputs: They refer to inputs not observable for assets or liabilities.

In preparing its parent company only financial statements, IST uses the equity method to deal with investments in subsidiaries and associates. To ensure that the profit/loss of the current year, other comprehensive incomes and equity specified in the parent company only financial statements are the same as the profit/loss of the current year, other comprehensive incomes and equity attributed to owners of IST in the group's consolidated financial statements, IST adjusts the "investments accounted for using the equity method," "share of profit or loss of subsidiaries and associates accounted for using the equity method," "share of other comprehensive incomes of subsidiaries and associates accounted for using the equity method" and relevant equity items to respond to accounting treatment differences in preparation of the parent company only financial statements and consolidated financial statements.

(III) Standards of Distinguishing Current Assets and Liabilities from Non-current Assets and Liabilities

Current assets include:

- A. Assets held primarily for sale;
- B. Assets expected to be realized within 12 months after the balance sheet date; and
- C. Cash and cash equivalents (not including the same that would be used to exchange or pay off liabilities 12 months after the balance sheet date and be therefore restricted).

Current liabilities include:

- A. Liabilities held primarily for sale;
- B. Liabilities due and repaid within 12 months after the balance sheet date, and
- C. Liabilities for which the repayment period cannot be unconditionally postponed to at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

The assets and liabilities which are not listed as current assets and current liabilities above are classified as non-current assets and non-current liabilities.

(IV) Foreign Currency

For the transactions completed by IST using a (foreign) currency rather than its functional currency, IST converts the foreign currency to the functional currency at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction in preparing the parent company only financial report.

Foreign monetary items are converted at the closing rate on the balance sheet date. Exchange differences generated from the transfer or conversion of monetary items are recognized in profits or losses for the current year when the differences occur.

Foreign currency non-monetary items measured at fair value are converted at the exchange rate on the date when fair value is determined. Exchange differences generated are listed as current profits or losses. However, in case of changes in fair value that are recognized in other comprehensive incomes or losses, the exchange differences generated are listed as other comprehensive incomes or losses.

Foreign currency non-monetary items measured at historical cost are converted at the exchange rate on the date of transaction and will not be re-converted.

If IST disposes all equity of a subsidiary operating overseas, or disposes part of the equity of a subsidiary operating overseas but loses its control over the subsidiary, then the accumulate exchange differences that are attributable to the owners of IST and relevant to the entities operating overseas will be reclassified to profits/looses.

(V) Investments in Subsidiaries

IST uses the equity method to treat its investments in subsidiaries.

A subsidiary means an entity controlled by IST.

With the equity method, investments are originally recognized at cost. After the date of acquisition, the book amount increases or decreases correlatively subject to the share of the profits, losses, other comprehensive incomes and profit distribution enjoyed by IST from subsidiaries. Besides, changes in other equity of subsidiaries to be enjoyed by IST are recognized proportionally based on the ratio of shareholding.

When changes in IST's ownership interests in a subsidiary do not cause IST to lose its control over the subsidiary, the changes are treated as equity transaction. The difference between the book amount of the investment and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly as equity.

When IST's share of loss in a subsidiary equals or exceeds its interests in the subsidiary (including the book amount of investments in the subsidiary accounted for using the equity method, and other long-term interests substantially comprising

IST's net investments in the subsidiary), IST shall recognize loss based on the ratio of shareholding.

Acquisition cost exceeding IST's share of the identifiable assets and liabilities of subsidiaries in fair value on the date of acquisition is recognized as goodwill. The goodwill is included in the book amount of the investments and shall not be amortized. When the share of the identifiable assets and liabilities of subsidiaries in fair value enjoyed by IST on the acquisition date exceeds the amount of the acquisition cost, such excess is recognized as profit for the current year.

In evaluating impairment, IST uses the financial statements as a whole to consider cash-generating units (CGUs) and compares the recoverable amount with the book amount. If the recoverable amount of the asset increases afterward, the reversal of impairment loss is recognized as profit. However, the book amount of the asset after the impairment loss is reversed shall not exceed the book amount of the asset from which the amortization to be allocated is subtracted before the impairment loss is recognized for the asset. Impairment loss attributed to goodwill shall not be reversed in a subsequent period.

When IST loses its control over a subsidiary, IST measures its remaining investment in the former subsidiary at the fair value effective on the date when IST loses its control over the subsidiary. The difference between the fair value of the remaining investment and any disposal proceeds and the book amount of the investment on the date when IST loses its control over the former subsidiary is listed in profits or losses for the current year. In addition, the accounting treatment of all amounts relevant to such subsidiary to be recognized in other comprehensive incomes is the same as the accounting base complied with by IST to directly dispose relevant assets or liabilities.

Unrealized profits or losses from downstream transactions between IST and a subsidiary are eliminated from the parent company only financial statements. Profits or losses generated from upstream, downstream and sidestream transactions between IST and a subsidiary are recognized in the parent company only financial statements only to the extent that the equity of the subsidiary owned by IST is not relevant.

(VI) Investments in Associates

An associate refers to an enterprise on which IST has a significant influence and that is not a subsidiary or joint venture of IST.

Investments made by IST in associates are measured by using the equity method.

With the equity method, investments in associates are originally recognized at cost. After the date of acquisition, the book amount increases or decreases correlatively subject to the share of the profits, losses, other comprehensive incomes and profit distribution enjoyed by IST from associates. Besides, changes in equity of associates are recognized proportionally based on the ratio of shareholding.

Acquisition cost exceeding IST's share of the identifiable assets and liabilities of associates in fair value on the date of acquisition is recognized as goodwill. The goodwill is included in the book amount of the investments and shall not be amortized.

If IST fails, when an associate issues new shares, to subscribe for shares proportionally at the rate of its shareholding so that the rate of its shareholding changes and the net equity of the investment increases or decreases accordingly, then capital reserve is adjusted by such increase or decrease – changes in net equity of associates accounted for using the equity method, and investments accounted for using the equity method. If IST fails to subscribe for or acquire shares at the rate of its shareholding so that its ownership interests in the associate decrease, then when all amounts relevant to such associate recognized in other comprehensive incomes are reclassified by their respective percentages of decrease, the accounting treatment of the reclassification is the same as the accounting base complied with by IST to directly dispose relevant assets or liabilities. If the aforementioned adjustment is debited to capital reserve and the balance of capital reserve generated from the investments accounted for using the equity method is not sufficient, then the difference id debited to retained earnings.

When IST's share of loss in an associate equals or exceeds its interests in the associate (including the book amount of investments in the associate accounted for using the equity method, and other long-term interests substantially comprising IST's net investments in the associate), no loss shall be further recognized. IST recognizes additional losses and liabilities only to the extent of legal obligations or constructive obligations incurred or payments made on behalf of the associate.

In evaluating impairment, IST regards the entire book amount of investments (including goodwill) as single assets and compares the recoverable amount with the book amount to perform the impairment test. The impairment loss recognized is not

amortized to any assets (including goodwill) that constitute part of the book amount of investments. Any reversal of impairment loss is recognized to the extent of the subsequent increase in the recoverable amount of the investments.

IST stops using the equity method when it does not invest in the associate anymore. Its retained interests in the associate are measured at faire value. The difference between the faire value and disposal proceeds and the book amount of investments as of the date when it stops using the equity method is listed in current profits or losses.

Profits or losses generated from upstream, downstream and sidestream transactions between IST and an associate are recognized in the consolidated parent company only financial statements only to the extent that the equity of the associate owned by IST is not relevant.

(VII) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are recognized at cost and measured subsequently based on the amount of cost less both accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.

No depreciation is allocated for self-owned land. Each important portion of other property, plant and equipment is depreciated within service life by using the straight line method. IST reviews the estimated service life, residual value and depreciation method at least at the end of every year and put off the impact on applicable changes in accounting estimates.

Upon derecognition of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the net proceeds on disposal and the book amount of the assets is recognized in profits or losses.

(VIII) Intangible Assets

A. Individual Acquisition

Intangible assets with limited service life acquired individually are originally measured at cost and measured subsequently based on the amount of cost less accumulated amortization. Intangible assets are amortized within service life by using the straight line method. Estimated service life, residual value and amortization method are reviewed at least at the end of every year and the impact on applicable changes in accounting estimates shall be put off.

B. Derecongition

Upon derecongition of intangible assets, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the book amount of such assets is recognized in current profits or losses.

(IX) Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment, Right-of-use Assets and Intangible Assets

IST evaluates on every balance sheet date whether there is any sign indicating that property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets or intangible assets may be impaired. In case of any sign of impairment, a recoverable amount is estimated for the assets. If a recoverable amount cannot be estimated for any individual asset, IST will estimate the recoverable amount of CGUs of the concerned asset.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and use value. If the recoverable amount of individual assets or CGUs is less than the book amount thereof, then the book amount of the assets or CGUs will be reduced to the recoverable amount, and the impairment loss will be recognized in profits/losses.

Upon subsequent reverse of impairment loss, the book amount of the assets or CGUs is increased to the revised recoverable amount. However, the increased book amount shall not exceed the book value (less amortization or depreciation) determined if the impairment loss of the assets or CGUs was not recognized in the previous year. Reverse of impairment loss is recognized in profits/losses.

(X) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized in the parent company only balance sheets when IST becomes a party to the contract concerning the instruments.

If financial assets or financial liabilities are not measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), the financial assets or financial liabilities, upon original recognition, are measured at fair value plus transaction cost attributable directly to the obtained or issued financial assets or financial liabilities. Transaction cost attributable directly to the obtained or issued financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL is recognized as profits/losses immediately.

A. Financial Assets

Routine transactions of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on transaction date.

1. Type of Measurement

Financial assets held by IST are financial assets at FVTPL, and financial assets measured at amortized cost.

(1) Financial Assets at FVTPL

Financial assets at FVTPL include the financial assets that are enforced or designated to be measured at FVTPL. The financial assets enforced to be measured at FVTPL include the investments in equity instruments not designated to be measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value while the dividends, interest and remeasured profits or losses thereof are recognized in other profits/losses. For the method used to determine fair value, please refer to Note 26.

(2) Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

Financial assets invested by IST are classified as the financial assets measured at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are satisfied simultaneously:

- (A) The financial assets are possessed in a specific business model, and the model is used to acquire contractual cash flows by possessing financial assets; and
- (B) Cash flows generated on the specific date as provided in contractual terms are completely used for payment of principals and the interest on the outstanding principals.

After being recognized originally, the financial assets measured at amortized cost (including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable measured at mortised cost (including accounts receivable from related parties), other receivables (including receivables from related parties), limited bank deposits and refundable deposits) are measured at the amortized cost of the total book amount less any impairment loss determined by the effective interest method. Foreign exchange gains or losses are recognized in profits or losses.

Interest income is computed at the effective interest rate multiplied by the total book amount of financial assets.

Cash equivalents include the time deposits that are highly liquid and may be transferred to a fixed amount of cash any time with minimal risk of changes in value to fulfill short-term cash commitments.

2. Impairment of Financial Assets and Contract Assets

IST evaluates impairment loss of financial assets at amortized cost (including accounts receivable), finance leases receivable and contract assets based on the expected credit loss every balance sheet date.

Loss allowances for accounts receivable, finance leases receivable and contract assets are recognized based on the expected credit loss for the duration of accounts receivable, finance leases receivable and contract assets. As for other financial assets, IST determines whether credit risks increases significantly after the original recognition of such other financial assets. If the risk does not increase significantly, then loss allowances for other financial assets are recognized based on the expected credit loss for 12 months. If the risk increases significantly, loss allowances are recognized based on the expected credit loss for the duration of such other financial assets.

The expected credit loss refers to the weighted average credit loss computed by weighting the risk of a breach of contract. The expected credit loss for 12 months means the expected credit loss incurred due to violation of a financial instrument within 12 months after the date of reporting. The expected credit loss for the duration means the expected credit loss incurred due to all violations of a financial instrument for the duration of the financial instrument.

For all financial assets, impairment loss is reflected by reducing the book amount of the financial assets through the allowance account.

3. Derecognition of Financial Assets

IST derecognizes financial assets only when their rights to cash flows from financial assets under a contract expire or when financial assets have been transferred and almost all risks of ownership of the assets and payments of the assets have been transferred to other enterprises.

Upon derecognition of the entire financial assets measured at amortized cost, the difference between the book amount of the financial assets and the received consideration is recognized in profits or losses. Upon derecognition of the entire investments in equity instruments measured at FVTOCI, the accumulated profits or losses of the investments in equity

instruments are transferred to retained earnings directly instead of being reclassified as profits or losses.

B. Equity Instruments

The debt and equity instruments issued by IST are classified as financial liabilities or equity based on the substance of the contractual agreement and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

The equity instruments issued by IST are recognized based on the obtained consideration less the cost of direct issuance.

The equity instruments of IST taken back are recognized as and subtracted from equity. The book amount thereof is calculated based on weighted average subject to types of stocks. No purchase, sale, issuance or annulment of equity instruments of IST shall be recognized as profit or loss.

C. Financial Liabilities

1. Subsequent Measurement

All financial liabilities, except financial liabilities at FVTPL, are measured at amortized cost by using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are held for trading. Financial liabilities held for trading are measured at fair value. Gains or losses generated by remeasurement are recognized in other gains or losses. For the method used to determine fair value, please refer to Note 26.

2. Derecognition of Financial Liabilities

With respect to derecognition of financial liabilities, the difference between the book amount and the consideration paid (including any transferred non-cash assets or assumed liabilities) is recognized as profit or loss.

D. Derivatives

The derivatives contracted for by IST are forward exchange agreements, which are used to manage exchange rate risk of IST.

Derivatives are recognized at fair value originally upon execution of the contract of derivatives, and are remeasured at fair value subsequently on the balance sheet date. The gain or loss generated by the subsequent measurement is recognized directly as profit or loss. Derivatives are listed as financial assets if the fair value thereof is a positive value, and listed as financial liabilities if the fair value is a negative value.

(XI) Revenue Recognition

After identifying its obligations under a contract made with a customer, IST amortizes the transaction price to each obligation and recognizes revenue upon fulfillment of each obligation.

For a contract based on which merchandise or service is delivered within one year after or before receipt of consideration, the transaction price is not adjusted for the important compositions thereof.

Service income derives from the R&D, manufacturing, analysis, burn-in and testing of integrated circuits.

IST provides service for a customer and the customer obtains and consumes performance effect simultaneously. The related revenue is recognized upon provision of service. The contract stipulated that the customer should pay after receiving products, so IST recognized contract assets upon provision of service and listed them as accounts receivable upon actual shipping of products.

Customers were given gift vouchers upon sale of service under the customer loyalty program for their purchases to be made in the further. As the gift vouchers provided important rights, the transaction prices to which the gift vouchers were amortized were recognized as contract liabilities upon receipt of the gift vouchers and listed as revenue upon redemption or expiration of the gift vouchers.

(XII)Lease

Upon establishment of a contract, IST evaluates whether the contract is (or includes) a lease.

A. IST is a lessor.

If almost all of the risks pertaining to the ownership of the assets and the compensation are required to be transferred to the lessee in accordance with the terms of the lease, then the lease is classified as a financed lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

When subleasing right-of-use assets, IST determines the classification of the sublease (instead of the subject assets). However, if the master lease is applicable to the short-term leases for which IST recognizes exemptions, then the sublease is classified as an operating lease.

Lease payments under a finance lease include fixed payments. Net investment in the lease is measured at the current value of lease payments receivable and is expressed as finance leases receivable. Finance incomes are amortized to relevant accounting periods to reflect the fixed rate of return obtained for each accounting period based on the net of unexpired lease investments of IST.

Lease payments under the operating lease are recognized as incomes for the lease period on a straight-line basis.

B. IST is a lessee.

For other leases, right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are recognized on the date of lease commencement, except for leases of low-value assets for which exemptions can be recognized and short-term leases, in which case, lease payments are recognize as expenses for the lease period on a straight-line basis.

Right-of-use assets are originally measured at cost (including the amount of originally measured lease liabilities). They are subsequently measured based on the cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, and the remeasured amount of lease liabilities is adjusted accordingly. Right-of-use assets are expressed separately in the parent company only balance sheets.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis between the date of lease commencement and the expiration of the service life or expiration of the lease period, whichever comes first.

Lease liabilities are originally measured based on the current value of lease payments (including periodical payments). If a lease implies an interest rate that can be determined easily, then lease payments are discounted at the interest rate. If the interest rate cannot be determined easily, then the lessee's incremental borrowing rate of interest is used.

After that, lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost by using the effective interest method, and interest expenses are amortized for the leasing. If the index or rate determined for lease payments changes during the lease period, then IST remeasures lease liabilities and adjusts right-of-use assets accordingly. However, if the book amount of right-of-use assets has been reduced to zero, then the rest of the remeasured amount is recognized in profits or losses. Lease liabilities are expressed separately in the parent company only balance sheets.

(XIII) Borrowing Cost

The borrowing cost directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of the assets that meet requirements is part of the cost of the assets until

almost all activities necessary for the assets to be used or sold as expected have been completed.

If specific borrowings are used for temporary investments prior to occurrence of the capital expenditure that meets requirements, then any and all investment incomes earned accordingly are subtracted from the borrowing costs satisfying the condition of capitalization.

Except otherwise as stated above, all other borrowing costs are recognized as losses for the year when the costs occur.

(XIV) Government Subsidy

A government subsidy is recognized only when IST is reasonably believed to comply with the conditions attached to the government subsidy and will receive the subsidy.

Income-related government subsidies are recognized as other incomes on a systemic basis for the year in which IST recognizes as expenses the costs to be covered by the subsidies.

(XV) Employee Benefits

A. Short-term Employee Benefits

Liabilities relevant to short-term employee benefits are measured based on non-discounted amounts expected to pay to exchange for employees' service.

B. Post-employment Benefits

As for retirement pensions under the defined contribution plan, the pension amounts allocated for the period when employees provide service are recognized as expenses.

Defined costs (including service costs, net interest and remeasurements) of the defined benefit plan are calculated by using the projected unit credit method. Current service costs and net interest on defined benefit assets are recognized as employee benefit expenses upon their occurrence. Remeasurements (including actuarial gains and losses, and return on plan asset less interest) are recognized in retained earnings upon their occurrence, and will not be reclassified to profits or losses.

Net defined benefit assets are allocated surplus of the defined benefit plan. Net defined benefit assets shall not exceed the current value of the refund of contributions from the plan or the reduction in future contributions.

(XVI) Share-based Payment Arrangement

Employee stock options are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis for the given period based on the fair value of equity instrument on the grant date and the best estimate of the employee stock options expected and obtained, and the "capital reserve—employee stock option" is also adjusted simultaneously.

IST amends the estimate of the expected employee stock options on each balance sheet date. If an originally estimated amount is amended, then its effects are recognized as profits or losses so that accumulated expenses reflect the amended estimate, and the "capital reserve—employee stock option" is also adjusted accordingly.

(XVII) Income Tax

Income tax expense is the sum of current income tax and deferred income tax.

A. Current income tax

IST determines its incomes (losses) for the current period in accordance with the regulations enacted by the Republic of China and calculates income tax payable (refundable) based on such incomes (losses).

The income tax on unappropriated earnings computed in accordance with the Income Tax Act of the Republic of China is recognized for the year when the resolution is adopted at the shareholders' meeting.

Adjustment made for the previous year's income tax payable is listed in current income tax.

B. Deferred Income Tax

Deferred income tax is computed based on temporary differences generated from the book amounts of assets and liabilities and the tax base used to compute taxable income.

Deferred income tax liabilities are generally recognized based on taxable temporary differences. Deferred income tax assets are recognized when there may probably be taxable incomes from which the tax credits generated from temporary differences can be subtracted.

Taxable temporary differences relevant to investments in subsidiaries and associates are recognized as deferred income tax liabilities, except when IST is able to control the point of reverse of temporary differences and the taxable temporary differences will not be reversed in the foreseeable future. Deductible temporary differences relevant to the investments are recognized as deferred

income tax assets only to the extent of the foreseeable reverse expected in the future when there is taxable income sufficient to realize temporary differences.

The book amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed again on every balance sheet date. For all or part of assets that taxable income may probably not be sufficient to recover, the book value is reduced. Those that are not originally recognized as deferred income tax assets are also reviewed again on every balance sheet date. The book value is increased when there may be any taxable income used to recover all or part of the assets.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate applicable to the year when liabilities are expected to be repaid or assets are expected to be realized. The interest rate refers to the interest rate determined by the tax law that is enacted or substantially enacted as of the balance sheet date. Deferred income tax liabilities and assets are measured to reflect the tax consequences generated in the way that IST expects to recover or repay the book amount of its assets or liabilities as of the balance sheet date.

C. Current and Deferred Income Taxes

Current and deferred income taxes are recognized in profits or losses. However, the current and deferred income taxes relevant to the items recognized in other comprehensive incomes or losses or those included directly in equity are recognized in other comprehensive incomes or losses or included directly in equity respectively.

V. <u>Main Sources of Material Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumption Uncertainty</u>

For relevant information not available by IST from other resources in applying accounting policies, the management must make relevant judgments, estimates and assumptions based on historical experience and other relevant factors. The actual result may probably differ from the estimate.

IST made material accounting estimates, such as cash flow projection, growth rate, discount rate and profitability, after taking into account the recent Covid-19 pandemic development and its possible impact on the economic environment. The management will review estimates and basic assumptions continuously. If a revised estimate only influences the current year, the estimate will be recognized in the year when it is revised. If a revised accounting estimate influences the current and future years, the estimate will be recognized in the year when it is

revised and in the future year. As of the date of the financial report, no material impact was made on financial performance.

Main Sources of Estimates and Assumption Uncertainty

<u>Impairment of Financial Asset Estimates</u>

Accounts receivable were estimated based on the assumptions of probability of default and loss given default made by IST. IST considered historical experience and current market conditions to make its assumptions and choose input values for the impairment of estimates. For the important assumptions and input values used, please refer to Note 8. If the actual cash flows in the future are less than those expected, a material impairment loss may occur. Besides, due to the uncertainty of subsequent development of the Covid-19 pandemic and the impact of fluctuations in financial market on credit risk of financial assets in 2022, the estimate of probability of default is filled with higher uncertainty.

VI. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>

VII.

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Cash on hand and revolving funds	\$ 125	\$ 125
Bank checks and saving deposits of		
bank	<u>425,957</u>	<u>361,843</u>
	<u>\$426,082</u>	<u>\$361,968</u>

The interest rate range of time deposits as of the balance sheet date is as follows:

of the state of th		
	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Bank deposits	0%~1.05%	$0.001\% \sim 0.35\%$
Financial Instruments at Fair Value thro	ugh Profit and Loss	
	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
<u>Financial assets — Current</u>		
Held for trading		
Derivatives (not designed for		
hedging)		
 Forward exchange agreement 	<u>\$ 523</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
D I . N		
Financial assets — Non-current		
At fair value through profit or loss		
compulsorily—Not listed (non-OTC)		
Beneficiary certificates of funds	<u>\$ 27,282</u>	<u>\$ 21,945</u>
Financial liabilities — Current		
-		
Held for trading		
Derivatives (not designed for		
hedging)		
 Forward exchange agreement 	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 10</u>

The forward exchange agreements to which hedge accounting was not applied and were not mature on the balance sheet date are as follows:

	Currency	Maturity Period		et Price (in thousands of NT dollars)	
Dec. 31, 2022 Forward foreign exchange purchase	TWD to JPY	February 2023 ~ July 2023	TWD 12	2,300 / JPY 55,100	
Dec. 31, 2021 Forward foreign exchange purchase	TWD to JPY	March 2022	TWD	723/ JPY 2,960	

IST engaged in forward exchange transactions in 2022 and 2021 primarily for the purpose of avoiding the risk incurred from foreign exchange fluctuation for foreign currency assets and liabilities.

VIII. Notes and Accounts Receivable - Net

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Measured at amortized cost		
Notes receivable	\$ 1,096	\$ 1,523
Accounts receivable	1,251,791	1,115,643
Less: Loss allowance	$(\underline{13,530})$	(<u>11,458</u>)
	\$1,239,357	\$1,105,708

As for payments of the services sold by IST, the average credit period is between 30 and 120 days after the date of monthly settlement. No interest accrues for notes and accounts receivable. To reduce credit risk, the management of IST designates a team to be responsible for a decision of credit line, credit approval and other monitoring procedures to ensure that proper measures are taken to recover overdue receivables. In addition, IST reviews recoverable amounts of receivables on a case-by-case basis on the balance sheet date to ensure that a proper amount of impairment loss is allocated for unrecoverable receivables. Accordingly, the management of IST believes that IST's credit risk has significantly reduced.

IST recognizes, based on expected credit loss for the duration, the allowance for losses on accounts receivable. The expected credit loss for the duration is calculated by using the provision matrix, which considers the historical default records of customers, current financial conditions and the state of industrial economy. As shown in the history of credit loss incurred by IST, there is no significant difference between loss types in terms of different customer bases. Thus the provision matrix is not used to

distinguish customer bases, but to determine expected credit loss rates based on the number of days the accounts receivable are past due.

If evidence shows that the counterparty encounters serious financial difficulties and IST is unable to reasonably expect a recoverable amount, then IST will write off relevant accounts receivable directly; however, claiming activities will still continue. Amounts claimed and recovered are recognized in profits.

The allowance for loss of accounts receivable loss measured by IST by using the provision matrix is as follows:

Dec. 31, 2022

	Not overdue	Overdue for $1\sim$ 90 days	91~180	180~365	overdue for over 365 days	Total
Total book amount	\$1,108,185	\$ 108,315	\$ 22,591	\$ 7,485	\$ 5,215	\$1,251,791
Loss allowance (Expected credit loss for the duration) Amortized cost	(<u>330</u>) \$1,107,855	(<u>1,514</u>) <u>\$ 106,801</u>	(<u>2,527</u>) <u>\$ 20,064</u>	(<u>3,944</u>) \$ 3,541	(<u>5,215</u>) <u>\$</u> -	(<u>13,530</u>) <u>\$1,238,261</u>
Dec. 31, 2021						
	Not overdue	Overdue for 1∼90 days	Overdue for 91~180	Overdue for 180~365	Overdue for over 365	Total

Total book amount \$ 952,632 \$ 148,814 \$ 7,969 \$ 2,007 \$ 4,221 \$1,115,643 Loss allowance (Expected credit loss for the duration) (1,809) (2,262) (1,874) (1,292) (4,221) (11,458) Amortized cost \$ 950,823 \$ 146,552 \$ 6,095 \$ 715 \$ - \$1,104,185

Information of changes in the allowance for loss of accounts receivable is as follows:

	2022	2021
Beginning balance	\$ 11,458	\$ 12,904
Less: Impairment loss allocated		
(reversed) for the year	2,072	(1,327)
Less: Amounts written off		
actually for the year	<u> </u>	(<u>119</u>)
Ending balance	<u>\$ 13,530</u>	<u>\$ 11,458</u>

IX. Finance Leases Receivable

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Lease payments not discounted	.	h 1006
1 st year	\$ 4,392	\$ 4,026
2 nd year		
	4,392	4,026
Less: Finance incomes not earned		
yet	$(_{34})$	(<u>46</u>)
Lease payments receivable	<u>4,358</u>	<u>3,980</u>
Net investment in the lease		
(expressed as finance leases		
receivable)	<u>\$ 4,358</u>	<u>\$ 3,980</u>

X. <u>Investments Accounted for Using the Equity Method</u>

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Investments in subsidiaries	\$ 678,280	\$ 739,076
Investments in associates	<u>752,213</u>	<u>686,409</u>
	<u>\$1,430,493</u>	<u>\$1,425,485</u>

(I) Investments in Subsidiaries

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Samoa Integrated Service		
Technology (Samoa IST)	\$265,024	\$268,599
Supreme Fortune Corp.		
(Supreme Corp.)	37,288	40,173
Pin Wen Corp. (Pin Wen		
Company)	54,675	54,798
Innovative Turnkey Solution		
(ITSCompany)	21,256	25,019
Prosperity Power Technology		
Inc.(PPT Company)	<u>300,037</u>	<u>350,487</u>
	<u>\$678,280</u>	<u>\$739,076</u>

Percentage of stock rights and voting rights held

Name of subsidiary	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Samoa IST	100%	100%
Supreme Corp.	100%	100%
ITSCompany (Note 1)	38%	38%
Pin Wen Corp. (Pin Wen		
Company)	100%	100%
PPT Company (Note 2)	75%	75%
ITSCompany (Note 1) Pin Wen Corp. (Pin Wen Company)	38% 100%	38% 100%

Note 1 IST held 51% of shares of ITSCompany as of Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021.

For information relevant to investments in subsidiaries, please refer to Schedule 3

(II) Investments in Associates

and Schedule 4.

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Material associates		
Dekra iST (Dekra		
Company)	\$631,647	\$573,816
BTL Inc. (BTL Inc.)	120,566	112,593
Individual immaterial		
associates		
Global Social Inc. (Global		
Social Inc.)	<u>-</u>	_
	<u>\$752,213</u>	<u>\$686,409</u>

A. Material associates are as follows:

Note 2 IST failed to participate in PPT Company's seasoned equity offerings at the percentage of its shareholding so that the percentage of its shareholding reduced from 100% to 75%. IST held 81% of shares of PPT Company as of Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021.

Percentage of stock rights and voting rights

	110	Jiu
Company name	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Dekra Company	49%	49%
BTL Inc.	11%	11%

IST resolved at the board meeting in July 2021 to sell 500 thousand shares of BTL Inc. at NTD 68 per share. The disposal proceeds were NTD 33,898 thousand, and the gain on disposal was NTD 12,880 thousand. After the sale, the percentage of the BTL Inc. shares held by IST reduced to 11%. Though the percentage of such shareholding was less than 20%, yet IST still had one seat on the board of directors of BTL Inc. and therefore had a significant impact on BTL Inc. based on the evaluation made by using the equity method.

For the business nature and main place of business of each of the aforementioned associates, and the country where it is registered, please refer to Schedule 3 "Information of Investee Companies, their Locations, etc."

The following compiled information was prepared based on the financial report made by each associate in compliance with IFRSs and has reflected the adjustment made upon application of the equity method.

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Dekra Company		
Current assets	\$ 346,750	\$ 321,243
Non-current assets	1,071,316	816,341
Current liabilities	(380,000)	(338,620)
Non-current liabilities	$(\underline{193,264})$	(<u>78,972</u>)
Equity	<u>\$ 844,802</u>	<u>\$ 719,992</u>
Percentage of shares held		
by IST	49%	49%
Equity enjoyed by IST	\$ 413,953	\$ 352,796
Goodwill	217,694	217,694
Customer relations	_	3,326
Book amount of		
investments	<u>\$ 631,647</u>	<u>\$ 573,816</u>
	2022	2021
Operating revenue	\$617,477	\$470,690
Net profit of the year	\$121,694	\$ 57,273
Other comprehensive	, , , , , ,	, - , -
incomes	3,117	406
Total comprehensive	\$124,811	\$ 57,679
incomes	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

		Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
	BTL Inc.		
	Current assets	\$285,869	\$351,559
	Non-current assets	875,377	729,344
	Current liabilities	(170,956)	(179,311)
	Non-current liabilities	(<u>236,878</u>)	(<u>228,367</u>)
	Equity	<u>\$753,412</u>	<u>\$673,225</u>
	Percentage of shares held		
	by IST	11%	11%
	Equity enjoyed by IST	\$ 83,567	\$ 74,673
	Goodwill	23,886	23,886
	Customer relations	3,533	4,454
	Land	9,580	<u>9,580</u>
	Book amount of		
	investments	<u>\$120,566</u>	<u>\$112,593</u>
		2022	2021
	Operating revenue	<u>\$375,321</u>	<u>\$407,845</u>
	Net profit of the year	\$134,918	\$129,165
	Other comprehensive	, - ,	, ,, ,,
	incomes	5,043	4,337
	Total comprehensive	\$139,961	\$133,502
	incomes		
B.	Information on Individual Imma	iterial Associates	
		Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
	Global Social Inc		
	Share enjoyed by IST		
	Net loss of the year	\$ -	(\$ 5)
	Other comprehensive		
	incomes	-	
	Total comprehensive	¢	(¢
	incomes	<u>\$</u>	$(\underline{\$} \underline{5})$

Investments accounted for using the equity method and the profits and other comprehensive incomes thereof enjoyed by IST, except those of Dekra Company and BTL Inc., are recognized based on the financial statements not audited by CPAs. However, the management of IST believes no material impact occurs even though the financial statements of the aforementioned investee companies were not audited by CPAs.

XI. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Self-used	\$2,727,475	\$2,545,100
Rented out under operating lease	<u>731,884</u>	<u>800,925</u>
	<u>\$3,459,359</u>	<u>\$3,346,025</u>

(I) Self-used

	Land	Building and structure	Mechanical equipment	Transportation equipment	Office equipment	Leased Improvements	Other equipment	Unfinished construction and equipments pending acceptance	Total
Cost Balance at Jan. 1, 2022 Additions Disposals Reclassification Balance at Dec. 31, 2022	\$ 30,852 - - - \$ 30,852	\$1,226,775 3,740 - 30,536 <u>\$1,261,051</u>	\$2,564,221 111,321 (636,797) 579,371 \$2,618,116	\$ 733 - - \$ 733	\$ 20,748 - (2,820) - - \$ 17,928	\$ 308,304 1,800 (25,347) 13,280 \$ 298,037	\$ 215,780 4,425 (7,082) 29,647 <u>\$ 242,770</u>	\$ 177,116 628,982 - (<u>652,834</u>) <u>\$ 153,264</u>	\$4,544,529 750,268 (672,046) \$4,622,751
Accumulated depreciation Balance at Jan. 1, 2022 Depreciation expense Disposals Balance at Dec. 31, 2022	\$ - - - \$ -	\$ 129,634 76,551 \$ 206,185	\$1,421,204 439,379 (<u>525,061</u>) <u>\$1,335,522</u>	\$ 122 122 \$ 244	\$ 7,536 5,873 (<u>2,820</u>) <u>\$ 10,589</u>	\$ 243,897 5,133 (25,347) \$ 223,683	\$ 91,944 34,191 (<u>7,082</u>) <u>\$ 119,053</u>	\$ - - - \$ -	\$1,894,337 561,249 (<u>560,310</u>) <u>\$1,895,276</u>
Accumulated impairment Balance at Jan. 1, 2022 Disposals Balance at Dec. 31, 2022 Net at Dec. 31, 2022	\$ - <u>\$</u> \$ 30,852	\$ - <u>\$</u> - \$1,054,866	\$ 105,092 (<u>105,092</u>) <u>\$</u> - \$1,282,594	\$ - <u>\$</u> - \$ 489	\$ - <u>\$</u> - \$ 7,339	\$ - <u>\$</u> - \$ 74,354	\$ - <u>\$</u> - \$ 123,717	\$ - <u>\$</u> - \$ 153,264	\$ 105,092 (<u>105,092</u>) <u>\$</u>
Cost Balance at Jan. 1, 2021 Listed as assets rented out under operating leases Additions Disposals Reclassification Balance at Dec. 31, 2021	\$ 30,852 - - - - - - \$ 30,852	\$1,203,133 - - - - 23,642 \$1,226,775	\$3,112,240 (48,000) 126,036 (879,878) 253,823 \$2,564,221	\$ 733 - - - - - - - - - - - 3 733	\$ 19,934 9,518 (10,238) 1,534 \$ 20,748	\$ 323,895 - (27,185) 	\$ 213,353 1,966 (16,732)	\$ 85,685 438,608 (39,391) (307,786) <u>\$ 177,116</u>	\$4,989,825 (48,000) 576,128 (973,424)
Accumulated depreciation Balance at Jan. 1, 2021 Listed as assets rented out under operating leases Depreciation expense Disposals Balance at Dec. 31, 2021	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ 76,284 - 53,350 - \$ 129,634	\$1,515,934 (3,333) 430,420 (521,817) \$1,421,204	\$ - 122 \$ 122	\$ 10,874 - 4,930 (<u>8,268</u>) <u>\$ 7,536</u>	\$ 239,967 - 27,413 (23,483) <u>\$ 243,897</u>	\$ 72,963 - 31,361 (<u>12,380</u>) <u>\$ 91,944</u>	\$ - - - - - -	\$1,916,022 (3,333) 547,596 (565,948) \$1,894,337
Accumulated impairment Balance at Jan. 1, 2021 Disposals Balance at Dec. 31, 2021 Net at Dec. 31, 2021	\$ - <u>\$</u> \$ 30,852	\$ - <u>\$</u> - \$1,097,141	\$ 131,359 (26,267) \$ 105,092 \$1,037,925	\$ - <u>\$</u> - \$ 611	\$ - <u>\$</u> - \$ 13,212	\$ - <u>\$</u> - \$ 64,407	\$ - <u>\$</u> - \$ 123,836	\$ - <u>\$</u> - \$ 177,116	\$ 131,359 (<u>26,267)</u> <u>\$ 105,092</u> <u>\$2,545,100</u>

Depreciation expenses are allocated based on the following service lives on a straight-line basis.

Building and structure	
Main buildings in the	
plant	35~50 years
Building renovation	6~20 years
Mechanical equipment	3∼6 years
Transportation equipment	6 years
Office equipment	3~6 years
Leased Improvements	6~15 years
Other equipment	1~20 years

For the amounts of the property, plant and equipment pledged by IST, please refer to Note 28.

(II) Renting Out Under Operating Lease

	Land	Building and structure	Mechanical equipment	Other equipment	Total
Cost	Dana	<u>structure</u>	equipment	other equipment	1000
Balance at Jan. 1, 2022	\$ 12,583	\$ 941,721	\$ 48,000	\$ 81,443	\$1,083,747
Disposals	-	(2,090)	-	-	$(\frac{2,090}{})$
Balance at Dec. 31, 2022	<u>\$ 12,583</u>	\$ 939,631	\$ 48,000	\$ 81,443	\$1,081,657
Accumulated depreciation					
Balance at Jan. 1, 2022	\$ -	\$ 249,464	\$ 3,333	\$ 30.025	\$ 282,822
Depreciation expense	•	51,674	8,000	9,367	69,041
Disposals	<u>-</u>	(_		$(\underline{2,090})$
Balance at Dec. 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	\$ 299,048	<u>\$ 11,333</u>	<u>\$ 39,392</u>	<u>\$ 349,773</u>
Net at Dec. 31, 2022	<u>\$ 12,583</u>	<u>\$ 640,583</u>	<u>\$ 36,667</u>	<u>\$ 42,051</u>	<u>\$ 731,884</u>
Cost					
Balance at Jan. 1, 2021	\$ 12,583	\$ 945,403	\$ -	\$ 81,443	\$1,039,429
Derived from self-owned					
assets	-	-	48,000	-	48,000
Disposals	-	(3,682)		_	(3,682)
Balance at Dec. 31, 2021	<u>\$ 12,583</u>	<u>\$ 941,721</u>	<u>\$ 48,000</u>	<u>\$ 81,443</u>	<u>\$1,083,747</u>
Accumulated depreciation					
Balance at Jan. 1, 2021	\$ -	\$ 199,473	\$ -	\$ 20,653	\$ 220,126
Depreciation expense	-	53,673	3,333	9,372	66,378
Disposals		(3,682)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(3,682)
Balance at Dec. 31, 2021	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 249,464</u>	<u>\$ 3,333</u>	<u>\$ 30,025</u>	<u>\$ 282,822</u>
Net at Dec. 31, 2021	<u>\$ 12,583</u>	<u>\$ 692,257</u>	<u>\$ 44,667</u>	<u>\$ 51,418</u>	<u>\$ 800,925</u>

IST rented out land, building and structure as well as other equipment under operating leases and the lease periods were 5 to 10 years.

The total lease payments to be received in the future because of the property, plant and equipment rented out under operating leases are as follows:

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
1st year	\$ 68,556	\$ 68,484
2nd year	70,656	68,556
3rd year	73,056	70,656
4th year	20,588	73,056
5th year	10,096	20,588
Over 5 years	_	<u> 10,096</u>
	<u>\$242,952</u>	<u>\$311,436</u>

Depreciation expenses are allocated based on the following service lives on a straight-line basis.

Building and structure	
Main buildings in the plant	35~50 years
Building renovation	6~20 years
Mechanical equipment	6 years
Other equipment	3~20 years

XII. Lease Agreement

(I) Right-of-use Assets

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Book amount of right-of-use		
assets		
Land	\$153,549	\$157,660
Building	94,464	131,070
Transportation equipment	<u>10,814</u>	<u>5,860</u>
	<u>\$258,827</u>	<u>\$294,590</u>
	2022	2021
Added right-of-use assets	\$ 24,315	\$ 50,390
Expense of depreciation of		
right-of-use assets		
Land	\$ 4,840	\$ 4,825
Building	41,908	39,192
Transportation equipment	<u>4,998</u>	<u>3,467</u>
	<u>\$ 51,746</u>	<u>\$ 47,484</u>
Proceeds from sublease of right-		
of-use assets (listed as other		
incomes in the book)	(<u>\$ 4,392</u>)	(<u>\$ 4,392</u>)
(II) Lease Liabilities		
(II) Lease Liabilities		
	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Book amount of lease liabilities		
Current	<u>\$ 45,709</u>	<u>\$ 48,807</u>

The range of discount rates for lease liabilities is as follows:

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Land	2.76%	2.76%
Building	1.62%~2.76%	1.66%~2.76%
Transportation equipment	4.97%~5.40%	4.97%~5.25%

\$228,755

\$259,215

(III) Important Lease Activities and Terms

Non-current

IST as a lessee has leased some land, buildings and transportation equipment for its operating activities and the lease periods are from 1 to 40 years. IST does not have the right of first refusal for the land, buildings and transportation equipment that it has leased as a lessee upon expiration of a lease period.

(IV) Sublease

IST has the following sublease-related transactions except those explained in Note 11:

IST has subleased the right of use of some buildings under operating leases, and the lease period is 5 years.

The total lease payments to be received in the future because of the subleases under operating leases are as follows:

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
1 st year	\$ 13,276	\$ 12,169
2 nd year	_	
	\$ 13,276	\$ 12,169

(V) Other Lease Information

For the agreements concerning the assets that IST has rented out under finance leases, please refer to Note 9.

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Short-term lease expenses	\$ 4,868	<u>\$ 5,466</u>
Low-value asset lease		
expenses	<u>\$ 181</u>	<u>\$ 295</u>
Total cash (outflow) from		
leases	(<u>\$ 66,777</u>)	(<u>\$ 63,151</u>)

IST chose to recognize exemptions applicable to the building and transportation equipment leases that are in line with short-term leases and low-value asset leases, and did not recognize right-of-use assets or lease liabilities relevant to such leases.

XIII. Other Intangible Assets

	2022	2021
Computer software		
Cost		
Beginning balance	\$ 16,494	\$ 24,406
Additions for the year	7,796	6,231
Disposals for the year	(3,637)	(14,143)
Ending balance	<u>20,653</u>	<u> 16,494</u>
Accumulated amortization		
Beginning balance	9,023	14,366
Amortization expense	7,258	5,518
Disposals for the year	(<u>3,637</u>)	(10,861)
Ending balance	<u>12,644</u>	9,023
Net	<u>\$ 8,009</u>	<u>\$ 7,471</u>

Amortization expenses are allocated based on the following service lives on a straight-line basis.

Computer software

3 years

XIV. Prepayments and Other Current Assets

		Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
	Prepaid materials stipulated in	 	
	work order	\$ 79,319	\$ 28,570
	Inventory of supplies	16,911	14,982
	Prepaid expenses	11,037	7,374
	Payment in advance	2,644	2,404
	Tax overpaid retained for		
	offsetting the future tax payable	110	-
	Other receivables	16	2,837
	Others	<u>2,067</u>	<u>742</u>
		<u>\$112,104</u>	<u>\$ 56,909</u>
XV.	Short-term Borrowings		
		Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
	Loans without collateral		
	Working capital loan	<u>\$565,709</u>	<u>\$567,533</u>

Interest rates for the working capital loans provided by the bank were 1.75% \sim 6.14% and 0.80% \sim 1.15% on Dec. 31, 2022 and Dec. 31, 2021 respectively.

XVI. <u>Long-term Borrowings</u>

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
<u>Guaranteed loans</u>		
Syndicated loans from the bank		
syndicate $-A-1$ (1)	\$ 320,000	\$ 360,000
Bank loans (2)	245,000	273,000
Loans without collateral		
Syndicated loans from the bank		
syndicate – A-2 (1)	160,000	180,000
Syndicated loans from the bank		
syndicate – B (1)	100,000	200,000
Credit loan (3)	980,000	800,000
	1,805,000	1,813,000
Less: Unamortized balance of the		
expenses incurred by the		
organizer of syndicated loans	(1,600)	(2,200)
Current portion of long-term		
borrowings	$(\underline{128,000})$	(<u>88,000</u>)
	<u>\$1,675,400</u>	<u>\$1,722,800</u>

(I) To improve its financial structure and obtain the funds needed for its mid-term business operation, IST made a 5-year joint credit loan contract for a loan limit of NTD one billion with Mega International Commercial Bank and other 5 financial institutions in September 2020. IST made a drawdown of the syndicated loan A in the 3rd quarter of 2020. The borrowed amount shall be repaid in installments of 5% of the capital every half a year (i.e. a term) for 10 terms from September 2020,

and the rest of the capital shall be repaid on the maturity date. In addition, IST made a drawdown of the syndicated loan B in the 4^{th} quarter of 2020. The loan shall be repaid in full upon maturity, and revolving drawdown is available before September 2025. Interest rates for the syndicated loan were $2.29\% \sim 2.49\%$ and 1.8% on Dec. 31, 2022 and Dec. 31, 2021 respectively. For the aforementioned credit contract, certain buildings, mechanical equipment and bank deposits of IST have been mortgaged to the bank. (Please see Note 28.)

Applicable terms of the contract under which IST applies for loans from the bank syndicate: There shall be a debt burden ratio to be complied with in the first half year's and annual consolidated financial statements of IST, and the net worth of the tangible assets shall not be less than NTD 2,800,000 thousand. If IST violates its financial commitment and fails to correct during the period given for improvement, IST shall pay 0.1% of the unrepaid balance as compensation.

- (II) For the bank loans, IST mortgaged its buildings to the bank. (Please see Note 28.) The maturity date on both Dec. 31, 2022 and Dec. 31, 2021 was March 2032 and the annual interest rates on Dec. 31, 2022 and Dec. 31, 2021 were 1.58% and 0.95% respectively.
- (III) The maturity date of the credit loans on Dec. 31, 2022 and Dec. 31, 2021 was the end of May 2025 and the end of November 2023 respectively, and the annual interest rates on Dec. 31, 2022 and Dec. 31, 2021 were $1.61\% \sim 2.20\%$ and $1.00\% \sim 1.30\%$ respectively.

Applicable terms of the contract under which IST applies for a long-term loan: There shall be a current ratio, a debt burden ratio, a financial debt ratio and a interest coverage ratio to be complied with in the first half year's and annual consolidated financial statements of IST, and the net worth of the tangible assets shall not be less than NTD 2,800,000 thousand. If IST violates any of the conditions of credit loan, the interest rate for any new drawdown shall be increased by 0.25%.

XVII. Other Current Liabilities

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Other payables		
Wages and bonuses payable	\$235,887	\$168,863
Remunerations payable to		
employees and directors	30,000	14,708
Bonus for unused leave	<u>9,669</u>	<u>9,841</u>

	275,556	193,412
Other current liabilities		
Other payables – Related parties	2,469	756
Others (Note)	<u>169,054</u>	<u>126,355</u>
•	\$447,079	\$320,523

Note: It mainly includes business tax payable, receipts under custody, etc.

XVIII. Post-employment Benefit Plan

(I) Defined Contribution Plan

The retirement pension system provided in the Labor Pension Act, which is applicable to IST, refers to the defined contribution plan managed by the government. The 6% of the monthly wages of an employee is allocated to the specific account of the individual with Bureau of Labor Insurance.

(II) Defined Benefit Plan

The retirement pension system adopted by IST in accordance with the Labor Standards Act of the Republic of China refers to the defined benefit plan governed by the government. The retirement pension to an employee is computed based on the employee's service time and average wage of the 6 months immediately before the date of retirement approval. IST allocates the 2% of the monthly wages of an employee to be the employee's retirement fund and transfers it to Supervisory Committee of Business Entities' Labor Retirement Reserve. The committee then deposits it to the specific account with Bank of Taiwan in the name of the committee. If the balance of the specific account at the end of a fiscal year is estimated to be insufficient for the amount of retirement pensions to be paid to the employees who will meet the requirements of retirement in the next year, the difference will be allocated in full by the end of March in the next year. The specific account is entrusted to Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor to manage. IST has no right to influence its investment and management strategies.

Amounts for the defined benefit plan in the parent company only balance sheets are listed as follows:

_	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Fair value of plan assets	\$ 57,629	\$ 53,132
Present value of defined benefit		
obligation	(36,169)	(37,161)
Net defined benefit assets	<u>\$ 21,460</u>	<u>\$ 15,971</u>

Changes in net defined benefit assets are as follows:

Fair value of	Present value	Net defined

	plan assets	of defined benefit obligations	benefit assets
Balance at Jan. 1, 2021	\$ 52,184	(\$ 38,534)	\$ 13,650
Interest income (expense) Recognized in profit	208	(153)	55
(loss)	208	(153)	55
Remeasurements Return on plan assets (except the amounts included in net interest) Actuarial losses— Changes in	740	-	740
demographic assumptions Actuarial losses—	-	(103)	(103)
Changes in financial assumptions Actuarial losses — Experience	\$ -	\$ 1,346	\$ 1,346
adjustments Recognized in other comprehensive		283	<u>283</u>
incomes	740	<u>1,526</u>	2,266
Balance at Dec. 31, 2021	<u>53,132</u>	(<u>37,161</u>)	<u> 15,971</u>
Interest income	270	(250)	112
(expense) Recognized in profit	<u> 370</u>	(258)	<u> 112</u>
(loss)	370	(258)	112
Remeasurements		(
Return on plan assets (except the amounts included in net interest) Actuarial losses—	4,127	-	4,127
Changes in demographic assumptions Actuarial losses— Changes in financial	-	(7)	(7)
assumptions Actuarial losses — Experience	-	2,624	2,624
adjustments Recognized in other	_	(1,367)	(1,367)
comprehensive incomes Balance at Dec. 31, 2022	4,127 \$ 57,629	1,250 (<u>\$ 36,169</u>)	5,377 \$ 21,460

IST is exposed to the following risks with respect to the retirement pension system provided by the Labor Standards Act.

- A. Investment Risk: The Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor invests the labor pension fund, by itself or though an agent, in domestic (foreign) domestic equity securities and debt securities, bank deposits and other subject matters. However, the distributable amount of IST's plan assets is the income calculated at an interest rate not inferior to that announced by the local bank for 2-year time deposits.
- B. Interest Rate Risk: Interest rates for government bonds are reduced so that the present value of defined benefit obligations increases. However, the return on debt investments with respect to plan assets increases accordingly. Both offset the impact on the net defined benefit liabilities partially.
- C. Wage Risk: The present value of defined benefit obligations is calculated by taking future wages of plan members into account. Thus the increase in wages of plan members will result in an increase in the present value of defined benefit obligations.

The present value of defined benefit obligations of IST is calculated by a qualified actuary. Material assumptions on the measurement date are as follows:

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Discount rate	1.35%	0.70%
Expected rate of wage	2.00%	2.00%
increments		
Resignation rate	0.63%	0.67%

In case of a reasonable and possible change in any material actuarial assumption, the increase (decrease) in the present value of defined benefit obligations on the premise that other assumptions remain unchanged is as follows:

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Discount rate		
Increased by 0.25%	(<u>\$ 941</u>)	(<u>\$ 1,084</u>)
Decreased by 0.25%	<u>\$ 978</u>	<u>\$ 1,130</u>
Increased by 0.1%	(<u>\$ 381</u>)	(<u>\$ 439</u>)
Decreased by 0.1%	\$ 386	\$ 446
Expected rate of wage		
increments		
Increased by 0.25%	<u>\$ 969</u>	<u>\$ 1,112</u>
Decreased by 0.25%	(<u>\$ 938</u>)	(<u>\$ 1,073</u>)
Resignation rate		
Increased by 110%	(<u>\$ 34</u>)	(\$ 52)
Decreased by 90%	<u>\$ 34</u>	\$ 52

The aforementioned sensitivity analysis may probably not reflect actual changes in the present value of defined benefit obligations as actuarial assumptions may correlate mutually and changes in only one assumption are not quite possible.

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Amount expected to be		
contributed in one year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Average expiration period of		
defined benefit obligations	10 years	11 years

XIX. Equity

(I) Common Stock

_	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Authorized number of shares (In		
thousands of shares)	<u>200,000</u>	200,000
Authorized capital stock	<u>\$2,000,000</u>	<u>\$2,000,000</u>
Number of issued and paid-in		
shares (In thousands of shares)	<u>74,775</u>	<u>79,775</u>
Capital stock issued	<u>\$ 747,751</u>	<u>\$ 797,751</u>

Changes in capital stock of IST were mainly due to cancellation of treasury stock.

(II) Capital Reserve

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Used to make good of loss,	<u> </u>	
distribute cash or appropriate to		
be capital stock (Note 1)		
Stock issuance premium	\$2,085,234	\$2,224,667
Used to make good of losses only		
Recognized changes in		
ownership interests in		
subsidiaries (Note 2)	30,538	29,824
Changes in equity of associates		
accounted for using the equity		
method	2,465	2,465
Not used for any purpose		
Stock option	<u>24,775</u>	9,999
	\$2,143,012	<u>\$2,266,955</u>

Note 1 Such capital reserve may be used to make good of loss and may be used to distribute cash or expand capital stock when IST has no loss; however, the amount used to expend capital stock is limited to a certain percentage of the paid-in capital.

The balance of capital reserve was reconciled in 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

Note 2 Such capital reserve is the equity transaction effect recognized for changes in the equity of the subsidiary when IST does not acquire or dispose the equity in the subsidiary.

	Stock issuance premium		asury share ansaction	Stoc	κ option	ch ov in	ecognized nanges in wnership terests of bsidiaries	of acc usin	ges in equity associates ounted for g the equity method		Others
Balance at Jan. 1, 2021	\$ 2,489,430	\$	15,607	\$	-	\$	3,290	\$	2,465	\$	120,073
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for											
using the equity method	=		-		-		26,534		-		-
Share-based payment	-		-		9,999		-		-		-
Cancellation of treasury stock										(120,073)
	(<u>264,763</u>)	(15,607)								
Balance at Dec. 31, 2021	2,224,667		-		9,999		29,824		2,465		-
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for											
using the equity method	-		-		-		714		-		-
Share-based payment	=		-		14,776		-		-		-
Cancellation of treasury stock	(139,433_)		<u> </u>						<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Balance at Dec. 31, 2022	\$ 2,085,234	\$		\$	24,775	\$	30,538	\$	2,465	\$	<u> </u>

(III) Retained Earnings and Dividend Policies

According to IST's articles of incorporation, for any distribution of earnings, IST shall make good of the previous year's loss (including the adjusted amount of undistributed earnings) first, and allocate 10% of the rest of the earnings as legal reserve. However, if legal reserve reaches the amount of IST's total paid-in capital, no legal reserve shall be allocated. Then special reserve shall be allocated or reversed in accordance with regulations or as required by the competent authority. After retaining such earnings as considered necessary by the board of directors for business operation, the board of directors shall prepare an earning distribution proposal for the rest of the earnings, together with the undistributed earnings at the beginning of the year (including the adjusted amount of undistributed earnings), and resolve to allocate dividends and bonuses to shareholders based on the proposal. For such policies concerning remunerations to employees and directors as provided in IST's articles of incorporation, please refer to Note 21-(7) Employees' Remuneration and Directors' Remuneration.

IST requires that earnings shall be distributed and losses shall be made good after the end of each quarter. Earnings to be distributed in cash shall be resolved by the board of directors and then reported at the shareholders' meeting. No proposal of such distribution of earnings shall be submitted at the shareholders' meeting for approval.

IST considers its financial environment and growth stage to meet the requirements for future funds and long-term financial plans and satisfy the needs of shareholders in terms of cash inflows. After deducting the items provided above from distributable earnings, IST shall allocate dividends to shareholders. For the dividends distributed to shareholders for the current year, cash dividends shall

account for 10% to 100% of the total dividends while stock dividends shall account for 0% to 90% of the total dividends.

In case that IST has no earnings to be distributed for the current year, or the amount of earnings is far less than that of the earnings actually distributed for the previous year, or the entirety or part of the reserve shall be distributed, based on financial, business and operating factors of IST, in compliance with the law or as required by the competent authority, then earnings to be distributed in cash shall be resolved by the board of directors and reported at the shareholders' meeting, and no proposal of such distribution of earnings shall be submitted at the shareholders' meeting for approval.

Legal reserve shall be allocated until the balance thereof reaches the total paid-in capital of IST. Legal reserve may be used to make good of loss. When IST has no loss, the portion of legal reserve in excess of 25% of paid-in capital can be used to expand capital stock or be distributed in cash.

The earning distribution proposal of IST for each quarter of 2022, 2021 and 2020 and the cash dividends per share were resolved at the board meeting as follows:

		2022 Q4	2022 Q3
Date of resolution by the board of director Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividends Cash dividends per share (NTD)		Mar. 14, 2023 <u>\$ 10,099</u> <u>\$ 7,555</u> <u>\$ 74,775</u> \$ 1	Nov. 2, 2022 \$ 23,118 (\$ 20,263) \$ 74,775 \$ 1
	2021 Q4	2021 Q2	2021 Q1
Date of resolution by the board of director legal reserve special reserve Cash dividends Cash dividends per share (NTD)	Mar. 24, 2022 \$	Aug. 5, 2021 \$ 3,264 \$ 5,335 \$ 35,430 \$ 0.4	Apr. 29. 2021 \$ 5,419 \$ 1,011 \$ 93,575 \$ 1
	2020 Q4	2020 Q3	2020 Q2
Date of resolution by the board of director legal reserve special reserve Cash dividends Cash dividends per share	Mar. 5, 2021 \$ 3,132 (\$ 7,670) \$ 56,145 \$ 0.6	Nov. 11, 2020 \$ 8,413 (\$ 6,647) \$ 93,575 \$ 1	Aug. 6, 2020 \$ 14,451 \$ 15,584 \$ 140,363 \$ 1.5

(NTD)

IST held a board meeting on Nov. 9, 2021 where a resolution of not distributing earnings for 2021 Q3 was passed.

IST held a board meeting on Mar. 24, 2022 where a motion of making good of the loss NTD 38,217 thousand in use of legal reserve was proposed. The board of directors resolved at the board meetings of May 5 and Aug. 2, 2022 not to distribute earnings for 2022 Q1 and 2022 Q2.

The above cash dividends for each quarter of 2022 have been resolved to allocate by the board of directors, and the rest is expected to be resolved at the general meeting of shareholders held on June 14, 2023.

(IV) Special Reserve

	2022	2021
Beginning balance	\$ 98,491	\$ 99,815
Allocated special reserve		
Allocated deduction		
(reverse) of other equity		
items	(23,593)	$(\underline{1,324})$
Ending balance	<u>\$ 74,898</u>	<u>\$ 98,491</u>

When implementing IFRSs initially, IST shall reverse at the disposal percentage the special reserve allocated from the exchange difference between financial statements of foreign operations (including subsidiaries). After IST loses its material impact, IST shall reverse the entirety of such special reserve. Upon distribution of earnings, an additional special reserve is allocated from the difference between the net value of deductions of other shareholders' equity listed in the book at the end of the reporting period and the special reserve allocated upon initial implementation of IFRSs. In case of reverse of the net value of deductions of other shareholders' equity afterwards, the special reserve is reversed based on the reversed portion of such net value to distribute earnings.

(V) Other Equity

A. Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements:

	2022	2021
Beginning balance	(\$ 95,161)	(\$ 92,644)
Generated in the current year		
Exchange differences		
arising on translating		
financial statements of		
foreign operations	10,777	(3,573)
Share of translation		
differences of associates	\$ 1,931	\$ 705

accounted for using the equity method
Generated from reclassification
Share of disposal proceeds
of associates accounted for using the equity method
Ending balance

<u>-</u> 351 (<u>\$ 82,453</u>) (<u>\$ 95,161</u>)

Purchased back to

B. Unrealized Gains (Losses) from Financial Assets at FVOCI

	2022		2021
Beginning balance	\$	-	\$ 499
Generated in the current year			
Unrealized gains (losses)			
Equity instrument		-	(5,559)
Accumulated gains (losses) on			
disposal of equity instruments			
transferred to retained earnings			<u>5,060</u>
Ending balance	<u>\$</u>	_	<u>\$ -</u>

(VI) Treasury Shares

	be cancelled (In thousands of
Reason of recall	shares)
Number of shares at Jan. 1, 2021	-
Shares increased in the year	13,800
Shares decreased in the year	(<u>13,800</u>)
Number of shares at Dec. 31,	
2021	<u> </u>
Number of shares at Jan. 1, 2022	<u>-</u>
Shares increased in the year	5,000
Shares decreased in the year	(5,000)
Number of shares at Dec. 31,	•
2022	

To maintain corporate credit and shareholders' equity, IST resolved at the board meeting of May 24, 2021 to purchase back treasury shares. The predetermined repurchase period was from May 25, 2021 to July 23, 2021 and the predetermined number of shares to be purchased back was 5,000 thousand. The range of repurchase prices was from NTD 34 to NTD 77. When the share price was less than the lower limit of the repurchase price, IST repurchased shares continuously. The upper limit for the total amount of the planned repurchased shares was NTD 385,000 thousand. The aforementioned 5,000 thousand treasury shares were repurchased before July 15, 2021 and the repurchase cost was NTD

264,811 thousand in total. IST resolved at the board meeting of Aug. 5, 2021 to cancel 5,000 thousand treasury shares. The record date for capital reduction was Aug. 10, 2021 and the registration of such change was completed on Sep. 22, 2021.

To maintain corporate credit and shareholders' equity, IST resolved at the board meeting of Aug. 5, 2021 to purchase back treasury shares. The predetermined repurchase period was from Aug. 6, 2021 to Oct. 5, 2021 and the predetermined number of shares to be purchased back was 4,000 thousand. The range of repurchase prices was from NTD 36 to NTD 78. When the share price was less than the lower limit of the repurchase price, IST repurchased shares continuously. The upper limit for the total amount of the planned repurchased shares was NTD 312,000 thousand. The aforementioned 4,000 thousand treasury shares were repurchased before Sep. 9, 2021 and the repurchase cost was NTD 202,945 thousand in total. IST resolved at the board meeting of Sep. 24, 2021 to cancel 4,000 thousand treasury shares. The record date for capital reduction was Oct. 4, 2021 and the registration of such change was completed on Oct. 22, 2021.

To maintain corporate credit and shareholders' equity, IST resolved at the board meeting of Oct. 14, 2021 to purchase back treasury shares. The predetermined repurchase period was from Oct. 15, 2021 to Dec. 14, 2021 and the predetermined number of shares to be purchased back was 4,800 thousand. The range of repurchase prices was from NTD 33 to NTD 73. When the share price was less than the lower limit of the repurchase price, IST repurchased shares continuously. The upper limit for the total amount of the planned repurchased shares was NTD 350,400 thousand. The aforementioned 4,800 thousand treasury shares were repurchased before Dec. 2, 2021 and the repurchase cost was NTD 263,052 thousand in total. IST resolved at the board meeting of Dec. 23, 2021 to cancel 4,800 thousand treasury shares. The record date for capital reduction was Dec. 27, 2021 and the registration of such change was completed on Jan. 12, 2022.

To maintain corporate credit and shareholders' equity, IST resolved at the board meeting of Mar. 15, 2022 to purchase back treasury shares. The predetermined repurchase period was from Mar. 16, 2022 to May 15, 2022 and the predetermined number of shares to be purchased back was 5,000 thousand. The range of repurchase prices was from NTD 34 to NTD 74. When the share price was less than the lower limit of the repurchase price, IST repurchased shares continuously. The upper limit for the total amount of the planned repurchased

shares was NTD 370,000 thousand. The aforementioned 5,000 thousand treasury shares were repurchased before Apr. 15, 2022 and the repurchase cost was NTD 267,945 thousand in total. IST resolved at the board meeting of May 5, 2022 to cancel 5,000 thousand treasury shares. The record date for capital reduction was May 6, 2022 and the registration of such change was completed on May 17, 2022.

According to the Securities and Exchange Act, IST shall not pledge the treasury shares it holds and shall not have the right to allocation of dividends or the right to voting based on the treasury shares.

XX. Revenue

	2022	2021
Revenue from contracts with		
customers		
Revenue from inspection and		
testing services	<u>\$3,213,134</u>	<u>\$2,755,003</u>

(I) Contracts with Customers

The contract made by IST with a customer provides inspection and testing service obligations. The customer pays the contractual consideration during the credit period after inspecting and accepting the service. Because merchandise or service is delivered within one year after or before receipt of payment, the material financial compositions of the contractual consideration are not adjusted.

(II) Contract Balance

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021	Jan. 1, 2021
Accounts receivable (Note 8) Accounts receivable —	<u>\$1,238,261</u>	<u>\$1,104,185</u>	<u>\$ 996,075</u>
Related parties (Note 27)	<u>\$ 20,575</u>	\$ 29,041	<u>\$ 25,815</u>
Contract assets Labor service Contract liabilities	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,150</u>
Customer loyalty program Unearned sales	\$ 62,145	\$ 38,327	\$ 47,915
revenue	55,190 \$ 117,335	33,336 \$ 71,663	36,731 \$ 84,646

Changes in contract assets and contract liabilities resulted mainly from the point of time when performance obligations were satisfied and the difference between the points of time when customers made payments.

Performance obligations from the contract liabilities at the beginning of the year that had been satisfied were recognized as revenue for the current year as follows:

	2022	2021
From contract liabilities at	_	
the beginning of the year		
Unearned sales revenue	\$ 37,585	\$ 24,221
Customer loyalty program	<u>22,280</u>	<u>34,880</u>
	<u>\$ 59,865</u>	<u>\$ 59,101</u>

(III) Itemized Revenue from Contracts with Customers

	2022	2021
Main regional markets		
Asia	\$2,710,189	\$2,256,429
America	429,725	400,129
Others	<u>73,220</u>	<u>98,445</u>
	<u>\$3,213,134</u>	<u>\$2,755,003</u>

(IV) Contracts with Customers Not Performed Completely

Transaction prices amortized based on the performance obligations not satisfied completely and the points of time when such prices were recognized as revenue are as follows:

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Customer loyalty program		
-Performance in 2022	\$ -	\$ 38,327
- Performance in 2023	<u>62,145</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 62,145</u>	<u>\$ 38,327</u>
Unearned sales revenue		
Performance in 2022	\$ -	\$ 33,336
-Performance in 2023	<u>55,190</u>	<u>-</u> _
	<u>\$ 55,190</u>	<u>\$ 33,336</u>
XXI. Net Profit of Continuing Operations	<u>i</u>	
(I) Interest Income		
	2022	2021
Bank deposits	\$ 488	\$ 68
Net investment in the lease	52	163
Others	<u> 107</u>	<u> 102</u>
	<u>\$ 647</u>	<u>\$ 333</u>
(II) Other Incomes		
	2022	2021

Income from operating lease Income from government subsidy Profit from lease modification Others	\$ 42,682 6,241 290 9,250 \$ 58,463	\$ 69,339 146 170 <u>8,668</u> <u>\$ 78,323</u>
(III) Other Gains and Losses		
	2022	2021
Net proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Gain (loss) of financial assets and financial liabilities Financial assets at	\$ 15,140	\$ 2,317
FINANCIAI ASSELS AL FVTPL Financial liabilities at	6,353	(1,758)
FVTPL	533	17
Net proceeds from disposal of intangible assets Proceeds from disposal of	-	12,880
investments accounted for using equity method Others	(490) 	(2,438) (<u>27,986)</u> (<u>\$ 16,968</u>)
(IV) Financial Cost		
	2022	2021
Interest on bank loans Interest on lease liabilities Amortization of the expenses	\$ 38,801 7,759	\$ 25,370 8,271
incurred by the organizer of syndicated loans	600	600
Computed interest on security deposits Less: Amounts listed in cost	75	100
of qualifying assets	(<u>6,029)</u> <u>\$ 41,206</u>	(<u>3,100</u>) <u>\$ 31,241</u>
Information relevant to capitalization of interest is as follows:		
	2022	2021
Capitalized interest Interest rate for	<u>\$ 6,029</u>	<u>\$ 3,100</u>
capitalization of interest	1.26%~1.99%	1.21%~1.50%
(V) Depreciation and Amortization		
	2022	2021

Depreciation expenses by functions: Operating cots Operating expenses	\$559,747 122,289 \$682,036	\$542,379 <u>115,746</u> <u>\$658,125</u>
Amortization expenses by function:		
Operating cost	\$ 4,116	\$ 3,702
Management expenses	3,142 \$ 7,258	<u> </u>
(VI) Employee Benefit Expenses		
	2022	2021
Short-term employee	·	-
benefits	\$1,065,801	\$ 839,422
Post-employment benefits		
Defined contribution	21.710	27.025
plan Defined benefit plan	31,718	27,925
(Note 18)	(112)	(55)
Share-based payment	()	(33)
Equity settlement	<u> 14,776</u>	9,999
Total employee benefit		
expenses	<u>\$1,112,183</u>	<u>\$ 877,291</u>
Compiled by functions		
Operating cost	\$ 810,166	\$ 619,958
Operating expenses	302,017	257,333
	<u>\$1,112,183</u>	<u>\$ 877,291</u>

(VII) Employees' Remuneration and Directors' Remuneration

IST allocated employees' remuneration and directors' remuneration, from its profit computed before deduction of employees' remuneration and directors' remuneration, at a rate of no less than 3% and at a rate no more than 3% respectively. The employees' remuneration and directors' remuneration estimated for the years 2022 and 2021 were resolved at the board meetings of Mar. 14, 2023 and Mar. 24, 2022 as follows:

Estimated Percentage

	2022	2021
Employees' remuneration	5%	4%
Directors' remuneration	1%	2%

<u>Amount</u>

20	22	20)21
Cash	Stock	Cash	Stock

Employees'	\$ 24,000	\$ -	\$ 10,000	\$ -
remuneration				
Directors'	6,000	-	4,708	-
remuneration				

If any amount is changed after the date when the annual parent company only financial statements are announced, then such change is treated as a change in accounting estimate and entered into the account for the following year after adjustment.

There is no difference between the actually distributed amounts of the employees' remuneration and directors' remuneration for the years 2021 and 2020 and the corresponding amounts recognized in the parent company only financial statements of 2021 and 2020.

For information of the employees' remuneration and directors' remuneration resolved by the board of directors of IST, please check at the market observatory post system of Taiwan Stock Exchange.

XXII. Income Tax

(I) Income Tax Recognized in Profit or Loss

The income tax expense mainly comprises the items listed as follows:

	2022	2021
Current income tax		
Incurred for the current year Adjusted for the	\$ 98,595	\$ 84,881
previous year	(<u>17,783</u>) 80,812	<u>1,038</u> 85,919
Deferred income tax		
Incurred for the current year	<u>789</u>	(1,078)
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ 81,601</u>	<u>\$ 84,841</u>

The accounting income and the income tax expense are reconciled as follows:

	2022	2021
Net profit before tax	<u>\$486,747</u>	<u>\$264,549</u>
Income tax computed based		
on the net profit before tax at		
the legal tax rate	\$ 97,349	\$ 52,910
Expenses and losses not		
deductible from taxes	-	23,888
Temporary differences	2,035	7,005
Current adjustment of the	$(\underline{17,783})$	1,038

current income tax expens of the previous year Income tax expense recognized in profit or los		<u>\$ 8</u>	<u>1,601</u>		<u>\$ 84</u>	·,841	
(II) Current Tax Assets and Li	iabilities						
	_	Dec. 3	1, 2022		Dec. 32	1, 2021	
Current tax liabilities Income tax payable		<u>\$ 5</u>	<u>4,690</u>		<u>\$ 70</u>	<u>,995</u>	
(III) Deferred Income Tax Ass	ets and Lial	oilities					
Changes in deferred	income tax	assets a	and liabilit	ies are as	follow	/S:	
<u>2022</u>							
Deferred income tax	Beginr	ing	Recogni	zed in			
assets	balan		profit (g balanc	<u>e</u> _
Temporary difference	\$	<u>169</u>	(<u>\$</u>	<u>169</u>)	<u>\$</u>		
Deferred income tax liabilities							
Temporary difference	\$		(<u>\$</u>	<u>620</u>)	(<u>\$</u>	<u>620</u>)	
<u>2021</u>							
Deferred income tax assets	Beginr balan	_	Recogni profit (loss)		g balanc	<u>e</u> _
Temporary difference	\$		<u>\$</u>	<u>169</u>	<u>\$</u>	169	
Deferred income tax liabilities							
Temporary difference	\$	909	(<u>\$</u>	909)	\$	<u>-</u>	
(IV) Deductible Temporary	Difference	from	Deferred	Income	Tax	Assets	Not
Recognized in Parent Con	npany Only	Balanc	e Sheets				
		Dec. 3	1, 2022		Dec. 31	1, 2021	_
Deductible Temporary difference		<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>1,814</u>		<u>\$ 48</u>	<u>,168</u>	
(V) Income Tax Assessment							
The profit-seeking ϵ	enterprise a	nnual	income ta	x returns	filed	by IST a	as of
2020 have been assessed	by the tax a	authorit	y.				
<u>Earnings Per Share</u>				Į	Jnit : N	TD per s	hare

2022

2021

XXIII.

Basic earnings per share	<u>\$ 5.33</u>	<u>\$ 2.02</u>
Diluted earnings per share	<u>\$ 5.03</u>	<u>\$ 2.01</u>

The net profit and the number of weighted average common shares used to calculate earnings per share are disclosed as follows:

Net Profit of the year

	2022	2021
Net profit used to calculate basic and diluted earnings per share	<u>\$405,146</u>	<u>\$179,708</u>
Number of Shares		
		Unit: In Thousands of Shares
	2022	2021
Number of weighted average common shares used to calculate basic earnings per		
share Impact of the common shares with dilution effect:	76,067	89,054
Employees' remuneration Number of weighted average common shares used to calculate diluted earnings per	<u>377</u>	<u> 189</u>

If IST chooses to distribute employees' remuneration by stock or cash, then for calculation of diluted earnings per share, employees' remuneration is assumed to be distributed by stock and the number of weighted average outstanding common shares is included when potential common shares have dilutive effect. When calculating diluted earnings per share before the number of shares distributed as employees' remuneration is resolved in the next year, IST shall continue to consider dilutive effect of the potential common shares.

76,444

89,243

XXIV. Share-based Payment Arrangement

Employee Stock Options

share

IST resolved at the board meeting of Mar. 5, 2021 to issue 2,000 thousand units of employee stock warrant for 2021. Each unit entitled its holder to subscribe one common share. The new shares issued were 2,000 thousand common shares in total, which were planned to be granted to full-time employees of IST. Subscribers may exercise their stock options in accordance with the Regulations of Employee Stock

Options after 2 years from the date of grant of employee stock warrant. The duration of employee stock warrant is 5 years.

Information relevant to employee stock options is as follows:

	Jan. 1 ∼ Dec. 31, 2022		
		Weighted average	
	Unit (In	exercise price	
Employee stock options	thousands)	(NTD)	
Outstanding at the beginning of			
the year	2,000	\$ 54.28	
Issued this year	-	-	
Outstanding at the end of the			
year	<u>2,000</u>	53.81	
Exercisable at the end of the			
year	<u> </u>		

For the employee stock options granted on the grant date Apr. 29, 2021, IST used the Black-Scholes model. The parameters used in the evaluation model are as follows:

	Apr. 29, 2021
Stock price on grant date	NTD 56.20
Exercise price	NTD 56.20
Expected ratio of fluctuation	44.16%
Expected duration	3.88 years
Risk-free interest rate	0.26%
Fair value of stock options	NTD 19.03

The remuneration cost recognized by IST for the years 2022 and 2021 was NTD 14,776 thousand and NTD 9,999 thousand respectively.

XXV. Capital Risk Management

IST conducts capital management to ensure that enterprises in IST are able to maximize the shareholder return by optimizing debt and equity balances on the premise that the enterprises operate on an ongoing basis. The overall strategy of IST remains unchanged.

The capital structure of IST consists of its net debt (i.e. borrowings less cash and cash equivalents) and equity (i.e. capital stock, capital reserve, retained earnings and other equity items).

IST does not have to abide by other external capital rules.

The key management of IST reviews IST's capital structure regularly and considers cost and relevant risks for capital. IST takes the suggestions given by the key

management to balance its entire capital structure by paying dividends, issuing new shares, repurchasing shares, issuing new debts or repaying old debts.

XXVI. Financial Instruments

- (I) Information of Fair Value Financial instruments measured at fair value on the basis of repeatability
 - A. Hierarchy of Fair Value

Dec. 31, 2022

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL Investments in equity instruments — Beneficiary certificates of				
funds	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 27,282</u>	<u>\$ 27,282</u>
Derivatives	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 523</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 523</u>
Dec. 31, 2021				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
FVTPL Investments in equity instruments — Beneficiary	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3 \$ 21,945	Total \$ 21,945
FVTPL Investments in equity instruments — Beneficiary certificates of				

There was no transfer between level 1 and level 2 fair value measurements in 2022 and 2021.

B. Valuation technique and input value measured at level 2 fair value

Category of financial instrument	Valuation technique and input value
Derivatives – Forward	Discounted cash flows: To estimate future
exchange agreement	cash flows by using the forward exchange rate observable at the end of the year and the exchange rate stipulated in a contract, and to discount separately at the discount rate that reflects the credit risk of each counterparty to the transaction

C. Reconciliation of financial instruments measured at level 3 fair value

	Measured at fair value through profit or loss Beneficiary certificates of
Financial assets	funds
Beginning balance	\$ 21,945
Recognized in profit (loss)	6,353
Disposals	(<u>1,016</u>)
Ending balance	\$ 27,282
Changes in the current unrealized profit or	
loss that are relevant to the assets held at	
the end of the year and recognized in profit	
or loss	<u>\$ 6,353</u>
<u>2021</u>	
	Measured at fair
	value through
	profit or loss
	Beneficiary
	certificates of
Financial assets	funds
Beginning balance	\$ 24,304
Recognized in profit (loss)	(1,758)
Disposals	$(\underline{601})$
Ending balance	<u>\$ 21,945</u>
Changes in the current unrealized profit or loss that are relevant to the assets held at	
the end of the year and recognized in profit	
or loss	(<u>\$ 1,758</u>)

D. Valuation technique and input value measured at level 3 fair value

For domestically unlisted (non-OTC) beneficiary certificates of funds, the asset approach is used to evaluate the total value of individual assets and individual liabilities covered by the subject to reflect the value of the enterprise or business as a whole. The material unobservable input is listed below. When liquidity discount decreases, fair value of the investment increases.

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Liquidity discount	20%	20%

In case that the following input is changed for the purpose of reflecting a reasonable and possible alternative assumption, the amount of the increase

(decrease) in fair value of equity investment, in the situation where all other inputs remain unchanged, is as follows:

_	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021		
Liquidity discount Increased by 1% Decreased by 1%	(<u>\$ 341</u>) <u>\$ 341</u>	(<u>\$ 274</u>) <u>\$ 274</u>		
(II) Type of Financial Instrument				
T	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021		
<u>Financial assets</u> Measured at fair value through profit or loss	į.			
Measured at fair value through profit or loss compulsorily	\$ 27,805	\$ 21,945		
Financial assets at amortized cost Cash and cash equivalents Notes and accounts receivable –	426,082	361,968		
Net Accounts receivable — Related	1,239,357	1,105,708		
parties Other receivables (listed as	20,575	29,041		
repayments and other current assets in the book) Other receivables Related	16	2,837		
parties	34,131	29,071		
Refundable deposits	12,643	10,475		
Other financial assets – Current	5,197	4,223		
<u>Financial liabilities</u> Measured at fair value through profit or loss	ī.			
At fair value through profit or				
loss compulsorily	-	10		
Financial assets at amortized cost				
Short-term borrowings	565,709	567,533		
Notes and accounts payable Accounts payable — Related	242,206	184,067		
parties	732	6,051		
Payables on equipment Other payables – Related parties disted as other current	167,984	151,334		
parties (listed as other current liabilities in the book) Long-term borrowings	2,469	756		
(including those due in a year)	1,803,400	1,810,800		

(III) Purpose and Policy of Financial Risk Management

Financial management departments of IST provide service for each business, master and coordinate operations in domestic and international financial markets, and supervise and manage the financial risks relevant to business operation based on the level and extent of each risk and the internal risk report that analyzes risk exposure. Such risks include market risks (including exchange rate risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

IST avoids risk exposure through derivative financial instruments to reduce the impact of such risk. The use of derivative financial instruments is governed by the policy approved by the board of directors, which is the written principle for exchange rate risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investments made through current funds. Internal auditors review policy compliance and risk exposure limit continuously. IST does not speculate in financial instruments (including derivative financial instruments).

The financial management department submits reports to the board of directors of IST periodically.

A. Market Risks

Main market risks assumed by IST for its operating activities are exchange rate risk (as stated in the item (1) below) and interest rate risk (as stated in the item (2) below).

1. Exchange Rate Risk

IST conducts transactions in foreign currencies, so it is exposed to foreign exchange risk. IST manages its exchange rate exposure within the scope permitted by the policy. IST uses forward exchange agreements to manage risks.

For IST's book amounts of monetary assets and monetary liabilities and book amounts of derivatives exposed to exchange rate risk in non-functional currencies on the balance sheet date, please refer to Note 30.

Sensitivity Analysis

IST is mainly impacted by fluctuation of USD, JPY and CNY exchange rates.

The table below presents IST's sensitivity analysis for the situations when the exchange rate of NTD (the functional currency) to each foreign currency increases or decreases by 5%. The sensitivity ratio used in the

report on exchange rate risk submitted to the management internally is 5%, which is also the estimate provided by the management for the range in which a foreign exchange rate changes. Sensitivity analysis only includes outstanding monetary items in foreign currencies, and the conversion made at the end of the period is adjusted by 5% exchange rate fluctuation. The table below shows the increase or decrease in the pretax net profit when NTD against each foreign currency depreciates/appreciates by 5%.

The management believes that sensitivity analysis cannot represent the inherent risk of exchange rate.

2. Interest Rate Risk

Since IST borrows funds at both the fixed interest rate and the floating interest rate simultaneously, IST is exposed to interest rate risk. IST tries to maintain a combination of fixed and floating interest rates to manage interest rate risk.

The book amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities of IST exposed to interest rate risk on the balance sheet date are as follows:

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
With fair value interest		
rate risk		
 Financial assets 	\$ -	\$ -
- Financial		
liabilities	336,173	445,555
With cash flow interest		
rate risk		
- Financial assets	431,154	366,027
— Financial		
liabilities	2,307,400	2,240,800

Sensitivity Analysis

The following sensitivity analysis is determined based on interest rate exposure with respect to non-derivative instruments on the balance sheet date. For the assets and liabilities with floating interest rates, the analysis is made based on the assumption that the outstanding assets and liabilities on the balance sheet date are still outstanding during the reporting period. The rate of change used internally for interest rate related report to the key management is the interest rate plus or minus 1%, which is also the estimate provided by the management for the range in which the interest rate may reasonably change.

If the interest rate is increased/decreased by 1%, then in the situation where all other variables remain unchanged, IST's pretax profit for the years 2022 and 2021 would be decreased/increased by NTD 18,762 thousand and NTD 18,748 thousand respectively.

B. Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk incurred when the counterparty to the transaction delays contractual obligations and thus causes a loss to IST. As of the balance sheet date, the greatest credit risk to which IST was exposed due to failure by any counterparty to a transaction to perform its obligations would probably come from the book value of financial assets recognized on the parent company only balance sheets.

To reduce credit risk, the management of IST has designated a team to be responsible for a decision of credit line, credit approval and other monitoring procedures to ensure that proper measures are taken to recover overdue receivables. In addition, IST reviews recoverable amounts of receivables on a case-by-case basis on the balance sheet date to ensure that a proper amount of impairment loss is allocated for unrecoverable receivables. Accordingly, the management of IST believes that IST's credit risk has significantly reduced.

Customers of IST are numerous and not related, so the credit risk concentration is not high.

C. Liquidity Risk

IST keeps successful business operation and mitigates the impact of cash flow fluctuation by managing and maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents. The management of IST supervises the status of loans within the credit limit and ensures compliance with the terms of each loan contract.

A bank loan is an important source of liquidity for IST. For the line of credit unused by IST as of Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021, please see the item (2) "Line of Credit" below.

1. Table of Liquidity of Non-derivative Financial Liabilities and Interest Rate Risk

The maturity analysis for the remaining contracts of non-derivative financial liabilities is conducted based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities on the earliest date that IST is requested to make the repayment.

Dec. 31, 2022

	To pay upon demand or				
	less than 1		3 months ~ 1		
	month	$1 \sim 3$ months	year	$1 \sim 5$ years	Over 5 years
Non-derivative					
financial liabilities					
Liabilities without					
interest	\$ 177,803	\$ 161,778	\$ 63,968	\$ -	\$ -
Lease liabilities	4,275	8,549	38,054	104,502	203,467
Floating rate					
instruments	-	237,000	395,000	1,572,000	103,400
Fixed rate					
instruments	32,135	11,989	17,585		<u>-</u>
	\$ 214,213	\$ 419,316	\$ 514,607	\$1,676,502	\$ 306,867

Further information of the above maturity analysis for financial liabilities is as follows:

	Less than 1			$10 \sim 15$	$15 \sim 20$	Over
	year	$1 \sim 5$ years	$5 \sim 10$ years	years	years	20years
Lease liabilities Floating rate	\$ 50,878	\$ 104,502	\$ 38,043	\$ 38,043	\$ 38,043	\$ 89,338
instruments Fixed rate	<u>\$ 632,000</u>	<u>\$1,572,000</u>	<u>\$ 103,400</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
instruments	<u>\$ 61,709</u>	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>

Dec. 31, 2021

	To pay upon demand or less than 1		3 months ∼ 1		
	month	$1 \sim 3$ months	year	$1 \sim 5$ years	Over 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities Liabilities without interest Lease liabilities Floating rate	\$ 168,727 5,049	\$ 112,265 9,770	\$ 58,225 42,055	\$ - 131,208	\$ - 212,827
instruments Fixed rate	-	279,850	237,550	1,590,400	133,000
instruments	10,518 \$_184,294	31,273 \$ 433,158	95,742 \$ 433,572	<u>-</u> \$1,721,608	<u>-</u> \$ 345,827

Further information of the above maturity analysis for financial liabilities is as follows:

	Less than 1			$10 \sim 15$	$15 \sim 20$	Over
	year	$1 \sim 5$ years	$5 \sim 10 \text{ years}$	years	years	20years
Lease liabilities Floating rate	<u>\$ 56,874</u>	<u>\$ 131,208</u>	\$ 40,557	<u>\$ 37,876</u>	<u>\$ 37,876</u>	\$ 96,518 \$ -
instruments Fixed rate	<u>\$ 517,400</u>	<u>\$1,590,400</u>	<u>\$ 133,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ -
instruments	\$ 137,533	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ -	

2. Line of credit

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Unsecured bank loan commitment, reviewed regularly — Used within the		
credit line — Unused within	\$1,805,709	\$1,747,533
the credit line	981,337 \$2,787,046	1,059,513 \$2,807,046
Secured bank loan commitment — Used within the		
credit line — Unused within	\$ 565,000	\$ 633,000
the credit line	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

XXVII. <u>Transactions with Related Parties</u>

Transactions between IST and a related party are as follows:

A. Name of each Related Party and Relationship with the Related Party

Name of related party	Relationship with IST
ITSCompany	A subsidiary
PPT Company	A subsidiary
Samoa IST	A subsidiary
Integrated Service Technology USA	A subsidiary
Inc. (Integrated USA)	
System Integration Professional	A subsidiary
Technology(SIP KS Company)	
Integrated Service Technology	A subsidiary
(Kunshan) Co., Ltd. (IST KS Company)	
Dekra iST	An associate
DEKRA IST Reliability Services	An associate
Limited(DEKRA IST KS Company)	
BTL Inc.	An associate

B. Service Income

Item listed in the	Type / name of related			
book	party	2022		2021
Service income	Associates	\$ 79,892	 \$	67,518
	Subsidiaries	 35,213		40 <u>,977</u>
		\$ 115,105	\$	108,495

Prices of the services for which IST obtains incomes from related parties are determined on an arm's length basis and there is no comparable price of identical

service sufficiently for IST to make a comparison with the determined prices. The payment terms provided by IST are net 30 to 90 days from the date of invoice every month or quarter or under a project.

C. Accounts Receivable from Related Parties

Item listed in the book	Type / name of related party	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Accounts receivable —		,	
Related parties	Associates Dekra iST DEKRA IST Reliability Services	\$ 16,404	\$ 19,421
	Limited (DEKRA IST KS Company) BTL Inc. Subsidiaries	43 189	10
	Integrated USA PPT Company ITSCompany	2,976 957 6	9,230 367 13
Other receivable — Related parties	Subsidiaries	<u>\$ 20,575</u>	<u>\$ 29,041</u>
	PPT Company ITSCompany Integrated Service Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	\$ 10,317 2,549	\$ 6,150 -
	(IST KS Company) System Integration Professional Technology (SIP KS Company)	1,444 -	1,220 720
	Associates Dekra iST	19,821 \$ 34,131	20,981 \$ 29,071
Other current assets	Subsidiaries Associates	\$ 646 <u>-</u> \$ 646	\$ 646 <u>27</u> \$ 673

No guarantee was received for "Accounts receivable - Related parties". No loss allowance was allocated for the accounts receivable from related parties for 2022 and 2021 respectively.

"Other receivables – Related parties" refer to the technical service incomes, rent incomes and advances receivable from related parties.

D. Accounts Payable to Related Parties

Item listed in the book	Type / name of related party	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Accounts payable — Related			
parties	Associates Dekra iST BTL Inc. Subsidiaries	\$ 642	\$ 6,024 11
	PPT Company ITSCompany	90 \$ 732	16
Payables on equipment	Subsidiaries Integrated USA	<u>\$ 7,298</u>	<u>\$ 6,578</u>
Other payables — Related parties	Associates Dekra iST Subsidiaries	\$ 1,535	\$ -
	PPT Company Others	535 399 \$ 2,469	220 536 \$ 756
Other current liabilities	Subsidiaries	<u>\$ 110</u>	<u>\$</u>

E. Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment

	Amount	acquired
Type / name of related party	2022	2021
Subsidiaries	\$ 7,990	\$ 2,223

The price and payment terms based on which a related party acquires property, plant and equipment are determined in the manner agreed by both sides.

F. Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment

	Disposal proceeds		Gains (losses) on disposal
Type / name of				
related party	2022	2021	2022	2021
Subsidiaries	\$ -	\$318,527	\$ -	\$ -

The price and payment terms based on which property, plant and equipment are sold to a related party are determined in the manner agreed by both sides.

G. Lease / Sublease Agreement

Renting Out and Subleasing under Operating Lease

IST rented out land, building and structure as well as other equipment under operating leases and subleased the right of use of the building and structure to the associate Dekra iST, and the lease periods were 5 to 10 years. Rents were determined based on the rents for similar assets, and fixed lease payments were collected pursuant to lease agreements quarterly. The total lease payments to be collected as of Dec. 31, 2022 and Dec. 31, 2021 were NTD 48,124 thousand and NTD 54,104 thousand. Lease incomes recognized for the years 2022 and 2021 were NTD 22,268 thousand and NTD 23,558 thousand respectively.

IST rented out building, structure and mechanical equipment to PPT Company under operating leases, and the lease periods were 5 to 5.5 years. The total lease payments to be collected as of Dec. 31, 2022 and Dec. 31, 2021 were NTD 208,105 thousand and NTD 269,501 thousand. Rents were determined based on the rents for similar assets, and fixed lease payments were collected pursuant to lease agreements quarterly. Lease incomes recognized for the years 2022 and 2021 were NTD 16,968 thousand and NTD 41,847 thousand respectively.

Subleasing under Finance Lease

IST subleased the building and structure, which were originally listed as right-of-use assets in the book, to the associate Dekra iST under finance leases in 2022 and 2021. The net investment in the lease at the lease commencement date was NTD 4,718 thousand and NTD 16,326 thousand respectively, and the lease period was 1.08 years and $1\sim5$ years respectively. The balance of finance leases receivable as of Dec. 31, 2022 and Dec. 31, 2021 was NTD 4,358 thousand and NTD 3,980 thousand respectively.

H. Disposal of Intangible Assets

	Disposal proceeds		Gains (losses	s) on disposal
Type / name of				
related party	2022	2021	2022	2021
Subsidiaries	\$ -	\$ 3,282	\$ -	\$ -

The price and payment terms based on which intangible assets are sold to a related party are determined in the manner agreed by both sides.

I. Disposal of Other Current Assets

	Disposal	proceeds	Gains (losses	s) on disposal
Type / name of				
related party	2022	2021	2022	2021

Subsidiaries <u>\$ -</u> <u>\$ 7,393</u> <u>\$ -</u> <u>\$</u>

The price and payment terms based on which the inventory of suppliers is sold to a related party are determined in the manner agreed by both sides.

J. Guarantee Deposits Received

Item listed in the	Type / name of related				
book	party	Dec.	31, 2022	Dec.	31, 2021
Guarantee					
deposits received	Associates				
	Dekra iST	\$	2,005	\$	2,005
	Subsidiaries				
	PPT Company		7,638		7,638
	ITSCompany		3,589		<u>-</u>
		\$	13,232	\$	9,643

K. Manufacturing Expenses and Operating Expenses

Item listed in the book	Type / name of related party		2022		2021
Manufacturing					
expenses	Associates	\$	10,328	\$	14,548
	Subsidiaries		1,202		672
		<u>\$</u>	11,530	<u>\$</u>	15,220
Operating					
expenses	Associates	\$	397	\$	710
	Subsidiaries		<u>-</u>		24
		\$	397	\$	734

The amounts of manufacturing expenses and operating expenses and the payment terms between IST and its related parties are negotiated and agreed by both sides.

L. Non-operating Incomes and Expenses

Item listed in the	Type / name of related			
book	party	 2022	_	2021
Lease incomes	Associates Dekra iST Subsidiaries	\$ 22,268	\$	23,558
	PPT Company ITSCompany	\$ 16,968 18 39,254	\$	41,847 - 65,405
Other incomes	Associates Dekra iST Subsidiaries	\$ 6,639 1,218	\$	6,967 1,126

		<u>\$</u>	7,857	\$ 8,093
Interest expenses	Associates Subsidiaries	\$	16 60	\$ 21 79
		\$	76	\$ 100

Rents and collection methods under the lease contract between IST and its related parties are determined based on lease contracts.

The amounts of other incomes and the collection conditions between IST and its related parties are negotiated and agreed by both sides.

Interest on a security deposit incurred from the lease between IST and its related parties is determined based on lease contracts.

M. Remunerations to Main Managements

	2022	2021
Short-term benefits	\$ 35,711	\$ 34,057
Post-employment benefits	400	449
Share-based payment	1,108	<u>850</u>
	<u>\$ 37,219</u>	<u>\$ 35,356</u>

The remunerations to directors and main managements are determined by the remuneration committee based on individual performance and market trends.

XXVIII. Pledged Assets

The following assets of IST were provided as guarantees for issuing of L/Cs, bank loans, and line of credit.

	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
Property, plant and equipment	\$824,670	\$912,224
Demand deposit (listed as		
"other financial assets - current"		
in the book)	<u>5,197</u>	4,223
	<u>\$829,867</u>	<u>\$916,447</u>

XXIX. <u>Material Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognized Contractual Commitments</u> <u>Contingencies</u>

Phoenix Silicon International Corporation ("Phoenix Silicon") brought a suit in September 2019 against IST for patent infringement and requested the court to give a ruling requiring IST to compensate Phoenix Silicon for its loss and not to use the patented process any more. Intellectual Property Court gave a ruling on June 23, 2020 dismissing the patent infringement litigation brought by Phoenix Silicon. The court found that the patent right stated in Phoenix Silicon's patent certificate No. I588880

was the combination with general knowledge and did not have the nature of obviousness, so it ruled that the patent was invalid and litigation costs should be paid by the plaintiff Phoenix Silicon. However, Phoenix Silicon still had the right to appeal. In August 2020, IST received the appeal made by Phoenix Silicon. For the civil case, Intellectual Property Court ruled on June 4, 2021 that it was invalid and rejected the claim made by Phoenix Silicon. In October 2021, IST received the original copy of the civil judgment No. Tai-Shang-Zi-2700 of 2021 from the supreme court, which dismissed the appeal made by Phoenix Silicon. The judgment was final. This event did not have a significant effect on IST's financial conditions. Relevant operating activates were conducted normally.

Phoenix Silicon previously accused an employee of IST of misappropriating the trade secrets of Phoenix Silicon. After the investigation concluded, IST received on Feb. 24, 2021 the indictment from Taiwan Hsinchu District Prosecutors Office against the employee and his/her employer IST, and also received in March 2021 the criminal and civil complaint submitted by Phoenix Silicon to Taiwan Hsinchu District Court. In the complaint, Phoenix Silicon claimed that its trade secrets were reproduced and used by IST and its employee without authorization and the concerned parties should compensate Phoenix Silicon for its loss. IST believed that the aforementioned lawsuit did not have significant effect on its financial conditions. Relevant operating activates were conducted normally.

XXX. <u>Information of Foreign Currency Assets and Liabilities that Have Material Impacts</u>

The following information presents foreign currencies, rather than the functional currency, used by IST. The disclosed exchange rate refers to the exchange rate of the foreign currency to the functional currency. Foreign currency assets and liabilities that have material impacts are as follows:

		Dec. 31, 2022				Dec. 31, 2021	Dec. 31, 2021			
	reign rrency	Exchange rate	Во	ook amount	oreign irrency	Exchange rate	Book amount			
Foreign currency assets	 	-			 	-				
Monetary item										
USD	\$ 6,115	30.7100 (USD: NTD)	\$	187,792	\$ 7,439	27.6800 (USD: NTD)	\$ 205,917			
CNY	27	4.4094 (CNY: NTD)		119	21	4.3415 (CNY: NTD)	90			
JPY	10,211	0.2324 (JPY: NTD)		2,373	9,021	0.2405 (JPY: NTD)	2,169			
EUR	-	-			223	31.3200 (EUR: NTD)	6,985			
Investments			\$	190,284			<u>\$ 215,161</u>			
accounted for using the equity method										
USD	8,593	30.7100 (USD: NTD)	\$	304,891	11,155	27.6800 (USD: NTD)	\$ 308,772			
Non- monetary item										

JPY	2,252	0.2324 (JPY: NTD)	<u>\$ 523</u>	-	-	<u>\$</u>
Foreign currency liabilities Monetary item						
USD	3,741	30.7100 (USD: NTD)	\$ 114,886	6,861	27.6800 (USD: NTD)	\$ 189,925
JPY	72,759	0.2324 (JPY: NTD)	16,909	4,676	0.2405 (JPY: NTD)	1,125
EUR	-	-		223	31.3200 (EUR: NTD)	6,984
Non- monetary item			<u>\$ 131,795</u>			<u>\$ 198,034</u>
JPY	-	-	<u>\$</u>	42	0.2405 (JPY: NTD)	<u>\$ 10</u>

Unrealized foreign currency exchange gains and losses which have material impacts are as follows:

	2022			2021						
		Net foreign				foreign				
Foreign currency	Exchange rate	exch	ange loss	Exchange rate	excha	inge loss				
USD	30.7100 (USD: NTD)	(\$	2,574)	27.6800 (USD: NTD)	\$	744				
JPY	0.2324 (JPY: NTD)	(520)	0.2405 (JPY: NTD)		32				
CNY	4.4094 (CNY: NTD)	(7)	4.3415 (CNY: NTD)	(8)				
EUR	32.7200 (EUR: NTD)			31.3200 (EUR: NTD)		76				
		(\$	3,101)		\$	844				

XXXI. <u>Disclosures in the Notes</u>

- A. Information Relevant to Material Transactions and B. Information Relevant to Reinvestments:
 - 1. Funds lent to others (Schedule 1)
 - 2. Enforcement and guarantee for others (None)
 - 3. Negotiable securities held at the end of the year (not including investments in subsidiaries and associates and joint ventures) (Schedule 2)
 - 4. Accumulated purchases or sales of negotiable securities up to NTD 300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (None)
 - 5. Acquisition cost of real estate up to NTD 300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (None)
 - 6. Proceeds up to NTD 300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital from disposal of real estate (None)
 - 7. Purchases from or sales to related parties up to NTD 100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (None)
 - 8. Receivables from related parties up to NTD 100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (None)
 - 9. Transactions of derivatives (Notes 7 and 26)
 - 10. Name and location of each investee company (not including investee companies in Mainland China) and other relevant information (Schedule 3)

- C. Information of Investments in Mainland China:
 - 1. Name of each investee company in Mainland China and its main business activities, paid-in capital, investment method, funds remitted in and out, shareholding, investment gain or loss, book value of investments at the end of the year, investment gain remitted back already, and limit of investments in Mainland China (Schedule 4)
 - 2. Material transactions with investee companies in Mainland China directly or through a third region, and price, payment terms and unrealized gain/loss with respect to the transactions, and other information helpful to understand the impact of investments in Mainland China to the financial statements: No material transaction
- D. Information of Main Shareholders: Name of each shareholder holding over 5% of equity, number of shares held, and ratio of shareholding (None)

Integrated Service Technology Inc. Funds lent to others 2022

Schedule 1

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars / Thousands in Foreign Currency

No.	Company lending funds	Company receiving the loan	Account	Maximum balance of the year	Ending balance	Drawdown	Interest rate range	Nature of lending	Amount of business	Reason of short-term financing	Allocated amount of allowance for bad debts	Sec N a m e	urity Valu e	Limit of funds lent to an individual entity		Remarks
0	IST	ITSCompany	Other receivables – Related parties	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	\$ -	2.500%	Necessity to have a short-term financing	\$ -	Capital turnover	\$ -	None	\$ -	\$ 329,823	\$ 1,319,292	(Note 1)

Note 1: A loan to a single enterprise is limited to 10% of the net worth of the lending company. The total funds lent to other entities shall not exceed 40% of the net worth of the lending company.

Marketable Securities Held at the End of the Year

Dec. 31, 2022

Schedule 2

Unit: In thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, except as otherwise indicated herein

Holding	Type and name of	Relation with the			End of	the year		
company	marketable	issuer of marketable	Items in the book	Number of shares	Book amount	Ratio of	Fair value	Remarks
company	securities	securities		rumber of shares	book amount	shareholding	Tan value	
IST	<u>Funds</u>							
	TIEF FUND,L.P	_	Financial assets at FVTPL—Non-current	-	\$ 27,282	4.35%	\$ 27,282	Note
Pin Wen Corp.	<u>Stocks</u>							
(Pin Wen								
Company)								
	Frame Magic	_	Financial assets at FVTPL — Non-current	242,105	-	10.53%	-	Note
	Studios Co., Ltd.							

Note: It was calculated at fair value on Dec. 31, 2022.

Information of Investee Companies (Excluding Investee Companies in Mainland China), their Locations, etc.

2022

Schedule 3

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars / Thousands in Foreign Currency

				Am	ount of orig	inal inv	estment	Shares he	eld at the e	nd of the	year		it (loss) of	Invest	ment gain	
Name of investing company	Name of investee company	Location	Main business activities	End	of the year	End	of last year	Number of shares	Ratio (%)	Book	amount		investee any for the year	(loss)	recognized the year	
IST	Samoa IST	Samoa	Investment	USD	10,000	USD	10,000	4,916,770	100	\$:	265,024	(\$	13,783)	(\$	13,783)	A subsidiary (Note
	Dekra Company	Hsinchu City	Product testing and relevant business	\$	192,624	\$	192,624	19,262,390	49	(631,647		121,694		56,304	1) An associate (Note 2)
	BTL Inc.	Taipei City	Product testing and relevant business		95,225		95,225	2,550,000	11		120,566		134,918		14,044	An associate (Note 1)
	Pin Wen Corp. (Pin Wen Company)	Hsinchu City	Investment		197,000		192,000	5,841,258	100		54,675	(5,837)	(5,837)	A subsidiary (Note 1)
	Supreme Fortune corp.	Belize	Investment	USD	1,655	USD	1,655	1,655,000	100		37,288	(3,454)	(3,454)	A subsidiary (Note
	Global Social Inc.	Taipei City	Advertising production, media planning, public relations and relevant business	\$	25,200	\$	25,200	8,487	30		-		-		-	An associate (Notes 3 and 4)
	ITSCompany	Hsinchu City	Electronic product testing and relevant business		267,278		267,278	22,728,603	38		21,256	(2,522)	(3,763)	A subsidiary (Note 1)
	PPT Company	Hsinchu City	Manufacturing and sale of various integrated circuits (wafers), thinning, metal deposition and relevant business		450,000		450,000	45,000,000	75	:	300,037	(70,259)	(50,450)	A subsidiary (Note 1)
Samoa IST	Seychelles IST	Seychelles	Investment	USD	6,159	USD	6,159	6,158,575	100	USD	6,156	(USD	505)	(USD	505)	A sub-subsidiary (Note 1)
	Integrated USA	USA	R&D and manufacturing of integrated circuits, analysis and burn-in, testing, semiconductor spare parts and relevant equipment, electronic spare parts, etc.	USD	3,130	USD	3,130	3,130,000	100	USD	392	USD	36	USD	36	A sub-subsidiary (Note 1)
Supreme Fortune corp.	Hot Light Co., Ltd.	Seychelles	Investment	USD	1,655	USD	1,655	1,655,000	100	USD	1,214	(USD	116)	(USD	116)	A sub-subsidiary (Note 1)
Pin Wen Corp. (Pin Wen Company)	ITSCompany	Hsinchu City	Electronic product testing and relevant business	\$	186,038	\$	186,038	7,892,000	13	\$	7,381	(\$	2,522)	(\$	1,307)	A subsidiary (Note 1)
oompany j	PPT Company	Hsinchu City	Manufacturing and sale of various integrated circuits (wafers), thinning, metal deposition and relevant business		49,500		49,500	3,300,033	6		21,447	(70,259)	(3,863)	A subsidiary (Note 1)
	EFUN Technology Inc.(EFUN Company)	Hsinchu City	Information software service		3,700		3,700	370,000	26		821		928		245	An associate (Note 3)
	Green Innovation Technology	Hsinchu City	Information software management service and relevant business		5,100		5,100	510,000	29		3,390		1,520		342	An associate (Note 3)
Hot Light Co., Ltd.	Elitist Design	Hsinchu City	Circuit design service	USD	125	USD	125	400,000	100	USD	166	USD	4	USD	4	A sub-subsidiary (Note 1)

Note 1: It was calculated based on the financial statements of the same accounting period audited by CPAs.

Note 2: It was calculated based on the financial statements of the same accounting period audited by other CPAs.

Note 3: It was calculated based on the financial statements of the same accounting period that were not audited by CPAs.

Note 4: Liquidation was applied for in February 2022

Information of Investments in Mainland China

2022

Schedule 4

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars / Thousands in Foreign Currency

Name of invested company in Mainland China	Min business activities	Paid-	in capital	Investment method	inve amoun from Ta the beg	mulated estment t remitted niwan as of ginning of period	remitted or re	nt amount covered in the riod Recovered	amo from	ccumulated nvestment ount remitted n Taiwan as of e end of the period	com	Investee pany's profit of the period	Ratio of shares held by the Company through direct or indirect	(loss) re	ent gain cognized period	_	book value restment	Investment gain remitted back to Taiwan as of the end of the period	
Integrated Service	Product testing and relevant business	\$ (USD	113,627 3,700)	Note 1	\$ (USD	290,916 9,473)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (USI	290,916 D 9,473)	\$ (USD	2,712	investment 100%	\$ (USD	2,712 91)	\$ (USD	168,506 5,487)	\$ -	Note 2
Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. (IST KS Company)	relevant business	(002	3,7 00 }		-	ote 4)				(Note 4)	(002	, ,,,		(002	71)	(002	3,107 j		
	Circuit design service	(USD	96,737 3,150)	Note 1	(USD	46,986 1,530)	-	-	(USI	46,986 D 1,530)	(USD	7,243) (243))	100%	((USD	7,243) (243))	(USD	66,426 2,163)	-	Note 2
Instrument	Purchase and sale of electric testing and relevant equipment, and conduction of sale and trading as an agent	(CNY	11,024 2,500)	Note 1	(N	ote 5)	-	-	(- (Note 5)	(CNY	438 7 99)	100%	(CNY	438 99)	(CNY	11,403 2,586)	-	Note 2

	Accumulated investment amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China as of the end of the period	Investment amount approved by Investment Commission, Ministry of Economic Affairs	Limit of investment provided by Investment Commission, Ministry of Economic Affairs
Ī	\$ 337,902 (USD 11,003)	\$ 564,388 (USD 18,378)	\$1,978,938

Note 1: The company in Mainland China was invested through a third-area investee company.

Note 2: It was calculated based on the financial statements of the same accounting period audited by CPAs.

Note 3: The figures in a foreign currency were converted into NT dollars at the exchange rate announced on the reporting date.

Note 4: An amount of USD 980 thousand in the investment is a reinvestment by Samoa IST using its own funds, so the limit of investments in Mainland China provided by Investment Commission, MOEA is not applicable here.

Note 5: It is a reinvestment by Integrated Service Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. (IST KS Company) using its own funds, so the limit of investments in Mainland China provided by Investment Commission, MOEA is not applicable here.

§ Important Accounting Items List §

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Integrated Service Technology Inc. Schedule of Cash and Cash Equivalents

Dec. 31, 2022

Table 1

Unit: In thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, except as otherwise indicated herein

Item	Description	Amount
Bank deposits	·	
Checking and	_	\$410,293
demand		
deposits		
Foreign	i.e. USD 623 thousand (exchange	20,861
currency	rate US\$1: NT\$30.71); JPY 7,010	
demand	thousand (exchange rate JPY\$1:	
deposits	NT\$0.2324); RMB 23 thousand	
	(exchange rate RMB\$1 :	
	NT\$4.4094)	
Limited deposits	Listed as "Other financial assets	(<u>5,197</u>)
	—Current" in the book	
		425,957
Petty cash		125
retty cash	_	125
		<u>\$426,082</u>

Schedule of Notes and Accounts Receivable

Dec. 31, 2022

Table 2

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar

Customer name	Amount
Customer A	\$ 219,641
Customer B	195,390
Customer C	129,699
Others (Note 1)	<u>708,157</u>
	1,252,887
Loss allowance	(<u>13,530</u>)
	<u>\$1,239,357</u>

Note 1 The balance of each customer in the "Others" item does not exceed 5% of the total balance of the item.

Note 2 The accounts receivables NTD 5,215 thousand have been due for over a year, and IST has allocated a proper loss allowance for the amount that cannot be collected successfully.

Schedule of Changes in Non-current Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

For the year ended Dec. 31, 2022

Table 3

Unit: In thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, except as otherwise indicated herein

	Beginning	g balance	Increase in	n the year	Decrease i	in the year	Ending balance			
Name of investee company	Number of shares	Fair value	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Ratio of shareholding %	Fair value	
Funds TIEF FUND,L.P	-	\$ 21,945	-	<u>\$</u>	-	(\$ 5,337)	-	4.35	\$ 27,282	

Schedule of Changes in Investments Accounted for Using the Equity Method

For the year ended Dec. 31, 2022

Table 4

Unit: In thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, except as otherwise indicated herein

	Beginnin	g balance	Increase i	n the year	Decrease i	in the year			Exchange differences on		Ending balance			
Name of investee company	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount	Changes in the owned equity of subsidiaries and associates	Investment gain (loss) recognized by using the equity method	translation of foreign financial statements of foreign operations	Number of shares	Ratio of shareholding (%)	Amount	Net equity	Remarks
Samoa IST	4,916,770	\$ 268,599	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -	(\$ 13,783)	\$ 10,208	4,916,770	100	\$ 265,024	\$ 265,024	Note 1
Dekra Company	19,262,390	573,816	-	-	-	-	-	56,304	1,527	19,262,390	49	631,647	413,953	Note 2
BTL Inc.	2,550,000	112,593	-	-	-	(6,630)	155	14,044	404	2,550,000	11	120,566	83,567	Notes 1 and 4
Pin Wen Corp. (Pin Wen Company)	6,841,258	54,798	500,000	5,000	(1,500,000)	-	714	(5,837)	-	5,841,258	100	54,675	54,675	Notes 1 and 5
Global Social Inc.	8,487	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,487	30	-	-	Note 3
Supreme Corp.	1,655,000	40,173	-	-	-	-	-	(3,454)	569	1,655,000	100	37,288	37,288	Note 1
ITSCompany	22,728,603	25,019	-	-	-	-	-	(3,763)	-	22,728,603	38	21,256	24,072	Note 1
PPT Company	45,000,000	350,487	-	_	-		-	(50,450)	_	45,000,000	75	300,037	292,457	Note 1
		<u>\$1,425,485</u>		<u>\$ 5,000</u>		(\$ 6,630)	<u>\$ 869</u>	(\$ 6,939)	<u>\$ 12,708</u>			<u>\$1,430,493</u>	<u>\$1,171,036</u>	

Note 1: It was calculated based on the investee company's financial statements of the same accounting period audited by CPAs

Note 2: It was calculated based on the investee company's financial statements of the same accounting period audited by other CPAs

Note 3: It was calculated based on the financial statements that were not audited by CPAs

Note 4: The increase in the year refers to the dividends NTD 6,630 thousand received from associates.

Note 5: The decrease in the year refers to the capital reduction of 1,500 thousand shares for making good of loss.

Schedule of Changes in Right-of-Use Assets and Changes in Accumulated Depreciation of Right-of-Use Assets

For the year ended Dec. 31, 2022

Table 5 Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

_	Land	Building	Transportation equipment	Total
Cost Balance at Jan. 1, 2022 Addition Decrease Balance at Dec. 31, 2022	\$ 172,236 729 	\$ 207,653 13,230 (<u>42,320</u>) <u>178,563</u>	\$ 10,824 10,356 (<u>4,817</u>) <u>16,363</u>	\$ 390,713 24,315 (<u>47,137</u>) <u>367,891</u>
Accumulated depreciation Balance at Jan. 1, 2022 Depreciation Decrease Balance at Dec. 31, 2022	14,576 4,840 	76,583 41,908 (<u>34,392</u>) <u>84,099</u>	4,964 4,998 (<u>4,413</u>) <u>5,549</u>	96,123 51,746 (<u>38,805</u>) <u>109,064</u>
Net at Dec. 31, 2022	\$ 153,549	<u>\$ 94,464</u>	<u>\$ 10,814</u>	\$ 258,827

Integrated Service Technology Inc. Schedule of Short-term Borrowings

Dec. 31, 2022

Table 6

Unit: In thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, except as otherwise indicated herein

Creditor	Loan period	Annual interest rate (%)	Balance	Line of credit (Note)	Mortgage or guarantee
Yuanta Bank	2022/11/07~2023/04/0	1.75	\$ 80,000	\$ -	None
Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank	2022/08/15~2023/05/2 1	2.21~2.27	100,000	-	None
Cathay United Bank	2022/12/30~2023/01/0	1.77	80,000	-	None
First Bank	2022/12/07~2023/02/0 4	1.86	100,000	-	None
Land Bank of Taiwan	2022/09/23~2023/03/2	1.88	50,000	20,000	None
Taiwan Business Bank	2022/12/24~2023/06/1 4	1.83	50,000	-	None
Chang Hwa Commercial Bank	2022/07/21~2023/05/1 6	2.20~6.14	105,709	94,291	None
Total short-term borrowings			<u>\$ 565,709</u>	<u>\$ 114,291</u>	

Note: As of the end of 2022, the amount unused within the line of credit was NTD 94,291 thousand.

Integrated Service Technology Inc. Schedule of Notes and Accounts Payable

Dec. 31, 2022

Table 7

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

Name of Supplier	Amount
Supplier A	\$ 50,500
Supplier B	19,332
Supplier C	17,463
Supplier D	14,356
Supplier E	13,717
Others (Note)	<u>126,838</u>
	<u>\$242,206</u>

The amount of each supplier in the "Others" item does not exceed 5% of the total amount of the item.

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

Table 8

Creditor	Term of contract	Repayment terms	Annual interest rate (%)	Borrowed amount	Mortgage or guarantee	Remarks
Credit loans Bank SinoPac	Mar. 24, 2017 ~ Mar. 24, 2032	From May 24, 2017, interest shall be paid during the credit period. The grace period is 2 years. After that, NTD 7 million shall be repaid every quarter	1.58	\$ 245,000	Note 1	To supplement working capital
Bank SinoPac	Mar. 25, 2022 ~ Mar. 31, 2024	before full repayment by March 2032. From Mar. 25, 2022, interest shall be paid during the credit period. A principal shall be repaid upon maturity. The loan shall be completely repaid by March 2024.	1.78	80,000	None	To supplement working capital
Mega International Commercial Bank	Sep. 25, 2020 ~ Sep. 25, 2025	From Sep. 25, 2020, interest shall be paid during the credit period. From the date of drawdown, the principal shall be repaid in installments every 6 months, which shall be regarded as a repayment term, for 10 terms. From the 1st term to the 9th term, the 5% of the principal shall be repaid. For the 10th term, the 55% of the principal shall be repaid. The loan shall be completely repaid by September 2025.	2.39	320,000	Note 2	To supplement working capital
Mega International Commercial Bank	Sep. 25, 2020 ~ Sep. 25, 2025	From Sep. 25, 2020, interest shall be paid during the credit period. From the date of drawdown, the principal shall be repaid in installments every 6 months, which shall be regarded as a repayment term, for 10 terms. From the 1st term to the 9th term, the 5% of the principal shall be repaid. For the 10th term, the 55% of the principal shall be repaid. The loan shall be completely repaid by September 2025.	2.49	160,000	None	To supplement working capital
Mega International Commercial Bank	Sep. 25, 2020 ~ Sep. 25, 2025	From Sep. 25, 2020, interest shall be paid during the credit period. Capital shall be repaid upon maturity. The loan shall be completely repaid by September 2025.	2.29	100,000	None	To supplement working capital
Hua Nan Bank	Nov. 24, 2022 ~ Nov. 24, 2024	From Nov. 24, 2022, interest shall be paid during the credit period. Capital shall be repaid upon maturity. The loan shall be completely repaid by November 2024.	1.76	100,000	Note 3	To supplement working capital
CTBC Bank	May 6, 2022 ~ May 6, 2025	From May 6, 2022, interest shall be paid during the credit period. The grace period is 9 months. After that, NTD 10 million shall be repaid every quarter before full repayment by May 2025.	1.63	200,000	None	To supplement working capital
CTBC Bank	Nov. 25, 2022 ~ Nov. 25, 2024	From Nov. 25, 2022, interest shall be paid during the credit period. Capital shall be repaid upon maturity. The loan shall be completely repaid by November 2024.	1.83	200,000	None	To supplement working capital
Agricultural Bank of Taiwan	May 13, 2021 ~ May 13, 2024	From May 13, 2021, interest shall be paid during the credit period. Capital shall be repaid upon maturity. The loan shall be completely repaid by May 2024.	1.61	200,000	None	To supplement working capital
Bank of Taiwan	Nov. 14, 2022 ~ Nov. 14, 2024	From Nov. 14, 2022, interest shall be paid during the credit period. Capital shall be repaid upon maturity. The loan shall be completely repaid by November 2024.	2.20	100,000	None	To supplement working capital
Far Eastern International Bank	Sep. 12, 2022 ~ Sep. 12, 2024	From Sep. 12, 2022, interest shall be paid during the credit period. Capital shall be repaid upon maturity. The loan shall be completely repaid by September 2024.	2.00	100,000	None	To supplement working capital
		September 2024.		1,805,000		
Current portion of long-term borrowings				(128,000)		
Expenses incurred by the organizer of syndicated loans				(1,600)		

Note 1: The building and structure of a net amount NTD 357,356 thousand have been provided for the bank as security for the long-term loan.

\$ 1,675,400

Note 2: The building and structure of a net amount NTD 430,198 thousand and a bank deposit of NTD 5,197 thousand have been provided for the bank as security for the long-term loan.

Note 3: The building and structure of a net amount NTD 37,116 thousand have been provided for the bank as secondary security for the long-term loan.

Schedule of Lease Liabilities

Dec. 31, 2022

Table 9

Unit: In thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, except as otherwise indicated herein

Item	Lease period	Discount rate	Amount
Land	October 2017 ~ September 2057	2.76%	\$ 160,878
Building	March 2007 ~ August 2026	1.62%~2.76 %	102,570
Transportation equipment	April 2020 ~ October 2025	4.97%~5.40 %	<u>11,016</u>
Total			274,464
Less: Lease liabilities — Current			(<u>45,709</u>)
Lease liabilities — Non-current			<u>\$ 228,755</u>

Schedule of Operating Revenue

For the year ended Dec. 31, 2022

Table 10 Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

<u> </u>	Quantity	Amount
Service of integrated circuit testing	Note	\$3,215,859
Sales discount	_	(2,725)
		<u>\$3,213,134</u>

Note: Not all the prices are calculated based on quantity, so the quantity cannot be estimated reasonably.

Schedule of Operating Cost

For the year ended Dec. 31, 2022

Table 11

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

Item	Operating cost
Salary expense	\$ 680,921
Depreciation expense	559,747
Miscellaneous purchases	481,569
Consumables	115,459
Others (Note)	390,544
	<u>\$2,228,240</u>

Note: The amount of each component in the "Others" item does not exceed 5% of the total amount of the item.

Integrated Service Technology Inc. Schedule of Operating Expenses For the year ended Dec. 31, 2022

Table 12

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

Item	Selling expense	Management expense	R&D expense	
Salary expense	\$ 48,953	\$137,653	\$ 50,897	
Insurance premium	3,971	11,864	3,940	
Depreciation expense	2,293	74,252	45,744	
Service expense	-	19,354	-	
Miscellaneous expenses	1,932	26,253	-	
Others (Note)	<u> 15,514</u>	80,229	5,727	
	<u>\$ 72,663</u>	<u>\$349,605</u>	<u>\$106,308</u>	

Note: The amount of each component in the "Others" item does not exceed 5% of the total amount of the item.

Summary Statement of the Year's Employee Benefits, Depreciation and Amortization Expenses Classified by Functions

For the years ended Dec. 31, 2022 and 2021

Table 13 Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

		2022			2021	
	In operating cost	In operating expenses	Total	In operating cost	In operating expenses	Total
Employee benefit expenses Salary expense	\$ 680,921	\$ 237,503	\$ 918,424	\$ 529,622	\$ 206,314	\$ 735,936
Labor and national health insurance						
premium expense Retirement pension	53,307	18,388	71,695	45,234	17,117	62,351
expense Remuneration to	22,735	8,871	31,606	19,433	8,437	27,870
directors	-	6,000	6,000	-	4,708	4,708
Other employee benefit expenses	53,203	31,255	84,458	25,669	20,757	46,426
	<u>\$ 810,166</u>	<u>\$ 302,017</u>	<u>\$1,112,183</u>	<u>\$ 619,958</u>	<u>\$ 257,333</u>	<u>\$ 877,291</u>
Depreciation expense	<u>\$ 559,747</u>	<u>\$ 122,289</u>	<u>\$ 682,036</u>	<u>\$ 542,379</u>	<u>\$ 115,746</u>	<u>\$ 658,125</u>
Amortization expense	<u>\$ 4,116</u>	<u>\$ 3,142</u>	<u>\$ 7,258</u>	<u>\$ 3,702</u>	<u>\$ 1,816</u>	<u>\$ 5,518</u>

- Note 1 The average number of IST employees per month in 2022 and 2021 was 949 and 870 respectively and there were 8 directors that were not employees in 2022 and 2021.
- Note 2 Exchange-listed and OTC-listed companies are required to disclose the following information:
 - (1) Average employee benefit expenses of the current year NTD 1,176 thousand: (Total employee benefit expenses of the current year Total remuneration to directors) / (Number of employees for the current year Number of directors who are not employees)
 - Average employee benefit expenses of the previous year NTD 1,012 thousand: (Total employee benefit expenses of the previous year -Total remuneration to directors for the previous year) / (Number of employees for the previous year Number of directors who were not employees for the previous year)
 - (2) Average employee salary expenses of the year NTD 976 thousand: Total employee salary expenses of the current year / (Number of employees for the current year Number of directors who are not employees) Average employee salary expenses of the previous year NTD 854 thousand: Total employee salary expenses of the previous year / (Number of employees for the previous year Number of directors who were not employees for the previous year)
 - (3) Adjustment or change of average employee salary expenses 14%: (Average employee salary expenses of the year Average employee salary expenses of the previous year) / Average employee salary expenses of the previous year
 - (4) The remuneration to independent directors for 2022 and 2021 has been included into the remuneration to directors for the purpose of disclosure.
 - (5) Please specify the remuneration policy of IST (including remunerations to directors, supervisors, managers and employees):
 - (A) Remunerations to directors, remuneration committee members and managers are allocated pursuant to the IST Policy of Remunerations to Directors, Remuneration Committee Members and Managers. When IST has earnings, remunerations are allocated in compliance with its articles of incorporation. Allocated remunerations shall be resolved by the board of directors and reported at the shareholders' meeting.
 - (B) With respect to remunerations to managers, the fixed salary is determined based on length of service, job value and salary structure while a variable pay is provided reasonably based on performance, the competitive environment where managers in relevant fields are paid, and standards of salaries paid in the same industry after personal performance, corporate performance and correlation to future risks are taken into account. Such remunerations shall be reviewed and approved by the remuneration committee and approved by the board of directors.

(C)	The salary structure used by IST includes the fixed salary, variable bonuses and a bonus from earnings. The fixed salary is approved based on relevant work experience, job structure, and salary level in the industry. Variable bonuses and the bonus from earnings are subject to the status of IST's profitability, and departmental and personal performance. IST shares business results with employees.